Oriented Objects Programming

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Lab 03: Basic Object-Oriented Techniques

1. Working with method overloading:

a. Overloading by differing types of parameter:

```
public class Cart {
    public static final int MAX_NUMBERS_ORDERED = 20;
    private DigitalVideoDisc[] items = new DigitalVideoDisc[MAX_NUMBERS_ORDERED];
    private int qtyOrdered = 0;

public void addDigitalVideoDisc(DigitalVideoDisc disc){
    if(qtyOrdered >= MAX_NUMBERS_ORDERED){
        System.out.println("The cart is full.");
     }
     else{
        items[qtyOrdered++] = disc;
        System.out.println("The disc has been added.");
    }
}
```

b. Overloading by differing the number of parameters

2. Passing parameters

```
import hust.soict.dsai.aims.disc.DigitalVideoDisc;
    public class Testing{
4
        public static void main(String[] args){
            DigitalVideoDisc jungleDVD = new DigitalVideoDisc("Jungle");
            DigitalVideoDisc cinderellaDVD = new DigitalVideoDisc("Cinderella");
            swap(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD);
            System.out.println("Title jungle DVD: " + jungleDVD.getTitle());
            System.out.println("Title cinderella DVD: " + cinderellaDVD.getTitle());
            changeTitle(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD.getTitle());
            System.out.println("Title jungle DVD: " + jungleDVD.getTitle());
        public static void swap(Object Obj1, Object Obj2){
            Object tmp = o1;
            01 = 02;
            o2 = tmp;
        public static void changeTitle(DigitalVideoDisc dvd, String title){
            String oldTitle = dvd.getTitle();
            dvd.setTitle(title);
            dvd = new DigitalVideoDisc(oldTitle);
```

Title jungle DVD: Jungle Title cinderella DVD: Cinderella Title jungle DVD: Jungle

Modified Source Code

```
public class Testing{
        public static void main(String[] args){
            DigitalVideoDisc jungleDVD = new DigitalVideoDisc(title:"Jungle");
             DigitalVideoDisc cinderellaDVD = new DigitalVideoDisc(title:"Cinderella");
             swap(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD);
             System.out.println("Title jungle DVD: " + jungleDVD.getTitle());
             System.out.println("Title cinderella DVD: " + cinderellaDVD.getTitle());
             changeTitle(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD.getTitle());
             System.out.println("Title jungle DVD: " + jungleDVD.getTitle());
         public static void swap(DigitalVideoDisc Obj1, DigitalVideoDisc Obj2){
            DigitalVideoDisc tmp = new DigitalVideoDisc(title:"");
             tmp.setTitle(Obj1.getTitle());
             Obj1.setTitle(Obj2.getTitle());
             Obj2.setTitle(tmp.getTitle());
         public static void changeTitle(DigitalVideoDisc dvd, String title){
             String oldTitle = dvd.getTitle();
             dvd.setTitle(title);
             dvd = new DigitalVideoDisc(oldTitle);
28
```

Question:

- 1. After the call of swap(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD) why does the title of these two objects still remain?
 - Answer: When the swap function is invoked, it generates new references for the two objects, jungleDVD and cinderellaDVD, which we can call o1 and o2. As a result, any modifications made to o1 and o2 do not impact the original objects. Consequently, the titles of jungleDVD and cinderellaDVD remain unchanged after the swap function executes.
- 2. After the call of changeTitle(jungleDVD, cinderellaDVD.getTitle()) why is the title of the JungleDVD changed?
 - Answer: When the function is called, it creates a new reference named dvd that points to the jungleDVD object. Therefore, any changes made to the title through the setTitle method using the dvd reference will directly affect the jungleDVD object. This is because both dvd and jungleDVD refer to the same underlying object in memory. So, updating the title via dvd will also update it for jungleDVD.

3. Class Member & Insane:

```
public class DigitalVideoDisc {
    private String title;
    private String category;
    private String director;
    private int length;
    private float cost;
    // Create attribute id and nbDigitalVideoDisc
    private static int nbDigitalVideoDisc = 0;
    private int id;
```

```
public DigitalVideoDisc(String title) {
   nbDigitalVideoDisc++;
   id = nbDigitalVideoDisc;
public DigitalVideoDisc(String title, String category, float cost) {
   this.category = category;
   this.title = title;
   nbDigitalVideoDisc++;
   id = nbDigitalVideoDisc;
public DigitalVideoDisc(String title, String category, String director, float cost) {
    this.director = director;
   this.category = category;
   this.title = title;
   nbDigitalVideoDisc++;
   id = nbDigitalVideoDisc;
public DigitalVideoDisc(String title, String category, String director, int length, float cost) {
    this.title = title;
    this.category = category;
    this.director = director;
   this.length = length;
   nbDigitalVideoDisc++;
    id = nbDigitalVideoDisc;
```

