D3.js 스타디

2주차

D3.js란?

- D3.js는 data를 바탕으로 document를 조작하는 javascript library
- 다양한 차트 제작이나 데이터 시각화에 많이 사용



D3.js 시작하기

• Python3의 기본 웹 서버(http.server) 위에 구동

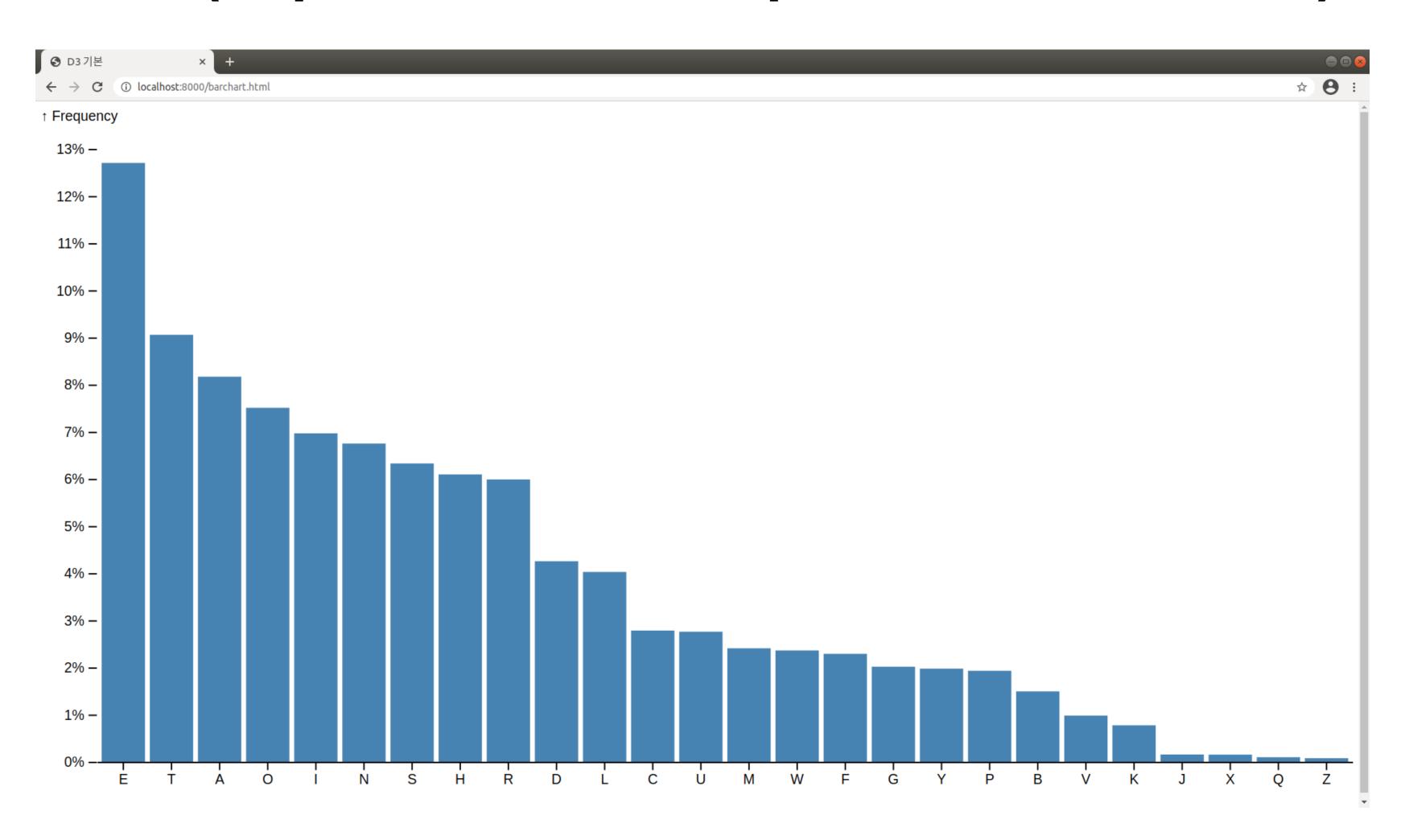
```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

marble@marble:~/dev/DB_study/s2$ python3 -m http.server

Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 8000 (http://0.0.0.0:8000/) ...
```

- CDN 방식으로 최신 버전 사용(v6.3.1)
 <script src="https://d3js.org/d3.v6.min.js"></script>
- https://observablehq.com/@d3/gallery 사이트 참고하면서 예제 구현하는 방식으로 진행

