# Package 'SynSigRun'

May 5, 2020

```
Type Package
Title Run Mutational Signature Analysis Software Packages Using Mutational Spectra gener-
     ated by SynSigGen.
Version 0.0.1.9010
Author Steven G. Rozen, Yang Wu
Maintainer Steven G. Rozen <steverozen@gmail.com>
Description Create catalogs of synthetic mutational spectra and assess the
     performance of mutational signature analysis programs on these.
License GPL-3
Language en-US
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
Imports lsa,
     data.table,
     ICAMS,
     SynSigGen,
     stats,
     devtools,
     utils,
     rlang,
     graphics,
     grDevices,
     ggplot2,
     ggpubr,
     ggbeeswarm,
     gtools
Depends R (>= 3.5)
RoxygenNote 7.1.0
Suggests testthat,
     knitr.
     rmarkdown,
     DelayedArray,
     BiocManager,
     NMF,
     SparseSignatures,
```

YAPSA,

2 R topics documented:

decomplumor2Sig	,
deconstructSigs,	
hdp,	
maftools,	
MutationalPatterns,	
mutSignatures,	
mSigAct,	
rstan,	
sigfit,	
SignatureEstimation	n
signeR	

# R topics documented:

CopyBestSignatureAnalyzerResult
CreateEMuOutput
CreatehelmsmanOutput
CreateMultiModalMuSigOutput
Diff4SynDataSets
FixSASigNames
helmsmanCatalog2ICAMS
ICAMSCatalog2EMu
ICAMSCatalog2helmsman
ICAMSCatalog2MM
InstalldecompTumor2Sig
InstalldeconstructSigs
InstallmutSignatures
MapSPToSASignatureNamesInExposure
Match1Sig
MatchSigs1Direction
MatchSigs2Directions
MMCatalog2ICAMS
Mutational Signatures
NumFromId
ReadEMuCatalog
ReadEMuExposureFile
ReadExposureMM
ReadhelmsmanExposure
ReadSigProfilerExposure
ReadSigProfilerSig96
RealExposures
RunAndEvalHdp
RundecompTumor2SigAttributeOnly
RundeconstructSigsAttributeOnly
Runhdp
Runhdp2
Runhdp3
RunhdpInternal
RunhdpInternal3
Runmaftools
RunmSigActAttributeOnly
RunMutationalPatterns

	RunMutationalPatternsAttributeOnly	33
	RunmutSignatures	34
	RunmutSignaturesAttributeOnly	35
	RunmutSpec	36
	Runsigfit	37
	RunsigfitAttributeOnly	38
	RunSignatureAnalyzerAttribution	39
	RunSignatureAnalyzerOnFile	40
	RunSignatureEstimationQPAttributeOnly	42
		43
		44
	RunSomaticSignatures	45
	RunSparseSignatures	46
	Runtcsm	47
	RunYAPSAAttributeOnly	48
	SAMultiRunOneCatalog	49
	SignatureAnalyzer4MatchedCatalogs	50
	SignatureAnalyzerOneRun	51
	SignatureAnalyzerPrepHyper1Secondary	52
	SignatureAnalyzerPrepHyper4	53
	SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeSBS1SBS5	54
	SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeTopLevel	54
	SourceSignatureAnalyzerCode	55
	SummarizeMultiRuns	55
	SummarizeMultiToolsMultiDatasets	56
	SummarizeMultiToolsOneDataset	56
	SummarizeOneToolMultiDatasets	58
	SummarizeSigOneAttrSubdir	59
	SummarizeSigOneExtrAttrSubdir	59
	SummarizeSigOnehelmsmanSubdir	60
	~ ·	61
	SummarizeSigOneSigProSSSubdir	62
	SummarizeSigProExtractor	62
	SynSigRun	63
lex		65

 ${\tt CopyBestSignatureAnalyzerResult}$ 

Find the SignatureAnalyzer results directory with the best results and make a copy of it as sa.results.dir/best.run/

# Description

Find the SignatureAnalyzer results directory with the best results and make a copy of it as sa.results.dir/best.run/

# Usage

```
CopyBestSignatureAnalyzerResult(
  sa.results.dir,
  verbose = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

4 CreateEMuOutput

#### **Arguments**

```
sa.results.dir See BestSignatureAnalyzerResult
verbose See BestSignatureAnalyzerResult
overwrite If TRUE overwrite existing "best.run"
```

## Value

The path of the best directory that was copied as a string, with the list directories examined as the attribute run. directories.

CreateEMuOutput

Prepare input file for EMu from a EMu formatted catalog file.

## **Description**

Prepare input file for EMu from a EMu formatted catalog file.

# Usage

```
CreateEMuOutput(
  catalog,
  out.dir = paste0(dirname(catalog), "/ExtrAttr/EMu.results"),
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

catalog a catalog in ICAMS format. It can be a .csv file, or a matrix or data.frame.

Usually, it refers to "ground.truth.syn.catalog.csv".

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exists. Usu-

ally, the out.dir will be a EMu.results folder directly under the folder storing

catalog.

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output

## **Details**

Creates folder named EMu.results containing catalogs in EMu-formatted catalogs: Rows are signatures; the first column is the name of the mutation type, while the remaining columns are samples (tumors). These EMu-formated catalogs will the input when running EMu program later on compiled binary.

#### Value

invisible(catalog), original catalog in EMu format

CreatehelmsmanOutput

CreatehelmsmanOutput Prepare input file for helmsman from a helmsman formatted catalog file.

#### **Description**

Prepare input file for helmsman from a helmsman formatted catalog file.

## Usage

```
CreatehelmsmanOutput(
  catalog,
  out.dir = paste0(dirname(catalog), "/ExtrAttr/helmsman.results"),
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

catalog a catalog in ICAMS format. It can be a .csv file, or a matrix or data.frame.

Usually, it refers to "ground.truth.syn.catalog.csv".

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exists. Usu-

ally, the out.dir will be a helmsman.results folder directly under the folder

storing catalog.

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output

#### **Details**

Creates folder named helmsman.results containing catalogs in helmsman-formatted catalogs: Rows are signatures; the first column is the name of the mutation type, while the remaining columns are samples (tumors). These helmsman-formated catalogs will the input when running helmsman program later on Python platform.

# Value

invisible(catMatrix), original catalog in helmsman format

 ${\tt Create Multi Modal MuSig Output}$ 

Prepare input file for MultiModalMuSig from a MultiModalMuSig formatted catalog file.

## **Description**

Prepare input file for MultiModalMuSig from a MultiModalMuSig formatted catalog file.

6 Diff4SynDataSets

#### Usage

```
CreateMultiModalMuSigOutput(
  catalog,
  out.dir = paste0(dirname(catalog), "/ExtrAttr/MultiModalMuSig.results"),
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

catalog a catalog in ICAMS format. It can be a .csv file, or a matrix or data.frame.

Usually, it refers to "ground.truth.syn.catalog.csv".

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exists. Usu-

ally, the out.dir will be a MultiModalMuSig.results folder directly under

the folder storing catalog.

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output

#### **Details**

Creates folder named MultiModalMuSig.results containing catalogs in MultiModalMuSig-formatted catalogs: Rows are signatures; the first column is the name of the mutation type, while the remaining columns are samples (tumors). These MM-formated catalogs will the input when running Multi-ModalMuSig program later on Julia platform.

#### Value

invisible(catMatrix), original catalog in MultiModalMuSig format

Diff4SynDataSets diff new directory / files against regression data for testing.

## **Description**

diff new directory / files against regression data for testing.

# Usage

```
Diff4SynDataSets(dirname, unlink)
```

# Arguments

dirname the root name of the directories to diff.

unlink if TRUE unlink tmpdirname, but do not unlink if there are diffs.

#### Value

The output of the diff command.

FixSASigNames 7

# Description

For example, change BI\_COMPOSITE\_SNV\_SBS83\_P to BI\_COMPOSITE\_SBS83\_P

#### Usage

```
FixSASigNames(sig.names)
```

## **Arguments**

```
sig.names Vector of signature names
```

#### **Details**

This is necessary because for COMPOSITE signatures we rbind coordinated "SNV", "DNP", and "INDEL" signatures.

## Value

Vector of signatures names with "\_SNV" removed.

helmsmanCatalog2ICAMS Read Catalog files or matrices in helmsman format.

## **Description**

Read Catalog files or matrices in helmsman format.

## Usage

```
helmsmanCatalog2ICAMS(
  cat,
  region = "unknown",
  catalog.type = "counts.signature"
)
```

## **Arguments**

cat Input catalog, can be a tab-delimited text file in helmsman format, or a ma-

trix/data.frame object.

region Catalog region. Can be a specific genomic or exonic region, or "unknown".

Default: "unknown"

catalog.type Is the catalog a signature catalog, or a spectrum catalog? Default: "counts.signature"

# Value

a catalog matrix in ICAMS format.

ICAMSCatalog2EMu

Convert Catalogs from ICAMS format to EMu format

# Description

Convert Catalogs from ICAMS format to EMu format

## Usage

ICAMSCatalog2EMu(catalog)

# **Arguments**

catalog

A catalog matrix in ICAMS format. (SNS only!)

## Value

a matrix without any dimnames, but the values are the transposition of the values in catalog.

ICAMSCatalog2helmsman Convert Catalogs from ICAMS format to helmsman format

# Description

Convert Catalogs from ICAMS format to helmsman format

# Usage

```
ICAMSCatalog2helmsman(catalog, type = "spectra")
```

## **Arguments**

catalog A catalog matrix in ICAMS format. (SNS only!)

type Whether it is a spectra catalog ("spectra") or a signature catalog ("signature").

## Value

a catalog matrix in helmsman format.

ICAMSCatalog2MM 9

 ${\tt ICAMSCatalog2MM}$ 

Convert Catalogs from ICAMS format to MM format

# Description

Convert Catalogs from ICAMS format to MM format

# Usage

ICAMSCatalog2MM(catalog)

# Arguments

catalog

A catalog matrix in ICAMS format. (SNS/DNS/ID)

## Value

a catalog matrix in MultiModalMuSig format.

InstalldecompTumor2Sig

Install decompTumor2Sig from Bioconductor

# Description

Install decompTumor2Sig from Bioconductor

# Usage

InstalldecompTumor2Sig()

InstalldeconstructSigs

Install deconstructSigs from CRAN

# Description

Install deconstructSigs from CRAN

# Usage

InstalldeconstructSigs()

## **Description**

Install mutSignatures from github

#### Usage

```
InstallmutSignatures()
```

MapSPToSASignatureNamesInExposure

With the signatures represented in a matrix of exposures, find the nearest SignatureAnalyzer exposure.

