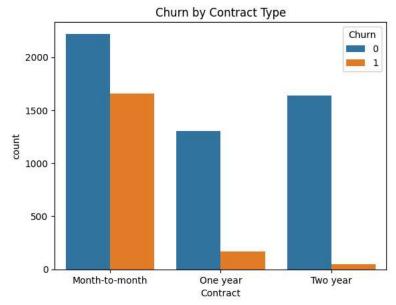
```
import pandas as pd
from google.colab import files
# Upload the CSV file
uploaded = files.upload()
# Get the filename
file_name = list(uploaded.keys())[0]
# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)
# Check missing values
df.isnull().sum()
# Convert categorical variables
df['Churn'] = df['Churn'].map({'Yes': 1, 'No': 0})
# Convert 'TotalCharges' to numeric
df['TotalCharges'] = pd.to_numeric(df['TotalCharges'], errors='coerce')
df.dropna(inplace=True)
Choose Files Telco-Cust...r-Chum.csv
     • Telco-Customer-Churn.csv(text/csv) - 977501 bytes, last modified: 9/27/2019 - 100% done
     Saving Telco-Customer-Churn.csv to Telco-Customer-Churn.csv
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Churn by contract type
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Contract', hue='Churn')
plt.title('Churn by Contract Type')
plt.show()
# Churn by MonthlyCharges
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Churn', y='MonthlyCharges')
plt.title('Monthly Charges by Churn Status')
plt.show()
```






```
df['AvgMonthlyCharge'] = df['TotalCharges'] / df['tenure']
df['SeniorCitizen'] = df['SeniorCitizen'].map({1: 'Yes', 0: 'No'})
df = pd.get_dummies(df, drop_first=True)
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from \ sklearn.metrics \ import \ classification\_report, \ confusion\_matrix
X = df.drop('Churn', axis=1)
y = df['Churn']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
model = RandomForestClassifier()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
    [[946 87]
      [210 164]]
                   precision
                                recall f1-score
                                                    support
                                            0.86
```

1	0.65	0.44	0.52	374
accuracy			0.79	1407
macro avg	0.74	0.68	0.69	1407
weighted avg	0.77	0.79	0.77	1407

importances = model.feature_importances_
features = pd.Series(importances, index=X.columns)
features.nlargest(10).plot(kind='barh')
plt.title("Top 10 Important Features")
plt.show()



