

ICPSR 37373

Annual Survey of Jails, 2017

United States Department of Justice. Office of Justice Programs. Bureau of Justice Statistics

ICPSR Codebook

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Study Description

Citation

Title Statement

Title: Annual Survey of Jails: Jail-Level Data, 2017

Alternative Title: ASJ 2017

Identification No.: 37373

Responsibility Statement

Authoring Entity: United States Department of Justice. Office of Justice Programs. Bureau of Justice Statistics

Production Statement

Producer: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

Place of Production: Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

Series Statement

Series Name: Annual Survey of Jails: Jail-Level Data Series

Series Information:

The Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ), formerly known as National Survey of Jails, provides data on local jails and jail inmates. The series has been conducted annually since 1982 except in years when the Census of Jails is conducted (1983, 1988, 1993, 1999, and 2005). From 1982 to 2014, the Census Bureau collected data for Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). Since 2015, the ASJ data have been collected by RTI, International.

Years Produced: Annually since 1982, except in years when the Census of Jails is conducted.

Bibliographic Citation

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Study Scope

Subject Information

Keyword(s): correctional facilities, correctional system, demographic characteristics, jail inmates, jails, population characteristics

Topic Classification(s): Social Institutions and Behavior, Crime and the Criminal Justice System, Corrections

Abstract

BJS conducts the Census of Jails to collect data on the size of the jail population and selected inmate characteristics every five to six years. In years between censuses, BJS conducts the ASJ to produce national estimates on jail population size and characteristics. Key statistics include confined jail population, average daily population, rated capacity, supervised unconfined population, and admissions and releases. In addition, data on jail population by sex, race, and conviction status are collected, as well as data on juvenile population and the number of inmates held for state and federal authorities.

The 2017 ASJ sample includes 871 jail jurisdictions, representing approximately 2,850 jurisdictions nationwide in operation as of December 31, 2017. The survey achieved a response rate of 93%. Sixty jail jurisdictions did not respond to the 2017 ASJ.

Summary Data Description

Time Period: July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2017

Date(s) of Collection: July, 2017 - December, 2017

Country: United States

Geographic Coverage: United States

Geographic Unit: City and County

Unit of Analysis: Jail Jurisdictions

Universe: All active jail jurisdictions (i.e., counties, municipalities, boroughs, etc.) in the United States as of June 30, 2017, excluding jails in Indian countries.

Kind of Data: Survey data

Notes

DEFINITION OF TERMS

- Local jail: A confinement facility usually administered by a local law enforcement agency, intended for adults but sometimes also
 containing juveniles, that holds persons detained pending adjudication and/or persons committed after adjudication for sentences
 usually a year or less. Excluded from the survey are temporary holding or lockup facilities that are not part of a combined function of
 a jail jurisdiction, from which inmates are usually transferred within 72 hours and not held beyond arraignment.
- · Jail jurisdiction: A county (parish in Louisiana), municipality, township, or regional authority that administers one or more local jails.
- · Regional jail: A jail in which two or more jurisdictions have a formal agreement to operate the facility.
- Juvenile: A person subject to the exercise of juvenile court jurisdiction for the purposes of adjudication and treatment based on the
 age and offense limitations as defined by state law. In the ASJ, a person of juvenile age is considered a juvenile even though they
 may be tried as an adult in criminal court.
- Adult criminal offender: A person subject to the original jurisdiction of the criminal court rather than the juvenile court because at the time of the offense the person was above a statutory age limit.
- Average daily population: To calculate the average daily population, respondents were instructed to add the number of persons for
 each day during the period of one year, and divide the sum by 365 (or 366 for a leap year).

JAIL JURISDICTION AND REPORTING UNIT

The ASJ is a nationally representative survey of county or city jail jurisdictions and regional jails in the country. A jail jurisdiction is a county (parish in Louisiana) or municipal government that administers one or more local jails and represents the entity responsible for managing the jail facilities under its authority. Most jail jurisdictions consist of a single facility, but some contain multiple facilities and/or multiple facility operators, called reporting units. For example, two reporting units in Milwaukee County, Wisconsin--Milwaukee County House of Correction and Milwaukee County Sheriff's Office--represent a single jail jurisdiction.