막대 그래프 그리기(https://observablehq.com/@d3/bar-chart)



데이터(alphabet.csv)

letter, frequency A,0.08167 B,0.01492 C,0.02782 D,0.04253 E,0.12702 F,0.02288 G,0.02015 H,0.06094 I,0.06966 J,0.00153 K,0.00772 L,0.04025 M,0.02406 N,0.06749 0,0.07507 P,0.01929 Q,0.00095 R,0.05987 S,0.06327 T,0.09056 U,0.02758 V,0.00978 W,0.0236 X,0.0015 Y,0.01974 Z,0.00074

소스코드(1)

```
d3.csv("alphabet.csv", ({letter, frequency}) => ({name: letter, value: +frequency}))
.then((d) => {
    const color = "steelblue";
    const margin = {
        top: 30,
        right: 0,
        bottom: 30,
        left: 40
    const width = 942;
    const height = 500;
    const sorted_data = d.sort((a, b) => d3.descending(a.value, b.value));
    const data = Object.assign(sorted_data, {format: "%", y: "↑ Frequency"});
    console.log(data);
    x = d3.scaleBand()
        .domain(d3.range(data.length))
        .range([margin.left, width - margin.right])
        .padding(0.1);
    y = d3.scaleLinear()
        .domain([0, d3.max(data, d => d.value)]).nice()
        .range([height - margin.bottom, margin.top]);
    xAxis = g \Rightarrow g
        .attr("transform", `translate(0,${height - margin.bottom})`)
        .call(d3.axisBottom(x).tickFormat(i => data[i].name).tickSizeOuter(0));
    yAxis = g \Rightarrow g
        .attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},0)`)
        .call(d3.axisLeft(y).ticks(null, data.format))
        .call(g => g.select(".domain").remove())
        .call(g => g.append("text")
            .attr("x", -margin.left)
            .attr("y", 10)
            .attr("fill", "currentColor")
.attr("text-anchor", "start")
            .text(data.y));
```

소스코드(2)

```
const svg = d3.select("svg")
    .attr("viewBox", [0, 0, width, height]);
svg.append("g")
    .attr("fill", color)
    .selectAll("rect")
    .data(data)
    .join("rect")
    attr("x", (d, i) => x(i))
    .attr("y", d => y(d.value))
    .attr("height", d \Rightarrow y(0) - y(d.value))
    .attr("width", x.bandwidth());
svg.append("g")
    .call(xAxis);
svg.append("g")
    .call(yAxis);
```

막대 그래프 그리기(https://observablehq.com/@d3/diverging-stacked-bar-chart)



데이터(politifact.csv)

speaker,ruling,count Donald Trump, pants-fire, 20 Donald Trump, half-true, 15 Donald Trump, barely-true, 27 Donald Trump, false, 55 Donald Trump, mostly-true, 7 Donald Trump, true, 5 Bernie Sanders, mostly-true, 13 Bernie Sanders, half-true, 15 Bernie Sanders, barely-true, 4 Bernie Sanders, true, 5 Bernie Sanders, false, 3 Joe Biden, mostly-true, 9 Joe Biden, true, 4 Joe Biden,pants-fire,1 Joe Biden,barely-true,12 Joe Biden, false, 5 Joe Biden,half-true,5 Elizabeth Warren, false, 2 Elizabeth Warren, barely-true, 4 Elizabeth Warren, mostly-true, 7 Elizabeth Warren, true, 7 Elizabeth Warren, half-true, 7 Kamala Harris, barely-true, 4 Kamala Harris, false, 5 Kamala Harris, mostly-true, 5 Kamala Harris, half-true, 2 Kamala Harris, full-flop, 1 Pete Buttigieg, barely-true, 5 Pete Buttigieg, half-true, 4 Pete Buttigieg, true, 3 Pete Buttigieg, false, 1 Pete Buttigieg, mostly-true, 2 Amy Klobuchar,barely-true,1 Amy Klobuchar, true, 4 Amy Klobuchar, half-true, 3 Amy Klobuchar, mostly-true, 4 Amy Klobuchar, false, 1 Beto O'Rourke, false, 1 Beto O'Rourke, true, 3 Beto O'Rourke,barely-true,3 Beto O'Rourke, mostly-true, 4 Beto O'Rourke, half-true, 2 Michael Bloomberg, half-true, 3 Michael Bloomberg, true, 3 Michael Bloomberg, mostly-true, 4 Michael Bloomberg, barely-true, 1 Michael Bloomberg, false, 1

