



SMART DOORBELL-SYSTEM USING COMPUTER VISION AND IOT

PROJECT BY:

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OUTLINE

- * INTRODUCTION
- ❖ PROBLEM STATEMENT
- * RELATED WORK
- ❖ PROPOSED SYSTEM
- ❖ SYSTEM DESIGN
- ❖ SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION
- ❖ RESULTS
- ❖ CONCLUSION & FUTURE WORK

INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION: SECURITY POSITION

- Traditional security practices.
- Expansion to involve hardware system (e.g., Surveillance Camera, Alarming system).
- What is IoT?
- What is a Doorbell System? How is it different?





INTRODUCTION:
PROBLEM STATEMENT

- > Traditional Reporting.
- > Documentation limitation.
- > No prevention contribution.
- > Autonomous Report and fast action?



RELATED WORK

RELATED WORK: GOOGLE NEST HELLO

Advantages:

- > Human Detection and Reporting (App notification).
- Facial Recognition (Voice Announcement of Visitor's Name).
- > Two-way Audio.
- > Remote Lock Control.

Disadvantages:

- ➤ Not autonomous.
- ➤ No Deterring module (e.g., Alarming system).



RELATED WORK: ARLO VIDEO DOORBELL

Advantages:

- ➤ Object Detection and Reporting (Human, Vehicle, Animal).
- > Warning measure available (alarming system).
- > Two-way Audio.
- > Remote Lock Control.

Disadvantages:

- > Not autonomous.
- ➤ No Facial Recognition.
- > Any object detected is reported to users.



RELATED WORK: ALFACE RECOGNITION SECURITY CAMERA

Advantages:

- > Face & Object Detection.
- > Facial Recognition.
- > Autonomous Operation.
- ➤ Control via Mobile App.

Disadvantages:

- ➤ No deterring measures available.
- ➤ No Liveness Detection (Anti-spoofing measure).



RELATED WORK: COMPARISON

| Method | Advantages | Disadvantages |
|--|--|---|
| Google Nest Hello | Interfaces with other google devices (voice announcement, cameraetc.). Small size. Managed by smart devices (ok google). | 298\$ cost. Monthly subscription required (for extra features). No decent cloud space (for video recordings). |
| Arlo Doorbell System | 179\$. Different modes of power (battery & wall outlet). Easy installation. Small size. All features are provided with no additional cost. Managed by smart devices (Alexa, ok google). Reliable against weather conditions. | No decent cloud space. |
| Al Face Recognition Security Camera | Facial recognition capability. Autonomous door unlock. Captured footage and video recordings stored locally. | Big size. Requires separate video recorder. Installation is hard. 350\$-500\$ cost. |

PROPOSED SYSTEM

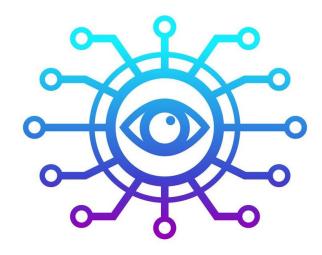
OUR SOLUTION: MAKE SECURITY SMARTER(1/2)

- ✓ Use advanced technologies to improve performance by:
 - o Face Detection Module.
 - o Liveness Detection (Anti-spoofing).
 - o Facial Recognition.
 - o Real-time Reporting (App notification).
 - o Autonomous Actions (Certain cases).
 - o Remote Control (app control panel).
 - o Deterrence measures (Alarming system).



OUR SOLUTION: MAKE SECURITY SMARTER(2/2)

- Approach:
 - ✓ Use Computer Vision and Machine Learning to:
 - 1. Provide Computer with vision capabilities.
 - 2. Create models for object classification (Face ROIs, Liveness, Features' vector, ..etc.).
 - ✓ User Internet of Things (IoT) to:
 - 1. Create a presence for the system on the internet.
 - 2. Helps create a communication link with the user.





WHERE TO USE THIS SYSTEM?

Private houses:

- This system is mainly designed for house's entrance.
- Can be placed any where around the house (e.g., backyard, windows).

• Offices and Companies:

- Placed at main entrance to permit employees' access only.
- Private spots where only certain people allowed to be in.



