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Exercices du cours: 3.6.2
  1/ Soil- X(x,y) = (1,2xye).
  On poor: 8 (t) = (a(t), b(t)) la courbe intégrale dex.
  gon c: 8, ((-) = X (R(F)). (=> (v, (F) , P, (F)) = (1 '5 ° (F) P, (F))
   (=) Sa'(E)=1 (1)
       | b'(t)=29(t)b'(t)(2):
   (1): a(t) = t+a.
    (2): b'(t) = 2(t+a) b'(t).
(=) \frac{b'(t)}{b^2(t)} = 2(t+q_s) = ) \int \frac{b'(t)}{b^2(t)} dt = 2 \int (t+q_s) dt
 (=) -\frac{1}{b(t)} = t^2 + 2gt + b_0 \implies b(t) = \frac{1}{120}
21. Soit X(ky) = (1+x, 1)
 On pose: 8(t): (a(t), b(t)) la cour be intégrale de X.
 Jone & (t) = X(8(t)) (o'(t), b'(t)) = (1+o(t), 1).
   5a'(t) = 1+a2(t) (1)
   / b'(t) = 1 (2)
 (1) = 0 o'(E) = 1 + o'(E)
(5)=D p(f)=f+p°
 (1)(E):01(t) - a2(t) =1.
    (Eg): a' (t) - 08(t) = 0
     (=) a'(t) za2(t)
     ED S a'(t) H: t+C
           -\frac{1}{a(t)}; t + C
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a(t) = 1-9t = 0/98(t) = 3-95 soit ap(t) = tan(t) ion a ap(t) = 1 + tan? (t) donc ap cot soit de (E) d'où a(t) = 9plt) + 9plt) $a(t):\frac{a_0}{1-at}+tan(t)$ comme b(t): bo+t, il fant exprimer tenfetion de a. 3/X(F)=(N1-x2,1) Soit V(t) = (a(t), b(t)) la combe intégrale de X alors 8'((+): X (8(+)) (=) (a'(+), b'(+))= (V1-a2(+),1) [a'(t)=\1-q2(t) (1). 1 avec: 1-a2(t)>0@) a2(t) { 1 (2): b(t): t+bo. (=) Da = [-1, 1]. (1): $\frac{\alpha'(t)}{\sqrt{1-\alpha^2(t)}} = 1 = 1$ = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1(=) arcsin (a(+)) = ++ C . pour t=0: C = arcsinlas (=) o(t) = sin(t+ accsin(a)). donc b(E) = orcsin(a) - arcsin(g)+bo.

My Soit x (x.y): (y,x) On pore: 8(6) = (a(6), b(6)) la courbe intégale de X que 8,(F) = X(X(F)) => (O,(F) 'P,(A) = (P(F) 'O(F)). (P(F)) = P(F) (=) (a(F)) + (0 1) (a(F)). Dr. - (1) = 0 (2) | - 1 | = 0 (2) | - 1 = 0 (3) | - 1 | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | = 0 (3) | - 1 | on pose: 1 =1 et 2 =-1. Soit ma (by) (1R. 1 Amz = 1, ma (=) (0 1) (ay) = (ay) So $\int_{\alpha_1}^{\beta_1} \int_{\alpha_2}^{\alpha_3} \int_{\alpha_4}^{\alpha_5} \int_{\alpha_5}^{\alpha_5} \int_{\alpha_5}^{\alpha_$ Spail no = (as) & 18 & [a : An = y = ma (=) (01) (as) = (-as) $= \rho \int_{\alpha_z = -b_z}^{b_z = -a_z} = \rho \int_{\alpha_z = -a_z}^{a_z = -a_z} = \frac{a_z}{a_z} \left(\frac{1}{-1}\right), \text{ on prend } \mu_z = \left(\frac{1}{-1}\right).$ (a(t)) = (c, et + c, et)) a(t) = Get+ Ge-t 1 b(t) = Get Ge-t

Soit
$$x(x, y) = (x, y)$$
.

Soit $x(t) : (a(t), b(t))$ be conton intigrale de x

above: $x'(t) = x(x(t))(-c)(a'(t), b'(t)) = (a(t), b(t))$.

(a) $x'(t) = a(t)(a)$

(b) $x'(t) = a(t)(a)$

(c) $x'(t) = a(t)(a)$

(d) $x'(t) = a(t)(a)$

(e) $x'(t) = a(t)(a)$

(f) $x'(t) = a(t)(a)$

(g) $x'(t) = a(t)(a$