## **Description**

With the signatures represented in a matrix of exposures, find the nearest SignatureAnalyzer exposure.

## Usage

```
MapSPToSASignatureNamesInExposure(
   sp.exposures,
   sa.sig.names.to.consider = colnames(sa.96.sigs)
)
```

## **Arguments**

## **Details**

IMPORTANT: uses the package global variables sa.96.sigs and sp.sigs.

#### Value

A list with

- 1. exp2 Copy of sp.exposures with the rownames(signature names) updated according to the match.
- 2. sp.to.sa.sig.match
- 3. sa.to.sp.sig.match Best matches in the opposite direction

Match1Sig 11

Match1Sig	Find the signature in other.sigs that is nearest (by cosine similarity) to query.sig.

# Description

Find the signature in other sigs that is nearest (by cosine similarity) to query sig.

# Usage

```
Match1Sig(query.sig, other.sigs)
```

## **Arguments**

query.sig A single signature
other.sigs Matrix with each column being one signature

## Value

The maximum similarity between query.sig and any signature in other.sigs

#### See Also

Other signature matching functions: MatchSigs1Direction(), MatchSigs2Directions()

MatchSigs1Direction	Find t	ne closest	match	in	other.sigs	for	each	signature	in
	query.	sigs							

## **Description**

Find the closest match in other.sigs for each signature in query.sigs

# Usage

```
MatchSigs1Direction(query.sigs, other.sigs)
```

## **Arguments**

query.sigs	A signature matrix; signatures for which to find the closest match in other.sigs. The colnames are used as the identifiers of the signatures.
other.sigs	A signature matrix; find the closest matches to a signature in this matrix. The colnames are used as the identifiers of the signatures.

#### Value

A list with one element for each signature in query.sigs. The names of the list elements are the colnames of query.sigs. Each list element is a vector of length 1, and the name of the vector element is the name of the closest matching signature in other.sigs, and the value is the cosine similarity between the given signature in query.sigs and the matching signature in other.sigs.

12 MatchSigs2Directions

#### See Also

Other signature matching functions: Match1Sig(), MatchSigs2Directions()

MatchSigs2Directions Calculate bidirectional closest similarities between two sets of signatures and the average of the similarities.

# **Description**

Calculate bidirectional closest similarities between two sets of signatures and the average of the similarities.

## Usage

MatchSigs2Directions(sigs1, sigs2)

#### Arguments

sigs1	Matrix of signatures; colnames are used as signature identifiers, and the colnames in sigs1 should be distinguishable from those in sigs2.
sigs2	Matrix of signatures; colnames are used as signature identifiers.

#### Value

A list with the elements:

averCosSim: the average of the cosine similarities between each signature in sigs1 and its closest match in sigs2 and the closest match between each signature in sigs2 and its closest match in sigs1.

match1: a data frame with rownames being signature identifiers from sigs1, the signature identifier of the closest match in sigs1 in the 1st column, and the cosine similarity between them in the 2nd column.

match2: a data frame with the rownames being signature identifiers from sigs2, the signature identifier of the closest match in sigs1 in the 1st column, and the cosine similarity between them in the 2nd column.

match1 and match2 might not have the same number of rows.

# See Also

Other signature matching functions: Match1Sig(), MatchSigs1Direction()

MMCatalog2ICAMS 13

MMCatalog2ICAMS	Convert Catalogs (File or Matrix) from MM format to ICAMS format
<u>-</u>	

# Description

Convert Catalogs (File or Matrix) from MM format to ICAMS format

## Usage

```
MMCatalog2ICAMS(cat, region = "unknown", catalog.type = "counts.signature")
```

## **Arguments**

region Input catalog, can be a tab-delimited file or matrix in MultiModalMuSig format.

Catalog region. Can be a specific genomic or exonic region, or "unknown".

Default: "unknown"

catalog.type Is the catalog a signature catalog, or a spectrum catalog? Default: "counts.signature"

#### Value

a catalog matrix in ICAMS format.

Mutational Signatures Reference mutational signature profiles from PCAWG7.

#### **Description**

Reference mutational signature profiles from PCAWG7.

## Usage

```
sa.96.sigs
sa.COMPOSITE.sigs
sa.DBS.sigs
sa.ID.sigs
sp.sigs
```

#### **Format**

Numerical matrix with rows indicating mutation types and columns indicating signatures.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 96 rows and 60 columns.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 1697 rows and 60 columns.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 78 rows and 15 columns.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 83 rows and 29 columns.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 96 rows and 65 columns.

14 NumFromId

#### **Details**

sa.96.sigs provides SignatureAnalyzer mutational signature profiles collapsed from COMPOS-ITE to 96-channel SNS signatures.

sa.COMPOSITE.sigs provides COMPOSITE mutational signature profiles extracted by Signature-Analyzer. sa.COMPOSITE.sigs are an rbind of the contents of https://www.synapse.org/#! Synapse:syn11738311 (SBS 1536), https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738308 (DBS), and https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738309 (ID).

sa.DBS.sigs provides the DBS signatures extracted by SignatureAnalyzer, from <a href="https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738312">https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738312</a>. These are not the DBS signatures that are part of sa.COMPOSITE.sigs; these were extracted from the ID catalogs alone.

sa. ID. sigs provides the ID signatures extracted by Signature Analyzer, from <a href="https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738313">https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738313</a>. These are not the ID signatures that are part of sa. COMPOSITE. sigs; these were extracted from the ID catalogs alone.

sp. sigs provides signatures extracted by SigProfiler.

#### **Source**

```
https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738310
https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738311
https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738308
https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738309
https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738312
https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738313
https://www.synapse.org/#!Synapse:syn11738319
```

NumFromId

Get the numerical parts of signature ids

#### **Description**

Get the numerical parts of signature ids

#### Usage

NumFromId(s)

#### **Arguments**

S

A character vector

#### Value

A vector, each element of which is the integer corresponding to the first string of digits of an element of s

ReadEMuCatalog 15

ReadEMuCatalog

Read Catalog files in EMu format.

#### **Description**

Read Catalog files in EMu format.

## Usage

```
ReadEMuCatalog(
  cat,
  mutTypes,
  sigOrSampleNames,
  region = "unknown",
  catalog.type = "counts.signature"
)
```

# Arguments

cat A tab-delimited catalog text file in EMu format; or a EMu formatted matrix or

data.frame.

mutTypes Types of mutations. They are usually from an ICAMS:::catalog.row.header

object.

sigOrSampleNames

If input file is a counts signature file (catalog.type == "counts.signature"),

signature names should be provided.

If input file is a counts spectra file (catalog.type == "counts"), names of

samples should be provided.

region Catalog region. Can be a specific genomic or exonic region, or "unknown".

Default: "unknown"

catalog.type Is the catalog a signature catalog, or a spectrum catalog? Default: "counts"

# Value

a catalog matrix in ICAMS format.

ReadEMuExposureFile

Read Exposure files in EMu format.

#### **Description**

Read Exposure files in EMu format.

## Usage

```
ReadEMuExposureFile(exposureFile, sigNames, sampleNames)
```

#### **Arguments**

exposureFile Exposure file generated by EMu. Usually, it is called "W\_components.txt".

sigNames Names of signatures. These will be served as the rownames of the exposure

matrix.

sampleNames Names of samples in exposure file.

Return ICAMS/SynSigEval formatted exposure matrix.

ReadExposureMM Read Catalog files in MM format

#### **Description**

Read Catalog files in MM format

## Usage

ReadExposureMM(exposureFile)

#### **Arguments**

exposureFile Input exposure file, can be a tab-delimited text file in MultiModalMuSig format.

#### Value

a exposure matrix in ICAMS format.

ReadhelmsmanExposure Read Exposure files in helmsman format.

## **Description**

Read Exposure files in helmsman format.

#### Usage

ReadhelmsmanExposure(exposure, check.names = TRUE)

## **Arguments**

exposure Exposure file generated by helmsman. Usually, it is called "W\_components.txt".

check.names logical. If TRUE then the names of the variables in the data frame are checked

to ensure that they are syntactically valid variable names. If necessary they are adjusted (by make.names) so that they are, and also to ensure that there are no

duplicates.

Return ICAMS/SynSigEval formatted exposure matrix.

 ${\tt ReadSigProfilerExposure}$ 

Read a file containing exposures attributed by SigProfiler/Python

## **Description**

Read a file containing exposures attributed by SigProfiler/Python

# Usage

```
ReadSigProfilerExposure(file)
```

# **Arguments**

file

The name of the file to read.

## Value

The corresponding signature matrix in standard internal representation.

ReadSigProfilerSig96 Read a file containing SBS96 signatures extracted by SigProfiler/Python

# Description

Read a file containing SBS96 signatures extracted by SigProfiler/Python

# Usage

```
ReadSigProfilerSig96(file)
```

## **Arguments**

file

The name of the file to read.

# Value

The corresponding signature matrix in standard internal representation.

18 RealExposures

2.62	RealExposures	Real exposure (signature attributions) from SignatureAnalyzer and SigProfiler
------	---------------	---

# Description

Real exposure (signature attributions) from Signature Analyzer and SigProfiler

## Usage

```
sa.all.real.exposures
sp.all.real.exposures
sa.no.hyper.real.exposures
sp.no.hyper.real.exposures
```

#### **Format**

Numerical matrix with rows indicating signatures and columns indicating (tumor) samples.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 60 rows and 2780 columns.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 65 rows and 2780 columns.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 35 rows and 2624 columns.

An object of class matrix (inherits from array) with 65 rows and 2624 columns.

#### Note

Prefix sa indicates SignatureAnalyzers, sp indicates SigProfiler; all indicates all samples, no. hyper means that hypermutated tumors as defined for SignatureAnalyzer have been removed.