소스코드(1)

```
const margin = ({top: 40, right: 30, bottom: 0, left: 80});
const height = 337;
const width = 2000;
 const categories = {
    "pants-fire": "Pants on fire!",
    "false": "False",
    "mostly-false": "Mostly false",
    "barely-true": "Mostly false", // recategorized
    "half-true": "Half true",
    "mostly-true": "Mostly true",
    "true": "True"
d3.csv("politifact.csv", ({speaker: name, ruling: category, count: value}) => categories[category] ? {name, category: categories[category], value: +value} : null)
.then((org_data) => {
    d3.rollup(org_data, group => {
         const sum = d3.sum(group, d => d.value);
         for (const d of group) d.value /= sum;
    }, d => d.name);
    const data = Object.assign(org_data, {
         format: ".0%",
        negative: "← More falsehoods",
        positive: "More truths →",
        negatives: ["Pants on fire!", "False", "Mostly false"],
        positives: ["Half true", "Mostly true", "True"]
    const signs = new Map([].concat(
        data.negatives.map(d \Rightarrow [d, -1]),
        data.positives.map(d \Rightarrow [d, +1])
    const bias = d3.rollups(data, v \Rightarrow d3.sum(v, d \Rightarrow d.value * Math.min(0, signs.get(d.category))), d \Rightarrow d.name)
         .sort(([, a], [, b]) => d3.ascending(a, b));
     const series = d3.stack()
        .keys([].concat(data.negatives.slice().reverse(), data.positives))
        .value(([, value], category) => signs.get(category) * (value.get(category) || 0))
.offset(d3.stackOffsetDiverging)
        (d3.rollups(data, data \Rightarrow d3.rollup(data, ([d]) \Rightarrow d.value, d \Rightarrow d.category), d \Rightarrow d.name));
```

