## Climate Data Forecasting -

## Atmospheric ${\cal C}{\cal O}_2$ Concentration / Temperature / Precipitation

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### 1 Forecasting of Mauna Loa - Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide Analysis

### 1.1 Stationarity and differencing

Stationary time series is one whose properties do not depend on the time at which the series is observed. Thus, time series with trends, or with seasonality, are not stationary — the trend and seasonality will affect the value of the time series at different times. On the other hand, a white noise series is stationary — it does not matter when you observe it, it should look much the same at any point in time.

Stationary time series will have no predictable patterns in the long-term. Time plots will show the series to be roughly horizontal (although some cyclic behaviour is possible), with constant variance.

If Time Series data with seasonality are non-stationary

- $\bullet =>$  first take a seasonal difference
- if seasonally differenced data appear are still non-stationary
- => take an additional first seasonal difference

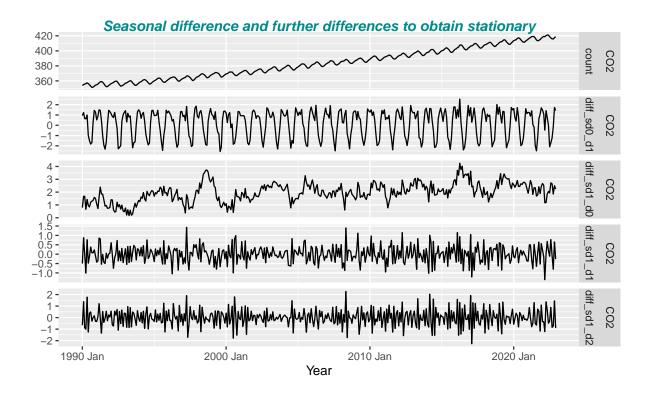
The model fit residuals have to be stationary. For good forecasting this has to be verified with residual diagnostics.

#### Essential:

- Residuals are uncorrelated
- The residuals have zero mean

Useful (but not necessary):

- The residuals have constant variance.
- The residuals are normally distributed.



### 1.1.1 Ljung-Box Test - independence/white noise of the time series

The Ljung-Box Test becomes important when checking independence/white noise of the forecasts residuals of the fitted ETS rsp. ARIMA models. There we have to check whether the forecast errors are normally distributed with mean zero

Null Hypothesis of independence/white noise in a given time series

- $=> H_0$  to be rejected for  $p < \alpha = 0.05$
- => data in the given time series are dependent
- => even differenced data are dependent if  $p < \alpha = 0.05$
- => independence/white noise of residuals of fitted models to be verified

```
#> Ljung-Box test with (count), w/o differences
#> # A tibble: 1 x 3
#>
     Measure lb_stat lb_pvalue
#>
     <fct>
               <dbl>
                          <dbl>
               7109.
#> 1 CO2
#> Ljung-Box test on (difference(count, 12))
#> # A tibble: 1 x 3
#>
     Measure lb_stat lb_pvalue
#>
     <fct>
               <dbl>
                          <dbl>
#> 1 CO2
               3030.
                              0
#> Ljung-Box test on (difference(count, 12) + difference())
#> # A tibble: 1 x 3
#>
     Measure lb_stat lb_pvalue
#>
     <fct>
               <dbl>
                          <dbl>
#> 1 CO2
                79.2
                      7.21e-13
```

### 1.1.2 Unitroot KPSS Test - fix number of seasonal differences/differences required

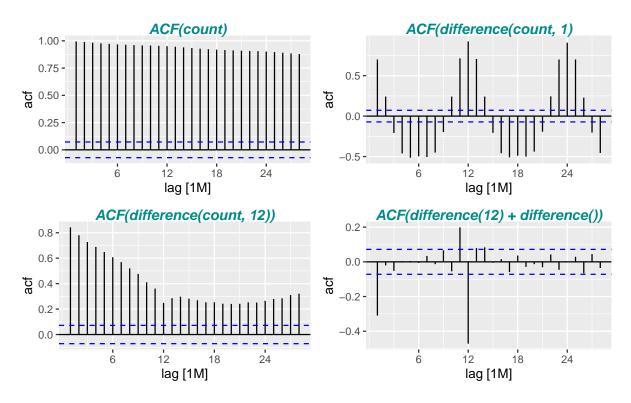
kpss test of stationary Null Hypothesis of stationary in a given time series  $=>H_0$  to be rejected for  $p<\alpha=0.05$ 

unitroot\_nsdiffs/ndiff provides minimum number of seasonal differences/differences required for a stationary series. First fix required seasonal differences and then apply ndiffs to the seasonally differenced data.

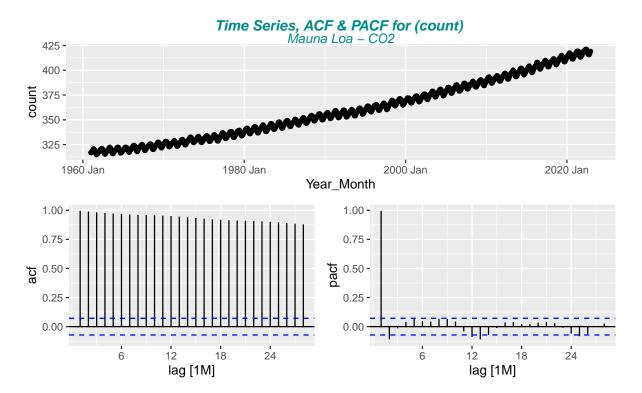
• returns 1 = for stationarity one seasonal difference rsp. difference is required

```
#> ndiffs gives the number of differences required rsp.
#> nsdiffs gives the number of seasonal differences required to make
  a series stationary (test is based on the KPSS test
#> kpss test, nsdiffs & ndiffs on (count), w/o differences
#> # A tibble: 1 x 5
#>
     Measure kpss_stat kpss_pvalue nsdiffs ndiffs
                 <dbl>
                             <dbl>
#>
     <fct>
                                      <int> <int>
#> 1 CO2
                  10.6
                              0.01
                                          1
#> kpss test, nsdiffs & ndiffs on
                                    (difference(count, 12)
#> # A tibble: 1 x 5
     Measure kpss_stat kpss_pvalue nsdiffs ndiffs
                 <dbl>
                             <dbl>
#>
     <fct>
                                      <int>
                                            <int>
#> 1 CO2
                  5.14
                              0.01
                                          0
#> kpss test, nsdiffs & ndiffs on (difference(count, 12) %>% difference(1))
#> # A tibble: 1 x 5
#>
     Measure kpss_stat kpss_pvalue nsdiffs ndiffs
                             <dbl>
                                      <int>
#>
     <fct>
                 <dbl>
#> 1 CO2
               0.00724
                               0.1
```

