用Unity3D实现【智能巡逻兵】

作业要求

- 游戏设计要求: 智能巡逻兵
 - 。 创建一个地图和若干巡逻兵(使用动画);
 - 每个巡逻兵走一个3~5个边的凸多边型,位置数据是相对地址。即每次确定下一个目标位置, 用自己当前位置为原点计算;
 - 。 巡逻兵碰撞到障碍物,则会自动选下一个点为目标;
 - 。 巡逻兵在设定范围内感知到玩家, 会自动追击玩家;
 - 。 失去玩家目标后,继续巡逻;
 - 。 计分: 玩家每次甩掉一个巡逻兵计一分, 与巡逻兵碰撞游戏结束;
- 程序设计要求:
 - 。 必须使用订阅与发布模式传消息
 - Subject (: OnLostGoal) \(\text{Publisher} \) Subscriber
 - 。 工厂模式生产巡逻兵

项目文档 - 智能巡逻兵

项目仓库: https://gitee.com/WondrousWisdomcard/unity3d-homework

一、游戏规则

开始游戏后,玩家进入有16个房间的密室,除了玩家开始所在的餐厅之外,每个房间有若干宝石和幽灵,玩家需要集齐所有水晶来打开驱除幽灵,但要小心,不要被幽灵抓到。

游戏开始自动计时,没有时间限制,每摆脱一个幽灵可以获得一分,16个房间中随机散布着10个不同的宝石,除了邪恶的钟表房间有5个幽灵和餐厅没有幽灵之外,其余的房间只有3个幽灵,注意,每个房间东西南北的四个缝隙可能会被柜子或者壁橱堵住。

二、游戏效果

2.1 游戏效果





2.2 视频演示

视频地址: https://www.bilibili.com/video/BV1QQ4y1v7Ag?spm id from=333.999.0.0 (不知怎么紫的发亮)

三、项目配置过程

1. 到 AssetStore 下载:

1. <u>游戏素材</u>: 3D Beginner: Tutorial Resources

2. 宝石素材: Simple Gems Ultimate Animated Customizable Pack



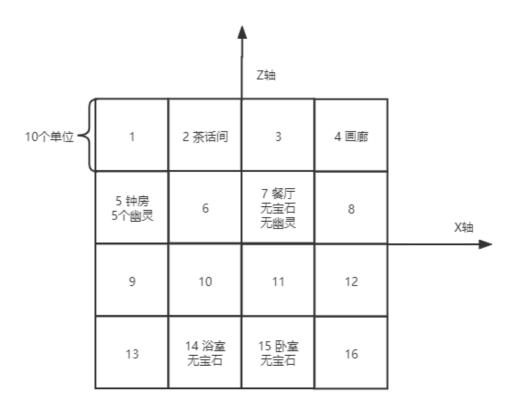


2. 直接复制以下代码到项目中: 代码

四、实现思路

4.1 房间的划分与实现

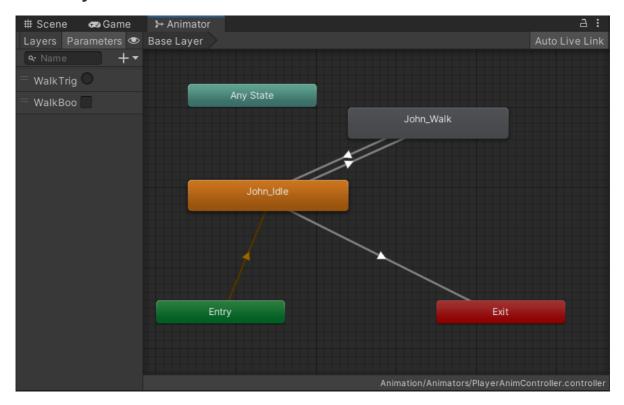
• 我们划分了 4X4 个房间,每个房间为正方形,边长为10,不同的房间可能会有一些装饰(也是游戏过程中的障碍物),玩家初始位于的房间是7号,也就是餐厅,各个房间的编号如下:



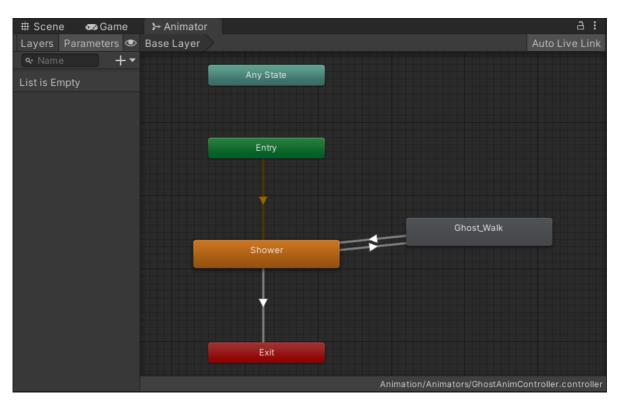
4.2 Animator的实现

位于: Animation/Animator 中,受限于素材动画有限,Animator比较简单

4.2.1 PlayerAnimator



4.2.2 GhostAnimator



五、模块介绍 & 核心算法

5.1. Model模块

位于: MyScripts/Model, 定义游戏对象的数据和工厂类。

5.1.1 Gem 宝石

• GemData: 宝石数据

• GemFactory: 工厂类, 生成宝石

```
public class GemFactory: MonoBehaviour
 2
    {
 3
        private List<GemData> gems = new List<GemData>();
 4
 5
        string gemsPath = "MyPrefabs/Gem/Gem";
        string[] gemsID = new string[11] {"00", "01", "02", "03", "04",
 6
    "05", "06", "07", "08", "09", "10"};
7
 8
        int[] gemX = new int[4] \{-15, -5, 5, 15\};
9
        int[] gemZ = new int[4] {15, 5, -5, -15};
10
        // 返回指定房间内的宝石
11
12
        public GameObject GetGem(int roomID){
13
            if(gems.Count != 0){
                foreach(GemData existGem in gems){
14
15
                    if(existGem.gemRoomID == roomID){
                        return existGem.gameObject;
16
17
                    }
18
                }
19
            }
20
            return null;
21
        }
22
        // 创建指定ID和房间的宝石
23
        public GameObject GenGem(int gemID, int roomID){
24
25
            GameObject gem = null;
26
27
28
            // 给出宝石的预制路径、根据房间ID算出位置和Quaternion
29
            string gemPath = gemsPath + gemsID[gemID];
            int x = gemX[(roomID - 1) \% 4];
30
31
            int z = gemZ[(roomID - 1) / 4];
32
            Vector3 pos = new Vector3(x, 1, z);
            Quaternion rot = new Quaternion(-0.707106829F, 0, 0,
33
    0.707106829F);
34
            // 创建宝石对象
35
```

```
gem = GameObject.Instantiate<GameObject>
36
    (Resources.Load<GameObject>(gemPath), pos, rot);
37
38
            // 创建碰撞检测器
39
            gem.AddComponent<GemCollideSensor>();
40
            // 为创建的宝石对象赋予数据
41
            gem.AddComponent<GemData>();
42
            if(gem != null){
43
44
                GemData gemData = gem.GetComponent<GemData>();
45
                gemData.gemID = gemID;
46
                gemData.gemRoomID = roomID;
                gemData.isValid = true;
47
48
                gemData.isCatch = false;
49
                gems.Add(gemData);
50
            }
            gem.SetActive(true);
51
52
            return gem;
53
        }
54
        // 删除宝石
55
56
        public void FreeGem(GameObject gem){
57
            foreach(GemData gemData in gems){
58
                if(gemData.gameObject.GetInstanceID() ==
    gem.GetInstanceID()){
59
                    gem.SetActive(false);
60
                    gems.Remove(gemData);
61
                    break;
62
                }
63
            }
64
        }
65
    }
```

• 宝石预制:



5.1.2 Ghost 幽灵

• GhostData: 幽灵数据

```
public class GhostData : MonoBehaviour{
1
2
      public int ghostRoomID;
                                  // 幽灵所在房间
      public int eyeshot;
3
                                    // 幽灵感知半径
4
                                    // 是否发现玩家
      public bool isInRange;
5
                                    // 是否正在追击
      public bool isFollow;
      public bool isCollided;
                                    // 是否抓到玩家
6
7
   }
```

• GhostFactory: 工厂类, 生成幽灵

```
1
   public class GhostFactory : MonoBehaviour
 2
 3
        private List<GhostData> ghostDatas = new List<GhostData>();
 4
        int[] ghostX = new int[4] {-15, -5, 5, 15};
 5
        int[] ghostZ = new int[4] {15, 5, -5, -15};
 6
        // 创建一个幽灵, i (行) j (列) 组成房间号, dx dz 是相对于房间中心的位置
 7
        public GameObject GenGhost(int i, int j, int dx, int dz){
 8
            GameObject ghost = Instantiate(Resources.Load<GameObject>
9
    ("MyPrefabs/Ghost"));
10
11
            ghost.transform.position = new Vector3(ghostX[i] + dx, 0,
    ghostZ[j] + dz);
12
13
            ghost.AddComponent<GhostData>();
14
15
            ghost.AddComponent<GhostCollideSensor>();
16
17
     ghost.transform.GetChild(0).gameObject.AddComponent<InRangeSensor>();
18
     ghost.transform.GetChild(0).gameObject.GetComponent<InRangeSensor>
    ().ghost = ghost;
19
20
            GhostData ghostData = ghost.GetComponent<GhostData>();
21
            ghostData.ghostRoomID = i + j * 4 + 1;
            ghostData.eyeshot = 5;
22
23
            ghostData.isInRange = false;
24
            ghostData.isFollow = false;
25
            ghostData.isCollided = false;
26
27
            ghostDatas.Add(ghostData);
28
29
            return ghost;
30
        }
31
32
   }
```