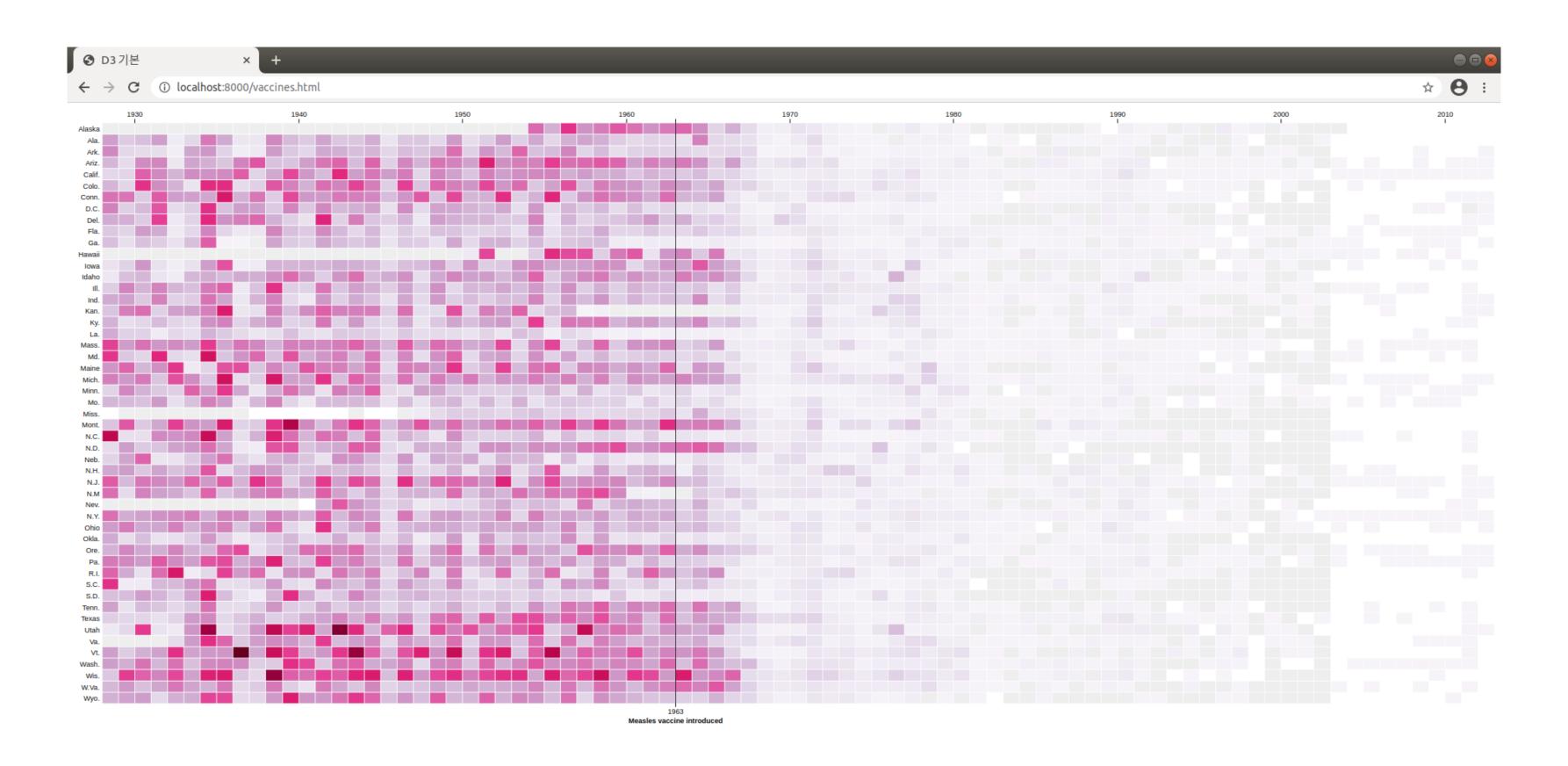
소스코드(2)

```
const x = d3.scaleLinear()
    .domain(d3.extent(series.flat(2)))
    .rangeRound([margin.left, width - margin.right]);
const y = d3.scaleBand()
    .domain(bias.map(([name]) => name))
    .rangeRound([margin.top, height - margin.bottom])
    .padding(2 / 33);
const color = d3.scaleOrdinal()
    .domain([].concat(data.negatives, data.positives))
   .range(d3.schemeSpectral[data.negatives.length + data.positives.length]);
const xAxis = g \Rightarrow g
    .attr("transform", `translate(0,${margin.top})`)
    .call(d3.axisTop(x)
        .ticks(width / 80)
        .tickFormat(formatValue)
        .tickSizeOuter(0))
   .call(g => g.select(".domain").remove())
   .call(g \Rightarrow g.append("text"))
        attr("x", x(0) + 20)
        .attr("y", -24)
        .attr("fill", "currentColor")
        .attr("text-anchor", "start")
        .text(data.positive))
   .call(g => g.append("text")
        -attr("x", x(0) - 20)
        .attr("y", -24)
        .attr("fill", "currentColor")
        .attr("text-anchor", "end")
        .text(data.negative));
const yAxis = g \Rightarrow g
    .call(d3.axisLeft(y).tickSizeOuter(0))
   .call(g \Rightarrow g.selectAll(".tick").data(bias).attr("transform", ([name, min]) <math>\Rightarrow `translate(${x(min)},${y(name) + y.bandwidth() / 2})`))
   .call(g \Rightarrow g.select(".domain").attr("transform", `translate(<math>\{x(0)\},0)`));
const formatValue = x => {
    const format = d3.format(data.format || "");
   return format(Math.abs(x));
```

소스코드(3)

```
const svg = d3.select("svg")
    .attr("viewBox", [0, 0, width, height]);
svg.append("g")
    .selectAll("g")
    .data(series)
    .join("g")
    .attr("fill", d => color(d.key))
    .selectAll("rect")
    .data(d => d.map(v => Object.assign(v, {key: d.key})))
    .join("rect")
    .attr("x", d => x(d[0]))
    .attr("y", ({data: [name]}) => y(name))
    .attr("width", d \Rightarrow x(d[1]) - x(d[0]))
    .attr("height", y.bandwidth())
    .append("title")
    .text(({key, data: [name, value]}) => `${name}
        ${formatValue(value.get(key))} ${key}`);
svg.append("g")
    .call(xAxis);
svg.append("g")
    .call(yAxis);
```

막대 그래프 응용(https://observablehq.com/@mbostock/the-impact-of-vaccines)



데이터(vaccines.json)

```
"title": "Memales",
"title": "Memales",
"tote: Old data from 2003-2012 comes from its Sammary of Motifiable Diseases, which mublishes yearly rather than weekly and counts confirmed cases as opposed to provisional ones.",
"mones": "Note: Old data from 2003-2012 comes from its Sammary of Motifiable Diseases, which mublishes yearly rather than weekly and counts confirmed cases as opposed to provisional ones.",
"mones": "Note: Old data from 2003-2012 comes from its Sammary of Motifiable Diseases, which mublishes yearly rather than weekly and counts confirmed cases as opposed to provisional ones.",
"mones": "Note: Old data from 2003-2012 comes from its Sammary of Motifiable Diseases, which mublishes yearly rather than weekly and counts confirmed cases as opposed to provisional ones.",
"Total Counts of Counts o
```