## Source

```
https://dx.doi.org/10.7303/syn11761237.4
https://dx.doi.org/10.7303/syn11738669.5
https://dx.doi.org/10.7303/syn11761198.4
https://dx.doi.org/10.7303/syn11761237.4
```

RunAndEvalHdp 19

RunAndEvalHdp

Run and evaluate hdp

## **Description**

Run and evaluate hdp

## Usage

```
RunAndEvalHdp(
  input.catalog.file,
  ground.truth.exposure.file,
  ground.truth.sig.file = NULL,
  ground.truth.sig.catalog = NULL,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.guess,
  multi.types = FALSE,
  remove.noise = FALSE,
  test.only = 0,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  num.posterior = 4,
  post.burnin = 4000,
  post.n = 50,
  post.space = 50,
  post.cpiter = 3,
  post.verbosity = 0,
  cos.merge = 0.9,
  min.sample = 1
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
input.catalog.file
File containing a spectra catalog in ICAMS format.

ground.truth.exposure.file
Path to file with ground truth exposures.

ground.truth.sig.file
Path to file with ground truth signatures.

ground.truth.sig.catalog
ICAMS catalog with signatures used to construct the ground truth spectra. Specify only one of ground.truth.sig.file.path or ground.truth.sig.catalog.

out.dir
Directory that will be created for the output; if overwrite is FALSE then abort if out.dir already exits.

CPU.cores
Number of CPUs to use in running hdp_posterior; this is used to parallize running the posterior sampling chains, so there is no point in making this larger
```

than num.posterior.

seedNumber An integer that is used to generate separate random seeds for each call to dp\_activate, and each call of hdp\_posterior; please see the code on how this is done. But repeated calls with same value of seedNumber and other inputs should produce the same results. K.guess Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to dp\_activate as initcc. multi.types A logical scalar or a character vector. If FALSE, hdp will regard all input spectra as one tumor type. If TRUE, hdp will infer tumor types based on the string before "::" in their names. e.g. tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA" If multi.types is a character vector, then it should be of the same length as the number of columns in input.catalog, and each value is the name of the tumor type of the corresponding column in input.catalog, e.g. c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA", "SA.Syn.O remove.noise Deprecated; ignored If > 0, only analyze the first test.only columns in input.catalog.file. test.only If TRUE then message progress information. verbose Number of posterior sampling chains; can set to 1 for testing. num.posterior post.burnin Pass to hdp\_posterior burnin. Pass to hdp\_posterior n. post.n post.space Pass to hdp\_posterior space. post.cpiter Pass to hdp\_posterior cpiter. post.verbosity Pass to hdp\_posterior verbosity. The cosine similarity threshhold for merging raw clusters from the posterior cos.merge sampling chains into "components" i.e. signatures; passed to hdp\_extract\_components. A "component" (i.e. signature) must have at least this many samples; passed to min.sample hdp\_extract\_components.

RundecompTumor2SigAttributeOnly

Run decompTumor2Sig attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

#### **Description**

Run decompTumor2Sig attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

## Usage

```
RundecompTumor2SigAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.
gt.sigs.file	File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run deconstructSigs. Setting seed can make the attribution of deconstructSigs repeatable. Default: 1.
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. Default: $\ensuremath{FALSE}$
overwrite	If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

#### **Details**

Creates several files in paste@(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

## Value

The inferred exposure of deconstructSigs, invisibly.

RundeconstructSigsAttributeOnly

Run deconstructSigs attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

## Description

Run deconstructSigs attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

## Usage

```
RundeconstructSigsAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

input.catalog File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.

gt.sigs.file File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.

22 Runhdp

out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run deconstructSigs. Setting seed can make the attribution of deconstructSigs repeatable. Default: 1.
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first $10\ columns\ read$ in from input.catalog. Default: FALSE
overwrite	If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

Creates several files in paste@(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

#### Value

The inferred exposure of deconstructSigs, invisibly.

Runhdp

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

# Description

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

# Usage

```
Runhdp(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.guess,
  multi.types = FALSE,
  remove.noise = FALSE,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

# Arguments

input.catalog	File containing a spectra catalog in ICAMS format.
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
CPU.cores	Number of CPUs to use in running hdp_posterior.
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run hdp. Setting seed can make the attribution of hdp repeatable. Default: 1.
K.guess	Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to dp_activate as initcc.

Runhdp2 23

A logical scalar or a character vector. If FALSE, hdp will regard all input spectra multi.types as one tumor type, and will allocate them to one single dirichlet process node. If TRUE, hdp will infer tumor types based on the string before "::" in their names. e.g. Tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA" If it is a character vector, it should be a vector of case-sensitive tumor types. e.g. c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA", "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA", "SA.Syn.Kidney-RCC"). Whether to remove noise signature "hdp.0"? In normal cases scenarios, only remove.noise few mutations will be assigned to noise signature. For result visualization and assessment of hdp package, select TRUE; for diagnostic purposes, select FALSE. If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns in input.catalog. test.only

If TRUE, overwrite existing output. overwrite

verbose If TRUE then message progress information.

#### **Details**

```
Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files
TODO(Wuyang)
```

#### Value

The attributed exposure of hdp, invisibly.

Runhdp2

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

# **Description**

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## Usage

```
Runhdp2(
  input.catalog.file,
 out.dir,
 CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
 K.guess,
 multi.types = FALSE,
 remove.noise = FALSE,
  test.only = 0,
 overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  num.posterior = 4,
  post.burnin = 4000,
 post.n = 50,
 post.space = 50,
  post.cpiter = 3,
```

24 Runhdp2

```
post.verbosity = 0,
cos.merge = 0.9,
min.sample = 1
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog.file

File containing a spectra catalog in ICAMS format.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

CPU.cores Number of CPUs to use in running hdp\_posterior; this is used to parallize

running the posterior sampling chains, so there is no point in making this larger

than num.posterior.

seedNumber Specify the random seed for repeatable results.

K.guess Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to dp\_activate as

initcc.

multi.types A logical scalar or a character vector. If FALSE, hdp will regard all input spectra

as one tumor type.

If TRUE, hdp will infer tumor types based on the string before "::" in their names. e.g. tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-

AdenoCA"

If multi.types is a character vector it should be of the same length as the number of columns in input.catalog, and each value is the name of the tumor type

of the corresponding column in input.catalog, e.g. c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA", "SA.Syn.Ovary

remove.noise Deprecated; ignored

For result visualization and assessment of hdp package, select TRUE; for diag-

nostic purposes, select FALSE.

test.only If > 0, only analyze the first test.only columns in input.catalog.file.

verbose If TRUE then message progress information.

num.posterior Number of posterior sampling chains; can set to 1 for testing.

post.burnin Pass to hdp\_posterior burnin.
post.n Pass to hdp\_posterior n.

post.n Pass to hdp\_posterior n.

post.space Pass to hdp\_posterior space.

post.cpiter Pass to hdp\_posterior cpiter.

post.verbosity Pass to hdp\_posterior verbosity.

cos.merge The cosine similarity threshhold for merging raw clusters from the posterior

sampling chains into "components" i.e. signatures; passed to hdp\_extract\_components.

min.sample A "component" (i.e. signature) must have at least this many samples; passed to

hdp\_extract\_components.

#### **Details**

Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files

## Value

The same list as returned by RunhdpInternal.

Runhdp3 25

Runhdp3

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## **Description**

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## Usage

```
Runhdp3(
  input.catalog.file,
  out.dir,
 CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
 K.guess,
 multi.types = FALSE,
  remove.noise = FALSE,
  test.only = 0,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
 num.posterior = 4,
 post.burnin = 4000,
  post.n = 50,
 post.space = 50,
 post.cpiter = 3,
 post.verbosity = 0,
 cos.merge = 0.9,
 min.sample = 1
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog.file

File containing a spectra catalog in ICAMS format.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; if overwrite is FALSE then abort

if out.dir already exits.

CPU.cores Number of CPUs to use in running hdp\_posterior; this is used to parallize

running the posterior sampling chains, so there is no point in making this larger

than num.posterior.

seedNumber An integer that is used to generate separate random seeds for each call to dp\_activate,

and each call of hdp\_posterior; please see the code on how this is done. But repeated calls with same value of seedNumber and other inputs should produce

the same results.

K.guess Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to dp\_activate as

initcc.

multi.types A logical scalar or a character vector. If FALSE, hdp will regard all input spectra

as one tumor type.

If TRUE, hdp will infer tumor types based on the string before "::" in their names. e.g. tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-

AdenoCA"

26 RunhdpInternal

If multi. types is a character vector, then it should be of the same length as the number of columns in input.catalog, and each value is the name of the tumor type of the corresponding column in input.catalog, e.g. c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA", "SA.Syn.O Deprecated; ignored If > 0, only analyze the first test.only columns in input.catalog.file. If TRUE then message progress information. num.posterior Number of posterior sampling chains; can set to 1 for testing. Pass to hdp\_posterior burnin. Pass to hdp\_posterior n. Pass to hdp\_posterior space. Pass to hdp\_posterior cpiter.

Pass to hdp\_posterior verbosity. post.verbosity cos.merge The cosine similarity threshhold for merging raw clusters from the posterior

sampling chains into "components" i.e. signatures; passed to hdp\_extract\_components.

A "component" (i.e. signature) must have at least this many samples; passed to min.sample

hdp\_extract\_components.

#### **Details**

Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files

#### Value

The same list as returned by RunhdpInternal.

RunhdpInternal

remove.noise

test.only verbose

post.burnin

post.cpiter

post.n post.space

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

#### **Description**

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## Usage

```
RunhdpInternal(
  input.catalog,
  CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
 K.guess,
 multi.types = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
 num.posterior = 4,
 post.burnin = 4000,
 post.n = 50,
 post.space = 50,
  post.cpiter = 3,
 post.verbosity = 0,
  cos.merge = 0.9,
 min.sample = 1
)
```

RunhdpInternal 27

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog A catalog of spectra catalog in ICAMS format.

CPU. cores Number of CPUs to use in running hdp\_posterior; this is used to parallize

running the posterior sampling chains, so there is no point in making this larger

than num.posterior.

seedNumber Specify the random seed for repeatable results.

K.guess Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to dp\_activate as

initcc.

multi.types A logical scalar or a character vector. If FALSE, hdp will regard all input spectra

as one tumor type.

If TRUE, hdp will infer tumor types based on the string before "::" in their names. e.g. tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-

AdenoCA"

If multi.types is a character vector it should be of the same length as the number of columns in input.catalog, and each value is the name of the tumor type

of the corresponding column in input.catalog, e.g. c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA", "SA.Syn.Ovary

verbose If TRUE then message progress information.

num.posterior Number of posterior sampling chains; can set to 1 for testing.

post.burnin Pass to hdp\_posterior burnin.

post.n Pass to hdp\_posterior n.

post.space Pass to hdp\_posterior space.

post.cpiter Pass to hdp\_posterior cpiter.

post.verbosity Pass to hdp\_posterior verbosity.

cos.merge The cosine similarity threshhold for merging raw clusters from the posterior

sampling chains into "components" i.e. signatures; passed to  $hdp\_extract\_components$ .

min.sample A "component" (i.e. signature) must have at least this many samples; passed to

hdp\_extract\_components.

#### Value

A list with the following elements:

**signature** The extracted signature profiles as a matrix; rows are mutation types, columns are samples (e.g. tumors).

**exposure** The inferred exposures as a matrix of mutation counts; rows are signatures, columns are samples (e.g. tumors).

**exposure.p** exposure converted to proportions.

multi.chains A hdpSampleMulti-class object.

28 RunhdpInternal3

RunhdpInternal3

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

#### **Description**

Run hdp extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

#### Usage

```
RunhdpInternal3(
  input.catalog,
 CPU.cores = 1,
  seedNumber = 1,
 K.guess,
 multi.types = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
 num.posterior = 4,
  post.burnin = 4000,
  post.n = 50,
 post.space = 50,
  post.cpiter = 3,
 post.verbosity = 0,
  cos.merge = 0.9,
 min.sample = 1
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog A catalog of spectra catalog in ICAMS format.