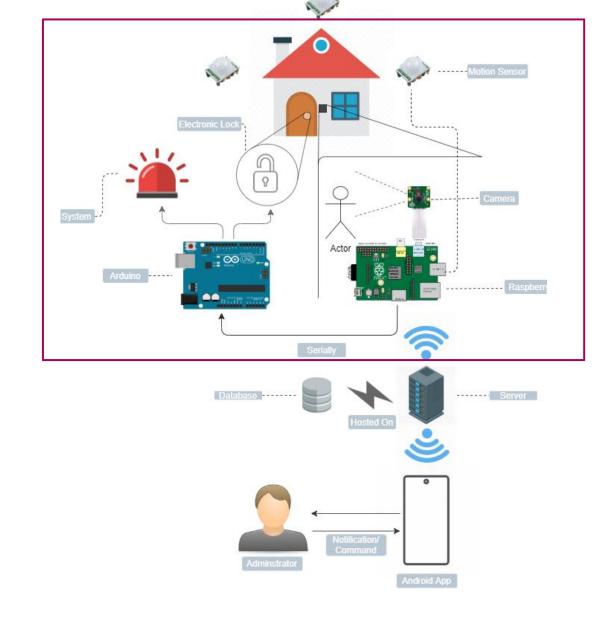


SYSTEM DESIGN

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

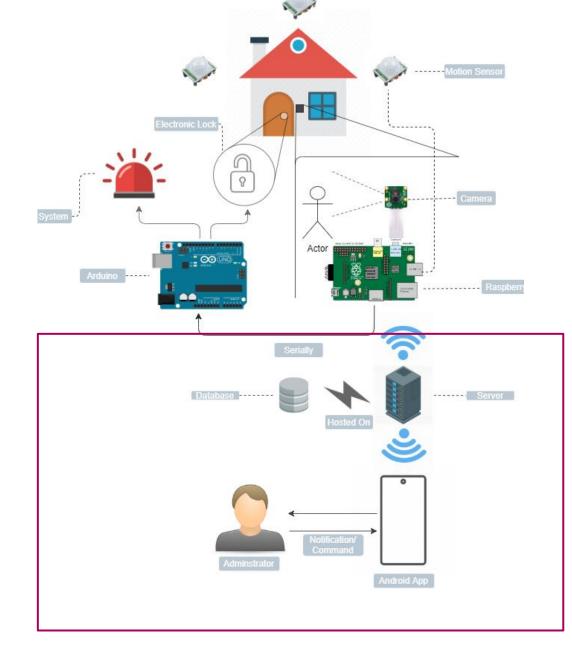
❖ Hardware Parts:

- 1. Raspberry Pi (Peripherals Connection link).
- 2. Arduino UNO (Slave Peripheral).
- 3. Camera Module (Visual Data).
- 4. Motion Sensors (Motion Detection).
- 5. Door Lock & Alarming System (Access vs. Block).



SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

- ❖ Software Parts:
 - 1. Database (Laptop Local Server).
 - 2. Android Application (Control & Monitoring Panel).



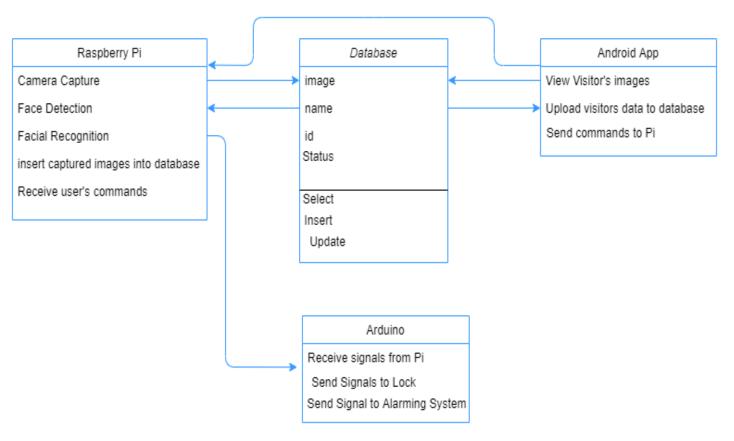
SYSTEM SOFTWARE MODEL

- ❖Raspberry Pi:
 - 1. Python (OpenCV, TensorFlow).
- ❖ Arduino UNO:
 - 1. C++.
- Server:
 - 1. MySQL.
 - 2. PHP.
- Android Application:
 - 1. Java.
 - 2. XML.



