Workshop 4 – Exercises

1) Bubble Sort

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
     int i,j,temp;
     int score[10];
     for (i=0;i<10;i++) //Taking 10 scores input
          {
                printf("Enter score for student %d: ",i+1);
                scanf("%d",&score[i]);
          }
     for (i=0;i<10;i++) // Bubble sort</pre>
          {
                for(j=i+1;j<10;j++)
                if (score[i]<score[j]) //Sorting in descending</pre>
order
                {
                     temp=score[i];
                     score[i]=score[j];
                     score[j]=temp;
                }
          }
     printf("The ranked scores are as follows: \n");
     for (i=0;i<10;i++) //Printing</pre>
                printf("%d. %d\n",i+1,score[i]);
}
```

2) Swapping the values of two variables

```
#include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int a, b;
    printf("Enter first value in variable a: ");
    scanf("%d",&a);
    printf("Enter second value in variable b: ");
    scanf("%d",&b);
    a+=b; //Sum of two values is stored in a i.e. a+b
    b=a-b; //b is now sum-b, i.e. a+b-b = a
    a=a-b; //a is now sum-b (b is already updated as a), so
a=a+b-a = b
    printf("The value in variable a is: %d\n",a);
    printf("The value in variable b is: %d\n",b);
}
```

```
3) Sorting again (Challenge)
#include <stdio.h>
void cycle sort(int [], int);
void main()
     int i,j,temp;
     int score[10];
     for (i=0;i<10;i++) //Taking 10 scores input
          {
                printf("Enter score for student %d: ",i+1);
                scanf("%d",&score[i]);
     cycle sort(score, 10); //Passing array and size of array to
sorting function
     printf("The ranked scores are as follows: \n");
     for (i=0;i<10;i++) //Printing
                printf("%d. %d\n",i+1,score[i]);
}
/* Cycle Sort algorithm */
// Function sort the array using Cycle sort
void cycle sort(int arr[], int n)
{
    // count number of memory writes
    int writes = 0;
    int cycle start;
    int i;
    int temp;
    // traverse array elements and put it to on
    // the right place
    for (cycle start = 0; cycle start <= n - 2; cycle start++)</pre>
     {
        // initialize item as starting point
        int item = arr[cycle start];
        // Find position where we put the item. We basically
        // count all smaller elements on right side of item.
        int pos = cycle start;
        for (i = cycle start + 1; i < n; i++)</pre>
            if (arr[i] > item)
                pos++;
        // If item is already in correct position
        if (pos == cycle start)
```

```
continue;
      // ignore all duplicate elements
      while (item == arr[pos])
          pos += 1;
      // put the item to its right position
      if (pos != cycle start) {
         temp=item; //Swapping
         item=arr[pos];
          arr[pos] = temp;
          writes++;
      }
      // Rotate rest of the cycle
      while (pos != cycle start) {
          pos = cycle start;
          // Find position where we put the element
          for (i = cycle start + 1; i < n; i++)</pre>
              if (arr[i] > item)
                  pos += 1;
          // ignore all duplicate elements
          while (item == arr[pos])
              pos += 1;
          // put the item to its right position
          if (item != arr[pos]) {
              temp=item; //Swapping
              item=arr[pos];
              arr[pos] = temp;
              writes++;
          }
     }
 }
}
```