CPU. cores Number of CPUs to use in running hdp\_posterior; this is used to parallize

running the posterior sampling chains, so there is no point in making this larger

than num.posterior.

seedNumber An integer that is used to generate separate random seeds for each call to dp\_activate,

and each call of hdp\_posterior; please see the code on how this is done. But repeated calls with same value of seedNumber and other inputs should produce

the same results.

K.guess Suggested initial value of the number of signatures, passed to dp\_activate as

initcc.

multi.types A logical scalar or a character vector. If FALSE, hdp will regard all input spectra

as one tumor type.

If TRUE, hdp will infer tumor types based on the string before "::" in their names. e.g. tumor type for "SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA::S.500" would be "SA.Syn.Ovary-

AdenoCA"

If multi.types is a character vector, then it should be of the same length as the number of columns in input.catalog, and each value is the name of the tumor

type of the corresponding column in input.catalog, e.g. c("SA.Syn.Ovary-AdenoCA", "SA.Syn.O

verbose If TRUE then message progress information.

num.posterior Number of posterior sampling chains; can set to 1 for testing.

post.burnin Pass to hdp\_posterior burnin.

Runmaftools 29

```
post.n Pass to hdp_posterior n.

post.space Pass to hdp_posterior space.

post.cpiter Pass to hdp_posterior cpiter.

post.verbosity Pass to hdp_posterior verbosity.

cos.merge The cosine similarity threshhold for merging raw clusters from the posterior sampling chains into "components" i.e. signatures; passed to hdp_extract_components.

min.sample A "component" (i.e. signature) must have at least this many samples; passed to hdp_extract_components.
```

## Value

A list with the following elements:

**signature** The extracted signature profiles as a matrix; rows are mutation types, columns are samples (e.g. tumors).

**exposure** The inferred exposures as a matrix of mutation counts; rows are signatures, columns are samples (e.g. tumors).

**exposure.p** exposure converted to proportions.

multi.chains A hdpSampleMulti-class object. This object has the method chains which returns a list of hdpSampleChain-class objects. Each of these sample chains objects has a method final\_hdpState (actually the methods seems to be just hdp) that returns the hdpState from which it was generated.

Runmaftools

Run maftools extraction ONLY on a spectra catalog file

# **Description**

WARNING: maftools can only do signature extraction!

## Usage

```
Runmaftools(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = NULL,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are

mutation types.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

CPU.cores Number of CPUs to use in running maftools. For a server, 30 cores would

be a good choice; while for a PC, you may only choose 2-4 cores. By default

(CPU.cores = NULL), the CPU.cores would be equal to (parallel::detectCores())/2,

total number of CPUs divided by 2.

seedNumber Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run maftools. Setting seed can

make the attribution of maftools repeatable. Default: 1.

K.exact, K.range

K.exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K.exact if you know exactly how many signatures are active in the

input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K.range is A numeric vector (K.min, K.max) of length 2 which tell maftools to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K.range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the input.catalog.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K. exact or K. range!

Default: NULL

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. De-

fault: FALSE

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

#### **Details**

Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files

TODO(Wuyang)

#### Value

The extracted signatures of maftools, invisibly.

RunmSigActAttributeOnly

Run mSigAct attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signa-

tures.

## **Description**

Run mSigAct attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

RunMutationalPatterns 31

#### Usage

```
RunmSigActAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = NULL,
  seedNumber = 1,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.
gt.sigs.file	File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
CPU.cores	Number of CPUs to use in running sigfit. For a server, 30 cores would be a good choice; while for a PC, you may only choose 2-4 cores. By default (CPU.cores = NULL), the CPU.cores would be equal to (parallel::detectCores())/2, total number of CPUs divided by 2.
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run mSigAct. Setting seed can make the attribution of mSigAct repeatable. Default: 1.
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. Default: FALSE $$
overwrite	If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

Creates several files in paste@(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

## Value

The inferred exposure of mSigAct, invisibly.

RunMutationalPatterns  $\ Run\ MutationalPatterns\ extraction\ and\ attribution\ on\ a\ spectra\ catalog\ file$ 

# Description

WARNING: MutationalPatterns can only do exposure attribution using SBS96 spectra catalog and signature catalog!

32 RunMutationalPatterns

#### Usage

```
RunMutationalPatterns(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = NULL,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are

mutation types.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

CPU. cores Number of CPUs to use in running MutationalPatterns. For a server, 30 cores

would be a good choice; while for a PC, you may only choose 2-4 cores. By de-

fault (CPU.cores = NULL), the CPU.cores would be equal to (parallel::detectCores())/2,

total number of CPUs divided by 2.

seedNumber Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run MutationalPatterns. Setting

seed can make the attribution of MutationalPatterns repeatable. Default: 1.

K.exact, K.range

K.exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K.exact if you know exactly how many signatures are active in the input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K.range is A numeric vector (K.min,K.max) of length 2 which tell MutationalPatterns to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K.range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the input.catalog.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K. exact or K. range!

Default: NULL

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. De-

fault: FALSE

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

```
Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files TODO(Wuyang)
```

#### Value

The inferred exposure of MutationalPatterns, invisibly.

 ${\tt RunMutationalPatternsAttributeOnly}$ 

Run MutationalPatterns attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Description

Run MutationalPatterns attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Usage

```
RunMutationalPatternsAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.
gt.sigs.file	File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run MutationalPatterns. Setting seed can make the attribution of MutationalPatterns repeatable. Default: 1.
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. Default: FALSE $$
overwrite	If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

# **Details**

Creates several files in paste@(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

# Value

The inferred exposure of MutationalPatterns, invisibly.

34 RunmutSignatures

RunmutSignatures

Run mutSignatures extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

#### **Description**

Run mutSignatures extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

#### Usage

```
RunmutSignatures(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  algorithm = "alexa",
  CPU.cores = NULL,
  iterations = 1000,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are

mutation types.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir, "/tmp").

algorithm NMF implementation used to to extract signatures and attribute exposures. Only

"alexa", "brunet" or "lin" is valid.

"alexa" or "brunet": Jean-Philippe Brunet's implementation. This is the most

widely used NMF implementation for signature extraction. DOI: 10.1073/pnas.0308531101

"lin": Chih-Jen Lin's implementation. DOI:10.1109/TNN.2007.895831

Default: "alexa".

CPU. cores Number of CPUs to use in running sigfit. For a server, 30 cores would be a good

choice; while for a PC, you may only choose 2-4 cores. By default (CPU.cores = NULL), the CPU.cores would be equal to (parallel::detectCores())/2,

total number of CPUs divided by 2.

iterations Number of iterations in signature extraction. Default: 1000.

seedNumber Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run sigfit. Setting seed can

make the attribution of sigfit repeatable. Default: 1.

K.exact, K.range

K.exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K.exact if you know exactly how many signatures are active in the input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K.range is A numeric vector (K.min, K.max) of length 2 which tell sigfit to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K.range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the input.catalog. K.max - K.min >= 3, otherwise an error will be thrown.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K. exact or K. range!

Default: NULL

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. De-

fault: FALSE

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

```
Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files TODO(Wuyang)
```

## Value

The inferred exposure of mutSignatures, invisibly.

RunmutSignaturesAttributeOnly

Run mutSignatures attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

## **Description**

Run mutSignatures attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Usage

```
RunmutSignaturesAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.
gt.sigs.file	File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run mutSignatures. Setting seed can make the attribution of mutSignatures repeatable. Default: 1.
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. Default: $\ensuremath{FALSE}$
overwrite	If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

36 RunmutSpec

#### **Details**

Creates several files in paste0(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

#### Value

The inferred exposure of mutSignatures, invisibly.

RunmutSpec

Run mutSpec extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

#### **Description**

NOTE: mutSpec can only do exposure attribution using SBS96 spectra catalog and signature catalog!

## Usage

```
RunmutSpec(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = NULL,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

input.catalog File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are

mutation types.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

CPU.cores Number of CPUs to use in running mutSpec. For a server, 30 cores would

be a good choice; while for a PC, you may only choose 2-4 cores. By default

 $(CPU.cores = NULL), the \ CPU.cores \ would \ be \ equal \ to \ (parallel::detectCores())/2,$ 

total number of CPUs divided by 2.

seedNumber Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run mutSpec. Setting seed can

make the attribution of mutSpec repeatable. Default: 1.

K.exact, K.range

K.exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K.exact if you know exactly how many signatures are active in the input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K.range is A numeric vector (K.min, K.max) of length 2 which tell mutSpec to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K.range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the input.catalog.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K. exact or K. range!

Default: NULL

Runsigfit 37

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. De-

fault: FALSE

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

```
Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files TODO(Wuyang)
```

## Value

The inferred exposure of mutSpec, invisibly.

Runsigfit

Run sigfit extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## **Description**

WARNING: sigfit can only do exposure attribution using SBS96 spectra catalog and signature catalog!

# Usage

```
Runsigfit(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  model = "nmf",
  CPU.cores = NULL,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.	
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste@(out.dir,"/tmp").	
mode1	Algorithm to be used to extract signatures and attribute exposures. Only "nmf" or "emu" is valid. Default: "nmf".	
CPU.cores	Number of CPUs to use in running sigfit. For a server, 30 cores would be a good choice; while for a PC, you may only choose 2-4 cores. By default (CPU.cores = NULL), the CPU.cores would be equal to (parallel::detectCores())/2, total number of CPUs divided by 2.	
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run sigfit. Setting seed can	

make the attribution of sigfit repeatable. Default: 1.

K.exact, K.range

K.exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K.exact if you know exactly how many signatures are active in the input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K. range is A numeric vector (K.min, K.max) of length 2 which tell sigfit to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K. range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the input.catalog.

 $K.max - K.min \ge 3$ , otherwise an error will be thrown.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K. exact or K. range!

Default: NULL

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. De-

fault: FALSE

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

```
Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files TODO(Wuyang)
```

## Value

The inferred exposure of sigfit, invisibly.