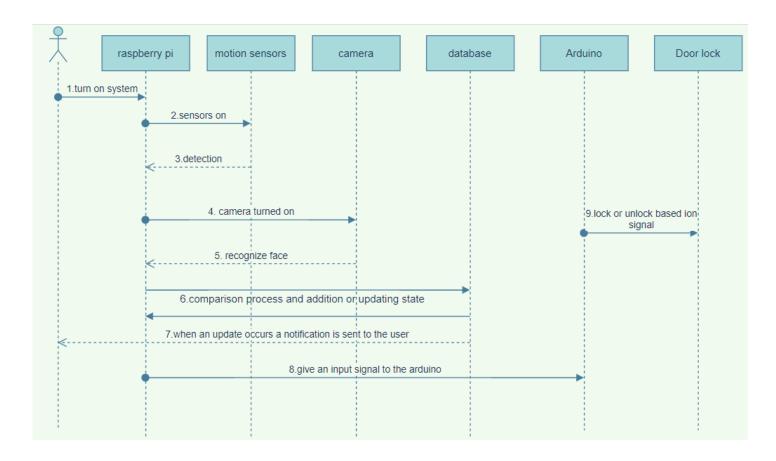
CLASS DIAGRAM

- Database Class:
 - ✓ For commands and notifications.
 - ✓ Communication link between user and main system.
- ❖ Raspberry Pi Class:
 - ✓ Computer Vision & IoT.
 - ✓ Reporting and Command Execution.
- Android App Class:
 - ✓ Receive notifications.
 - ✓ Provides Control features.
- Arduino Class:
 - ✓ Door Lock and Alarming System triggering.



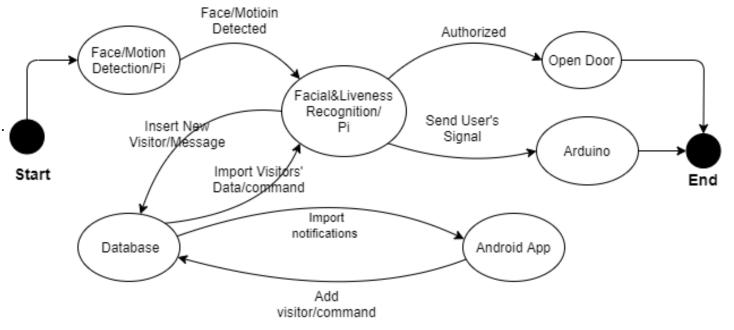
SEQUENCE DIAGRAM

- Owner will be the one to trigger the system firstly.
- Automation of the system will get it to situations where the sequence might change.



STATE DIAGRAM

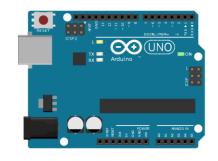
- Human Detection.
- Liveness Detection & Facial Recognition.
- Autonomous Action/User Notification.
- User Control.
- Command Handling.



SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION

HARDWARE TOOLS





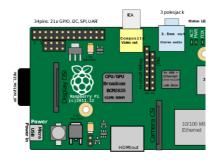


PIR Motion Sensor

Arduino UNO

Electronic Lock







Raspberry Pi Camera 8MP

Raspberry PI Model B 2GB

Buzzer

SOFTWARE TOOLS









OpenCV Library

TensorFlow Python Library

Java



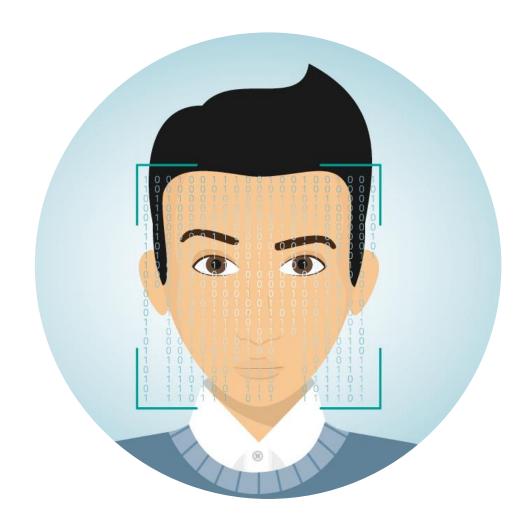


PHP (Server Side)