4. Cart Class

Writing method to print items in cart

```
public String toString(){
    return "DVD: " + title + " " + category + " " + director + " " + length + " " + cost;
}
```

```
public void printStore(){
    total = 0;
    System.out.println(x:"Ordered Items:");
    for (int i : items){
        System.out.println((i+1) + ". " + items.get(i));
    }
    System.out.println("Total cost: " + totalCost());
}
```

Writing method to searching:

```
public boolean Match(String Title){
    return this.title.equals(title);
}
```

```
public void SearchTitle(String Title){
    boolean found = false;
    for(int i = 0; i < qtyOrdered; i++){
        if(items[i] != null && items[i].Match(i)){
            System.out.println(items[i].getTitle());
        }
    }
    found = true;
}
if(!found){
    System.out.println(x:"The DVD you search is not matching!");
}
</pre>
```

```
public void SearchId(int id){
    for(int i = 0; i < qtyOrdered; i++){
        if(items[i] != null && items[i].getID() == id){
            System.out.println(id);
            return;
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
package hust.soict.dsai.cart;
import hust.soict.dsai.cart.Cart;
import hust.soict.dsai.disc.DigitalVideoDisc;

public class CartTest{
    Run|Debug
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Cart cart = new Cart();
        DigitalVideoDisc dvd1 = new DigitalVideoDisc("The Lion King", "Animation", "Roger Allers", 87, 19.95f);
        cart.addDigitalVideoDisc(dvd1);
        DigitalVideoDisc dvd2 = new DigitalVideoDisc("Star Wars", "Science Fiction", "George Lucas", 87, 24.95f);
        cart.addDigitalVideoDisc(dvd2);
        DigitalVideoDisc dvd3 = new DigitalVideoDisc("Aladin", "Animation", 18.89f);
        cart.addDigitalVideoDisc(dvd3);
        cart.print();
}
```

5. Store Class

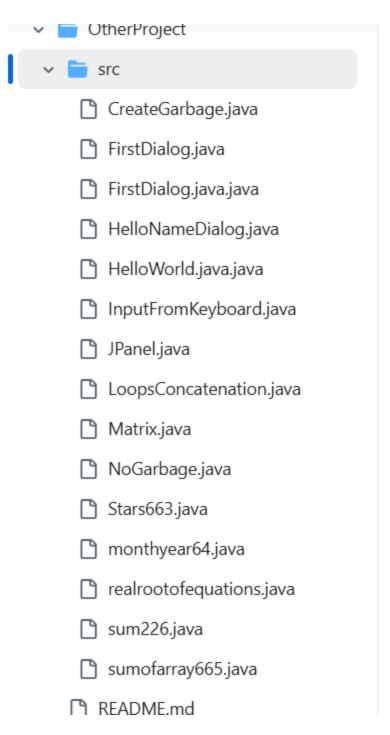
```
ackage hust.soict.dsai.store;
public class Store
   private List<DigitalVideoDisc> items = new ArrayListed<DigitalVideoDisc>();
   public void addDVD(DigitalVideoDisc dvd){
       items.add(dvd);
        System.out.println(x:"The dvd has been added.");
    public void removeDVD(DigitalVideoDisc dvd){
       boolean delete = items.remove(dvd);
        if(deleted){
           System.out.println(dvd.getTitle() + " has been removed.");
            System.out.println(dvd.getTitle() + " is not founded in items.");
   public void printStore(){
       total = 0;
        System.out.println(x:"Ordered Items:");
        for (int i : items){
           System.out.println((i+1) + ". " + items.get(i));
       System.out.println("Total cost: " + totalCost());
```

```
package hust.soict.dsai.test.store;
import hust.soict.dsai.aims.store.Store;
import hust.soict.dsai.aims.disc.DigitalVideoDisc;

public class TestStore{
    Run[Debug
    public static void main(String[] args){
    Store store = new Store();
    DigitalVideoDisc dvd1 = new DigitalVideoDisc("The Lion King", "Animation", "Roger Allers", 87, 19.95f);
    store.addDV0(dvd1);
    DigitalVideoDisc dvd2 = new DigitalVideoDisc("Star Wars", "Science Fiction", "George Lucas", 87, 24.95f);
    store.addDV0(dvd2);
    DigitalVideoDisc dvd3 = new DigitalVideoDisc("Aladin", "Animation", 18.89f);
    store.addDV0(dvd3);
    store.printStore();
    store.printStore();
    store.printStore();
    store.printStore();
    DigitalVideoDisc dvd4 = new DigitalVideoDisc("Frozen", "Animation", "Disney", 95, 16.0f);
    store.removeDV0(dvd3);
    store.printStore();
    Store.printStore();
    Store.printStore();
    store.printStore();
    store.printStore();
    store.printStore();
    store.printStore();
}
```

