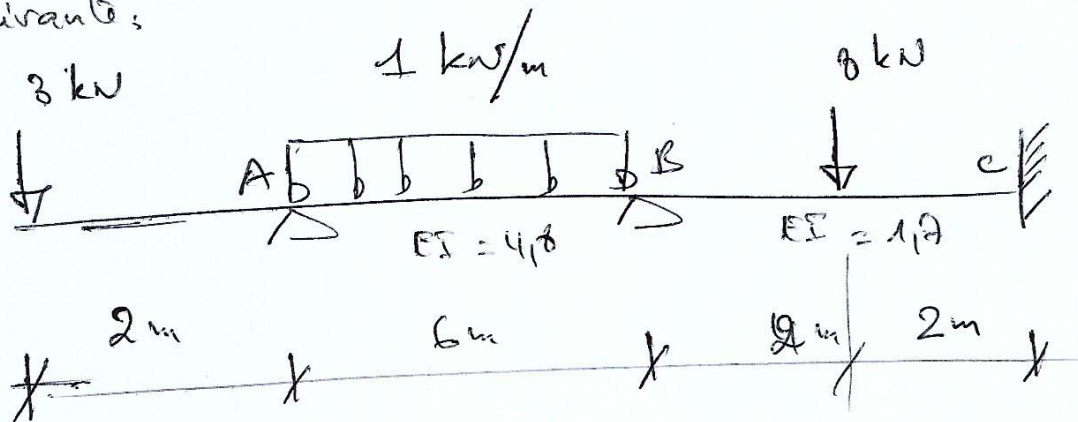
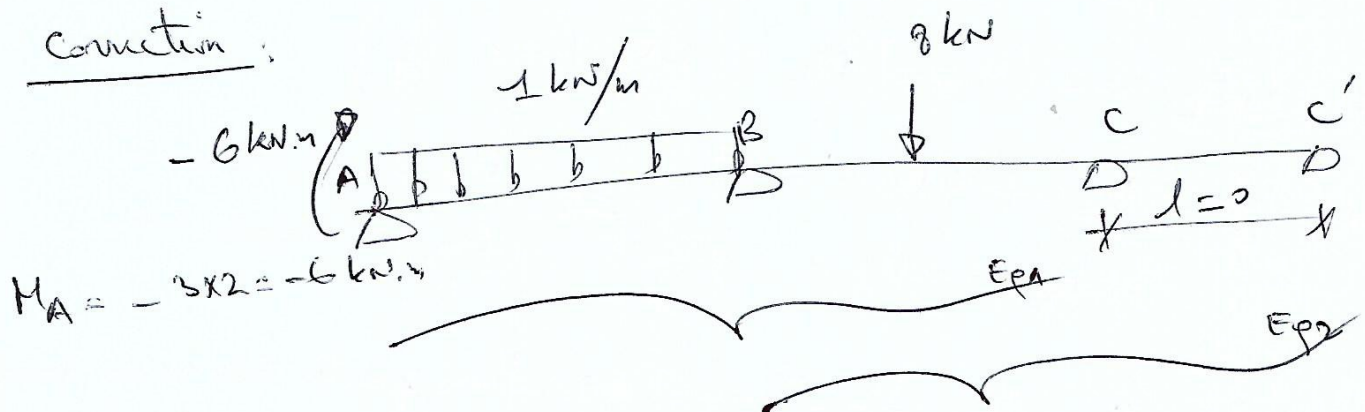


④

T. D

Analyser par la méthode de 3 moments la poutre continue suivante:

Correction:Eq (1): A, B, C

$$\alpha = \frac{1.7}{4.8} = 0.35$$

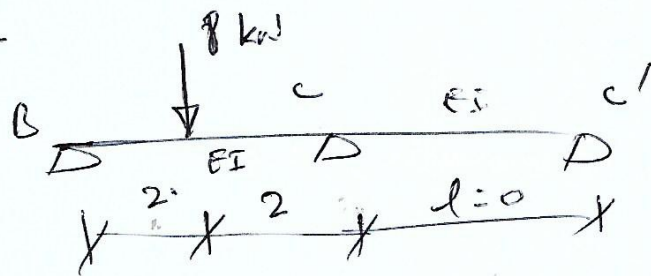
$$(\theta_R)_d = - \frac{Pl^2}{16EI} \approx - \frac{23}{EI}$$

$$(\theta_B)_f = \frac{Pl^3}{24EI} = \frac{9}{EI}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6M_A + 2 \left(6 + \frac{4}{0.35} \right) M_B + \frac{4}{0.35} M_C = 6EI \left(-\frac{23}{EI} - \frac{9}{EI} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 34M_B + 11M_C = -156 \quad (Eq 1)$$

Ex 2



Ex 2 B, C, D'

$$\alpha = 1$$

$$(\theta_c)_d = 0$$

$$(\theta_c)_g = \frac{Pl^2}{16EI} = \frac{8 \times 16}{16EI} = \frac{8}{EI}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4M_B + 2(4+0)M_C = 6EI \left(0 - \frac{8}{EI}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 4M_B + 8M_C = -48 \\ 34M_B + 11M_C = -156 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} M_B \approx -3,16 \text{ kN.m} \\ M_C \approx -4,42 \text{ kN.m} \end{cases}$$

N.B on utilise l'équilibre d'une travée qq. Une poutre continue pour déterminer les efforts internes M_g et T_g

Diagramme de M_g [kN.m]