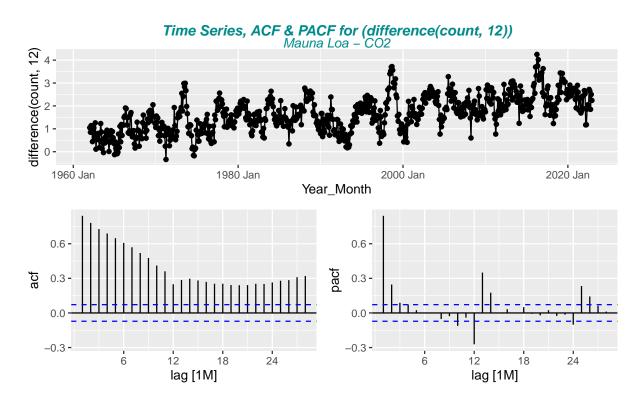
### 1.1.3 ACF Plots of Differences



### 1.1.4 Time Series, ACF and PACF Plots of Differences - for ARIMA p, q check

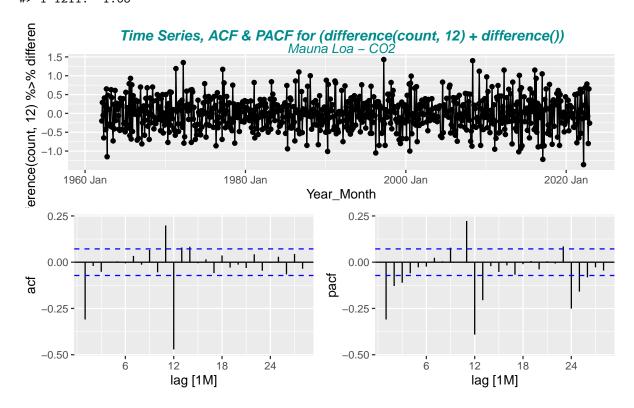


#> # A tibble: 1 x 2
#> Sum Mean
#> <dbl> <dbl>
#> 1 1211. 1.65



#> # A tibble: 1 x 2
#> Sum Mean

#> <dbl> <dbl>
#> 1 1211. 1.65



#> # A tibble: 1 x 2
#> Sum Mean
#> <dbl> <dbl>
#> 1 1.19 0.00163

### 2 ExponenTial Smoothing (ETS) Forecasting Models

Forecasts produced using exponential smoothing methods are weighted averages of past observations, with the weights decaying exponentially as the observations get older.

The parameters are estimated by maximising the "likelihood". The likelihood is the probability of the data arising from the specified model. AIC, AICc and BIC can be used here to determine which of the ETS models is most appropriate for a given time series (see output glance(fit\_ets)).

The model selection is based on recognising key components of the time series (trend and seasonal) and the way in which these enter the smoothing method (e.g., in an additive, damped or multiplicative manner).

- Mauna Loa  $CO_2$  data best Models: ETS(M,A,A) & ETS(A,A,A)
- Basel Temperature data best Models: ETS(A,N,A), ETS(A,A,A), ETS(A,Ad,A) (close togehter). Best Forecast accuracy is with ETS(A,A,A), ETS(A,Ad,A).
- Basel Precipitation data best Models: ETS(A,N,A), ETS(A,Ad,A), ETS(A,A,A) (close together). Best Forecast accuracy is with ETS(A,A,A), ETS(A,Ad,A), ETS(A,N,A),

Trend term "N" for Basel Temperature/Precipitation correspondends to a "pure" exponential smooothing which results in a slope  $\beta = 0$ . This results in a forecast predicting a constant level. This does not fit to the result of the STL decomposition. Therefore best model choice is **ETS**(**A**,**A**,**A**).

### Method Selection

Error term: either additive ("A") or multiplicative ("M").

Both methods provide identical point forecasts, but different prediction intervals and different likelihoods. AIC & BIC are able to select between the error types because they are based on likelihood.

Nevertheless, difference is for

- Mauna Loa  $CO_2$  not relevant and AIC/AICc/BIC values are only a little bit smaller for multiplicative errors. The prediction interval plots are fully overlapping.
- Basel Temperature AIC/AICc/BIC of additive error types are much better than the multiplicative
  ones.
- Basel Precipitation AIC/AICc/BIC of additive error types are much better than the multiplicative ones

Note: For Basel Temperature and Precipitation Forecast plots the models ETS\_MAdA, ETS\_MMA, ETS\_MMA are to be taken out since forecasts with multiplicative errors are exploding (forecast > 3 years impossible !!)

Therefore finally Error term = "A" is chosen in general.

Trend term: either none ("N"), additive ("A"), multiplicative ("M") or damped variants ("Ad", "Md").

Note: Mauna Loa  $CO_2$  model ETS(A,Ad,A) fit plot shows to strong damping. For Basel Temperature model ETS(A,N,A) and ETS(A,Ad,A) are providing more or less the same forecast. This means that forecast remains on constant level since Trend "N" means "pure" exponentiall smoothing without trend (see above).

Therefore finally Trend term = "A" is chosen in general.

Seasonal term: either none ("N"), additive ("A") or multiplicative ("M").

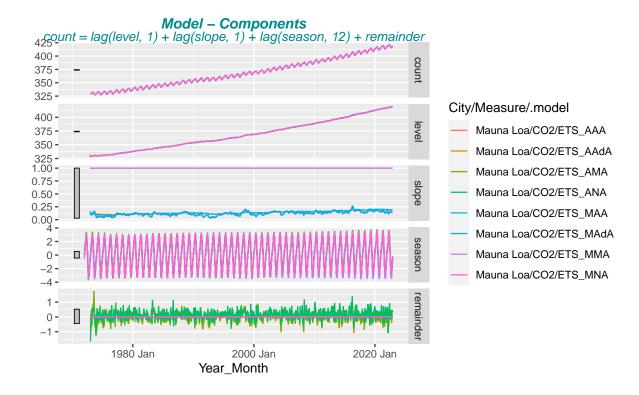
For CO2 and Temperature Data we have a clear seasonal pattern and seasonal term adds always a (more or less) fix amount on level and trend component. Therefore "A" additive term is chosen. For Precipitation the seasonal pattern is only slight. Indead, a multiplicative seasonal term results in "exploding" forecasts.

Since monthly data are strongly seasonal  $\mathbf{seasonal}$   $\mathbf{term}$  "A" is chosen.

