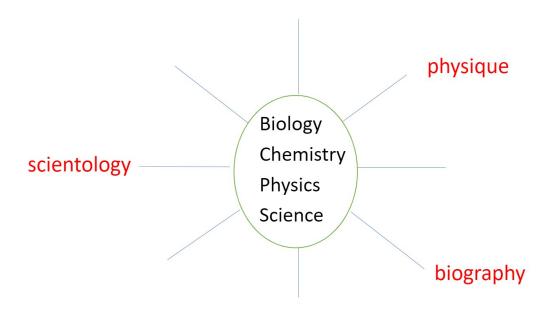


## KS3 Unit 7 Lesson 2 The Language of Science

## Worksheet

1. Word association game. How many words made from the four in the middle can you add to the spider diagram?



2. Can you put these scientific words into 6 categories?

endocardial	insoluble	exoskeleton	exodermis
biohaz	ard	inaccurate	antihistamine
dehydration	e	ndothermic	biodiesel
antibacterial		inorgani ntibiotic	endodermis c
biochemistry	decongestan		decontaminate
endoskelet	on	deionize	anticoagulant
exotoxin		inedible	exothermic

- 3. Biology Answer the discussion questions on the board.
- 4. Physics Matching Game
  - 1. Vibration
  - 2. Audible
  - 3. Amplitude
  - 4. Reflection
  - 5. Refraction
  - 6. Luminous
  - 7. Gravity
  - 8. Thermal
  - 9. Kinetic

- a) Latin audio (hear)
- b) Latin *lumen* (light)
- c) Latin flecto (bend)
- d) Latin vibro (shake)
- e) Latin gravis (heavy)
- f) Greek θερμος (thermos) 'heat
- g) Latin frango, fract (break)
- h) Greek KIVE- (cine-) 'move'
- i) Latin amplus (large, full)
- 5. Chemistry fill in the missing vowels from the clues on the board.

C\_lc\_\_m
P\_t\_ss \_ \_m
H\_l\_ \_ m
Hydr\_g\_n
\_xyg\_n
Chl\_r\_n\_
C\_rb\_n

- 6. Why do you think so many of our scientific words have Greek or Latin origins?
- 7. Why is it useful to learn about the etymology of scientific words?