Optimal synaptic strategies for different timescales of memory

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What is a synapse?

What is a synapse?

Theorists

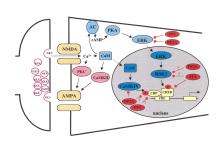


What is a synapse?

Theorists

Experimentalists





[Klann (2002)]

Storage capacity of synaptic memory

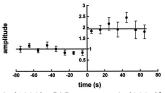
Hopfield, perceptron have capacity \propto N, (# synapses).

Assumes unbounded analog synapses

With discrete, finite synapses:

 \implies memory capacity $\sim \mathcal{O}(\log N)$.

[Amit and Fusi (1992), Amit and Fusi (1994)]

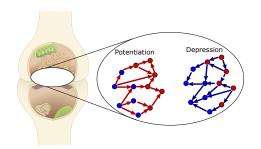


[Petersen et al. (1998), O'Connor et al. (2005)]

New memories overwrite old \implies stability-plasticity dilemma.



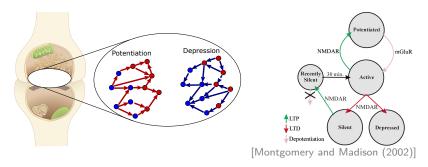
- $\bullet \ \ Internal \ functional \ state \ of \ synapse \rightarrow synaptic \ weight.$
- weakstrong
- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{Candidate} \ \mathsf{plasticity} \ \mathsf{events} \to \mathsf{transitions} \ \mathsf{between} \ \mathsf{states} \\$



States: #AMPAR, #NMDAR, NMDAR subunit composition, CaMK II autophosphorylation, activating PKC, p38 MAPK,...

[Fusi et al. (2005), Fusi and Abbott (2007), Barrett and van Rossum (2008)]

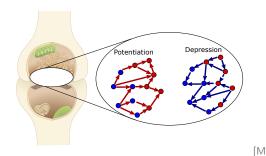
- ullet Internal functional state of synapse o synaptic weight.
- weak
- $\bullet \ \, \text{Candidate plasticity events} \, \to \, \text{transitions between states} \\$
- strong

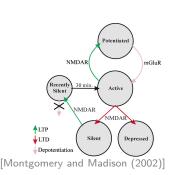


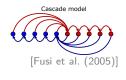
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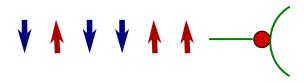


Serial model

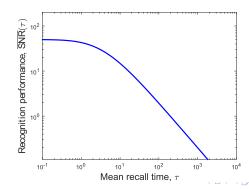


[Ben-Dayan Rubin and Fusi (2007), [Benna and Fusi (2015)] Leibold and Kempter (2008)]

Synaptic memory curves

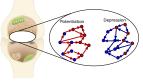


Synapses store a sequence of memories.

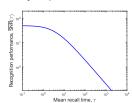


General principles relating structure and function?

Synaptic structure



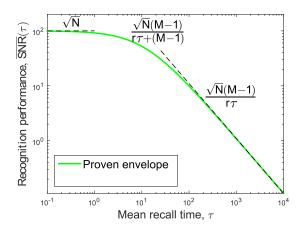
Synaptic function



- What are the fundamental limits of memory?
- Which models achieve these limits?
- What are the theoretical principles behind the optimal models?

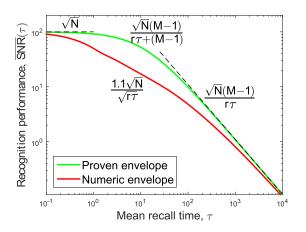
Proven envelope: memory frontier

Upper bound on memory curve at any timescale.

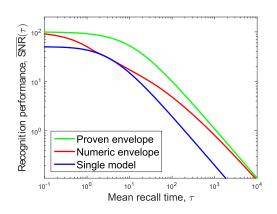


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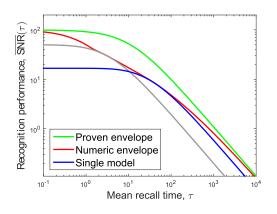


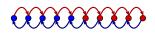
Models that maximize memory for one timescale



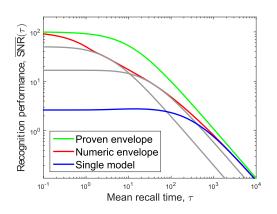


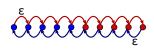
Models that maximize memory for one timescale





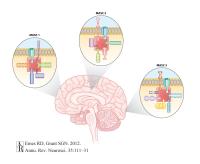
Models that maximize memory for one timescale





Synaptic diversity and timescales of memory

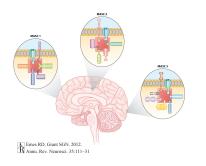
Different synapses have different molecular structures.



[Emes and Grant (2012)]

Synaptic diversity and timescales of memory

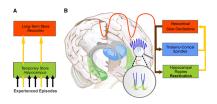
Different synapses have different molecular structures.



[Emes and Grant (2012)]

Memories stored in different places for different timescales

[Squire and Alvarez (1995)] [McClelland et al. (1995)]



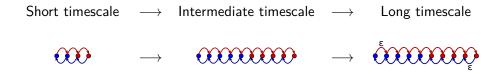
[Born and Wilhelm (2012)]

Also: Cerebellar cortex \rightarrow nuclei.

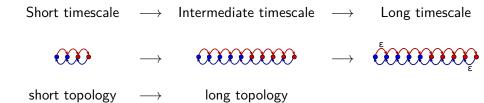
[Attwell et al. (2002)]

[Cooke et al. (2004)]

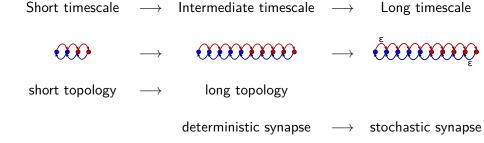
Synaptic structure and function: general principles



Synaptic structure and function: general principles



Synaptic structure and function: general principles



Experimental tests?

Traditional experiments:



Experimental tests?

Traditional experiments:



To fit a model: long sequence of small plasticity events. Observe the changes in synaptic efficacy.



Summary

- We have formulated a general theory of learning and memory with complex synapses.
- We find a memory envelope: a single curve that cannot be exceeded by the memory curve of *any* synaptic model.
- We understood which types of synaptic structure are useful for storing memories for different timescales.
- We studied more than a single model. We studied *all possible models*, to extract general principles relating synaptic structure to function

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