Workshop2 - Solutions

1) Create a user menu using if-else

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
// declare and initialise variables and constants
int menu choice = -1;
float input;
float result;
while (menu choice != 0) {
    // print menu
printf("Welcome. Make a choice:\n\n");
printf("1 - Circumference of a circle\n");
printf("2 - Square root of a number\n");
printf("3 - Area of a square\n");
printf("4 - Tan inverse of an input number\n");
printf("0 - Exit\n");
// elicit user input
scanf("%d", &menu_choice);
if (menu choice==1)
{
  printf("Enter radius of circle: ");
  scanf("%f",&input); //User input for radius
  result = 2 * 3.14159 * input; //Computing result
  printf("The circumference of circle is %0.2f\n", result);
}
else if (menu choice==2)
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%f",&input);
```

```
result = sqrt(input); //sqrt function is present in math.h
library
     printf("The square root is %0.2f\n", result);
  else if (menu_choice==3)
     printf("Enter the dimension of square: ");
     scanf("%f",&input);
     result =input * input;
     printf("The area of square is %0.2f\n", result);
  }
  else if (menu_choice==4)
     printf("Enter an input number: ");
     scanf("%f",&input);
     result =atan(input);
  /*atan function computes tan inverse and results in corresponding
angle in radians. The function is present in math.h */
     printf("Tan inverse of the number is %0.2f\n", result);
  }
  } //Ends while loop
  return 0;
  } //Ends main
```

2) Create a user menu using switch

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
// declare and initialise variables and constants
char menu choice = 'm';
float input;
float result;
while (menu_choice != 'e') {
    // print menu
printf("Welcome. Make a choice:\n\n");
printf("a - Circumference of a circle\n");
printf("b - Square root of a number\n");
printf("c - Area of a square\n");
printf("d - Tan inverse of an input number\n");
printf("e - Exit\n");
// elicit user input
scanf("%c", &menu choice);
switch(menu choice){
case 'a':
{
printf("Enter radius of circle: ");
scanf("%f",&input); //User input for radius
result = 2 * 3.14159 * input; //Computing result
printf("The circumference of circle is %0.2f\n",result);
getchar();
break;
}
case 'b':
printf("Enter a number: ");
scanf("%f",&input);
```

```
result = sqrt(input);
printf("The square root is %0.2f\n", result);
getchar();
break;
}
case 'c':
printf("Enter the dimension of square: ");
scanf("%f",&input);
result =input * input;
printf("The area of square is 0.2f\n'', result);
getchar();
break;
}
case 'd':
printf("Enter an input number: ");
scanf("%f",&input);
result =atan(input);
printf("Tan inverse of the number is 0.2f\n'', result);
getchar();
break;
}//Ends switch
} //Ends while loop
return 0;
} //Ends main
```

3) Recognising and avoiding mistakes – logic errors

- a. Logic errors indicated in RED below. The correct result is 889.
 - i. wrong order of computation we need brackets
 - ii. wrong operator (previous result was overwritten)
 - iii. wrong output formatting symbol (character instead of decimal)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {

// declare and initialise variables and constants

const int a = 5;

const int b = 18;
int result = 0;

// compute (a+b)^2

result = (a + b) * (a + b);

// add 4ab and update result

result += 4 * a * b;

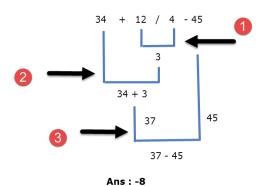
printf("(%d + %d)^2 + 4*%d*%d is %d", a,b,a,b,result);

getchar();

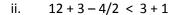
return 0;
}
```

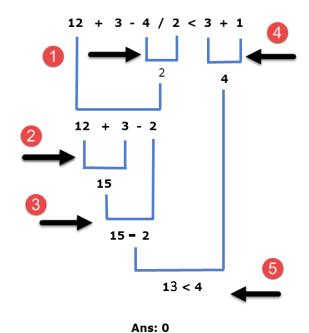
b.

i. 34 + 12 / 4 - 45



Here / has higher precedence hence 12/4 is evaluated first. The operators + and - have the same precedence, so which one of them will be evaluated first? To solve this problem you need to consult the associativity of the operator. The operators + and - have the same precedence and associates from left to right therefore in our expression 34 + 12/4 - 45 after division, addition(+) will be performed before subtraction (-).





Here / has higher precedence hence 4/2 is evaluated first. Then + and - operators have same precedence and associates from left to right, therefore in the expression 12 + 3 - 4 / 2 < 3 + 1 after division, + will be evaluated before - .The precedence of < operator is lower than that of /, + and - hence it will be evaluated at last. As 13 < 4 is false, it will result in logic 0.

4) Decimal to binary conversion

```
#include <stdio.h>
  int main() {
  int dec; //input variable
  int binary[100]; //arbitrary array size for output
  int i=0; //Variable used for indexing
  printf("Enter a positive decimal number: ");
  scanf("%d",&dec);
  while (dec>1)
     binary[i]= dec%2; //Remainder will be either 0 or 1
     dec=dec/2;
     i++;
  }
  binary[i]=1;
  printf("The binary equivalent is ");
  while (i \ge 0)
     printf("%d",binary[i]); //Last value of array is most
significant bit
     i--;
  }
  }
```