RunsigfitAttributeOnly

Run sigfit attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

## **Description**

Run sigfit attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Usage

```
RunsigfitAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  model = "nmf",
  seedNumber = 1,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
```

## Arguments

input.catalog File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.

gt.sigs.file File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.

out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
model	Algorithm to be used to extract signatures and attribute exposures. Only "nmf" or "emu" is valid. Default: "nmf".
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run sigfit. Setting seed can make the attribution of sigfit repeatable. Default: 1.
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. Default: $\ensuremath{FALSE}$
overwrite	If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

Creates several files in paste@(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

#### Value

The inferred exposure of sigfit, invisibly.

 $Run Signature \verb|Analyzer| Attribution$ 

Run SignatureAnalyzer attribution on a catalog file and output by RunSignatureAnalyzerOnFile().

## **Description**

Normally, please call SignatureAnalyzerOneRun instead of this function.

# Usage

```
RunSignatureAnalyzerAttribution(
  input.catalog,
  read.catalog.function,
  extracted.signature.file,
  raw.exposures.file,
  write.signature.function,
  out.dir,
  test.only = FALSE,
  input.exposures = NULL,
  delete.tmp.files = TRUE,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

input.catalog File containing input catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are signatures. SignatureAnalyzer does not care about the row names (I think) TODO(Steve): check this.

read.catalog.function

Function taking a file path as its only argument and returning a catalog as a numeric matrix.

extracted.signature.file

A .csv file containing extracted signatures. Normally, this file is named "sa.output.sigs.csv" and is generated by function RunSignatureAnalyzerOnFile(). It expects to have the same format as the input.catalog, thus it will be read by read.catalog.function too.

raw.exposures.file

A .csv file containing raw attributions of exposures. Normally, this file is named "sa.output.raw.exp.csv" and is generated by function RunSignatureAnalyzerOnFile().

write.signature.function

Function with first argument the signatures generated by SignatureAnalyzer and second argument the file to write to.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog.

input.exposures

A file with the synthetic exposures used to generate input.catalog; if provided here, this is copied over to the output directory for downstream analysis.

delete.tmp.files

If TRUE delete the many temporary files generated by SignatureAnalyzer.

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output.

verbose If TRUE cat a message regarding progress.

## **Details**

Save the final attribution of a catalog matrix into a file named "sa.output.fine.exp.csv" under the folder out.dir.

#### Value

The final attribution matrix. (i.e. exp.fine.tuned)

RunSignatureAnalyzerOnFile

Run SignatureAnalyzer on a file containing a catalog AFTER the SignatureAnalyzer code has been source'ed.

## **Description**

Normally, please call SignatureAnalyzerOneRun instead of this function.

#### Usage

```
RunSignatureAnalyzerOnFile(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  input.exposures = NULL,
  maxK = 30,
  tol = 1e-07,
  test.only = FALSE,
  delete.tmp.files = TRUE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

input.catalog File containing input catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are signa-

tures. SignatureAnalyzer does not care about the row names (I think) TODO(Steve):

check this.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

input.exposures

 $A file with the synthetic exposures used to generate \verb"input.catalog"; if provided" and the synthetic exposures used to generate \verb"input.catalog"; if provided to generate t$ 

here, this is copied over to the output directory for downstream analysis.

maxK The maximum number of signatures to consider extracting.

tol Controls when SignatureAnalyzer will terminate its search; tol was 1.e-05 for

the PCAWG7 analysis.

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog.

delete.tmp.files

If TRUE delete the many temporary files generated by SignatureAnalyzer.

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output

#### **Details**

Creates several files in out.dir:

- 1. sa.output.sigs.csv Normalized signatures (no all-0 signatures, column sums all 0)
- 2. sa.output.raw.exp.csv Raw exposures (attributions)
- 3. sa.output.exp.csv Same as sa.output.raw.exp.csv
- 4. sa.output.other.data.csv, contains a summary of important information, including the number of signatures extracted.
- 5. input.syn.exp.csv Optional, a copy of input.exposures, if it was provided.

#### Value

A list with the following elements:

- 1. signatures. W The raw signature matrix, \*including\* columns of all zeros.
- 2. exposures.H The raw exposure matrix, \*excluding\* rows of all zeros. The matrix product of the non-zero columns of signatures.w and exposures.H approximates the input spectrum matrix
- 3. likelihood The likelihood as returned by SignatureAnalyzer.

- 4. evidence -1 \* the posterior probability as returned by SignatureAnalyzer.
- 5. relevance One for each column of the signatures. W, as returned by Signature Analyzer.
- 6. error A measure of reconstruction error (?) as returned by SignatureAnalyzer
- 7. normalized.sigs The non-0 columns of signatures. W normalized so that each column sum is 1.

Run Signature Estimation QPAttribute Only

Run SignatureEstimation Quadratic Programming (QP) attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

## **Description**

Run SignatureEstimation Quadratic Programming (QP) attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Usage

```
RunSignatureEstimationQPAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.
gt.sigs.file	File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run SignatureEstimation. Setting seed can make the attribution of SignatureEstimation repeatable. Default: 1.
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. Default: FALSE
overwrite	If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

# Details

Creates several files in paste0(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

#### Value

The inferred exposure of SignatureEstimation, invisibly.

Run Signature Estimation SAAttribute Only

Run SignatureEstimation Simulated Annealing (SA) attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Description

Run SignatureEstimation Simulated Annealing (SA) attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Usage

```
RunSignatureEstimationSAAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.
gt.sigs.file	File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run SignatureEstimation. Setting seed can make the attribution of SignatureEstimation repeatable. Default: 1.
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. Default: FALSE $$
overwrite	If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

# **Details**

Creates several files in paste@(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

## Value

The inferred exposure of SignatureEstimation, invisibly.

44 RunsigneR

RunsigneR

Run signeR extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## **Description**

Run signeR extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## Usage

```
RunsigneR(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are input.catalog

mutation types.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run signeR. Setting seed can seedNumber

make the attribution of signeR repeatable. Default: 1.

K.exact, K.range

K. exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K. exact if you know exactly how many signatures are active in the

input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K.range is A numeric vector (K.min, K.max) of length 2 which tell signeR to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K. range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the input.catalog.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K. exact or K. range!

Default: NULL

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. De-

fault: FALSE

If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE overwrite

## **Details**

Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files TODO(Wuyang)

#### Value

The inferred exposure of signeR, invisibly.

 $Run Somatic Signatures \ \ \textit{Run Somatic Signatures extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog} \\ \ \ \textit{file}$ 

## **Description**

Run SomaticSignatures extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## Usage

```
RunSomaticSignatures(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

input.catalog File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are

mutation types.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

seedNumber Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run SomaticSignatures. Setting

seed can make the attribution of SomaticSignatures repeatable. Default: 1.

K.exact, K.range

K. exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K. exact if you know exactly how many signatures are active in the input setal of which is the TCAMS formatted greater file.

input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K.range is A numeric vector (K.min, K.max) of length 2 which tell SomaticSig-

natures to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K. range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the

input.catalog.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K. exact or K. range!

Default: NULL

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. De-

fault: FALSE

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

```
Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files TODO(Wuyang)
```

#### Value

The attributed exposure of SomaticSignatures, invisibly.

46 RunSparseSignatures

**Description** 

Run SparseSignatures extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

## Usage

```
RunSparseSignatures(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

input.catalog File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are

mutation types.

out.dir Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files

will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

seedNumber Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run SparseSignatures. Setting

seed can make the attribution of SparseSignatures repeatable. Default: 1.

K.exact, K.range

K.exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K.exact if you know exactly how many signatures are active in the input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K.range is A numeric vector (K.min,K.max) of length 2 which tell SparseSignatures to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K.range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the

input.catalog.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K. exact or K. range!

Default: NULL

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. De-

fault: FALSE

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

## **Details**

```
Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files TODO(Wuyang)
```

#### Value

The inferred exposure of SparseSignatures, invisibly.

Runtesm 47

Runtcsm	Run tcsm extraction and attribution on a spectra catalog file

# Description

WARNING: tcsm can only do exposure attribution using SBS96 spectra catalog and signature catalog!

## Usage

```
Runtcsm(
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  CPU.cores = NULL,
  seedNumber = 1,
  K.exact = NULL,
  K.range = NULL,
  covariates = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  feature.file = NULL,
  sigma.output.file = NULL,
  gamma.output.file = NULL)
)
```

## Arguments

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.	
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").	
CPU.cores	Number of CPUs to use in running tcsm. For a server, 30 cores would be a good choice; while for a PC, you may only choose 2-4 cores. By default (CPU.cores = NULL), the CPU.cores would be equal to (parallel::detectCores())/2, total number of CPUs divided by 2.	
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run tcsm. Setting seed can make the attribution of tcsm repeatable.	
V avant V manne		

K.exact, K.range

K.exact is the exact value for the number of signatures active in spectra (K). Specify K.exact if you know exact how many signatures are active in the input.catalog, which is the ICAMS-formatted spectra file.

K.range is A numeric vector (K.min,K.max) of length 2 which tell tesm to search the best signature number active in spectra, K, in this range of Ks. Specify K.range if you don't know how many signatures are active in the input.catalog.

 $K.max - K.min \ge 3$ , otherwise an error will be thrown.

WARNING: You must specify only one of K or K. range!

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog.

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output.

model Algorithm to be used to extract signatures and attribute exposures. Only "nmf" or "emu" is valid. Default: "nmf".

## **Details**

```
Creates several files in out.dir. These are: TODO(Steve): list the files TODO(Wuyang)
```

## Value

The inferred exposure of tcsm, invisibly.

RunYAPSAAttributeOnly Run YAPSA attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Description

Run YAPSA attribution on a spectra catalog file and known signatures.

# Usage

```
RunYAPSAAttributeOnly(
  input.catalog,
  gt.sigs.file,
  out.dir,
  seedNumber = 1,
  signature.cutoff = NULL,
  test.only = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

 ${\tt overwrite}$ 

input.catalog	File containing input spectra catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are mutation types.	
gt.sigs.file	File containing input mutational signatures. Columns are signatures, rows are mutation types.	
out.dir	Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in $paste0(out.dir,"/tmp")$ .	
seedNumber	Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run YAPSA. Setting seed can make the attribution of YAPSA repeatable. Default: 1.	
signature.cutoff		
	A numeric vector of values less than 1. Signatures from within W with an overall exposure less than the respective value in in_cutoff_vector will be discarded. Default: vector length of number of sigs with all zeros	
test.only	If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog. Default: $\ensuremath{FALSE}$	

If TRUE, overwrite existing output. Default: FALSE

#### **Details**

Creates several files in paste@(out.dir, "/sa.output.rdata"). These are TODO(Steve): list the files

## Value

The inferred exposure of YAPSA, invisibly.