MySQL (Database)

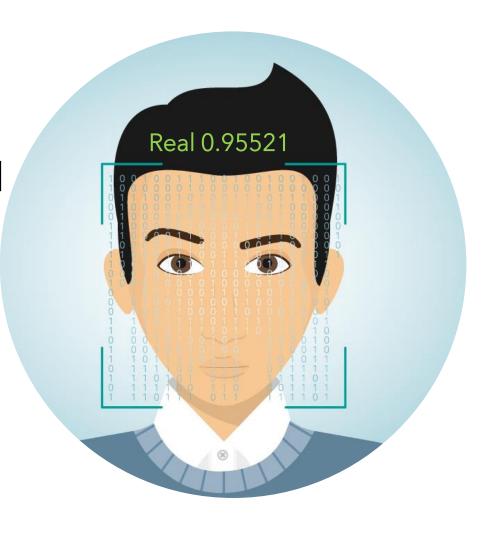
IMPLEMENTATION SUMMARY (1/4): GATHER FACES

- ➤ Use OpenCV to collect faces from dataset videos (Fake & Real).
- Save Faces ROIs to fake and real directories.
- Run face detector to detect human presence.



IMPLEMENTATION SUMMARY (2/4): LIVENESS DETECTION

- Based on Machine Learning.
- > Classifies faces into real or fake.
- Implemented to detect spoofing attempts.



IMPLEMENTATION SUMMARY (3/4): FACIAL RECOGNITION

- ➤ Use Python face-recognition library (face matching).
- Create and store a dataset of authorized people.
- ➤ Capture an image and match it with images in prestored dataset.
- ➤ If match occurs, extracts file's name; otherwise, do nothing.



IMPLEMENTATION SUMMARY (4/4): TAKE ACTION

- ➤ Face is fake? Push notification => breakdown => wait command.
- Face is real but unknown? Push notification.
- Face is real and recognized? Open door lock.



IMPLEMENTATIO N (5/7): ANDROID APP

- Pop-up activity where the main starts.
- > Each button takes the user to another activity.
- ➤ While application is running in the background service will keep a track on any new visits



IMPLEMENTATIO N(6/7): ANDROID APP



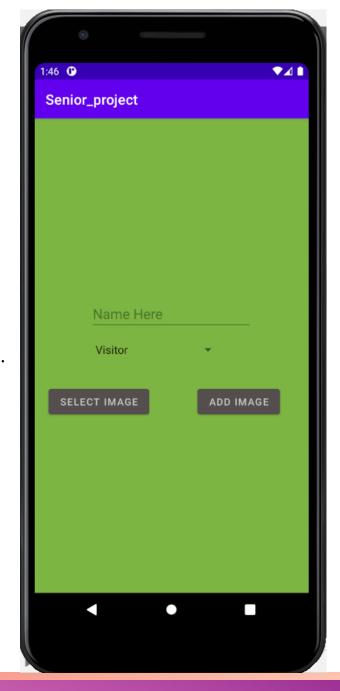
- > Pictures in this activity are brought from database.
- > Images are added to the database with an id.
- > The last id one is kept in the users app.