5.1.3 Player 玩家

• PlayerData: 玩家数据

```
1 public class PlayerData: MonoBehaviour{
2 public int playerRoomID; // 玩家所在房间
3 public bool alive; // 玩家是否存活
4 }
```

• PlayerFactory: 玩家工厂

```
public class PlayerFactory : MonoBehaviour

private PlayerData playerData;

public GameObject GenPlayer(){
```

```
6
            GameObject player = Instantiate(Resources.Load<GameObject>
    ("MyPrefabs/JohnLemon"));
 7
 8
            player.AddComponent<PlayerController>();
 9
            player.AddComponent<PlayerData>();
            playerData = player.GetComponent<PlayerData>();
10
11
12
            // 开始房间: 7
13
            playerData.playerRoomID = 7;
14
            playerData.alive = true;
15
16
            return player;
17
        }
18
    }
```

5.2 Controller模块

位于: MyScripts/Controller, 各类控制器。

5.2.1 CameraController 摄像头控制器

摄像头控制器需要手动挂载到主摄像机上,摄像头跟随玩家而移动,为了让镜头不猛烈晃动,我们对移动过程做平滑变换,让镜头的移动更加自然。

```
using System.Collections;
1
2
   using System.Collections.Generic;
3
   using UnityEngine;
4
5
   // 摄像头控制器: 需要手动挂载到主摄像机上
   public class CameraController: MonoBehaviour
6
7
8
       public GameObject player;
9
       public float distanceAway = 3F;
                                            // 摄像头离玩家的水平距离
10
       public float distanceUp = 3F;
                                             // 摄像头离地面的垂直距离
       public float smooth = 2F;
                                             // 平滑变换参数
11
12
13
       private Vector3 m_TargetPosition;
                                             // 摄像头的位置
14
15
       Transform follow;
                                             // 摄像头望向的位置
16
       void Start(){
17
18
19
       }
20
21
       void LateUpdate ()
22
       {
           follow = player.transform.GetChild(2);
23
24
25
           // 设置摄像头的目标位置
           m_TargetPosition = follow.position + Vector3.up * distanceUp -
26
    follow.forward * distanceAway;
27
28
           // 对移动过程进行平滑变换
```

```
transform.position = Vector3.Lerp(transform.position,
m_TargetPosition, Time.deltaTime * smooth);

// 望向指定位置
transform.LookAt(follow);

}
```