### 2.1 ETS Models and their componentes

```
#> [1] "model(ETS(count)) => provides best automatically chosen model"
#> # A tibble: 1 x 11
     City
               Measure .model
                                   sigma2 log_lik
                                                     AIC AICc
                                                                 BIC
                                                                        MSE
                                                                            AMSE
#>
     <chr>
               <fct>
                        <chr>>
                                    <dbl>
                                            <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                   0.103 -1228. 2491. 2492. 2565. 0.100 0.141 0.247
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                        ETS(coun~
#> Series: count
#> Model: ETS(A,A,A)
#>
     Smoothing parameters:
       alpha = 0.5752064
#>
#>
       beta = 0.006657306
#>
       gamma = 0.08427619
#>
#>
     Initial states:
                                       s[-1]
#>
        1[0]
                   b[0]
                              s[0]
                                                 s[-2]
                                                            s[-3]
                                                                       s[-4]
#>
    328.5453 0.1129828 -0.8389104 -1.94534 -3.099749 -3.065103 -1.379817 0.6818637
#>
       s[-6]
                s[-7]
                          s[-8]
                                    s[-9]
                                             s[-10]
                                                        s[-11]
    2.193653 2.899279 2.485594 1.475993 0.6359707 -0.043435
#>
#>
#>
     sigma^2:
              0.1027
#>
#>
        AIC
                AICc
                           BTC
#> 2490.599 2491.651 2565.347
#> Model Selection by Information Criterion - lowest AIC, AICc, BIC
```

```
#> # A tibble: 8 x 11
#>
    City
               Measure .model
                               sigma2 log_lik
                                                 AIC AICc
                                                             BIC
                                                                   MSE
                                                                       AMSE
                                                                                  MAE
     <chr>
                                         <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
#>
               <fct>
                       <chr>>
                                <dbl>
                                                                                <dbl>
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_A~ 1.03e-1 -1228. 2491. 2492. 2565. 0.100 0.141 2.47e-1
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS M~ 7.60e-7 -1228. 2491. 2492. 2566. 0.102 0.147 6.74e-4
#> 3 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_M~ 8.08e-7 -1246. 2528. 2529. 2607. 0.108 0.161 6.99e-4
                                       -1250. 2536. 2537. 2615. 0.107 0.163 2.57e-1
#> 4 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS A~ 1.11e-1
#> 5 Mauna Loa CO2
                                       -1282. 2597. 2598. 2672. 0.118 0.162 7.35e-4
                       ETS M~ 9.08e-7
#> 6 Mauna Loa CO2
                                       -1302. 2639. 2640. 2714. 0.128 0.166 2.78e-1
                       ETS_A~ 1.32e-1
#> 7 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_A~ 1.50e-1 -1342. 2714. 2715. 2780. 0.146 0.285 3.05e-1
#> 8 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_M~ 1.26e-6 -1380. 2791. 2792. 2857. 0.164 0.303 8.36e-4
```



#### 2.1.1 Residual Accuracy with one-step-ahead fitted residuals - check RMSE, MAE

Residual accuracy can be computed directly from models as the one-step-ahead fitted residuals are available. Select forecast models that minimises for lowest

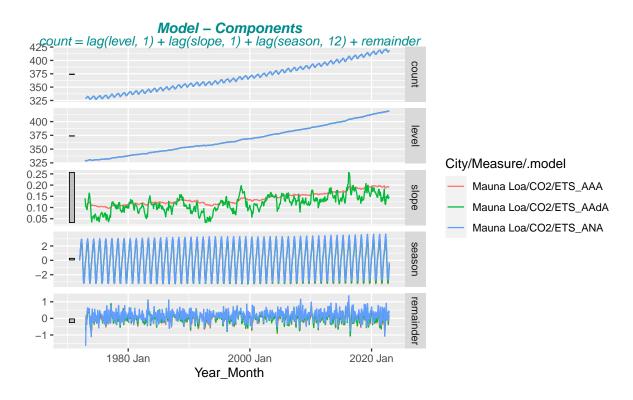
- MAE (Mean absolute error, will lead to forecasts of the median) and
- RMSE (Root mean squared error, lead to forecasts of the mean)

```
#> # A tibble: 8 x 12
#>
     City
               Measure .model
                                           ME RMSE
                                                       MAE
                                                               MPE
                                                                     MAPE MASE RMSSE
                                .type
#>
     <chr>
               <fct>
                        <chr>
                                <chr>>
                                        <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                             <dbl>
                                                                    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                        ETS_AAA Trai~ 0.0197
                                              0.316 0.247 5.09e-3 0.0670 0.136 0.162
                                              0.319 0.249 4.42e-3 0.0674 0.137 0.163
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_MAA Trai~ 0.0168
                       ETS_AA~ Trai~ 0.0536
                                              0.328 0.257 1.43e-2 0.0697 0.142 0.168
#> 3 Mauna Loa CO2
#> 4 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_MA~ Trai~ 0.0541  0.328  0.258  1.44e-2  0.0699  0.142  0.168
#> 5 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_MMA Trai~ 0.00190 0.344 0.270 4.66e-4 0.0735 0.149 0.176
#> 6 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_AMA Trai~ 0.0261  0.358  0.278  6.67e-3  0.0759  0.153  0.183
#> 7 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_ANA Trai~ 0.170
                                              0.382 0.305 4.54e-2 0.0826 0.168 0.196
                       ETS MNA Trai~ 0.157
                                              0.405 0.308 4.19e-2 0.0836 0.170 0.207
#> 8 Mauna Loa CO2
#> # ... with 1 more variable: ACF1 <dbl>
```

### 2.1.2 Ljung-Box Test - independence/white noise of the forecasts residuals

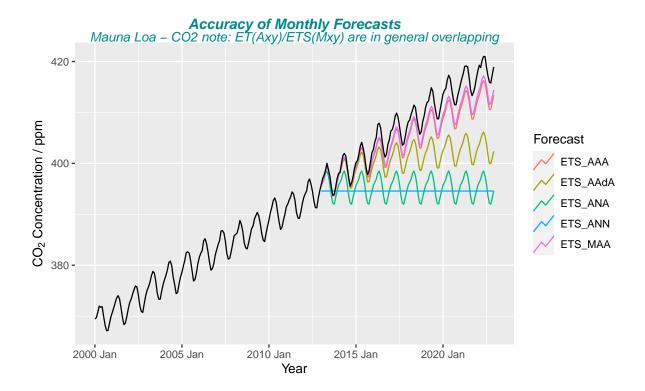
```
#> Null Hypothesis of independence/white noise for residuals - for p < 0.05: reject H_0
#> # A tibble: 8 x 5
#>
     City
               Measure .model
                                 lb_stat
                                            lb_pvalue
                                                 <dbl>
#>
     <chr>
               <fct>
                        <chr>
                                   <dbl>
                        ETS_AAA
                                    45.9 0.0318
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_AAdA
                                    58.9 0.00125
#> 3 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_MAdA
                                    59.7 0.000997
#> 4 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_ANA
                                    60.2 0.000877
#> 5 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_MNA
                                    60.3 0.000846
                       ETS_MAA
#> 6 Mauna Loa CO2
                                    62.6 0.000444
#> 7 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_MMA
                                    83.9 0.000000543
                       ETS_AMA
                                    93.8 0.000000173
#> 8 Mauna Loa CO2
```

