In search for useful extensions of the STLS: problems the method can solve and problems we aim at

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Promoters

Sabine Van Huffel and Bart De Moor

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Problems and publications

- Linear parametric design
 - "Linear parametric design", TR#01-39
 - "H2-optimal linear parametric design", TR#01-40
 - "Multi-model system parameter estimation", TR#02-40, SMC 2002
- Estimation in bilinear EIV model $AXB \approx C$
 - "Consistent estimation in the bilinear multivariate EIV model", TR#01-72, *Metrika* application in computer vision: fundamental matrix estimation
 - "Consistent fundamental matrix estimation in a quadratic measurement error model arising in motion analysis", TR#01-64, CSDA
- Ellipsoid estimation
 - "Consistent estimation in an implicit quadratic measurement error model", TR#02-115
 - "Consistent least squares fitting of ellipsoids", TR#02-116, Numerische Mathematik

About my PhD

topic: errors-in-variables (EIV) estimation problems

includes: system identification, filtering, TLS, STLS

motivation: consider measurement errors on the available data

equation error and measurement error in the linear model Ax = b

Ax = b + e, e equation error, b is noisy, but A is exact $(A + \tilde{A})x = b + \tilde{b}$, \tilde{A} , \tilde{b} measurement noises, all the data $[A \ b]$ is noisy

tools: linear algebra, optimization, systems theory, statistics

collaborations:

A. Kukush (Kiev), A. Premoli (Milano), M-L. Rastello (Torino)

D. Pariando (Univ. Maastricht), D. Director (VUD)

P. Rapisarda (Univ. Maastricht), R. Pintelon (VUB)

current financing: research council scholarship

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Problems and publications (cont.)

- Element-wise weighted total least squares problem
 - "The element-wise weighted total least squares problem", TR#02-48
- Errors-in-variables Kalman filtering
 - "Continuous-time Errors-in-variables Filtering", TR#02–41, CDC 2002
 - "Linear dynamic filtering with noisy input and output", TR#02-191, SYSID 2003
- Structured total least squares
 - "Consistency of the STLS estimator in a multivariate EIV model", TR#02–192
 - "On the computation of the structured total least squares estimator", TR#02-203
- Stability of reduced order models in subspace identification

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Methodologies and algorithms

- adjusted least squares
 inspired by consistency consideration
 results in simple and reliable computational method (just as LS)
 requires Gaussian noise model with known covariance matrix
 noise variance estimation is possible but results in iterative methods
 less efficient than the maximum likelihood method
- maximum likelihood estimation
 nice properties but results in nonconvex optimization problem develop efficient local optimization methods
- subspace methods
 robust and efficient computation
 less efficient than the maximum likelihood method

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Previous work in SISTA on the STLS problem

- B. De Moor, Rimmanian SVD approach
 "Structured total least squares and L₂ approximation problems" gives many applications
- Ph.D. thesis P. Lemmerling
 overview of computational methods
 algorithm for deconvolution, the structure of C is [T U]
 algorithm for speech compression, C is Hankel
- ullet Ph.D. thesis N. Mastronardi efficient (meaning O(m), m sample size) computational algorithms

The structured total least squares problem

$$\min_{\Delta A, \Delta B, X} \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \Delta A & \Delta B \end{bmatrix} \right\|_F^2 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad (A - \Delta A)X = B - \Delta B$$
 and
$$\left[\Delta A & \Delta B \right] \text{ has the same structure as } \begin{bmatrix} A & B \end{bmatrix}$$
 (1)

assume affine structured data matrix $C := \begin{bmatrix} A & B \end{bmatrix}$

$$C = S(p) := S_0 + \sum_{l=1}^{n_p} S_l p_l$$

then (1) becomes the following optimization problem

$$\min_{X,\Delta p} \left\| V^{-1/2} \Delta p \right\|_2^2 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \mathcal{S}(p - \Delta p) \begin{bmatrix} X \\ -I_d \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

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Errors-in-variables system identification

STLS problem with two blocks structured data matrix $C = [T \ T]$ with noise-free input or output, C is $[T \ F]$

for MIMO systems, ${\cal C}$ has block-Toeplitz/Hankel blocks

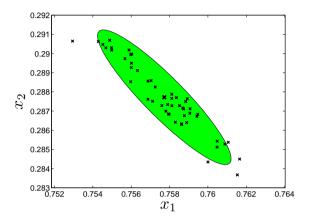
in order to cover these (and other) problems, we consider data matrices

$$C = \mathcal{S}(p) = \left[C_1 \cdots C_q \right]$$

where C_i is Toeplitz (T), Hankel (H), unstructured (U), or noise free (F) efficient computation is still possible using an alternative approach, see TR#02–203

Other extensions

- regularized STLS needed in, e.g., image deblurring
- computation of confidence ellipsoids, useful additional information



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Other extensions and application

the following extensions are more difficult:

- treat known initial conditions of the time-series model
- ullet allow for more general weighting matrix V motivation: different input and output noise variances
- design of optimized algorithms for particular structures

applications:

- improvement of the balanced model reduction/subspace estimate
- image deblurring

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