5.2.2 FirstController 主控制器

```
public class FirstController: MonoBehaviour, IUserAction, ISceneController
 2
 3
        public GemFactory gemFactory;
 4
        public GhostFactory ghostFactory;
 5
        public PlayerFactory playerFactory;
 6
        public GhostActionManager ghostActionManager;
        public GameEventManager gameEventManager;
        public RoomSensor roomSensor;
 8
 9
        public ScoreRecorder scoreRecorder;
10
        public UserGUI userGUI;
11
        public List<GameObject> gems;
12
        public List<GameObject> ghosts;
13
14
        public GameObject player;
15
16
        int restGemNum;
17
        int gameState;
18
        int countTime;
        int second;
19
20
21
        void Start(){
22
            // 设置FPS,用于确保秒数计时准确
23
            Application.targetFrameRate = 60;
24
25
            countTime = 0;
26
            second = 0;
27
28
            SSDirector.GetInstance().CurrentSceneController = this;
29
30
            gameObject.AddComponent<GemFactory>();
31
            gemFactory = Singleton<GemFactory>.Instance;
32
33
            gameObject.AddComponent<GhostFactory>();
34
            ghostFactory = Singleton<GhostFactory>.Instance;
35
36
            gameObject.AddComponent<PlayerFactory>();
37
            playerFactory = Singleton<PlayerFactory>.Instance;
38
39
            LoadResources();
40
            gameObject.AddComponent<GhostActionManager>();
41
            ghostActionManager = Singleton<GhostActionManager>.Instance;
42
43
            for(int i = 0; i < ghosts.Count; i++) {</pre>
44
45
                ghostActionManager.Walk(player, ghosts[i]);
```

```
46
47
48
            gameObject.AddComponent<GameEventManager>();
49
            gameEventManager = Singleton<GameEventManager>.Instance;
50
51
            gameObject.AddComponent<RoomSensor>();
            roomSensor = Singleton<RoomSensor>.Instance;
52
53
54
            gameObject.AddComponent<ScoreRecorder>();
55
            scoreRecorder = Singleton<ScoreRecorder>.Instance;
56
57
            gameObject.AddComponent<UserGUI>();
            userGUI = Singleton<UserGUI>.Instance;
58
59
60
            Camera.main.GetComponent<CameraController>().player = player;
61
62
            restGemNum = gems.Count;
63
        }
64
        void Update() {
65
            // 计时
66
67
            if(userGUI.start == true && userGUI.gameover != true && userGUI.win
    != true){
68
                countTime += 1;
                if(countTime == 60){
69
70
                    countTime = 0;
                    second++;
71
72
                }
73
            }
74
            // UI更新
75
76
            userGUI.UpdateScoreText(scoreRecorder.score, restGemNum, second);
        }
77
78
79
        void OnEnable() {
80
            GameEventManager.OnGoalLost += OnGoalLost;
            GameEventManager.OnFollowing += OnFollowing;
81
82
            GameEventManager.GameOver += GameOver;
83
            GameEventManager.Win += Win;
84
            GameEventManager.OnGettingGem += OnGettingGem;
        }
85
86
        void OnDisable() {
87
            GameEventManager.OnGoalLost -= OnGoalLost;
88
89
            GameEventManager.OnFollowing -= OnFollowing;
            GameEventManager.GameOver -= GameOver;
90
91
            GameEventManager.Win -= Win;
92
            GameEventManager.OnGettingGem -= OnGettingGem;
93
        }
94
        // 在地图中随机生成十个宝石, 随机分布在16个房间中
95
96
        public List<GameObject> generateRandomGems(){
97
            List<GameObject> gems = new List<GameObject>();
98
99
            int[] validRoom = new int[13] {1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9,10,11,12,13,16};
```

```
100
             int[] gemRoom = new int[10];
101
             int[] notChoose = new int[3];
102
             // 一共要生成10个宝石,设定上有13个房间(validRoom)可以放宝石
103
104
             // 随机选取其中3个房间(notChoose)不放宝石,剩下的10个房间(gemRoom)放宝石
105
             notChoose[0] = Random.Range(0, validRoom.Length);
106
             do{
107
                 notChoose[1] = Random.Range(0, validRoom.Length);
108
             }while (notChoose[0] == notChoose[1]);
             do{
109
110
                 notChoose[2] = Random.Range(0, validRoom.Length);
111
             }while (notChoose[0] == notChoose[2] || notChoose[1] ==
     notChoose[2]);
112
113
             int j = 0;
             for(int i = 0; i < validRoom.Length; i++){
114
                 if(i != notChoose[0] && i != notChoose[1] && i != notChoose[2])
115
                     int t = validRoom[i];
116
117
                    gemRoom[j] = t;
118
                     j++;
119
                }
120
             }
121
             // 调用宝石工厂创建10个宝石
122
123
             for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++){
                 GameObject gem = gemFactory.GenGem(i + 1, gemRoom[i]);
124
                 gems.Add(gem);
125
             }
126
127
128
             return gems;
129
         }
130
         // 在地图中生成若干幽灵,幽灵的个数和位置可以在此函数调整
131
132
         public List<GameObject> generateRandomGhosts(){
133
             List<GameObject> ghosts = new List<GameObject>();
134
135
             for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
136
                 for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
137
                    if(i == 2 \&\& j == 1){
138
                         // 起始房间: 不生成灵魂
139
140
                    }
                    else if(i == 0 \& j == 1){
141
142
                         // 邪恶房间:5只幽灵
                        GameObject ghost = ghostFactory.GenGhost(i, j, 2, 2);
143
144
                         ghosts.Add(ghost);
145
146
                        GameObject ghost2 = ghostFactory.GenGhost(i, j, -3,
     -2);
147
                         ghosts.Add(ghost2);
148
149
                         GameObject ghost3 = ghostFactory.GenGhost(i, j, 1, -3);
150
                         ghosts.Add(ghost3);
151
```

```
152
                         GameObject ghost4 = ghostFactory.GenGhost(i, j, -1, 2);
153
                         ghosts.Add(ghost4);
154
155
                         GameObject ghost5 = ghostFactory.GenGhost(i, j, -2, 1);
156
                         ghosts.Add(ghost5);
157
                     }
158
                     else{
159
                         // 普通房间: 3只幽灵
160
                         GameObject ghost = ghostFactory.GenGhost(i, j, 2, 2);
                         ghosts.Add(ghost);
161
162
163
                         GameObject ghost2 = ghostFactory.GenGhost(i, j, -3,
     -2);
164
                         ghosts.Add(ghost2);
165
                         GameObject ghost3 = ghostFactory.GenGhost(i, j, 1, -3);
166
                         ghosts.Add(ghost3);
167
                     }
168
169
                 }
             }
170
171
             return ghosts;
172
         }
173
174
         // 载入资源: 生成玩家、幽灵和宝石
         public void LoadResources(){
175
176
             Debug.Log("Load Resource...");
177
178
             gems = generateRandomGems();
179
             ghosts = generateRandomGhosts();
180
             player = playerFactory.GenPlayer();
181
         }
182
         // 使用 Scene Manager 重新载入游戏场景
183
         // 参考博客: https://www.cnblogs.com/caicaicai/p/6475600.html 来解决不
184
     渲染光线的问题
         public void Restart(){
185
186
             SceneManager.LoadScene("Scenes/Play");
187
         }
188
         // 每甩开一个幽灵, 玩家得 1 分
189
         public void OnGoalLost(GameObject ghost) {
190
191
             ghostActionManager.Walk(player, ghost);
             if(player.GetComponent<PlayerData>().alive){
192
                 scoreRecorder.Record(1);
193
194
             }
         }
195
196
197
         // 玩家进入幽灵的视野, 幽灵开始追击
198
         public void OnFollowing(GameObject ghost) {
             if(player.GetComponent<PlayerData>().alive) {
199
200
                 ghostActionManager.Follow(player, ghost);
201
                 Debug.Log("I See U!");
202
             }
         }
203
204
```

```
// 玩家获取水晶, 当获得全部水晶, 游戏获胜
205
206
         public void OnGettingGem(GameObject gem) {
             gem.SetActive(false);
207
208
             restGemNum--;
209
             if(restGemNum == 0) {
210
                 Win();
211
             }
         }
212
213
214
         // 失败
215
         public void GameOver() {
216
             Debug.Log("GameOver");
             player.GetComponent<PlayerData>().alive = false;
217
218
             player.SetActive(false);
219
             userGUI.gameover = true;
         }
220
221
         // 胜利, 幽灵消失, 你可以在房间里闲逛
222
         public void Win() {
223
             Debug.Log("YouWin");
224
             for(int i = 0; i < ghosts.Count; i++){</pre>
225
226
                 ghosts[i].SetActive(false);
227
             }
228
             userGUI.win = true;
229
         }
230
     }
```

