Assignment 7

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Problem Statement -

Visualize the data using Python libraries matplotlib, seaborn by plotting the graphs for assignment no. 2 and 3

In []:

```
# importing libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.figure_factory as ff
```

Heart Disease Dataset - Data Loading

In []:

```
# reading the csv file
df = pd.read_csv("heart.csv")
df.head()
```

Out[2]:

	age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	са	thal	target
0	52	1	0	125	212	0	1	168	0	1.0	2	2	3	0
1	53	1	0	140	203	1	0	155	1	3.1	0	0	3	0
2	70	1	0	145	174	0	1	125	1	2.6	0	0	3	0
3	61	1	0	148	203	0	1	161	0	0.0	2	1	3	0
4	62	0	0	138	294	1	1	106	0	1.9	1	3	2	0

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1025 entries, 0 to 1024
Data columns (total 14 columns):
     Column
              Non-Null Count Dtype
               -----
 0
    age
               1025 non-null
                               int64
 1
              1025 non-null
                              int64
     sex
 2
              1025 non-null
                              int64
    ср
 3
    trestbps 1025 non-null
                               int64
    chol
               1025 non-null
                               int64
 5
    fbs
               1025 non-null
                              int64
               1025 non-null
 6
    restecg
                              int64
 7
               1025 non-null
    thalach
                               int64
 8
    exang
               1025 non-null
                              int64
               1025 non-null
                              float64
     oldpeak
 10 slope
               1025 non-null
                              int64
 11
    ca
               1025 non-null
                               int64
 12
               1025 non-null
                               int64
    thal
 13 target
               1025 non-null
                               int64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(13)
memory usage: 112.2 KB
```

In []:

df.describe()

Out[4]:

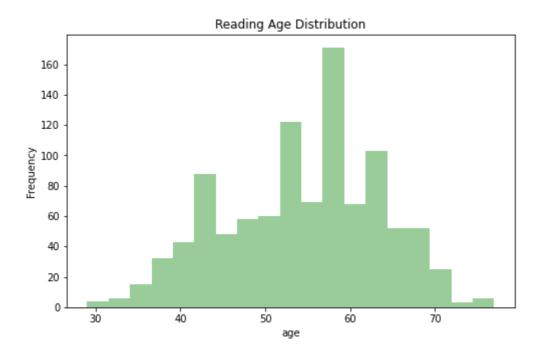
	age	sex	ср	trestbps	chol	fbs	res
count	1025.000000	1025.000000	1025.000000	1025.000000	1025.00000	1025.000000	1025.000
mean	54.434146	0.695610	0.942439	131.611707	246.00000	0.149268	0.529
std	9.072290	0.460373	1.029641	17.516718	51.59251	0.356527	0.527
min	29.000000	0.000000	0.000000	94.000000	126.00000	0.000000	0.000
25%	48.000000	0.000000	0.000000	120.000000	211.00000	0.000000	0.000
50%	56.000000	1.000000	1.000000	130.000000	240.00000	0.000000	1.000
75%	61.000000	1.000000	2.000000	140.000000	275.00000	0.000000	1.000
max	77.000000	1.000000	3.000000	200.000000	564.00000	1.000000	2.000
4							•

Distribution of Age in the dataset

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.distplot(df['age'], color='g', kde=False)
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Reading Age Distribution')
plt.show()
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2619: Futu reWarning:

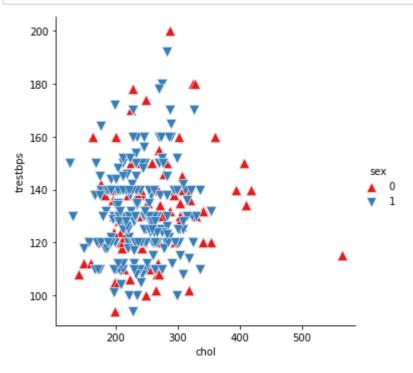
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future versio n. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histog rams).



```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,8))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot = True, cmap='Blues')
plt.show()
```



```
g = sns.FacetGrid(df, hue="sex", palette="Set1", height=5, hue_kws={"marker": ["^", "v"]
g.map(plt.scatter, "chol", "trestbps", s=100, linewidth=.5, edgecolor="white")
g.add_legend();
```

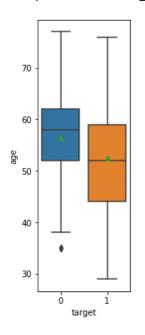


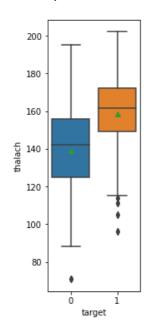
In []:

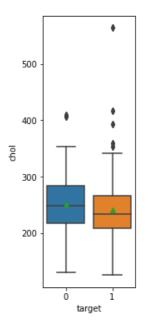
```
fig, axs = plt.subplots(ncols=3,figsize=(12,6))
plt.subplots_adjust(left=None, bottom=None, right=None, top=None, wspace=1.5, hspace=Nor
sns.boxplot(x="target", y="age", data=df, ax=axs[0],showmeans=True)
sns.boxplot(x="target", y="thalach", data=df, ax=axs[1],showmeans=True)
sns.boxplot(x="target", y="chol", data=df, ax=axs[2],showmeans=True)
```

Out[8]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa117c58890>

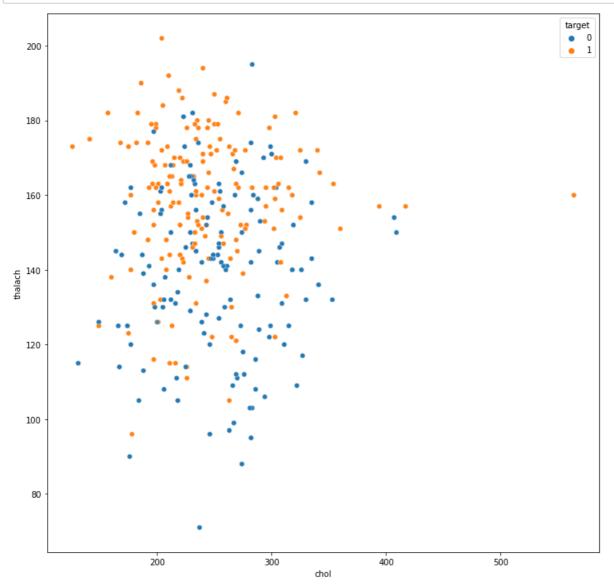






