Disaggregating Memory with Software-Managed Virtual Cache

Yizhou Shan, Yiying Zhang

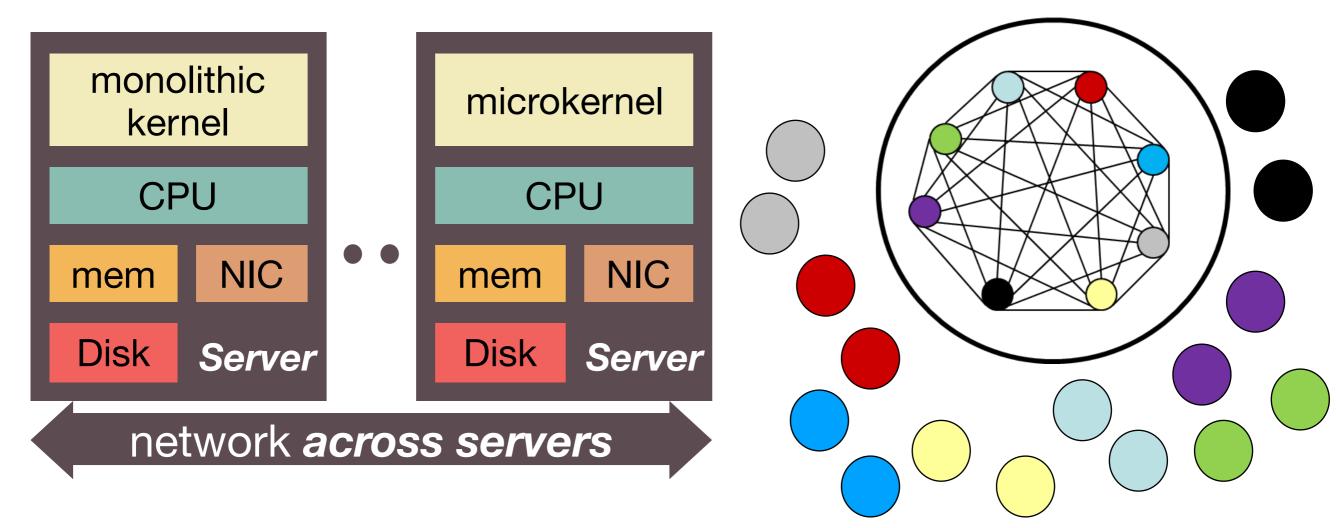




Resource Disaggregation:

Breaking monolithic servers into network-attached, independent hardware components

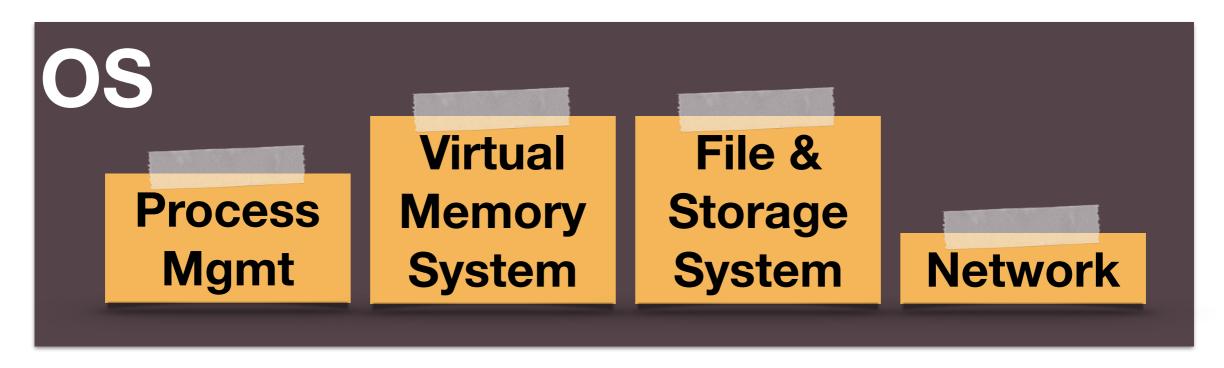
Traditional OSes

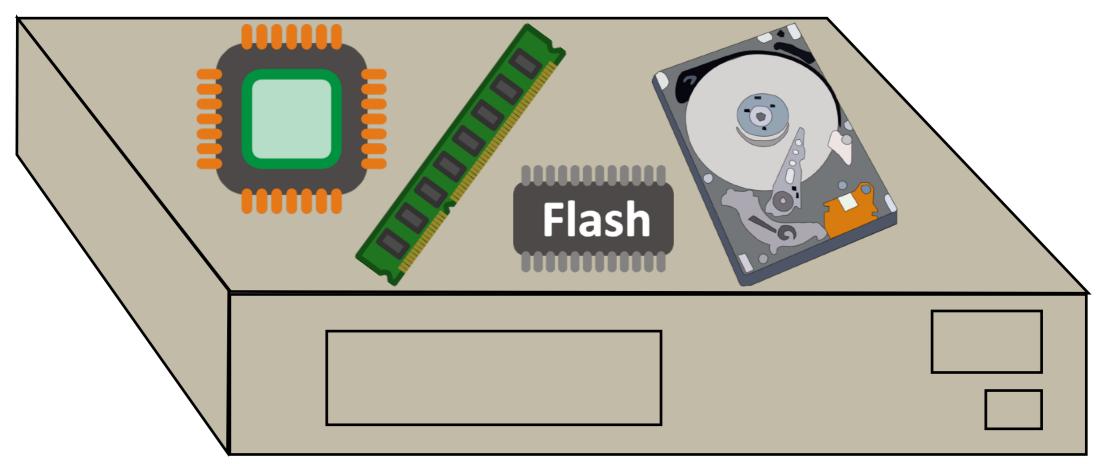


- Manages single node and all hardware resources in it
- Bad for hardware heterogeneity and hotplug
- Does not handle component failure

When hardware is disaggregated, the OS should be also!