SAMultiRunOneCatalog Run SignatureAnalyzer many times on one catalog and put results in specified location.

## **Description**

Run SignatureAnalyzer many times on one catalog and put results in specified location.

## Usage

```
SAMultiRunOneCatalog(
  num.runs,
  signatureanalyzer.code.dir,
  input.catalog,
  out.dir,
  maxK = 30,
  tol = 1e-07,
  test.only = FALSE,
  delete.tmp.files = TRUE,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  mc.cores = 1,
  verbose = FALSE,
  seed = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

num.runs The number of times run SignatureAnalyzer on each catalog (matrix of muta-

tional spectra).

signatureanalyzer.code.dir

The directory holding the SignatureAnalyzer code.

input.catalog The catalog to analyze.

out.dir Root of directory tree that will contain the results.

maxK The maximum number of signatures to consider extracting.

tol Controls when SignatureAnalyzer will terminate its search; tol was 1.e-05 for

the PCAWG7 analysis.

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog.

delete.tmp.files

If TRUE delete the many temporary files generated by SignatureAnalyzer.

overwrite If TRUE overwrite previous results in same directory tree.

mc.cores Number of cores to use for mclapply; ignored on Windows.

verbose If TRUE cat a message regarding progress.

seed If not NULL call RNGkind(kind = "L'Ecuyer-CMRG"); set.seed(seed).

SignatureAnalyzer4MatchedCatalogs

Run SignatureAnalyzer on 4 coordinated data sets and put results in specified location.

#### **Description**

Run SignatureAnalyzer on 4 coordinated data sets and put results in specified location.

## Usage

```
SignatureAnalyzer4MatchedCatalogs(
  num.runs = 20,
  signatureanalyzer.code.dir,
  dir.root,
  maxK = 30,
  tol = 1e-07,
  test.only = FALSE,
  delete.tmp.files = TRUE,
  slice = 1:4,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  mc.cores = 1
)
```

## **Arguments**

num.runs Number of SignatureAnalyzer runs per data set.

signatureanalyzer.code.dir

The directory holding the SignatureAnalyzer code.

dir.root Root of directory tree that contains the input data and to which the results will

be written.

maxK The maximum number of signatures to consider extracting.

tol Controls when SignatureAnalyzer will terminate its search; tol was 1.e-05 for

the PCAWG7 analysis.

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog.

delete.tmp.files

If TRUE delete the many temporary files generated by SignatureAnalyzer.

slice Vector of integers from 1:4. Only run on the corresponding data set (see Details).

overwrite if TRUE overwrite preexisting results.

mc.cores The number of cores to use with mclapply; automatically overridden to 1 on

Windows.

#### **Details**

The 4 coordinated data sets are

```
1. sa.sa.96
```

- 2. sp.sp
- sa.sa.COMPOSITE
- 4. sp.sa.COMPOSITE

which are described elsewhere.

SignatureAnalyzerOneRun

Source SignatureAnalyzer and run it once on a single data set and put results in specified location.

## **Description**

Source SignatureAnalyzer and run it once on a single data set and put results in specified location.

## Usage

```
SignatureAnalyzerOneRun(
    signatureanalyzer.code.dir,
    input.catalog,
    out.dir,
    seedNumber = NULL,
    input.exposures = NULL,
    maxK = 30,
    tol = 1e-07,
    test.only = FALSE,
    delete.tmp.files = TRUE,
    verbose = 0,
    overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

signatureanalyzer.code.dir

The directory holding the SignatureAnalyzer code.

input.catalog File c

File containing input catalog. Columns are samples (tumors), rows are signatures. SignatureAnalyzer does not care about the row names (I think) TODO(Steve):

check this.

out.dir

Directory that will be created for the output; abort if it already exits. Log files will be in paste0(out.dir,"/tmp").

seedNumber

Specify the pseudo-random seed number used to run SignatureAnalyzer. Setting seed can make the attribution of SignatureAnalyzer repeatable. If NULL, this function will not specify seed number. Default: NULL.

input.exposures

A file with the synthetic exposures used to generate input.catalog; if provided here, this is copied over to the output directory for downstream analysis.

maxK The maximum number of signatures to consider extracting.

tol Controls when SignatureAnalyzer will terminate its search; tol was 1.e-05 for

the PCAWG7 analysis.

test.only If TRUE, only analyze the first 10 columns read in from input.catalog.

delete.tmp.files

If TRUE delete the many temporary files generated by SignatureAnalyzer.

verbose If TRUE, then print various messages.

overwrite If TRUE, overwrite existing output

#### **Details**

Creates several files in out.dir:

1. sa.output.sigs.csv Normalized signatures (no all-0 signatures, column sums all 0)

2. sa.output.raw.exp.csv Raw exposures (attributions)

3. sa.output.exp.csv Same as sa.output.raw.exp.csv

- 4. sa.output.other.data.csv, contains a summary of important information, including the number of signatures extracted.
- 5. input.syn.exp.csv Optional, a copy of input.exposures, if it was provided.

## Value

A list with the following elements:

- 1. signatures. W The raw signature matrix, \*including\* columns of all zeros.
- 2. exposures.H The raw exposure matrix, \*excluding\* rows of all zeros. The matrix product of the non-zero columns of signatures.w and exposures.H approximates the input spectrum matrix.
- 3. likelihood The likelihood as returned by SignatureAnalyzer.
- 4. evidence -1 \* the posterior probability as returned by SignatureAnalyzer.
- $5. \ \ \text{relevance One for each column of the signatures.} \ \textbf{W}, as \ \text{returned by SignatureAnalyzer.}$
- 6. error A measure of reconstruction error (?) as returned by SignatureAnalyzer
- 7. normalized.sigs The non-O columns of signatures.W normalized so that each column sum is 1.

SignatureAnalyzerPrepHyper1Secondary

Prepare the "hypermutated" segment (a.k.a "Secondary" segment of a split non-hyper and hyper data set.)

## **Description**

Prepare the "hypermutated" segment (a.k.a "Secondary" segment of a split non-hyper and hyper data set.)

#### Usage

```
SignatureAnalyzerPrepHyper1Secondary(
  non.hyper.results,
  primary.catalog,
  hyper.catalog,
  secondary.catalog,
  read.fn,
  write.fn,
  overwrite = TRUE
)
```

## **Arguments**

non.hyper.results

The directory containing the the results of the analysis of the non-hyper-mutated (a.k.a "PRIMARY") mutational spectra.

primary.catalog

The catalog of non-hyper-mutated mutational spectra from which the results in non.hyper.results were derived.

hyper.catalog 
The catalog of hyper-mutated mutational spectra which will be part of the input for the secondary analysis.

secondary.catalog

The final output catalog on which the secondary analysis will be performed; this is a cbind of pseudo-spectra generated from the PRIMARY signatures with the hyper.catalog.

read.fn Function to use for reading signatures.
write.fn Function to use for writing signatures.

overwrite If TRUE overwrite possible previously computed files and/or directories.

SignatureAnalyzerPrepHyper4

Prepare the "hypermutated" segment (a.k.a "Secondary" segment of a split non-hyper and hyper data set.)

# Description

Prepare the "hypermutated" segment (a.k.a "Secondary" segment of a split non-hyper and hyper data set.)

#### Usage

```
SignatureAnalyzerPrepHyper4(parent.dir, overwrite = FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

parent.dir

A directory that must contain subdirectories syn.SA.hyper.low and syn.SA.hyper.mixed. syn.SA.hyper.low must contain the synthetic non-hypermutated data and the results of running SignatureAnalyzer on the non-hyper segment, with subdirectories sa.sa.96, sa.sa.COMPOSITE, sp.sa.COMPOSITE, and sp.sp. syn.SA.hyper.mixed

must contain the synthetic hypermutated data. The results of the initial SignatureAnalyzer run will be placed here to prepare this directory for the second

SignatureAnalyzer run.

overwrite

If TRUE overwrite existing directories and files.

SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeSBS1SBS5

Summarize all subdirectories of Signatureanalyzer results on the correlated SBS1 / SBS5.

## Description

This is special-purpose function to summarize results from one in-silico experiment that examines how well signatures can be extracted from synthetic tumors with correlated SBS1 and SBS5.

## Usage

SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeSBS1SBS5(top.level.dir, overwrite = FALSE)

## **Arguments**

top.level.dir Path to top level directory.

overwrite If TRUE overwrite existing directories and files.

SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeTopLevel

Summarize all subdirectories of SignatureAnalyzer results on a major dataset.

## **Description**

This function depends on a particular directory structure: see argument top.level.dir. This function finds the best of multiple SignatureAnalyzer extraction runs and summarizes the comparison of the best run with the ground truth.

## Usage

SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeTopLevel(top.level.dir, overwrite = FALSE)

# **Arguments**

top.level.dir Path to top level directory, which must contain the following subdirectories:

- sa.sa.96/sa.results/
- sp.sp/sa.results/
- sa.sa.COMPOSITE/sa.results/
- sp.sa.COMPOSITE/sa.results/

Each of the directories must contain additional subdirectories, one for each SignatureAnalyzer run, names sa.run.<n>, where <n> is an integer (string of digits).

overwrite

If TRUE overwrite existing summary files.

 ${\tt Source Signature Analyzer Code}$ 

Source SignatureAnalyzer Codes.

## **Description**

Source Signature Analyzer Codes.

## Usage

SourceSignatureAnalyzerCode(signatureanalyzer.code.dir)

## **Arguments**

signatureanalyzer.code.dir

The directory which stores SignatureAnalyzer program files. It must include a folder named INPUT\_SignatureAnalyzer and a R script named SignatureAnalyzer.PCAWG.function

SummarizeMultiRuns

Assess/evaluate multiple summarized runs for one dataset from one software package.

# Description

Summarize results from each software package in tool.dir/run.names (generated by running a software package), combine them into tool.dir.

# Usage

SummarizeMultiRuns(datasetName, toolName, tool.dir, run.names)

## **Arguments**

datasetName Name of the dataset. (e.g. "S.0.1.Rsq.0.1"). Usually, it is has the same name as

basename(top.dir).

toolName Name of software package. (e.g. "sigproextractor")

tool.dir Fourth level path from the top.dir. Expected to have multiple runs with dif-

ferent names (e.g. "seed.1") That is, top.dir/sp.sp/ExtrAttr/sa.results/. or

top.dir/sa.sa.96/Attr/deconstructSigs.results/

Here, top.dir refers to a top-level directory which contains the full information of a synthetic dataset. (e.g. syn.2.7a.7b.abst.v8) This code depends on a conventional directory structure documented elsewhere. However there should

be a directory within the tool.dir which stores the software output.

run.names A character vector records the list of run.dir, or fifth level directories from the

dataset top-level folder. E.g., c("seed.1", "seed.691")

## **Details**

Also writes multiple files into folder tool.dir:

#### Value

A list contain c(mean,sd) of multiple runs: Cosine similarity True Positives(TP): Ground-truth signatures which are active in the spectra, and extracted. False Negatives(FN): Ground-truth signatures not extracted. False Positives(FP): Signatures wrongly extracted, not resembling any ground-truth signatures. True Positive Rate (TPR, Sensitivity): TP / (TP + FN) False Discovery Rate (FDR): FP / (FP + TP)

SummarizeMultiToolsMultiDatasets

Combine results for multiple datasets, from different software packages.

## **Description**

Summarize results from each software package in third.level.dir/tool.dirnames (generated by SummarizeMultiRuns), combine them into third.level.dir.

## Usage