소스코드(1)

```
const margin = (\{top: 20, right: 1, bottom: 40, left: 40\});
const width = 2000;
const height = 16;
const innerHeight = 816;
const names = ["Alaska", "Ala.", "Ark.", "Ariz.", "Calif.", "Colo.", "Conn.", "D.C.", "Del.", "Fla.", "Ga.", "Hawaii", "Iowa", "Idaho", "Ill.", "Ind.", "Kan.", "Ky.", "La.", "Mass.", "Md.", "Maine", "Mich.", "
  Minn.", "Mo.", "Miss.", "Mont.", "N.C.", "N.D.", "Neb.", "N.H.", "N.J.", "N.M", "Nev.", "N.Y.", "Ohio", "Okla.", "Ore.", "Pa.", "R.I.", "S.C.", "S.D.", "Tenn.", "Texas", "Utah", "Va.", "Vt.", "Wash.", "Wis.",
   "W.Va.", "Wyo."];
d3.json("vaccines.json")
.then((data) => {
   const values = [];
   const year0 = d3.min(data[0].data.values.data, d => d[0]);
   const year1 = d3.max(data[0].data.values.data, d => d[0]);
   const years = d3.range(year0, year1 + 1);
   for (const [year, i, value] of data[0].data.values.data) {
        if (value == null) contir
       (values[i] | (values[i] = []))[year - year0] = value;
   data = {
        values,
        names,
        year: data[0].data.chart_options.vaccine_year
   x = d3.scaleLinear()
       .domain([d3.min(data.years), d3.max(data.years) + 1])
        .rangeRound([margin.left, width - margin.right]);
   y = d3.scaleBand()
        .domain(data.names)
        .rangeRound([margin.top, margin.top + innerHeight]);
   color = d3.scaleSequentialSqrt([0, d3.max(data.values, d => d3.max(d))], d3.interpolatePuRd);
```

소스코드(2)

```
xAxis = g \Rightarrow g
    .call(g \Rightarrow g.append("g")
        .attr("transform", `translate(0,${margin.top})`)
        .call(d3.axisTop(x).ticks(null, "d"))
        .call(g => g.select(".domain").remove()))
    .call(g => g.append("g")
        .attr("transform", `translate(0,${innerHeight + margin.top + 4})`)
        .call(d3.axisBottom(x)
            .tickValues([data.year])
            .tickFormat(x => x)
            .tickSize(-innerHeight - 10))
        .call(g => g.select(".tick text")
            .clone()
            .attr("dy", "2em")
            .style("font-weight", "bold")
            .text("Measles vaccine introduced"))
        .call(g => g.select(".domain").remove()));
yAxis = g \Rightarrow g
    .attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},0)`)
    .call(d3.axisLeft(y).tickSize(0))
    .call(g => g.select(".domain").remove());
format = d \Rightarrow \{
    const f = d3.format(",d");
    return isNaN(d) ? "N/A cases"
    : d === 0 ? "0 cases"
    : d < 1 ? "<1 case"
    : d < 1.5 ? "1 case"
    : `${f(d)} cases`;
```

소스코드(3)

```
const svg = d3.select("svg")
    .attr("viewBox", [0, 0, width, innerHeight + margin.top + margin.bottom])
    .attr("font-family", "sans-serif")
    .attr("font-size", 10);
svg.append("g")
    .call(xAxis);
svg.append("g")
    .call(yAxis);
svg.append("g")
    .selectAll("g")
    .data(data.values)
    .join("g")
    .attr("transform", (d, i) => `translate(0,${y(data.names[i])})`)
    .selectAll("rect")
    \cdot data(d \Rightarrow d)
    .join("rect")
    .attr("x", (d, i) \Rightarrow x(data.years[i]) + 1)
    .attr("width", (d, i) \Rightarrow x(data.years[i] + 1) - x(data.years[i]) - 1)
    .attr("height", y.bandwidth() - 1)
    attr("fill", d => isNaN(d) ? "#eee" : d === 0 ? "#fff" : color(d))
    .append("title")
    .text((d, i) => `${format(d)} per 100,000 people in ${data.years[i]}`);
```