### 2.1.3 ETS Models - components of ETS(A,N,A), ETS(A,A,A), ETS(A,Ad,A), models



### 2.1.4 Forecast Accuracy with Training/Test Data

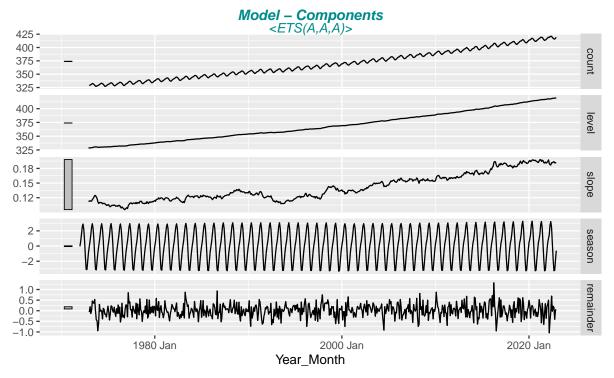
```
#> # A tibble: 5 x 12
#>
     .model
             City
                                      ME
                                          RMSE
                                                 MAE
                                                       MPE MAPE MASE RMSSE ACF1
                     Measure .type
                             <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
#>
     <chr>>
              <chr>>
                      <fct>
#> 1 ETS_MAA Mauna ~ CO2
                             Test
                                    2.32 2.74 2.32 0.562 0.564
                                                                 1.41 1.54 0.941
#> 2 ETS AAA Mauna ~ CO2
                             Test
                                    2.83
                                          3.34 2.83 0.687 0.687
                                                                  1.71 1.87 0.953
#> 3 ETS AAdA Mauna ~ CO2
                             Test
                                    6.94 8.65 6.94 1.68
                                                           1.68
                                                                  4.20 4.86 0.975
#> 4 ETS_ANA Mauna ~ CO2
                             Test 12.4
                                         14.3 12.4 3.00
                                                           3.00
                                                                  7.48
                                                                        8.03 0.974
#> 5 ETS_ANN Mauna ~ CO2
                             Test
                                   13.2
                                         15.1
                                               13.2 3.20
                                                           3.20
                                                                  7.98 8.48 0.962
```

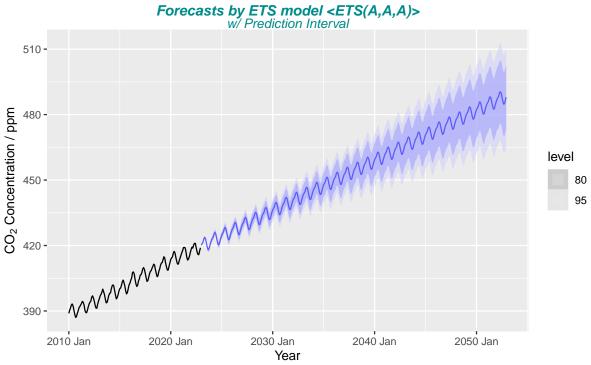


### 2.2 Forecasting with selected ETS model $\langle ETS(A,A,A) \rangle$

### 2.2.1 Forecast Plot of selected ETS model

```
#> Provide model coefficients by report(fit_model)
#> Series: count
#> Model: ETS(A,A,A)
#>
     Smoothing parameters:
       alpha = 0.5752064
#>
#>
       beta = 0.006657306
#>
       gamma = 0.08427619
#>
     Initial states:
#>
#>
        1[0]
                  b[0]
                              ន[0]
                                      s[-1]
                                                 s[-2]
                                                           s[-3]
                                                                      s[-4]
                                                                                s[-5]
    328.5453 0.1129828 -0.8389104 -1.94534 -3.099749 -3.065103 -1.379817 0.6818637
#>
#>
       s[-6]
                s[-7]
                          s[-8]
                                   s[-9]
                                             s[-10]
                                                       s[-11]
#>
    2.193653 2.899279 2.485594 1.475993 0.6359707 -0.043435
#>
#>
     sigma^2: 0.1027
#>
#>
        AIC
                AICc
                           BIC
#> 2490.599 2491.651 2565.347
```

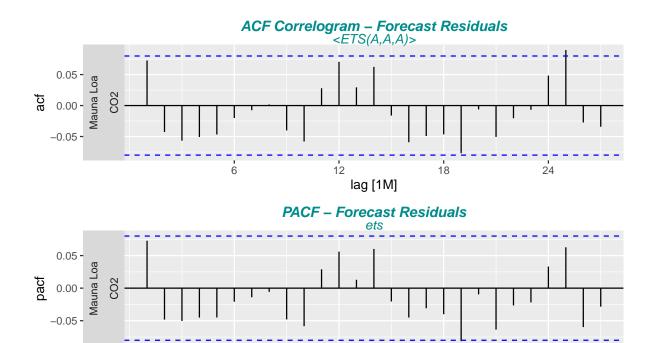


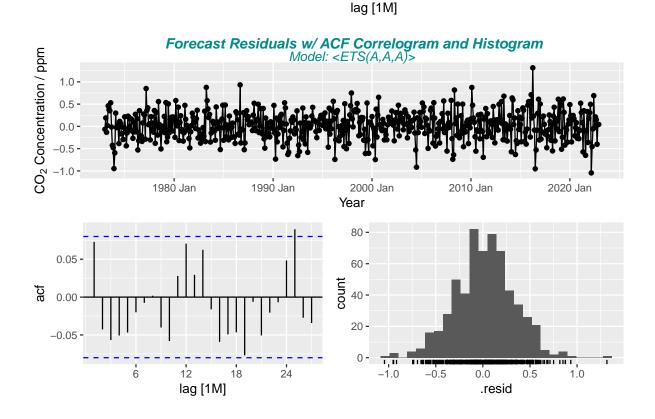


### 2.2.2 Residual Stationarity

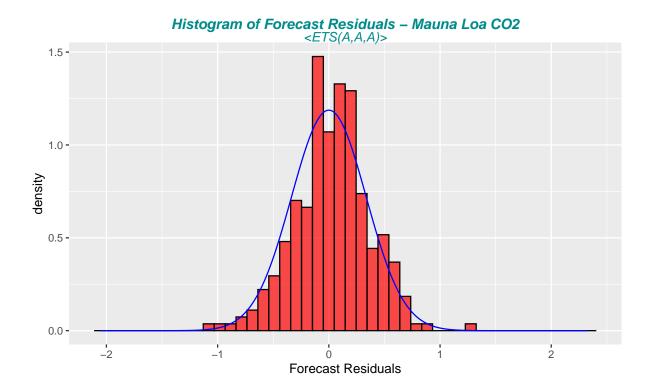
Required checks to be ready for forecasting:

- ACF Forecast Residual: all spikes are within the significance limits, so the residuals appear to be white noise
- The Ljung-Box test also shows that the residuals have no remaining autocorrelations
- Forecast Residuals are more or less normally distributed with roughly centred on zero





### 2.2.3 Histogram of forecast residuals with overlaid normal curve



### 3 ARIMA Forecasting Models - AutoRegressive-Integrated Moving Average

Exponential smoothing and ARIMA (AutoRegressive-Integrated Moving Average )models are the two most widely used approaches to time series forecasting, and provide complementary approaches to the problem.

While exponential smoothing models are based on a description of the trend and seasonality in the data, ARIMA models aim to describe the autocorrelations in the data.

