3/6/2017 3:45 PM

```
1 Sqlite3 in Windows 8.1
   1. Sqlite3 install
      1) visit www.sqlite.org
      2) Downloads sqlite-tools-win32-x86-xxx.zip
      3) Unzip 후 C:\Sqlite3 폴더에 paste.
      4) Command Window 에서 C:\Sqlite3\sqlite3 test.db
      5) sqlite>.databases --> C:\Sqlite3\test.db 파일 생성
 8
      sqlite>CREATE TABLE test(id INT PRIMARY KEY, pwd VARCHAR NOT NULL);
 9
      7) sqlite>.tables ---> table 확인
10
      8) sqlite>.quit
11
12
   2. Sqlite Database Browser install
13
      1) <a href="http://sourceforge.net/projects/sqlitebrowser/">http://sourceforge.net/projects/sqlitebrowser/</a> or
14
      2)https://github.com/sqlitebrowser/sqlitebrowser
15
      3)Downloads DB.Browser.for.SQLite-3.9.0-beta1-win64.exe
16
      4)Installation
17
      5)Execution
18
19 3. Eclipse에 SQL Explorer plug-in
20
      1) Visit <a href="http://www.sqlexplorer.org/">http://www.sqlexplorer.org/</a>
21
      2)Downloads sqlexplorer_plugin-3.6.1.SR6.zip
22
23 4. Sqlite3 JDBC Driver Downloads
      1) Visit <a href="https://bitbucket.org/xerial/sqlite-jdbc/downloads">https://bitbucket.org/xerial/sqlite-jdbc/downloads</a> or
24
25
        https://github.com/xerial/sqlite-jdbc
26
      Downloads sqlite-jdbc-3.16.1.jar
27
      3) move sqlite-jdbc-3.16.1.jar to C:\Sqlite3
28
   5. Eclipse SQL Explorer 에서 test.db 연결하기
29
30
      1)Eclipse의 SQL Explorer 에서 Connection Profile 생성하기
      2)Settings
31
32
        Name : Sqlite3
33
        Driver SQLite
34
        URL : jdbc:sqlite:C:/Sqlite3/test.db
35
        User : user
36
      3) Test table 확인하기
37
38 6. Sample.java
39
      import java.sql.Connection;
40
      import java.sql.DriverManager;
41
      import java.sql.ResultSet;
42
      import java.sql.SQLException;
43
      import java.sql.Statement;
44
45
      public class Sample{
46
        public static void main(String[] args){
47
          Connection connection = null;
48
          try{
49
             // create a database connection
             connection = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:sqlite:sample.db");
51
             Statement statement = connection.createStatement();
52
             statement.setQueryTimeout(30); // set timeout to 30 sec.
53
             statement.executeUpdate("drop table if exists person");
54
             statement.executeUpdate("create table person (id integer, name string)");
55
             statement.executeUpdate("insert into person values(1, 'leo')"); statement.executeUpdate("insert into person values(2, 'yui')");
56
57
58
            ResultSet rs = statement.executeQuery("select * from person");
59
            while(rs.next()){
60
               // read the result set
               System.out.println("name = " + rs.getString("name"));
               System.out.println("id = " + rs.getInt("id"));
62
63
64
          }catch(SQLException e){
```

3/6/2017 3:45 PM

```
// if the error message is "out of memory",
           // it probably means no database file is found
66
67
           System.err.println(e.getMessage());
68
         }finally {
69
           try{
70
             if(connection != null)
71
             connection.close();
72
           }catch(SQLException e){
73
             // connection close failed.
             System.err.println(e);
74
75
76
77
78
     }
79
80 7. SQLite3 관리도구
81
     1) SQLite Manager
       - Firefox 웹 브라우저에서 동작하는 관리 도구
82
83
     2) 설치
       - 우선 파이어폭스를 설치하고
84
85
       - Open Menu > Plugins > 전체 검색 탭에서 'sqlite'로 검색
86
       - Right Mouse > Menu Bar Check > Tools > Add-ons > Plugins > 검
87
       - 'SQLite Manager'가 나타나면 Install 클릭
88
       - Firefox를 다시 실행하면 도구(Tools) 메뉴하위에 'SQLite Manager' 메뉴 생성
89
90
```