Lego: the First Disaggregated OS Processor Storage NVM







Process Mgmt Network

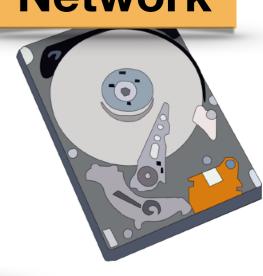
Virtual Memory **System Network**

File & Storage **System Network** File & **Storage**

System

Network

Flash



Key Challenge: Cost of Crossing Network

	Bandwidth	Latency
Mem Bus	50-100 GB/s	~50ns
PCIe 3.0 (x16)	16 GB/s	~700ns
InfiniBand (EDR)	12.5 GB/s	500ns
	12.5 GB/s 25 GB/s	500ns <500ns

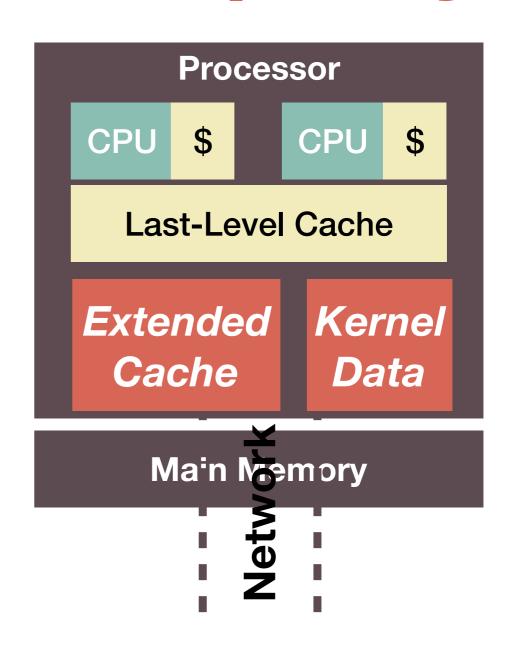
- Network hardware is much faster than before
- Current network still slower than local memory bus

Observations in Memory Access and Hardware Trends

- Total memory footprint can be large,
- but most accesses go to a small portion
 - 90% => 7MB / 9.6GB (pagerank)
 - 95% => 300MB / 9.6GB
- Faster, smaller memory close to CPU
 - HBM, 3D-stacked
- More computation power at memory
 - PIM/PNM

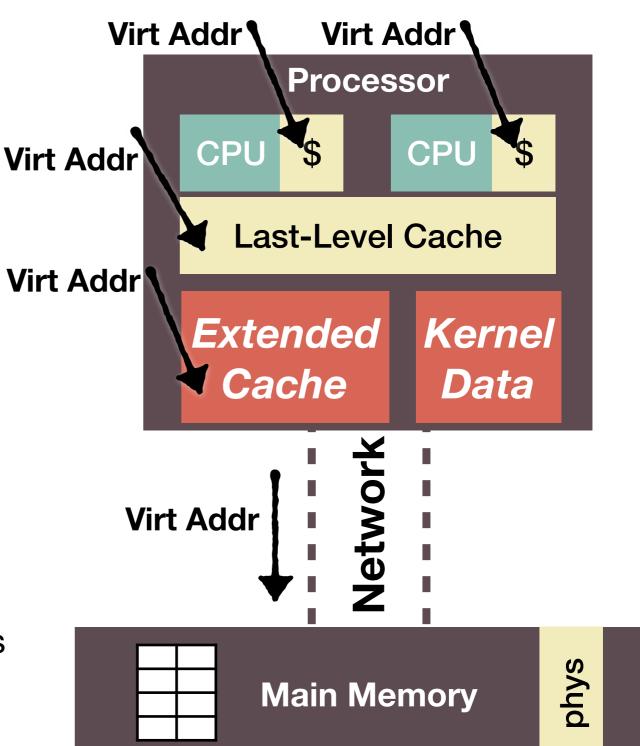
Our Solution: Separate Memory Perf and Capacity

- Bigger memory behind network
- Extended cache at processor
 - HBM or regular DRAM
 - Can be software-managed
- Separate physical mem for kernel



Clean Separation of Processor and Memory Functionalities

- Important for heterogeneity, flexibility, and failure independence
- Memory components manage
 - Virtual and physical memory spaces
 - Virtual to physical memory mapping
- Processors
 - Only see virtual memory addresses
 - Software-managed virtual cache



Other Challenges

- Handling component failure
- Manage distributed, heterogeneous resources
- Fitting micro-OS services in hardware controller
- Implementing Lego on current servers

Implementation and Emulation

- Lego built from scratch, >200K LOC and growing
 - Runs all Linux ABIs and unmodified binaries
 - Manages disaggregated processor, memory, storage
 - Global resource manager
- Hardware emulation
 - Use regular servers to emulate hardware devices
 - DRAM organized as extended cache, managed by page fault handler

Conclusion

- Resource disaggregation calls for new system
- Lego: new OS designed and built for datacenter resource disaggregation
- Separating memory performance and capacity, and processor and memory functionalities
- Many challenges and many potentials

Thank you Questions?



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