### 3.1 Seasonal ARIMA models

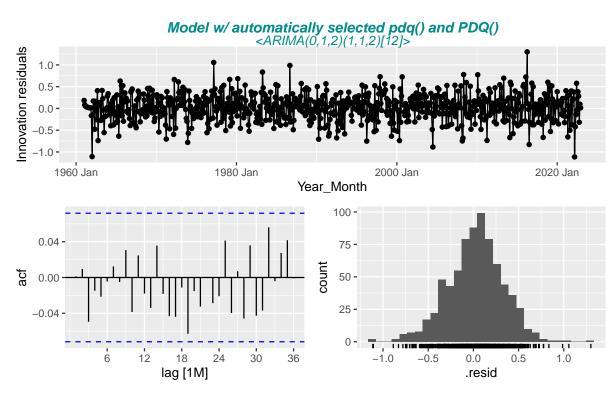
Non-seasonal ARIMA models are generally denoted ARIMA(p,d,q) where parameters p, d, and q are non-negative integers, \* p is the order (number of time lags) of the autoregressive model \* d is the degree of differencing (number of times the data have had past values subtracted) \* q is the order of the moving-average model of past forecast errors .

The value of d has an effect on the prediction intervals — the higher the value of d, the more rapidly the prediction intervals increase in size. For d=0, the point forecasts are equal to the mean of the data and the long-term forecast standard deviation will go to the standard deviation of the historical data, so the prediction intervals will all be essentially the same.

Seasonal ARIMA models are usually denoted ARIMA(p,d,q)(P,D,Q)m, where m refers to the number of periods in each season, and the uppercase P,D,Q refer to the autoregressive, differencing, and moving average terms for the seasonal part of the ARIMA model.

```
#> # A tibble: 1 x 10
    City
              Measure .model sigma2 log_lik
                                              AIC AICc
                                                          BIC ar_roots
                                                                         ma_roots
#>
     <chr>
              <fct>
                              <dbl>
                                      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                                         st>
                      <chr>
                                      -189.
                                                         418. <cpl [12]> <cpl>
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                      arima 0.0985
                                             391. 391.
#> Series: count
#> Model: ARIMA(0,1,2)(1,1,2)[12]
```

```
#>
#>
   Coefficients:
#>
              ma1
                        ma2
                                 sar1
                                           sma1
                                                     sma2
#>
          -0.3710
                    -0.0618
                              -0.5001
                                        -0.3583
                                                  -0.4427
#>
   s.e.
           0.0368
                     0.0361
                                  NaN
                                            NaN
                                                      NaN
#>
#> sigma^2 estimated as 0.09849:
                                     log likelihood=-189.28
  AIC=390.55
                 AICc=390.67
                                 BIC=418.12
```



```
#> Model Selection by Information Criterion - lowest AIC, AICc, BIC
     choose p, q parameter accordingly - but only for same d, D values
   # A tibble: 12 x 10
#>
        City
                       Measure .model
                                                                           AIC
                                                                                 AICc
                                                                                             BIC ar_ro~1 ma_ro~2
                                                  sigma2 log_lik
        <chr>
#>
                       <fct>
                                   <chr>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                                <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <br/> </br/> </br/> 
                                                                                                              st>
#>
      1 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_111~
                                                    0.101
                                                               -160.
                                                                          331.
                                                                                  331.
                                                                                           353. <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
#>
     2 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_012~
                                                    0.101
                                                               -161.
                                                                          331.
                                                                                  331.
                                                                                           353.
                                                                                                  <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
                                                                                                  <cpl>
#>
     3 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_211~
                                                               -161.
                                                                          332.
                                                    0.101
                                                                                  332.
                                                                                           353.
                                                                                                              <cpl>
#>
      4 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_111~
                                                    0.101
                                                               -160.
                                                                          333.
                                                                                  333.
                                                                                           359.
                                                                                                  <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
        Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_210~
                                                                -230.
                                                                          468.
                                                                                  468.
                                                    0.130
                                                                                           485. <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
     6 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_100~
                                                    0.130
                                                               -230.
                                                                          469.
                                                                                  469.
                                                                                           491. <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
        Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_200~
                                                    0.130
                                                               -230.
                                                                          469.
                                                                                  469.
                                                                                           491. <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
                                                    0.133
                                                               -237.
                                                                          484.
                                                                                  485.
                                                                                           506. <cpl>
     8 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA 100~
                                                                                                              <cpl>
     9 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA 010~
                                                    0.148
                                                                -268.
                                                                          539.
                                                                                  539.
                                                                                           548. <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
#> 10 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_012~
                                                    0.167
                                                                -303.
                                                                          612.
                                                                                  612.
                                                                                           625. <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
                                                                          612.
#> 11 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_111~
                                                    0.167
                                                                -303.
                                                                                  612.
                                                                                           625. <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
   12 Mauna Loa CO2
                                  ARIMA_110~
                                                    0.173
                                                                -313.
                                                                          630.
                                                                                  630.
                                                                                           639. <cpl>
                                                                                                              <cpl>
      ... with abbreviated variable names 1: ar_roots, 2: ma_roots
```

Good models are obtained by minimising the AIC, AICc or BIC (see glance(fit\_arima) output). The preference is to use the AICc to selec p and q.

These information criteria tend not to be good guides to selecting the appropriate order of differencing (d) of a model, but only for selecting the values of p and q. This is because the differencing changes the data on which the likelihood is computed, making the AIC values between models with different orders of differencing not comparable.

#### 3.1.1 Residual Accuracy with one-step-ahead fitted residuals - check RMSE, MAE

Residual accuracy can be computed directly from models as the one-step-ahead fitted residuals are available. Select forecast models that minimises for lowest

- MAE (Mean absolute error, will lead to forecasts of the median) and
- RMSE (Root mean squared error, lead to forecasts of the mean)

```
#> # A tibble: 14 x 12
#>
      City
                 Measure .model
                                   .type
                                                 ME
                                                       RMSE
                                                                 MAE
                                                                            MPE
                                                                                    MAPE
      <chr>
                 <fct>
                         <chr>>
                                   <chr>>
                                              <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
                                                                                   <dbl>
#>
   1 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_1~ Trai~
                                           0.0257
                                                      0.314
                                                               0.243
                                                                       6.85e-3
                                                                                  0.0661
   2 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_1~ Trai~
                                           0.0257
                                                      0.314
                                                                       6.86e-3
                                                                                  0.0660
                                                               0.243
   3 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_0~ Trai~
                                           0.0252
                                                      0.314
                                                               0.244
                                                                       6.71e-3
                                                                                  0.0661
   4 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_2~ Trai~
                                           0.0259
                                                      0.314
                                                               0.244
                                                                       6.91e-3
                                                                                  0.0661
#>
   5 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_1~ Trai~
                                           0.00879
                                                      0.356
                                                               0.284
                                                                       1.78e-3
                                                                                  0.0769
                         ARIMA_2~ Trai~
   6 Mauna Loa CO2
#>
                                           0.00879
                                                      0.356
                                                               0.284
                                                                       1.78e-3
                                                                                  0.0769
    7 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_2~ Trai~
                                           0.00381
                                                               0.280
                                                                       1.03e-3
                                                      0.356
                                                                                  0.0758
    8 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_1~ Trai~
                                           0.00725
                                                      0.360
                                                               0.283
                                                                       1.11e-3
                                                                                  0.0769
                         ARIMA_0~ Trai~
   9 Mauna Loa CO2
                                           0.00224
                                                      0.380
                                                               0.293
                                                                       5.88e-4
                                                                                  0.0791
#> 10 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_0~ Trai~
                                           0.00290
                                                      0.404
                                                               0.312
                                                                       7.76e-4
                                                                                  0.0846
#> 11 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_1~ Trai~
                                           0.00294
                                                      0.404
                                                                       7.87e-4
                                                                                  0.0846
                                                               0.312
#> 12 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA 1~ Trai~
                                           0.00191
                                                      0.411
                                                               0.322
                                                                       4.94e-4
                                                                                  0.0871
                         ARIMA_3~ Trai~ NaN
#> 13 Mauna Loa CO2
                                                                                NaN
                                                    NaN
                                                             NaN
                                                                     NaN
                         ARIMA_O~ Trai~ NaN
#> 14 Mauna Loa CO2
                                                    NaN
                                                             NaN
                                                                     NaN
                                                                                NaN
#> # ... with 3 more variables: MASE <dbl>, RMSSE <dbl>, ACF1 <dbl>
```

