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No	Syntax	Explanation		
1.	<pre>/meta charset="UTF-8"&gt;</pre>	<ul> <li>The <meta/> tag defines metadata about an HTML document. Metadata is data (information) about data.</li> <li>charset Specifies the character encoding for the HTML document</li> </ul>		
2.	<pre><script src="/cdn-cgi/apps/head/BA9wG71UcNHRZyqda6gYchE buNM.js"></script><link href="https://gmpg.org/xfn/11" rel="profile"/></pre>	<ul> <li><script> tag is used to embed a client-side script (JavaScript).</li>     <li>src attribute specifies the URL of the media file to play. This attribute is required when <source> is used in <audio> and <video></li>     <li><li><li>link> tag defines the relationship between the current document and an external resource.</li>     <li>rel attribute specifies the relationship between the current document and the linked document. Only used if the href attribute is present.</li>     <li>href attribute specifies the URL of the page the link goes to.</li> </ul></td></tr><tr><td>3.</td><td><title>Gapminder</title></td><td>- <title> tag defines the title of the document. The title must be text-only, and it is shown in the browser's title bar or in the page's tab.</td></tr><tr><td>4.</td><td><pre><style id='global-styles-inline-css' type='text/css'></pre></td><td><ul>     <li>- <style> tag is used to define style information (CSS) for a document. Inside the <style> element you specify how HTML elements should render in a browser.</li>     <li>- id attribute specifies a unique id for an HTML element (the value must be unique within the HTML document)</li>     <li>- The type attribute specifies the type of <input> element to display. If the type attribute is not specified, the default type is "text".</li> </ul></td></tr><tr><td>5.</td><td><pre><body class="home page-template page-template-template-front_page page-template-template-front_page-page-id-9522"></pre></td><td>- <Body> tag defines the document's body. It's contains all the contents of an HTML document, such as headings, paragraphs, images, hyperlinks, tables,</td></tr></tbody></table></script></li></ul>		

		1	lists, etc. The class attribute is often used to point to a class name in a style sheet. It can also be used by a JavaScript to access and manipulate elements with the specific class name.
6.	<pre><svg focusable="false" height="0" role="none" style="visibility: hidden; position: absolute; left: -9999px; overflow: hidden;" viewbox="0 0 0 0" width="0" xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"></svg></pre>	1	<svg> element is a container for SVG graphics. Svg has several methods for drawing paths, boxes, circles, text, and graphic images.</svg>
7.	<div class="site" id="page"></div>	ı	<pre><div>tag defines a division or a section in an HTML document.</div></pre>
8.	<pre><span class="button-mini close-cookie-link close-cookie-btn">Close</span></pre>	1	<pre><span> tag is an inline container used to mark up a part of a text, or a part of a document.</span></pre>
9.	<a href="#"></a>	1	<a>tag defines a hyperlink, which is used to link from one page to another.</a>
10.	<pre></pre>	ı	<pre><form> tag is used to create an HTML form for user input.</form></pre>