Homework #6

[ECE10002] C Programming

Mission

- Solve Problem 1, 2, 3 in C language.
- Submit through Hisnet
 - Due date: PM11:00, Dec. 7th (Sat.)
 - Submit a zip file including three files: hw6_1.c, hw6_2.c, hw6_3.c
 - Use the skeleton codes for Problem 2, and 3.
- All variables, except for array variables, should be initialized properly.

```
Ex) int i = 0, *p = NULL; // Okay! int i, *p; // Uninitialized variables can be penalized
```

- Every program should contain algorithm in pseudo code.
 - Use comments to describe each step of the algorithm

Problem 1

- Write a program that reads a series of integers numbers from the user, and then print them in reverse order.
 - When it starts, it should ask the number of data, n.
 - \square *n* is unlimited.
 - → <u>Dynamically allocate</u> an array of size *n*.
 - You MUST check if memory allocation was successful.

```
Ex) hw6_1.exe

How many integers? 3

Input integer numbers.

10

30

40

Numbers in reverse order: 40 30 10
```

Problem 2

- Implement two functions ExtendString() and ShiftString()

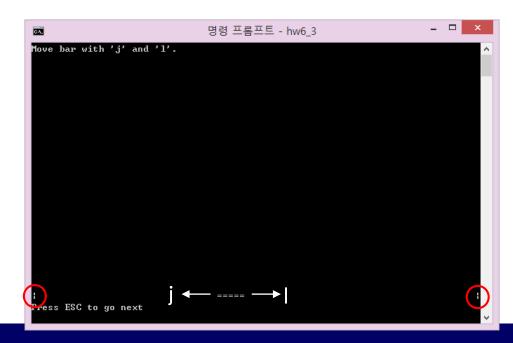
 - void ShiftString(char str[])
 - Shifts all the characters in str one step right
 - □ The last character should move to str[0].

```
Ex) char string[21] = "Hello";
ShiftString(string);
printf("string = [%s]\text{\psi}n", string);
getchar();
Result) string = [oHell]
```

Problem 3

Write a function that displays a moving bar

- length of the bar: 5
- j: start left move, l: start right move, other key: stop
 - If 'j' or 'l' was pressed, the bar should keep moving until 'k' is pressed or the bar hits the boundary.
- Boundary ('|' sign)
 - □ leftBound = 1
 - □ rightBound = 80
- Acceleration: optional
 - \Box [-3,+3]



Non-Blocking Key Input

- For this problem, you must use non-blocking key input
 - See "Console Interface.pdf"
- Use if(kbhit()) before call getch()

Console Interface Functions

Function to clear the screen

Function to move the cursor

```
void gotoxy(int x, int y)  // move cursor to (x, y)
{
    COORD Pos = {x - 1, y - 1};
    SetConsoleCursorPosition(GetStdHandle(STD_OUTPUT_HANDLE), Pos);
}
```

Note! You should include windows.h to use these functions.