```
In [ ]:
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(12, 12))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='chol', y='thalach',hue='target', alpha=0.7)
plt.show()
```



Facebook Metrics - Data Loading

```
In [ ]:
```

```
df_fb = pd.read_csv("dataset_Facebook.csv", sep=";")
df_fb.head()
```

Out[11]:

	Page total likes	Туре	Category	Post Month	Post Weekday	Post Hour	Paid	Lifetime Post Total Reach	Lifetime Post Total Impressions	Lifetime Engaged Users	Con:
0	139441	Photo	2	12	4	3	0.0	2752	5091	178	
1	139441	Status	2	12	3	10	0.0	10460	19057	1457	
2	139441	Photo	3	12	3	3	0.0	2413	4373	177	
3	139441	Photo	2	12	2	10	1.0	50128	87991	2211	
4	139441	Photo	2	12	2	3	0.0	7244	13594	671	

localhost:8890/notebooks/Lab Practice/DSBDAL/DSBDAL_Assignment_7_33172.ipynb

df fb.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 500 entries, 0 to 499
Data columns (total 19 columns):
     Column
Non-Null Count Dtype
    ----
     Page total likes
500 non-null
                int64
 1
     Type
500 non-null
                object
 2
     Category
500 non-null
                int64
     Post Month
 3
500 non-null
                int64
     Post Weekday
4
500 non-null
                int64
     Post Hour
5
500 non-null
                int64
 6
     Paid
499 non-null
                float64
     Lifetime Post Total Reach
7
500 non-null
                int64
     Lifetime Post Total Impressions
 8
500 non-null
                int64
 9
     Lifetime Engaged Users
500 non-null
                int64
10 Lifetime Post Consumers
500 non-null
                int64
    Lifetime Post Consumptions
500 non-null
                int64
 12 Lifetime Post Impressions by people who have liked your Page
500 non-null
                int64
    Lifetime Post reach by people who like your Page
500 non-null
                int64
    Lifetime People who have liked your Page and engaged with your post
                int64
500 non-null
    comment
 15
500 non-null
                int64
    like
 16
499 non-null
                float64
 17
     share
496 non-null
                float64
18 Total Interactions
500 non-null
                int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(15), object(1)
memory usage: 74.3+ KB
```

Out[13]:

```
In [ ]:

df_fb.describe()
```

	Page total likes	Category	Post Month	Post Weekday	Post Hour	Paid	Lifetime P Total Rea
count	500.000000	500.000000	500.000000	500.000000	500.000000	499.000000	500.000
mean	123194.176000	1.880000	7.038000	4.150000	7.840000	0.278557	13903.360
std	16272.813214	0.852675	3.307936	2.030701	4.368589	0.448739	22740.787
min	81370.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	238.000
25%	112676.000000	1.000000	4.000000	2.000000	3.000000	0.000000	3315.000
50%	129600.000000	2.000000	7.000000	4.000000	9.000000	0.000000	5281.000
75%	136393.000000	3.000000	10.000000	6.000000	11.000000	1.000000	13168.000
max	139441.000000	3.000000	12.000000	7.000000	23.000000	1.000000	180480.000

Subset Generation in Facebook Metrics Dataset

```
In [ ]:
```

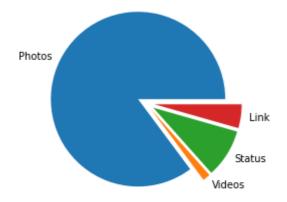
```
photos = df_fb[df_fb["Type"] == "Photo"]
status = df_fb[df_fb["Type"] == "Status"]
link = df_fb[df_fb["Type"] == "Link"]
video = df_fb[df_fb["Type"] == "Video"]
```

Data Visualization in Facebook Metrics

```
# Distribution of Total Interactions
a = np.array([photos.shape[0], video.shape[0], status.shape[0], link.shape[0]])
labels = ["Photos", "Videos", "Status", "Link"]
plt.pie(a, labels = labels, explode = [0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1])
plt.plot()
```

Out[15]:

[]

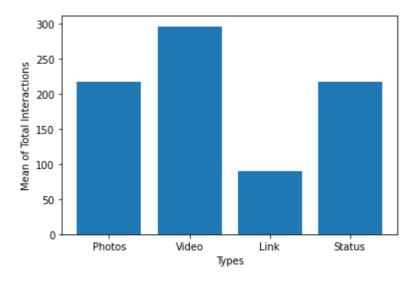


```
# Mean of Each type of Interaction

total = np.array([photos["Total Interactions"].mean(), video["Total Interactions"].mean()
x = ["Photos", "Video", "Link", "Status"]
plt.xlabel("Types")
plt.ylabel("Mean of Total Interactions")
plt.bar(x, total)
plt.plot()
```

Out[16]:

[]



In	[]	•