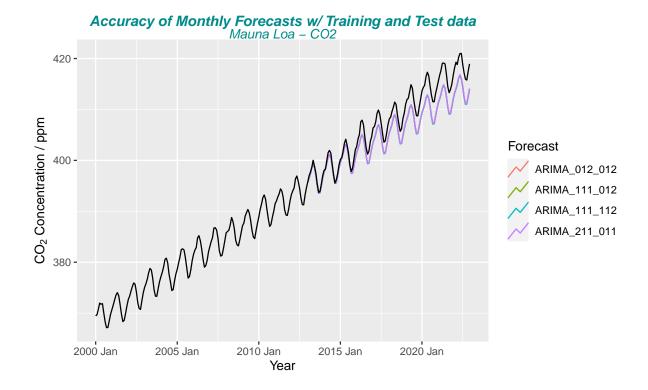
#### 3.1.2 Ljung-Box Test - independence/white noise of the forecasts residuals

# Null Hypothesis of independence/white noise for residuals - for p < 0.05: reject # 4 tibble: 14 x 5

```
#>
      City
                Measure .model
                                        lb_stat lb_pvalue
#>
      <chr>>
                 <fct>
                         <chr>>
                                          <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
#>
   1 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_111_112
                                           23.3
                                                 8.01e- 1
   2 Mauna Loa CO2
                                                 8.00e- 1
                         ARIMA_111_012
                                           23.4
   3 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_012_012
                                           23.4
                                                 7.97e- 1
#>
   4 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_211_011
                                           23.7
                                                 7.85e- 1
   5 Mauna Loa CO2
                                                 1.43e- 6
#>
                         ARIMA_100_110
                                           81.0
    6 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA 200 110
                                                  1.43e- 6
                                           81.0
#>
    7 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_210_110
                                           86.2
                                                 2.41e- 7
   8 Mauna Loa CO2
                                                  1.68e-11
#>
                         ARIMA_100_210
                                          113.
   9 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_010_110
                                          152.
                                                  0
#> 10 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA 012 010
                                          160.
                                                  0
                         ARIMA_110_010
                                                  0
#> 11 Mauna Loa CO2
                                          189.
#> 12 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_111_010
                                                  0
                                          161.
#> 13 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_002_200
                                           NA
                                                NA
#> 14 Mauna Loa CO2
                         ARIMA_301_200
                                           NA
```

### 3.1.3 Forecast Accuracy with Training/Test Data

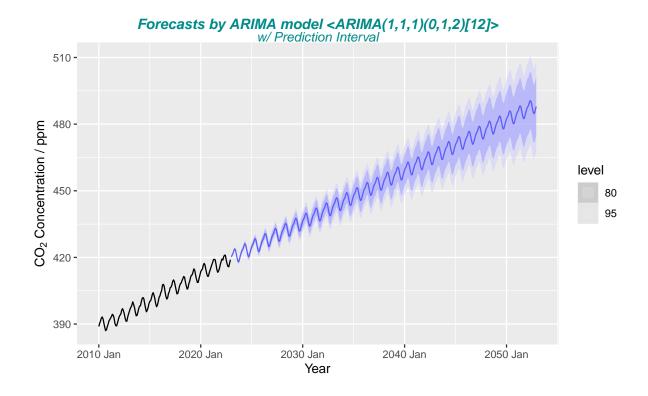
```
#> # A tibble: 4 x 12
                                     RMSE
                                                 MPE MAPE MASE RMSSE ACF1
    .model
              City Measure .type
                                  ME
                                            MAE
    <chr>
              <chr> <fct>
                          #> 1 ARIMA_211~ Maun~ CO2
                                           2.54 0.615 0.616
                          Test
                                 2.54
                                      2.98
                                                           1.54
                                                                1.67 0.948
#> 2 ARIMA_012~ Maun~ CO2
                          Test
                                2.59
                                      3.05
                                           2.59 0.628 0.629
                                                           1.57
                                                                 1.71 0.950
#> 3 ARIMA 111~ Maun~ CO2
                          Test
                                 2.60
                                      3.06
                                           2.60 0.631 0.631
                                                           1.57
#> 4 ARIMA_111~ Maun~ CO2
                                      3.07
                                           2.61 0.633 0.634
                          Test
                                 2.61
                                                           1.58
                                                                1.72 0.950
```



### 3.2 CO2 - Forecasting with selected ARIMA model <ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,1,2)[12]>

### 3.2.1 Forecast Plot of selected ARIMA model

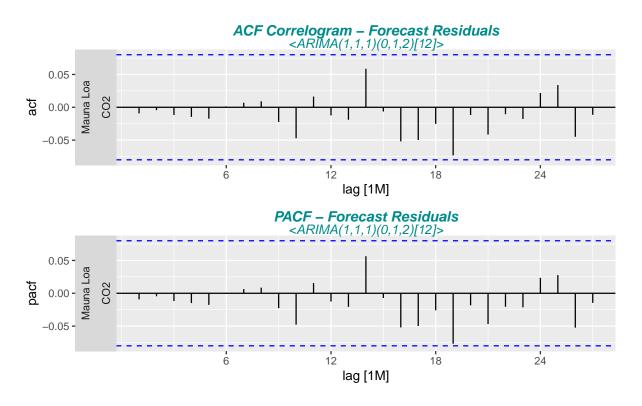
```
#> Provide model coefficients by report(fit_model)
#> Series: count
#> Model: ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,1,2)[12]
#>
#> Coefficients:
#>
            ar1
                     ma1
                             sma1
                                      sma2
#>
         0.1824
                -0.5440
                         -0.8378
                                  -0.0360
#> s.e. 0.1024
                  0.0875
                           0.0423
                                    0.0404
#>
#> sigma^2 estimated as 0.1013: log likelihood=-160.43
#> AIC=330.87
                AICc=330.97
                             BIC=352.74
```

