## ADS2 week6 Visualizing data - Problem set

## Chaochen Wang

2019-10-17

You will need the packages "tidyr", "ggplot2" for the first three problems and "map" for the optional one. You could use the gather and drop na in "tidyr" and filter in "dplyr".

Import the GDP dataset and clean the data. (The data are obtained from the world bank https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/NY.GDP.MKTP.CD and trimmed.)

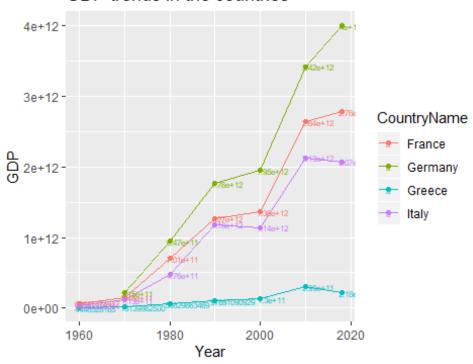
1.Import the dataset and reshape the dataset by <u>putting the GDP values from different years into one variable(column)</u>, the key is "Year". 2.Clean the data by removing the incomplete records. 3.Extract the GDPs of "Germany", "France", "Italy" and "Greece" in the years 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2010 and 2018. Put the data into a new data frame. (Hint: dplyr::filter)

```
##
         CountryName
                           Year
                                          GDP
##
                     Min.
                             :1960
                                     Min.
                                             :4.447e+09
    France
               :7
##
   Greece
               :7
                     1st Qu.:1975
                                     1st Qu.:1.215e+11
                     Median :1990
##
   Italy
               :7
                                     Median :7.010e+11
   Germany
##
               :6
                     Mean
                             :1991
                                     Mean
                                             :1.082e+12
   Afghanistan:0
                     3rd Qu.:2010
                                     3rd Ou.:1.855e+12
##
##
   Albania
               :0
                     Max.
                             :2018
                                     Max.
                                             :4.000e+12
   (Other)
               :0
##
```

We want to see the trend of GDP growth in the three countries, please first use point + line plots to present the data, distinguish countries by colours like this. Please also add the title and the GDP numbers at each point (Hint:use geom\_point, geom\_line

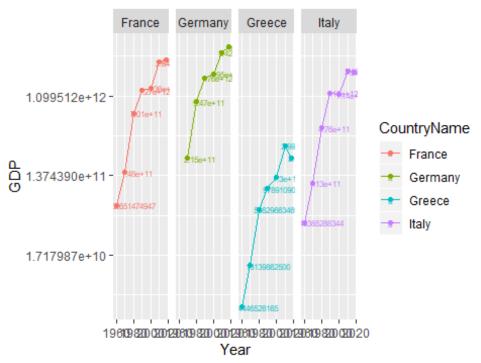
,geom\_text and labs).

## GDP trends in the countries

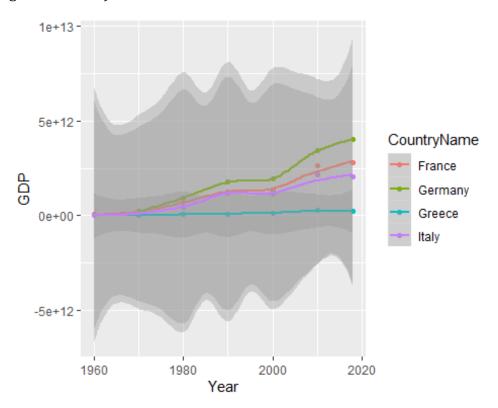


Then try to rescale the GDP by log2 and facet the plot by countries.