5.2.3 GameEventManager 事件管理器

```
using System.Collections;
2
    using System.Collections.Generic;
3
    using UnityEngine;
4
    // 管理游戏时间,参考:
    https://gitee.com/Enrique518/unity3d_hw/tree/master/Intelligent%20Patrol/Ass
    public class GameEventManager: MonoBehaviour
6
 7
8
        // 玩家逃脱事件
9
        public delegate void EscapeEvent(GameObject ghost);
10
        public static event EscapeEvent OnGoalLost;
        // 巡逻兵追击事件
11
        public delegate void FollowEvent(GameObject ghost);
12
13
        public static event FollowEvent OnFollowing;
        // 游戏失败事件
14
        public delegate void GameOverEvent();
15
        public static event GameOverEvent GameOver;
16
17
        // 游戏胜利事件
        public delegate void WinEvent();
18
        public static event WinEvent Win;
19
20
        // 获取宝石事件
21
        public delegate void GemEvent(GameObject gem);
22
23
        public static event GemEvent OnGettingGem;
24
```

```
25
        // 玩家逃脱
26
        public void PlayerEscape(GameObject ghost) {
27
            if (OnGoalLost != null) {
28
                OnGoalLost(ghost);
29
            }
30
        }
31
32
        // 获得水晶
33
        public void GettingGem(GameObject gem) {
34
            if(OnGettingGem != null){
35
                OnGettingGem(gem);
36
            }
        }
37
38
39
        // 幽灵追击
40
        public void FollowPlayer(GameObject ghost) {
            if (OnFollowing != null) {
41
42
                OnFollowing(ghost);
43
            }
        }
44
45
46
        // 玩家被抓
47
        public void OnPlayerCatched() {
48
            if (GameOver != null) {
49
                GameOver();
50
            }
51
        }
    }
52
```