```
SummarizeMultiToolsMultiDatasets(
  dataset.dirs,
  second.third.level.dirname,
  out.dir,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
dataset.dirs Paths of top-level dataset directories trees you want to investigate. E.g. "./S.0.1.Rsq.0.1" second.third.level.dirname

Name of the second.level.dir (e.g. "sp.sp") and the third.level.dir (e.g. "ExtrAttr") to be investigated.
```

Examples are: "sp.sp/ExtrAttr", "sa.sa.96/Attr"

Note: multiTools.RDa are expected to be exist under dataset.dirs/second.third.level.dirnam

out.dir Path of the output directory.

overwrite Whether to overwrite the contents in out.dir if it already exists. (Default: FALSE)

SummarizeMultiToolsOneDataset

Combine results for a single dataset, from different software packages.

## **Description**

Summarize results from each software package in third.level.dir/tool.dirnames (generated by SummarizeMultiRuns), combine them into third.level.dir.

#### Usage

```
SummarizeMultiToolsOneDataset(
  third.level.dir,
  toolNames,
  tool.dirnames,
  datasetGroup,
  datasetGroupName,
 datasetSubGroup,
  {\tt datasetSubGroupName}
)
```

#### **Arguments**

third.level.dir

Third level path distinguishing de-novo extraction + attribution packages from attribution-only packages. Examples: top.dir/sp.sp/ExtrAttr/ top.dir/sa.sa/Attr/

toolNames

Names of software package. (e.g. "sigproextractor")

tool.dirnames

Third level path from the top.dir. Expected to have summarized results generated by SummarizeMultiRuns. (multiRun.RDa, ManhattanDist.csv, meanSD.csv, "ExtrAttr") "deconstructSigs.results" (Under third.level.dir "Attr")

Here, top. dir refers to a top-level directory which contains the full information of a synthetic dataset. (e.g. syn.2.7a.7b.abst.v8) This code depends on a conventional directory structure documented elsewhere. However there should

be a directory within the tool.names which stores the software output.

datasetGroup

Numeric or character vector specifying the group each dataset belong to. E.g.

For SBS1-SBS5 correlated datasets, we can consider slope as the group: c("slope=0.1", "slope=0.5", "s

Default: "Default"

datasetGroupName

Meaning or label of all datasetGroup. E.g. For SBS1-SBS5 correlated datasets, we can consider "SBS1:SBS5 mutation count ratio" as the label of the datasetGroup slope.

datasetSubGroup

Numeric or character vector differentiating datasets within each group. E.g. For SBS1-SBS5 correlated datasets, we can consider Pearson's R^2 as the subgroup: c("Rsq=0.1", "Rsq=0.2", "Rsq=0.3", "Rsq=0.6") Default: Names of datasets, which are basename(dataset.dirs)

datasetSubGroupName

Meaning or label of all datasetSubGroup. E.g. For SBS1-SBS5 correlated datasets, we can consider "Pearson's R squared" as the label of the datasetSubGroup Pearson's R^2.

## Value

A list contain c(mean,sd) of multiple runs: Cosine similarity True Positives(TP): Ground-truth signatures which are active in the spectra, and extracted. False Negatives(FN): Ground-truth signatures not extracted. False Positives(FP): Signatures wrongly extracted, not resembling any ground-truth signatures. True Positive Rate (TPR, Sensitivity): TP / (TP + FN) False Discovery Rate (FDR): FP /(FP + TP)

SummarizeOneToolMultiDatasets

Combine results for multiple datasets, from one software packages.

## **Description**

Summarize results from each software package in third.level.dir/tool.dirnames (generated by SummarizeMultiRuns), combine them into third.level.dir.

## Usage

```
SummarizeOneToolMultiDatasets(
  dataset.dirs,
  datasetGroup = NULL,
  datasetGroupName,
  datasetSubGroup = NULL,
  datasetSubGroupName,
  toolName,
  tool.dirname,
  out.dir,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

dataset.dirs Paths of top-level dataset directories trees you want to investigate. E.g. "./S.0.1.Rsq.0.1"

datasetGroup Numeric or character vector specifying the group each dataset belong to. E.g.

For SBS1-SBS5 correlated datasets, we can consider slope (SBS1:SBS5 count

ratio) as the group: c(0.1,0.5,1,2,5,10) Default: "Default"

 ${\tt datasetGroupName}$ 

Meaning or label of all datasetGroup. E.g. For SBS1-SBS5 correlated datasets, we can consider "SBS1:SBS5 mutation count ratio" as the label of the datasetGroup slope.

datasetSubGroup

Numeric or character vector differentiating datasets within each group. E.g. For SBS1-SBS5 correlated datasets, we can consider Pearson's R^2 as the subgroup: c(0.1,0.2,0.3,0.6) Default: Names of datasets, which are basename(dataset.dirs)

datasetSubGroupName

Meaning or label of all datasetSubGroup. E.g. For SBS1-SBS5 correlated datasets, we can consider "Pearson's R squared" as the label of the datasetSubGroup Pearson's  $R^2$ .

tool Name Name of software package to be investig

Name of software package to be investigated (e.g. "sigproextractor")

tool.dirname N

Name of the second.level.dir (e.g. "sp.sp"), third.level.dir (e.g. "ExtrAttr") and

tool.dir (e.g. "sigproextractor.results") to be investigated. One example: "sp.sp/ExtrAttr/sigproextractor.results"

Note: this function expects the summary generated by SummarizeSigOneSubdir

under dataset.dirs/tool.dirname

out.dir Path of the output directory.

overwrite Whether to overwrite the contents in out.dir if it already exists. (Default: FALSE)

SummarizeSigOneAttrSubdir

Assess/evaluate results from packages which can ONLY do exposure attribution.

## **Description**

Packages including but not limited to: deconstructSigs, YAPSA.

# Usage

```
SummarizeSigOneAttrSubdir(
  run.dir,
  ground.truth.exposure.dir = paste0(run.dir, "/../../"),
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

run.dir

Lowest level path to results, e.g. <top.dir>/sa.sa.96/Attr/YAPSA.results/seed.1/ Here, <top.dir> refers to a top-level directory which contains the full information of a synthetic dataset. (e.g. syn.2.7a.7b.abst.v8) This code depends on a conventional directory structure documented elsewhere. For packages which can do both extraction and attribution, we expect two files, ground.truth.signatures.csv

and attributed.exposures.csv are in the folder.

ground.truth.exposure.dir

Folder which stores ground-truth exposures. It defaults to be sub.dir, i.e.

run.dir/../../

overwrite

If TRUE overwrite existing directories and files.

# **Details**

Here, we excluded SignatureEstimation. Although it is also a package with only attribution, but it has two attribution algorithms. Therefore the naming of the results are slightly different from the other two packages.

 ${\tt SummarizeSigOneExtrAttrSubdir}$ 

Assess/evaluate results from packages which can do BOTH extraction and attribution, excluding SigProfiler-Python and SignatureAnalyzer.

## **Description**

Packages including but not limited to: HDP, MutationalPatterns, sigfit, SigneR, SomaticSignatures.

#### **Usage**

```
SummarizeSigOneExtrAttrSubdir(
  run.dir,
  ground.truth.exposure.dir = paste0(run.dir, "/../../"),
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

run.dir

Lowest level path to result of a run. E.g. <top.dir>/sa.sa.96/ExtrAttr/SomaticSignatures.res Here, <top.dir> refers to a top-level directory which contains the full information of a synthetic dataset. (e.g. syn.2.7a.7b.abst.v8) This code depends on a conventional directory structure documented elsewhere. For packages which can do both extraction and attribution, we expect two files, extracted.signatures.csv and attributed.exposures.csv are in the folder.

ground.truth.exposure.dir

Folder which stores ground-truth exposures. It defaults to be sub.dir, i.e. run.dir/../../

overwrite

If TRUE overwrite existing directories and files.

SummarizeSigOnehelmsmanSubdir

Assess/evaluate results from SigProfiler-python (a.k.a. sigproextractor) Assessment is restricted to v0.0.5.43, because different version has different folder structure.

## **Description**

Assess/evaluate results from SigProfiler-python (a.k.a. sigproextractor) Assessment is restricted to v0.0.5.43, because different version has different folder structure.