IMPLEMENTATIO N(7/7): ANDROID APP



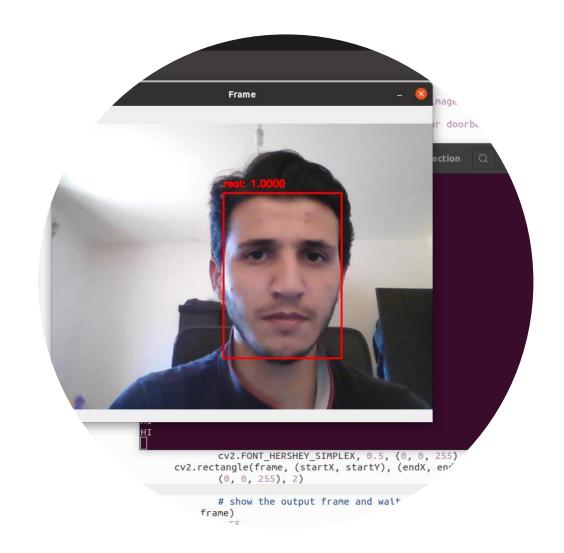
- > Add guest activity allows the user to add specific people.
- Face of added ones are token from gallery.
- > The user must provide a name for the person to be added.



RESULTS

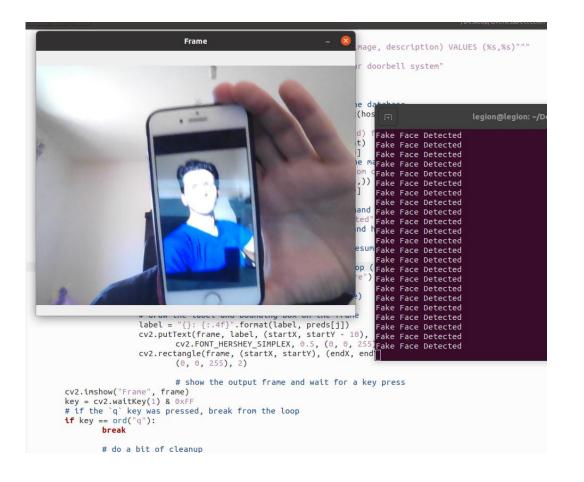
RESULTS (1/6): LIVENESS DETECTION

Liveness Detection showed about 99% accuracy after detecting a real face.



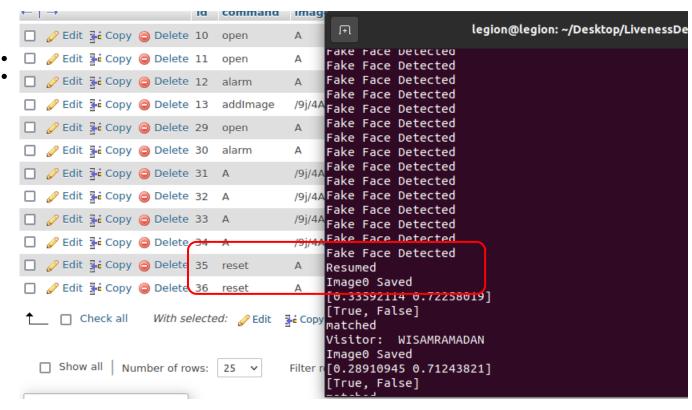
RESULTS (2/6): LIVENESS DETECTION

- > Photo pointed at the camera.
- > Liveness Detector classified it as fake.



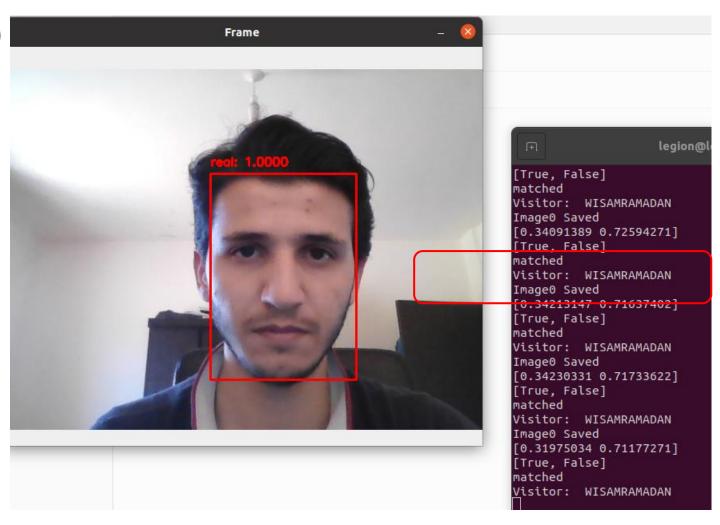
RESULTS (3/6): SYSTEM RESET

- > Spoofing attempt notification was received.
- ➤ User pressed "reset" to reset the system.