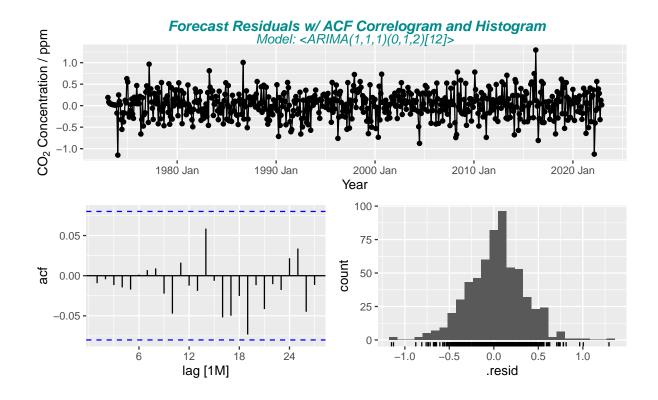


### 3.2.2 Residual Stationarity

Required checks to be ready for forecasting:

- ACF Forecast Residual: all spikes are within the significance limits, so the residuals appear to be white noise
- The Ljung-Box test also shows that the residuals have no remaining autocorrelations
- Forecast Residuals are more or less normally distributed with roughly centred on zero





### 3.2.3 Histogram of forecast residuals with overlaid normal curve

#> Null Hypothesis of independence/white noise for residuals - for p < 0.05: reject H\_0 #> # A tibble: 1 x 5

Histogram of Forecast Residuals - Mauna Loa CO2

ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,1,2)[12]>

1.5
1.5
1.5
1.6
1.7
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1.9

### 4 ARIMA vs ETS

In particular, all ETS models are non-stationary, while some ARIMA models are stationary.

The ETS models with seasonality or non-damped trend or both have two unit roots (i.e., they need two levels of differencing to make them stationary). All other ETS models have one unit root (they need one level of differencing to make them stationary).

We compare for the chosen ETS rsp. ARIMA model the RMSE / MAE values. Lower values indicate a more accurate model based on the test set RMSE, ..., MASE.

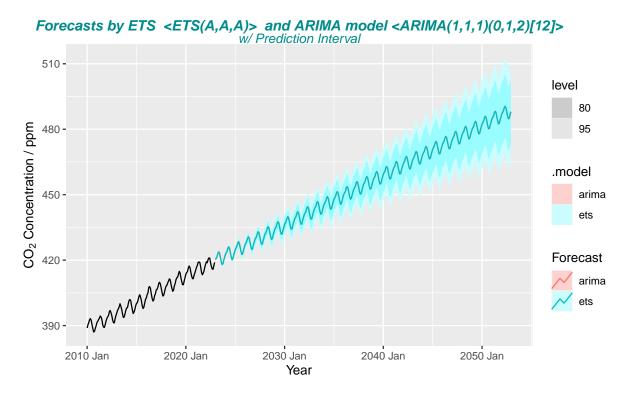
- Residual Accuracy with one-step-ahead fitted residuals
- Forecast Accuracy with Training/Test Data

Note: a good fit to training data is never an indication that the model will forecast well. Therefore the values of the Forecast Accuracy are the more relevant one.

### 4.0.1 Comparing Residual and Forecast Accuracy of selected ETS and ARIMA model

```
#> # A tibble: 4 x 12
#>
               Measure .model
                                                                    MAPE MASE RMSSE
     City
                                           ME RMSE
                                                      MAF.
                                                              MPF.
                                 .type
               <fct>
                                        <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
     <chr>>
                       <chr>
                                <chr>>
                                                            <dbl>
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ets
                                Trai~ 0.0197 0.316 0.247 0.00509 0.0670 0.136 0.162
                                Trai~ 0.0257 0.314 0.243 0.00686 0.0660 0.134 0.161
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                       arima
#> 3 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ETS_AAA
                                Test 2.83
                                             3.34 2.83 0.687
                                                                  0.687
                                                                         1.71 1.87
#> 4 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ARIMA_1~ Test 2.60
                                             3.06 2.60
                                                         0.631
                                                                  0.631
                                                                         1.57
                                                                               1.72
#> # ... with 1 more variable: ACF1 <dbl>
```

### 4.0.2 Forecast Plot of selected ETS and ARIMA model

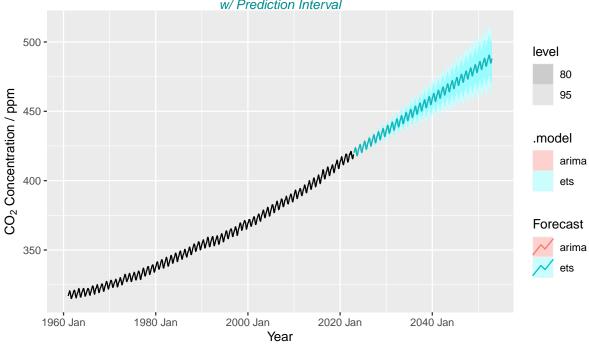


```
#> # A tsibble: 6 x 8 [1M]
```

#> # Key: City, Measure, .model [2]

```
#> # Groups:
               City, Measure, .model [2]
    City
                                                                              '80%'
#>
               Measure .model Year_Month
                                                count .mean
#>
     <chr>
               <fct>
                      <chr>
                                   <mth>
                                                <dist> <dbl>
                                                                             <hilo>
                                2023 Jan N(420, 0.1) 420. [419.8593, 420.6751]80
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                       arima
                                2023 Feb N(421, 0.14) 421. [420.6271, 421.5950]80
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                       arima
#> 3 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2023 Mrz N(422, 0.18) 422. [421.1692, 422.2439]80
                       arima
                                2023 Jan N(420, 0.1) 420. [419.7793, 420.6008]80
#> 4 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ets
                                2023 Feb N(421, 0.14) 421. [420.4522, 421.4027]80
#> 5 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ets
                                2023 Mrz N(422, 0.17) 422. [421.0440, 422.1104]80
#> 6 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ets
#> # ... with 1 more variable: '95%' <hilo>
#> # A tsibble: 6 x 8 [1M]
#> # Key:
                City, Measure, .model [2]
#> # Groups:
                City, Measure, .model [2]
#>
               Measure .model Year_Month
                                                                             '80%'
                                                count .mean
     City
#>
     <chr>
               <fct>
                       <chr>
                                   <mth>
                                              <dist> <dbl>
                                                                            <hilo>
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                       arima
                                2052 Okt N(485, 106)
                                                      485. [471.7724, 498.1682]80
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2052 Nov N(487, 107)
                                                      487. [473.2884, 499.7706]80
                       arima
                                2052 Dez N(488, 107)
#> 3 Mauna Loa CO2
                                                      488. [474.6825, 501.2507]80
                       arima
#> 4 Mauna Loa CO2
                       ets
                                2052 Okt N(485, 133)
                                                       485. [470.2634, 499.7980]80
#> 5 Mauna Loa CO2
                                                       487. [471.7710, 501.4055]80
                       ets
                                2052 Nov N(487, 134)
#> 6 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2052 Dez N(488, 135)
                                                      488. [473.1340, 502.8684]80
                       ets
#> # ... with 1 more variable: '95%' <hilo>
```

## Forecasts by ETS <ETS(A,A,A)> and ARIMA model <ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,1,2)[12]> w/ Prediction Interval



