

T: A Subset of Real World

P and q
are both

PROPOSITIONS
in Formal Logics.

$T : A$

p	\rightarrow	q
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	T	T

P : condition
 \rightarrow : deduction

Q : Conclusion

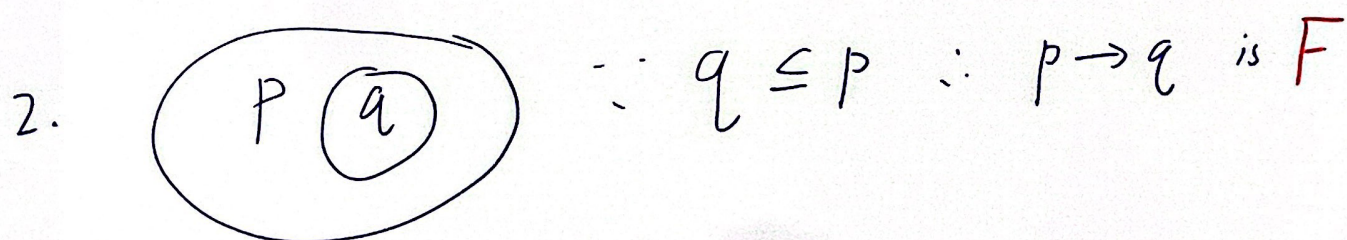
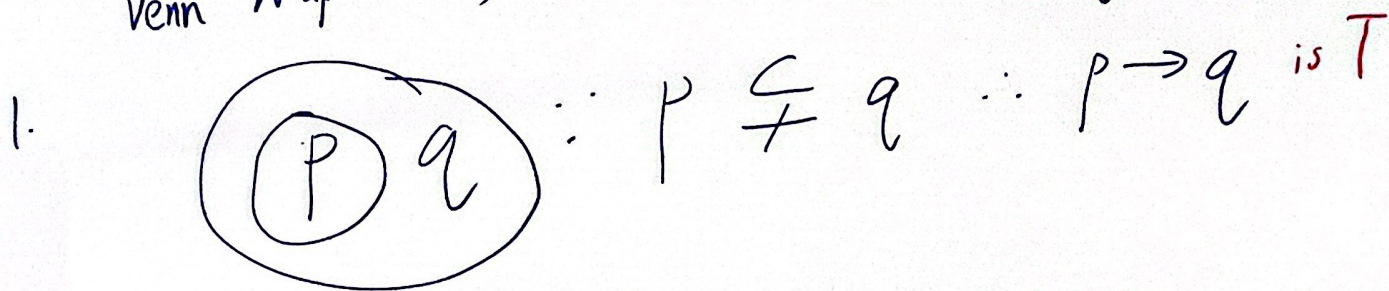
The whole process, $(P \rightarrow Q)$: Argument

Venn Map

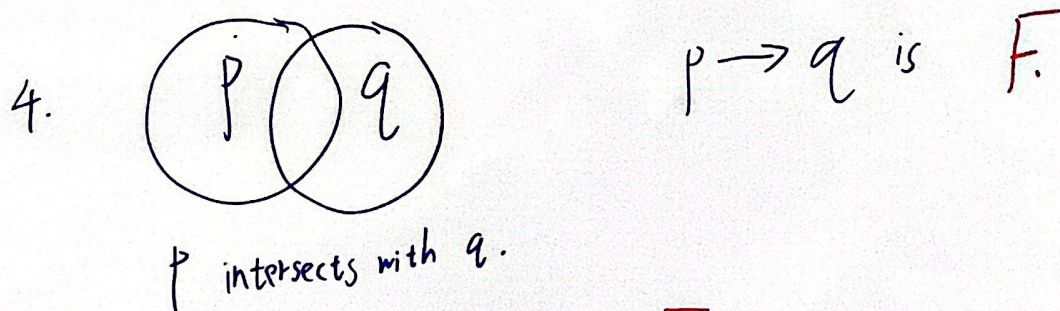
To check a Deduction or an Argument is T or F , just check if $P \subseteq Q$.

$P \rightarrow Q$ is T

Venn Map or F, just check if $P \subseteq Q$.



3. P and Q are identical sets. $\therefore P \subseteq Q \therefore P \rightarrow Q$ is T



5. IF Propositions are F , they should be regarded as NULL SETS ($\{\emptyset\}$).

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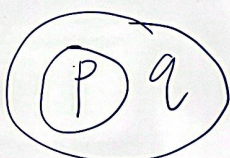
p : Condition
 \rightarrow : deduction

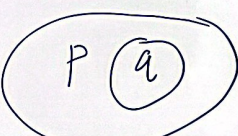
q : Conclusion

The whole process, $(p \rightarrow q)$: Argument

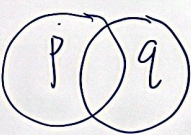
To check a Deduction or an Argument is T or F , just check if $p \subseteq q$.

Venn Map

1.  $\therefore p \subseteq q \therefore p \rightarrow q$ is T

2.  $\therefore q \subseteq p \therefore p \rightarrow q$ is F

3. P and q are identical sets. $\therefore p \subseteq q \therefore p \rightarrow q$ is T

4.  $p \rightarrow q$ is F
 p intersects with q .

5. IF Propositions are F ,
they should be regarded as NULL SETS ($\{\emptyset\}$).