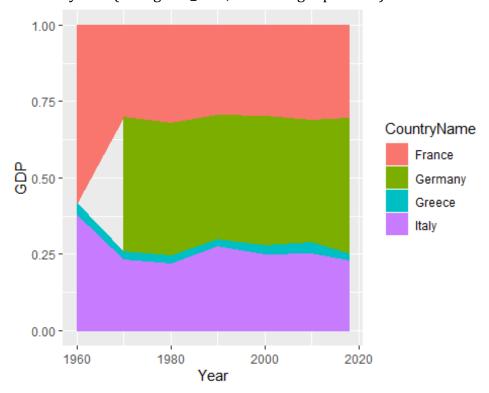
## GDP trends in the countries



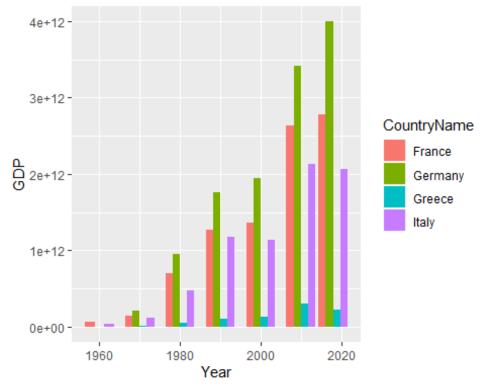
You can redo the plot using point + fitting with "loess" method.(Hint: geom\_point + geom\_smooth)



You can also use area plot and "fill" to show the percentiles of the countries in different years. (Hint:geom\_area, use the right position)



As another way of comparison, use bar plot to present. (Hint: position)



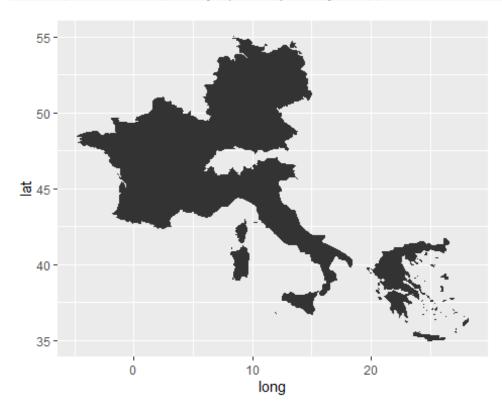
(Optional)We want to show the GDP differences of the three countries in 2018 on the map. First, we need to get the 2018 GDP data out by subsetting the dataset.(Hint: dplyr::filter)

The map data can be obtained from the package "map" using the following code.

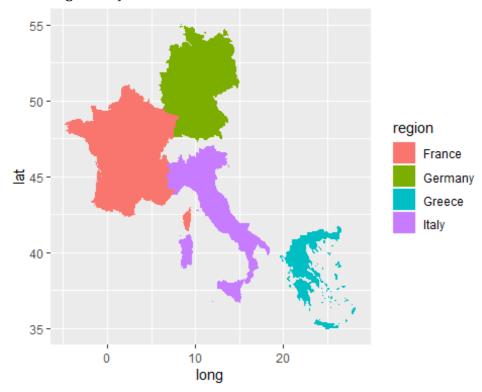
```
library(maps)
eu_map <- map_data("world", region = c("France", "Germany", "Italy", "Gree
ce"))</pre>
```

Now you can plot the map using ggplot2 with geom\_polygon (Each country is a polygon). Try the code below.

```
ggplot(eu_map, aes(x=long, y=lat,group=group)) + geom_polygon()
```

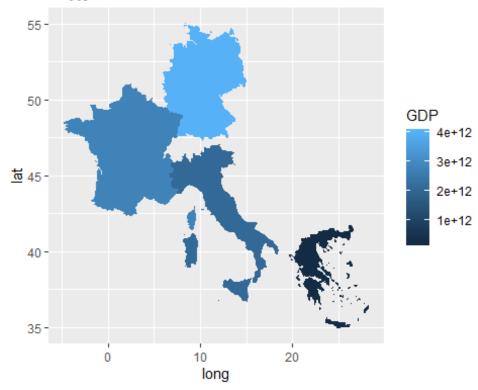


To better present each country, change the colour of each country in map (Hint: use the fill argument).



Now we can try to present the GDP. The first step is to merge the GDP data and map data. (Hint: use dplyr::left\_join).

Then use ggplot to colour the countries based on their GDP values.



Now, add the title, change the color scale with better labeling and save to a file.