5.2.4 PlayerController 玩家运动控制器

• WalkBool是一个用于控制玩家进入前进还是滞留的Bool型变量,它在玩家的Animator中给出。

```
1
    using System.Collections;
    using System.Collections.Generic;
 3
    using UnityEngine;
4
    // 玩家控制器: 指定玩家操作
    public class PlayerController: MonoBehaviour
6
 7
    {
8
        private Animator ani;
9
        void Start()
10
11
12
            ani = GetComponent<Animator>();
13
14
15
        // W键前进, Q E A D S 转向, 空格键停下
16
        void Update()
17
18
            if(Input.GetKeyDown("w")){
19
                ani.SetBool("WalkBool", true);
20
21
            else if(Input.GetKeyDown("q")){
                transform.Rotate(0, -45F, 0);
```

```
23
24
            else if(Input.GetKeyDown("e")){
25
                transform.Rotate(0, 45F, 0);
26
            }
27
            else if(Input.GetKeyDown("a")){
28
                transform.Rotate(0, -90F, 0);
29
            }
30
            else if(Input.GetKeyDown("s")){
31
                transform.Rotate(0, 180F, 0);
32
            }
33
            else if(Input.GetKeyDown("d")){
34
                transform.Rotate(0, 90F, 0);
35
            }
36
37
            if(Input.GetKey(KeyCode.Space)){
38
                ani.SetBool("WalkBool", false);
39
            }
40
        }
41 }
```

5.2.5 ScoreRecorder 计分板

```
// 计分器: 每幽摆脱一个幽灵的追击, 获得 1 分
    public class ScoreRecorder: MonoBehaviour
 3
4
        public int score;
 6
        void Start() {
 7
            score = 0;
8
9
10
        public void Record(int i) {
            score += i;
11
12
        }
13
14
        public void Reset() {
15
           score = 0;
        }
16
17 }
```

5.3 Sensor模块

位于: MyScripts/Sensor, 用于处理不同对象的碰撞 / 接触。

5.3.1 GemCollideSensor 宝石碰撞检测器

```
// 宝石碰撞检测器:被挂载在宝石上,用于检测玩家是否接触到宝石
2
   public class GemCollideSensor: MonoBehaviour
3
       FirstController sceneController; // 当前的场记
4
5
       void OnTriggerEnter(Collider collider) {
 6
           sceneController = SSDirector.GetInstance().CurrentSceneController as
    FirstController;
           if (collider.gameObject.Equals(sceneController.player)) {
8
               // 玩家获取宝石
9
    Singleton<GameEventManager>.Instance.GettingGem(this.gameObject);
10
11
       }
12
   }
```

5.3.2 GhostCollideSensor 幽灵碰撞检测器

```
// 幽灵碰撞检测器: 用于检测玩家是否与幽灵发生了接触
2
    public class GhostCollideSensor: MonoBehaviour
3
4
        FirstController sceneController;
       void OnTriggerEnter(Collider collider) {
5
6
           sceneController = SSDirector.GetInstance().CurrentSceneController as
    FirstController;
           if (collider.gameObject.Equals(sceneController.player)) {
 7
8
               // 幽灵抓到玩家
9
               Debug.Log("Ghost: Catch U!");
               Singleton<GameEventManager>.Instance.OnPlayerCatched();
10
11
           }
12
           else {
13
                // 幽灵碰到障碍物
14
               Debug.Log("Ghost: Oops!");
15
               this.GetComponent<GhostData>().isCollided = true;
           }
16
17
       }
18 }
```

5.3.3 InRangeSensor 幽灵范围感知器

- 幽灵的范围感知空间不是幽灵对象本身而是幽灵的一个半径为5的不可见的球形子对象,这样做的原因是幽灵本身还要作为与玩家碰撞的触发器,将二者区分开能够简化编程。
- 可以通过 transform.GetChild(index) 来获得子对象, index 表示第几个子对象(从0开始)

```
// 幽灵范围感知器: 挂载在幽灵的第一个子对象上(一个可穿透的半径为 5 的不可见球)
   // 用于检测玩家是否位于幽灵的感知范围内
3
   public class InRangeSensor: MonoBehaviour
4
 5
       FirstController sceneController;
6
       public GameObject ghost;
7
8
       void OnTriggerEnter(Collider collider) {
9
           sceneController = SSDirector.GetInstance().CurrentSceneController as
    FirstController;
           if (collider.gameObject.Equals(sceneController.player)) {
10
```

```
11
                ghost.GetComponent<GhostData>().isInRange = true;
12
            }
13
        }
        void OnTriggerExit(Collider collider) {
14
15
            sceneController = SSDirector.GetInstance().CurrentSceneController as
    FirstController;
16
            if (collider.gameObject.Equals(sceneController.player)) {
                // 玩家离开幽灵视线
17
                ghost.GetComponent<GhostData>().isInRange = false;
18
19
            }
20
        }
21 }
```