#> # A tibble: 180 x 5 #> # Groups: City, Measure, .model, Year [60] #> City Measure .model Year Year\_avg #> <chr> <fct> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> #> 1 Mauna Loa CO2 arima 2023 420. 2 Mauna Loa CO2 #> arima 2023 421. 3 Mauna Loa CO2 2023 422. #> arima #> 4 Mauna Loa CO2 arima 2024 423. 5 Mauna Loa CO2 arima 2024 423. #> 6 Mauna Loa CO2 arima 2024 424.

```
7 Mauna Loa CO2
                                   2025
                                            425.
                          arima
    8 Mauna Loa CO2
                                   2025
                                            426.
                          arima
    9 Mauna Loa CO2
                          arima
                                   2025
                                            426.
#> 10 Mauna Loa CO2
                                            427.
                          arima
                                   2026
#> # ... with 170 more rows
#> # A tibble: 180 x 5
#> # Groups:
                City, Measure, .model, Year [60]
#>
                                  Year Year avg
      City
                 Measure .model
#>
      <chr>
                 <fct>
                          <chr>
                                 <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
#>
    1 Mauna Loa CO2
                          arima
                                   2023
                                            418.
#>
    2 Mauna Loa CO2
                          arima
                                   2023
                                            420.
    3 Mauna Loa CO2
                                   2023
                                            421.
                          arima
#>
    4 Mauna Loa CO2
                                   2024
                                            421.
                          arima
    5 Mauna Loa CO2
#>
                                   2024
                                            422.
                          arima
#>
    6 Mauna Loa CO2
                          arima
                                   2024
                                            424.
    7 Mauna Loa CO2
                          arima
                                   2025
                                            423.
    8 Mauna Loa CO2
                                            424.
                                   2025
                          arima
   9 Mauna Loa CO2
                                   2025
                                            426.
                          arima
#> 10 Mauna Loa CO2
                                   2026
                                            425.
                          arima
#> # ... with 170 more rows
```

### 4.0.3 Ljung-Box Test - independence/white noise of the forecasts residuals

```
#> # A tibble: 2 x 5
#>
     City
                Measure .model lb_stat lb_pvalue
#>
     <chr>
                <fct>
                         <chr>
                                   <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                                   23.4
                                            0.800
                         arima
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                                   45.9
                                            0.0318
                         ets
```

### 5 Yearly Data Forecasts with ARIMA and ETS

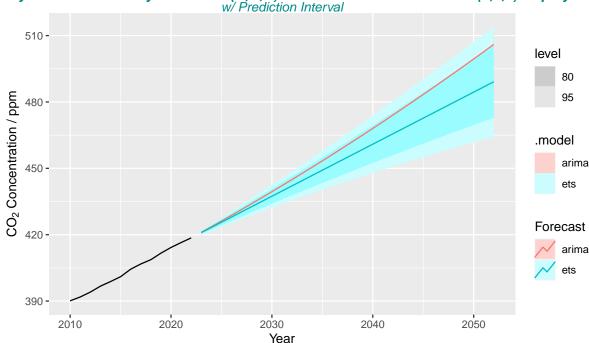
For yearly data the seasonal monthly data are replaced by the yearly average data. Therefore the seasonal component of the ETS and ARIMA model are to be taken out.

The ETS model < ETS(A,A,N) > with seasonal term change "A" -> "N" is chosen. For ARIMA models the seasonal term (P,D,Q)m has to be taken out and an optimal ARIMA(p,1,q) with one differencing (d=1) is selected. However, for Mauna Loa two times differencing had to be selected  $CO_2 < ARIMA(0,2,1) \text{ w/ poly}$ . For Temperature and Precipitation the same model as for monthly data can be taken by leaving out the seasonal term < ARIMA(0,1,2)w/drift >.

#### 5.0.1 Comparing Residual and Forecast Accuracy of selected ETS and ARIMA model

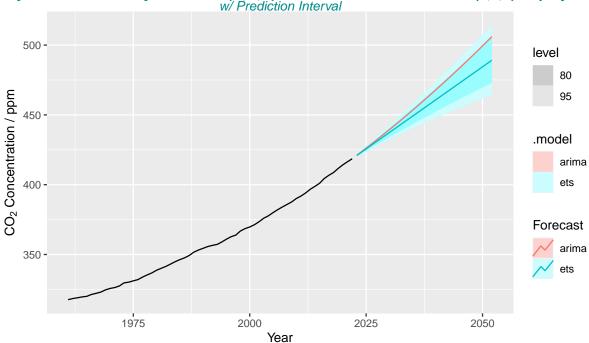
#### 5.0.2 Forecast Plot of selected ETS and ARIMA model





```
#> # A tsibble: 6 x 8 [1Y]
#> # Key:
                City, Measure, .model [2]
                City, Measure, .model [2]
#> # Groups:
                                                                           '80%'
#>
     City
               Measure .model Year
                                         Year_avg .mean
     <chr>
               <fct>
                        <chr>
                               <dbl>
                                           <dist> <dbl>
#>
                                                                          <hilo>
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2023 N(421, 0.22)
                                                   421. [420.4719, 421.6794]80
                        arima
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2024 N(424, 0.45)
                                                    424. [422.7527, 424.4773]80
                        arima
                                2025 N(426, 0.69)
                                                    426. [425.1159, 427.2487]80
#> 3 Mauna Loa CO2
                        arima
                                                    421. [420.2620, 421.5725]80
#> 4 Mauna Loa CO2
                        ets
                                2023 N(421, 0.26)
#> 5 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2024 N(423, 0.65)
                                                    423. [422.2389, 424.3018]80
                        ets
#> 6 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2025 N(426, 1.2)
                                                   426. [424.2291, 427.0176]80
                        ets
#> # ... with 1 more variable: '95%' <hilo>
#> # A tsibble: 6 x 8 [1Y]
#> # Key:
                City, Measure, .model [2]
#> # Groups:
                City, Measure, .model [2]
#>
     City
               Measure .model Year
                                        Year_avg .mean
                                                                          '80%'
#>
     <chr>
               <fct>
                        <chr>
                               <dbl>
                                          <dist> <dbl>
                                                                         <hilo>
                                2050 N(499, 9.6)
#> 1 Mauna Loa CO2
                        arima
                                                  499. [495.4664, 503.3955]80
#> 2 Mauna Loa CO2
                        arima
                                2051 N(503, 10)
                                                  503. [498.6628, 506.7844]80
#> 3 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2052 N(506, 11)
                                                  506. [501.8875, 510.2008]80
                        arima
#> 4 Mauna Loa CO2
                                2050 N(484, 134)
                                                  484. [469.5920, 499.3080]80
                        ets
                                2051 N(487, 147)
                                                  487. [471.2445, 502.3616]80
#> 5 Mauna Loa CO2
                        ets
                                                  489. [472.8864, 505.4258]80
                                2052 N(489, 161)
#> 6 Mauna Loa CO2
                        ets
#> # ... with 1 more variable: '95%' <hilo>
```

# early Data Forecasts by ETS <ETS(A,A,N)> and ARIMA model <ARIMA(0,2,1) w/ poly> w/ Prediction Interval



### 5.0.3 Ljung-Box Test - independence/white noise of the forecasts residuals

### 6 Backup