6. Reorganize projects

Aims Project Design Class Diagram Lab OOP3.asta ClassdiagramLab03.png Requirement UseCase Diagram OOPLab3.a... UsecasediagramLab03.png src Aims.java Cart.java CartManage.java CartTest.java DigitalVideoDisc.java Main.java Store.java TestStore.java Testing.java

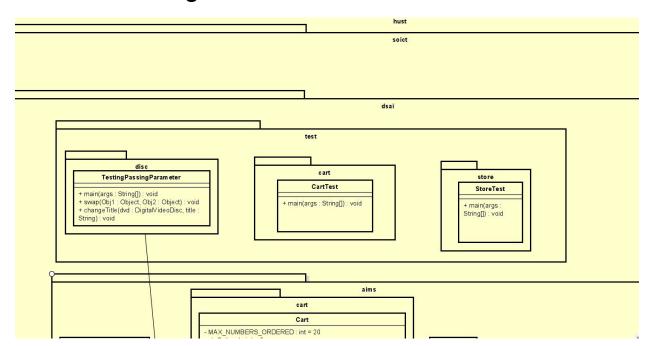


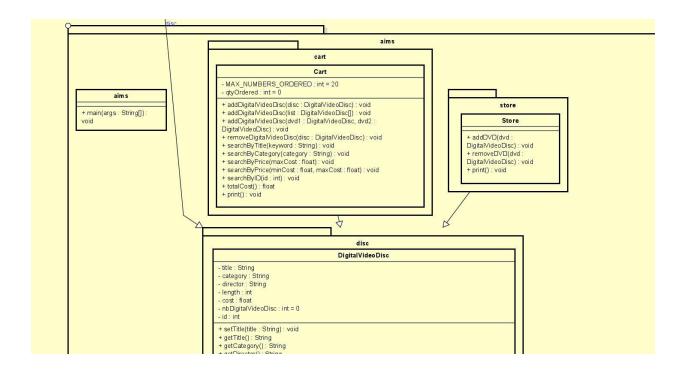
7. String, StringBuilder and StringBuffer

```
1
         package hust.soict.dsai.garbage;
  2
  3 ∨ public class CreateGarbage{
  4 🗸
             public static void main(String[] args){
  5
                  String gb = "";
  6
                  long start = System.CurrentTimeMillis();
  7
  8
                  try{
  9
                      for(int i = 0; i < Interger.MAX_VALUE; i++){</pre>
 10
                           gb += i;
 11
                      }
 12
 13
                  catch(OutOfMemoryError e){
                      System.err.println("Outofmemory encounter.");
 14
 15
                  }
 16
                  long end = System.CurrentTimeMillis();
                  System.out.println("Execution time: " + (end - start) + " ms.");
 17
              }
 18
 19
         }
1
      package hust.soict.dsai.garbage;
2
3 ∨ public class NoGarbage{
          public static void main(String[] args){
5
              StringBuilder Build_Garbage = new StringBuilder();
6
              long start = System.CurrentTimeMillis();
              for(int i = 0; i < Interger.MAX_VALUE; i++){</pre>
8
                  Build_Garbage.append(i);
                 if(i%100000 == 0){
9
10
                     Build_Garbage.length(0);
11
                 }
12
              }
13
              long end = System.CurrentTimeMillis();
              System.out.println("Execution time: " + (end - start) + " ms.");
15
          }
16
      }
```

```
1
       package hust.soict.dsai.garbage;
2
3
       import java.util.Random;
4 ∨ public class LoopsConcatenation{
5 🗸
           public static void main(String[] args){
6
               Random rd = new Random();
               long start = System.CurrentTimeMillis();
               String str = "";
8
9
               for(int i = 0; i < 65536; i++){</pre>
10
                   str += rd.nextInt(2);
12
               System.out.println("Using operator: " + (System.CurrentTimeMillis() - start) + " ms.");
               StringBuffer buff = new StringBuffer();
13
14
               for(int i = 0; i < 65536; i++){</pre>
15
                   buff.append(rd.nextInt(2));
16
17
               str = buff.toString();
               System.out.println("Using StringBuffer: " + (System.CurrentTimeMillis() - start) + " ms.");
18
               StringBuilder build = new StringBuilder();
19
20
               for(int i = 0; i < 65536; i++){</pre>
21
                   build.append(rd.nextInt(2));
               str = build.toString();
               System.out.println("Using StringBuilder: " + (System.CurrentTimeMillis() - start) + " ms.");
25
26
```

8. Class Diagram





9. Use Case Diagram