5.3.4 RoomSensor 房间检测器

- 由于房间是我们假想的而并非一个游戏对象,故在检测玩家/幽灵所在房间时,需要通过其位置计算出房间号,而非通过控制器。
- 在检测幽灵碰撞时,我降低了幽灵检测的频率,通过这种方法来避免幽灵卡死。出现卡死的原因是幽灵跨越边界时检测到,但还没等幽灵移回合法区域,再次检测到幽灵跨越边界,导致幽灵卡死在一个位置并不断转向。

```
1 // 房间检测器: 更新玩家所在的房间,约束幽灵不能离开自己所属房间
    public class RoomSensor : MonoBehaviour
2
 3
4
        FirstController sceneController;
6
        float[] ghostX = new float[4] \{-15F, -5F, 5F, 15F\};
        float[] ghostZ = new float[4] {15F, 5F, -5F, -15F};
        float range = 4F;
                                           // 幽灵移动范围(正方形)的边长
8
9
10
       int tri = 0;
11
        void Update() {
12
            sceneController = SSDirector.GetInstance().CurrentSceneController as
    FirstController;
13
            // 更新玩家所在的房间号
14
            PlayerUpdate();
15
16
17
           tri++;
            // 降低幽灵的检查频率,避免反复转弯
18
           if(tri == 20){}
19
20
               GhostCheck();
21
               tri = 0;
            }
22
        }
23
24
25
        void PlayerUpdate() {
            GameObject player = sceneController.player;
26
            Vector3 position = player.transform.position;
27
28
            float x = position.x;
29
           float z = position.z;
            int row = (int) ((x + 20) / 10 + 1);
30
31
            int col = (int) (4 - (z + 20) / 10);
32
            player.GetComponent<PlayerData>().playerRoomID = row + col * 4;
33
        }
```

```
34
35
        void GhostCheck() {
            for(int i = 0 ; i < sceneController.ghosts.Count ; i++) {</pre>
36
                GameObject ghost = sceneController.ghosts[i];
37
38
                Vector3 gPosition = ghost.transform.position;
39
40
                // 幽灵的位置
                float gX = gPosition.x;
41
                float gZ = gPosition.z;
42
43
44
                // 房间对应的行数和列数
45
                int gRoomID = ghost.GetComponent<GhostData>().ghostRoomID;
                int gRow = (gRoomID - 1) / 4;
46
47
                int gCol = (gRoomID - 1) \% 4;
48
49
                // 房间中心的位置
50
                float cx = ghostx[gCol];
51
                float cZ = ghostZ[gRow];
52
53
                if(gX < cX - range || gX > cX + range || gZ < cZ - range || gZ >
    cz + range){
54
                    // 如果幽灵尝试离开房间,则视为发生碰撞
55
                    ghost.GetComponent<GhostData>().isCollided = true;
56
                }
57
            }
58
        }
59
    }
```

5.4 Action模块

位于: MyScripts/Action/GhostAction, 用于处理幽灵的运动和状态切换。

5.4.1 GhostWalkAction 幽灵动作 - 闲逛

• 在幽灵闲逛的过程中,要随时检测是否进入追击状态,然后切换为追击模式。

```
1
    public class GhostWalkAction: SSAction
 2
 3
        private float speed = 0.5F;
                                       // 闲逛速度
 4
        private float GhostX, GhostZ; // 幽灵位置
 5
                                       // 转向信号
        private bool turn = true;
 6
        public GameObject player;
                                       // 玩家对象
8
        public GameObject ghost;
                                      // 幽灵对象
9
        private GhostData gData;
                                       // 幽灵数据
10
        private PlayerData pData;
                                      // 玩家数据
11
12
        public static GhostWalkAction GetAction(GameObject player, GameObject
    ghost) {
13
            GhostWalkAction action = CreateInstance<GhostWalkAction>();
            action.GhostX = ghost.transform.position.x;
14
15
            action.GhostZ = ghost.transform.position.z;
16
            action.player = player;
```

```
17
            action.ghost = ghost;
18
            return action;
19
        }
20
21
        public override void Start() {
22
            gData = ghost.GetComponent<GhostData>();
23
            pData = player.GetComponent<PlayerData>();
        }
24
25
26
        public override void Update() {
27
28
            if (!gData.isFollow && gData.isInRange && gData.ghostRoomID ==
    pData.playerRoomID && !gData.isCollided && pData.alive == true) {
29
                // 尾随
30
                this.destroy = true;
31
                this.enable = false;
                this.callback.SSActionEvent(this);
32
33
                this.gameObject.GetComponent<GhostData>().isFollow = true;
34
     Singleton<GameEventManager>.Instance.FollowPlayer(this.gameObject);
35
            }
36
            else {
                // 闲逛
37
38
                Walking();
39
            }
40
        }
41
42
        void Walking() {
43
44
            // 随机转向
45
            if (turn) {
46
                GhostX = this.transform.position.x + Random.Range(-3F, 3F);
                GhostZ = this.transform.position.z + Random.Range(-3F, 3F);
47
                this.transform.LookAt(new Vector3(GhostX, 0, GhostZ));
48
49
                this.gameObject.GetComponent<GhostData>().isCollided = false;
                turn = false;
50
            }
51
52
            float distance = Vector3.Distance(transform.position, new
53
    Vector3(GhostX, 0, GhostZ));
54
55
            if (this.gameObject.GetComponent<GhostData>().isCollided) {
56
57
                // 碰墙时逆时针旋转120~180度
58
                this.transform.Rotate(Vector3.up, Random.Range(120, 180));
59
                GameObject temp = new GameObject();
                temp.transform.position = this.transform.position;
60
61
                temp.transform.rotation = this.transform.rotation;
62
                temp.transform.Translate(0, 0, Random.Range(0.5F, 2F));
                GhostX = temp.transform.position.x;
63
64
                GhostZ = temp.transform.position.z;
                this.transform.LookAt(new Vector3(GhostX, 0, GhostZ));
65
66
                Destroy(temp);
67
                this.gameObject.GetComponent<GhostData>().isCollided = false;
68
```