RESULTS (4/6) FACIAL RECOGNITION

- > System classified real person as real.
- > It found a match for the face,
- Then, extracted the matched file's name.



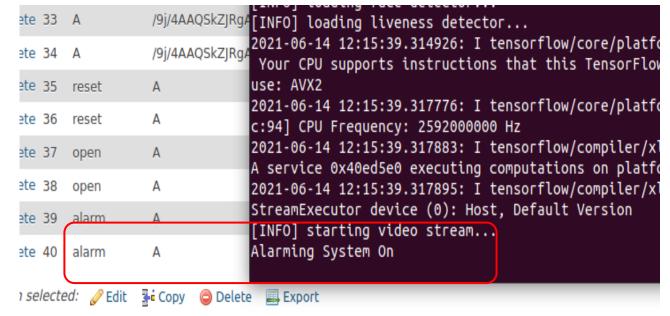
RESULTS (5/6): OPEN DOOR

- User sent "Open Door" command from android app.
- > The system opened the door.

```
2021-06-14 12:11:46.737845: I tensorflow/compiler/
elete 32 A
                  /9j/4AAAA service 0x46474e0 executing computations on plat
lete 33 A
                        2021-06-14 12:11:46.737859: I tensorflow/compiler/
                  /9j/4AA StreamExecutor device (0): Host, Default Version
elete 34 A
                        [INFO] starting video stream...
elete 35 reset
                        Image0 Saved
elete 36 reset
                        ImageA Saved
                        Door Opened
lete 37 open
                       ^CTraceback (most recent call last):
                          File "liveness_demo.py", line 159, in <module>
elete 38 open
                            detections = net.forward()
```

RESULTS (6/6): ALARMING SYSTEM TURN ON 31e 33 A

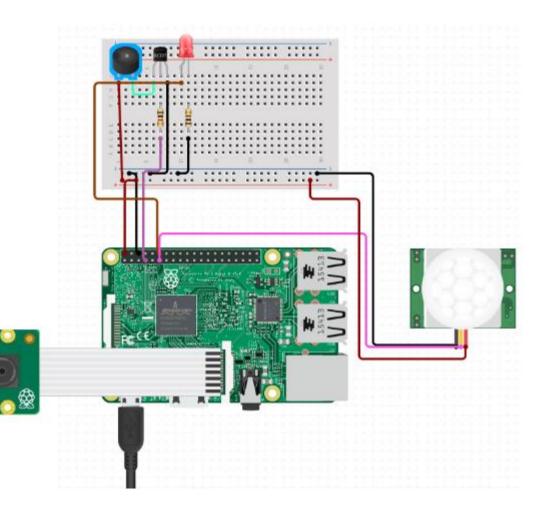
- User sent "Turn on alarm" command.
- The system turned alarming system on.



CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

CONCLUSION

- Machine learning provides great improvement to existing applications.
- This system's improvement is based on Computer Vision and IoT.
- ➤ Compared to related works:
 - o It operates autonomously.
 - o It detects spoofing attempts.
- ➤ However, there are still drawbacks with this proposed system.
 - o Requires a large dataset (real & fake).
 - o Dataset is hard to create.



CHALLENGES

- ➤ Not all failure conditions may be predicted.
- Camera systems are affected highly by various weather conditions.
- ➤ It was not feasible to test the quality of the system under different conditions.
- Liveness Detection and Facial Recognition may operate with less accuracy in darkness.
- > This system was not tested with night vision camera.

FUTURE WORK

- The system can be improved by extending it to support:
 - ✓ One main administrator.
 - ✓ Two-way audio communication.
 - ✓ Video Recording.
 - ✓ Live Streaming.
 - ✓ More advanced infrared camera.
 - ✓ Interfaces to connect to other security systems (e.g., alarming system).
 - ✓ Using a more efficient computer.



THANK YOU!