#### Usage

```
SummarizeSigOnehelmsmanSubdir(
  run.dir,
  ground.truth.exposure.dir = paste0(run.dir, "/../../"),
  overwrite = FALSE,
  hierarchy = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

run.dir

Lowest level path to results, e.g. <top.dir>/sa.sa.96/ExtrAttr/sigproextractor.results/see Here, <top.dir> refers to a top-level directory which contains the full information of a synthetic dataset. (e.g. syn.2.7a.7b.abst.v8) This code depends on a conventional directory structure documented elsewhere. However there should be a directory <run.dir>/SBS96 which stores SigProfiler results.

ground.truth.exposure.dir

Folder which stores ground-truth exposures. Usually, it refers to sub.dir, i.e. run.dir/../../

overwrite If TRUE overwrite existing directories and files.

hierarchy Whether the user have enabled hierarchy = True when running sigproextractor.

specifying True or False into sigproextractor will cause the program to generate

different folder structure. (Default: FALSE)

SummarizeSigOneSigProExtractorSubdir

Assess/evaluate results from SigProExtractor SigProFiler-python de novo extraction and attribution package. Assessment is restricted to v0.0.5.43+, because different version has different folder structure.

# Description

Assess/evaluate results from SigProExtractor SigProFiler-python de novo extraction and attribution package. Assessment is restricted to v0.0.5.43+, because different version has different folder structure.

# Usage

```
SummarizeSigOneSigProExtractorSubdir(
  run.dir,
  ground.truth.exposure.dir = paste0(run.dir, "/../../"),
  overwrite = FALSE,
  hierarchy = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

run.dir

Lowest level path to results, e.g. <top.dir>/sa.sa.96/ExtrAttr/sigproextractor.results/see Here, <top.dir> refers to a top-level directory which contains the full information of a synthetic dataset. (e.g. syn.2.7a.7b.abst.v8) This code depends on a conventional directory structure documented elsewhere. However there should be a directory <run.dir>/SBS96 which stores SigProfiler results.

ground.truth.exposure.dir

TODO(Wu Yang): Fix this File name which stores ground-truth exposures; defaults to "ground.truth.syn.exposures.csv". This file can be found in the sub.dir, i.e. <run.dir>/../../

overwrite

If TRUE overwrite existing directories and files.

hierarchy

Whether the user have enabled hierarchy = True when running sigproextractor. specifying True or False into sigproextractor will cause the program to generate different folder structure. (Default: FALSE)

 ${\tt SummarizeSigOneSigProSSSubdir}$ 

Assess/evaluate results from sigproSS (a.k.a. SigProfiler Python attribution package)

## **Description**

Assess/evaluate results from sigproSS (a.k.a. SigProfiler Python attribution package)

## Usage

```
SummarizeSigOneSigProSSSubdir(
  run.dir,
  ground.truth.exposure.dir = paste0(run.dir, "/../../"),
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

run.dir

Lowest level path to results, e.g. <top.dir>/sa.sa.96/ExtrAttr/sigproextractor.results/see Here, <top.dir> refers to a top-level directory which contains the full information of a synthetic dataset. (e.g. syn.2.7a.7b.abst.v8) This code depends on a conventional directory structure documented elsewhere. However there should be a directory <run.dir>/SBS96 which stores SigProfiler results.

ground.truth.exposure.dir

TODO(Wu Yang): Fix this File name which stores ground-truth exposures; defaults to "ground.truth.syn.exposures.csv". This file can be found in the sub.dir, i.e. <run.dir>/../../

overwrite

If TRUE overwrite existing directories and files.

SummarizeSigProExtractor

Summarize SigProfiler results in the sa.sa.96 and/or sp.sp subdirectories.

## **Description**

Summarize SigProfiler results in the sa.sa.96 and/or sp.sp subdirectories.

## Usage

```
SummarizeSigProExtractor(
  top.dir,
  sub.dir = c("sa.sa.96", "sp.sp"),
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

SynSigRun 63

## **Arguments**

top.dir	The top directory of a conventional data structure containing at least one of the subdirectories: sa.sa.96/sp.results and sp.sp/sp.results; see further documentation elsewhere.
sub.dir	The subdirectory under top.dir, and containing a folder named sp.results. By default, it contains both c("sa.sa", "sp.sp"). But you should specify sub.dir = "sp.sp" for top.dir with only the sp.sp subdirectory (as is the case for the correlated SBS1-and-SBS5-containing data sets).
overwrite	whether to overwrite the existing run.dir/summary folder? If chosen to be FALSE and there is an existing summary folder, an error will be raised.

## **Details**

Results are put in standardized subdirectories of top.dir.

SynSigRun	SynSigRun: An easy-to-use package for non-experts which runs software packages reproducibly with synthetic tumors generated by SynSigGen.
	5/1151855111

# Description

SynSigRun gives necessary information to mutational-signature analysis programs. These programs used catalogs of synthetic mutational spectra created by package SynSigGen, and results were assessed by SynSigEval.

#### Overview

The main focus is generating synthetic catalogs of mutational spectra (mutations in tumors) based on known mutational signature profiles and attributions (assignment of exposures to tumors) in the PCAWG7 data. We call this kind of synthetic data broadly "reality-based" synthetic data. The package also has a set of functions that generate random mutational signature profiles and then create synthetic catalogs based on these random signature profiles. We call this kind of synthetic data "random" synthetic data, while pointing out that much depends on the distributions from which the random signature profiles and attributions are generated.

Typical workflow for generating catalogs of "reality-based" synthetic mutational spectra is as follows.

```
In \code{SynSigGen}:
Input (based on SignatureAnalyzer or SigProfiler analysis of PCAWG tumors)
   A, matrix of attributions (signatures x samples)
   S, mutational signature profiles (mutation type x signature)

P <- GetSynSigParamsFromExposures(A, ...)

synthetic.exposures <- GenerateSyntheticExposures(P, ...)

synthetic.spectra <- CreateAndWRiteCatalog(S, synthetic.exposures, ...)</pre>
```

64 SynSigRun

```
In \code{SynSigEval}:
T <- Signatures extracted by SignatureAnalzer or SigProfiler on synthetic.spectra
SummarizeResults(T, S, synthetic.exposures, ...)</pre>
```

#### (In SynSigGen) Creating Synthetic Mutational Catalogs

These functions create synthetic mutational catalogs based on parameters derived from signature profiles and attributions (exposures).

#### (In SynSigEval) Summarize results (of signature extraction)

Relevant functions are:

- 1. SummarizeSigProExtractor
- 2. SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeTopLevel
- 3. SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeSBS1SBS5

#### Comparing two sets of mutational signatures

Functions for comparing mutational signatures and sets of mutational signatures. Often we will be interested in comparing signature profiles extracted from synthetic data to the ground-truth signature profiles.

 ${\tt MatchSigs1Direction, MatchSigs2Directions, MatchSigsAndRelabel}$ 

# Folder structure for SynSigEval v0.2

Summary function will fit to the new 5-level folder structure:

First Level - top.level.dir: dataset folder (e.g. "S.0.1.Rsq.0.1", "syn.prancreas"). All spectra datasets under any top.level.dir have the same exposure.

Second Level - ground.truth.exposure.dir: spectra folder: (e.g. "sp.sp", "sa.sa.96"). All spectra datasets under any second.level.dir have the same signature and the same exposure counts.

Third Level - third.level.dir: It can be ("Attr") for storing results of packages which can only do exposure attribution of known signatures ("Attr"); it can also be ("ExtrAttr"), folder to store results of software packages which can do de-novo extraction and following attribution.

Fourth Level - tool.dir: The results of a software package (e.g. "sigproextractor.results", "SignatureEstimation.QP.resul Under this level, tool.dir may contain multiple run.dir, each is a run of the software package using a specific number of seed.

Fifth level - run.dir: contains results from a run of the software package using a specific number of seed. (e.g. "seed.1")

# Index

* datasets	ReadEMuExposureFile, 15
MutationalSignatures, 13	ReadExposureMM, 16
RealExposures, 18	ReadhelmsmanExposure, 16
* signature matching functions	ReadSigProfilerExposure, 17
Match1Sig, 11	ReadSigProfilerSig96, 17
MatchSigs1Direction, 11	RealExposures, 18
MatchSigs2Directions, 12	RunAndEvalHdp, 19
,	RundecompTumor2SigAttributeOnly, 20
BestSignatureAnalyzerResult,4	RundeconstructSigsAttributeOnly, 21
chains, 29	Runhdp, 22
CopyBestSignatureAnalyzerResult, 3	Runhdp2, 23
CreateEMuOutput, 4	Runhdp3, 25
CreatehelmsmanOutput, 5	RunhdpInternal, 24, 26, 26
CreateMultiModalMuSigOutput, 5	RunhdpInternal3, 28
ci eatenui tinodainusigoutput, 5	Runmaftools, 29
Diff4SynDataSets, 6	RunmSigActAttributeOnly, 30
dp_activate, 20, 22, 24, 25, 27, 28	RunMutationalPatterns, 31
	RunMutationalPatternsAttributeOnly, 33
final_hdpState, 29	RunmutSignatures, 34
FixSASigNames, 7	RunmutSignaturesAttributeOnly, 35
	RunmutSpec, 36
hdp_extract_components, 20, 24, 26, 27, 29	Runsigfit, 37
hdp_posterior, <i>19</i> , <i>20</i> , <i>22</i> , <i>24</i> – <i>29</i>	RunsigfitAttributeOnly, 38
helmsmanCatalog2ICAMS, 7	RunSignatureAnalyzerAttribution, 39
TOLUG 10 22 24 25 27 20	RunSignatureAnalyzerOnFile, 40
ICAMS, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 28	RunSignatureEstimationQPAttributeOnly.
ICAMSCatalog2EMu, 8	42
ICAMSCatalog2helmsman, 8	
ICAMSCatalog2MM, 9	RunSignatureEstimationSAAttributeOnly
InstalldecompTumor2Sig, 9	43
InstalldeconstructSigs, 9	RunsigneR, 44
InstallmutSignatures, 10	RunSomaticSignatures, 45
maka namas 16	RunSparseSignatures, 46
make.names, 16	Runtcsm, 47
MapSPToSASignatureNamesInExposure, 10	RunYAPSAAttributeOnly, 48
Match1Sig, 11, <i>12</i> , <i>64</i>	
MatchSigs1Direction, 11, 11, 12, 64	sa.96.sigs, <i>10</i>
MatchSigs2Directions, 11, 12, 12, 64	sa.96.sigs (MutationalSignatures), 13
MatchSigsAndRelabel, 64	<pre>sa.all.real.exposures (RealExposures),</pre>
MMCatalog2ICAMS, 13	18
MutationalSignatures, 13	sa.COMPOSITE.sigs
NumFromId, 14	(MutationalSignatures), 13
nami i omia, i i	sa.DBS.sigs (MutationalSignatures), 13
ReadEMuCatalog 15	sa ID sigs (Mutational Signatures) 13

66 INDEX

```
sa.no.hyper.real.exposures
        (RealExposures), 18
SAMultiRunOneCatalog, 49
SignatureAnalyzer4MatchedCatalogs, 50
SignatureAnalyzerOneRun, 39, 40, 51
SignatureAnalyzerPrepHyper1Secondary,
SignatureAnalyzerPrepHyper4, 53
SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeSBS1SBS5, 54,
SignatureAnalyzerSummarizeTopLevel, 54,
SourceSignatureAnalyzerCode, 55
sp.all.real.exposures (RealExposures),
sp.no.hyper.real.exposures
        (RealExposures), 18
sp.sigs, 10
sp.sigs (MutationalSignatures), 13
SummarizeMultiRuns, 55, 56-58
SummarizeMultiToolsMultiDatasets, 56
SummarizeMultiToolsOneDataset, 56
{\tt SummarizeOneToolMultiDatasets, 58}
SummarizeSigOneAttrSubdir, 59
SummarizeSigOneExtrAttrSubdir, 59
SummarizeSigOnehelmsmanSubdir, 60
{\tt SummarizeSigOneSigProExtractorSubdir},
SummarizeSigOneSigProSSSubdir, 62
SummarizeSigProExtractor, 62, 64
SynSigRun, 63
```