5.4.2 GhostFollowAction 幽灵动作 - 追击

• 在幽灵追击的过程中,要随时检测是否满足退出条件,然后切换为闲逛模式。

```
using System.Collections;
    using System.Collections.Generic;
 3
    using UnityEngine;
 4
 5
    public class GhostFollowAction: SSAction
 6
 7
        private float speed = 0.8F;
                                        // 追击速度(玩家的速度是 1F)
 8
        public GameObject player;
                                        // 玩家对象
 9
        public GameObject ghost;
                                        // 幽灵对象
10
        private GhostData gData;
                                        // 幽灵数据
                                        // 玩家数据
11
        private PlayerData pData;
12
13
        public static GhostFollowAction GetAction(GameObject player, GameObject
    ghost) {
14
            GhostFollowAction action = CreateInstance<GhostFollowAction>();
15
            action.player = player;
            action.ghost = ghost;
16
            return action;
17
18
        }
19
        public override void Start() {
20
21
            gData = ghost.GetComponent<GhostData>();
22
            pData = player.GetComponent<PlayerData>();
23
        }
24
        public override void Update() {
25
26
27
            if (gData.isFollow && (!gData.isInRange || gData.ghostRoomID !=
    pData.playerRoomID || gData.isCollided || pData.alive == false)) {
28
                // 放弃跟随
29
                this.destroy = true;
30
                this.enable = false;
                this.callback.SSActionEvent(this);
31
32
                this.gameObject.GetComponent<GhostData>().isFollow = false;
33
     Singleton<GameEventManager>.Instance.PlayerEscape(this.gameObject);
34
            else {
35
                // 尾随
36
                Following();
37
            }
38
39
        }
```

```
40
41
        void Following() {
42
            // 面向玩家
            transform.LookAt(player.transform.position);
43
44
            // 跟随玩家
45
            transform.position = Vector3.MoveTowards(this.transform.position,
    player.transform.position, speed * Time.deltaTime);
46
        }
    }
47
```

5.4.3 GhostActionManager 幽灵动作管理器

```
1
    public class GhostActionManager: SSActionManager, ISSActionCallback
 2
    {
 3
        public GhostWalkAction walk;
4
        public GhostFollowAction follow;
 5
        // 闲逛
 6
 7
        public void Walk(GameObject player, GameObject ghost) {
8
            this.walk = GhostWalkAction.GetAction(player, ghost);
9
            this.RunSSAction(ghost, walk, this);
        }
10
11
12
        // 追击
        public void Follow(GameObject player, GameObject ghost) {
13
            this.follow = GhostFollowAction.GetAction(player, ghost);
14
            this.RunSSAction(ghost, follow, this);
15
16
        }
17
18
        // 停止
19
        public void DestroyAllActions() {
            DestroyAll();
21
        }
22
23
        public void SSActionEvent(SSAction source, SSActionEventType events =
    SSActionEventType.Completed, int intParam = 0, string strParam = null,
    Object objectParam = null) {
24
25
26 }
```

5.5 GUI模块

位于: MyScripts/View, 简单界面交互。

5.5.1 UserGUI 界面交互

• 主要组件:

。 右上角刷新按钮: 随时重新开始局一新的游戏,

。 正上方文本框:显示分数和计时。

六、实现过程中问题

6.1 SceneManager与光线渲染

参考: SceneManager.LoadScene调用后新场景会变暗的问题

- 问题发生在我们调用 SceneManager.LoadScene 获得新场景后,场景的亮度会变暗。
- 对此, 我怀疑是Unity3D自动渲染的问题, 一种可行的解决步骤如下:
 - 首先,按照如下步骤进入 Lighting:菜单栏 Window Rendering Lighting
 - 然后,创建一个新的 Lighting Setting,创建后会进行编译,编译结束后,会在当前文件夹生成该配置,问题解决。