The ASJ sample is drawn at the jurisdiction level. When a jail jurisdiction with multiple reporting units is sampled, data are collected from all reporting units within that jail jurisdiction.

Jail reporting units are identified by the 21-digit GID-government identification codes that the U.S. Census Bureau uses to identify governments in the United States based on the 2009 Census of Governments. The GID code identifies the general location of governments, and indicates whether they are state, county, city, place, or municipality organizations.

Jurisdictions are identified by the 9-digit JURISID, and all reporting units that fall under the same jurisdictions share the same JURISID. For most jails, JURISID is the same as the first 9 digits of the GID. For privately-operated jails, the third positions digits of GID and JURISID are different.

AGGREGATION TO JURISDICTION FILE

BJS recommends aggregating reporting units into jail jurisdictions and analyzing data at the jurisdiction level. Aggregation can be performed in statistical programs such as SPSS ("aggregate" function), SAS (PROC SUMMARY or PROC MEANS function), or STATA ("collapse" function) with the JURISID variable (jurisdiction ID) as the classification variable. Aggregation based on JURISID creates a file where each record corresponds to a single jail jurisdiction. In performing the aggregation, sum up analysis variables (e.g., confined population) and take the average of the weight variable (FINALWT) within each jurisdiction. FINALWT is constant across reporting units within a jurisdiction and reflects the weight given to the sampled jurisdiction, adjusted for non-response. FINALWT should be applied at jurisdiction level only, and not at the jail level.

Caution: Aggregating the flag items (0=Actual, 1=Estimated by Respondent, 2=Adjusted for Consistency, 3=Item Imputed, 4=Unit Imputed, .=Missing/Not Provided) as either the sum or average is not meaningful.

REFERENCE DATE

Prior to 2015, the ASJ collected inmate counts with a midyear reference date. Respondents were asked to report total and disaggregated counts of jail inmates held on the last weekday of June. The 2015 ASJ collection was combined with the Mortality in Correctional Institutions (MCI, formerly known as Deaths in Custody Reporting Program) collection to reduce respondent burden. The MCI collects data using a year-end reference date (December 31), so for the 2015 ASJ collection, items were asked using the year-end reference date rather than the midyear reference date of prior ASJ collections. One item (confined population) was collected using both midyear and year-end dates. The 2016 ASJ continued to use the year-end reference date in collecting detailed inmate counts. In 2017, the ASJ was separated from the MCI and reversed back to the midyear reference date.

Comparisons of year-end data with previous midyear data need to account for seasonal variations, as jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear.

JUVENILES

State statutes and judicial practices allow juveniles to be incarcerated in adult jails under a variety of circumstances. Because of the differing statutes and practices, however, accurate and comparable data on juveniles are difficult to collect.

Beginning in 1994, the ASJ provided estimates of the total number of jail inmates under age 18, the number held as adults, and the number held as juveniles. New sampling procedures were also introduced in 1994 to minimize the standard errors of these estimates. By stratifying jurisdictions based on the authority to house juveniles, the precision of the juvenile counts was improved. (See methodology section of Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear 1998).

JAIL FUNCTIONS

Jails in the ASJ include confinement facilities--usually administered by a local law enforcement agency--that are intended for adults but may hold juveniles before or after they are adjudicated. Facilities include jails and city or county correctional centers, special jail facilities, such as medical or treatment release centers, halfway houses, and work farms, and temporary holding or lockup facilities that are part of the jail's combined function. Inmates sentenced to jail facilities usually have a sentence of 1 year or less. Jails:

- receive individuals pending arraignment and hold them awaiting trial, conviction, or sentencing
- re-admit probation, parole, and bail bond violators and absconders temporarily detain juveniles pending their transfer to juvenile
 authorities
- hold mentally ill persons pending their movement to appropriate mental health facilities
- · hold individuals for the military, for protective custody, for contempt, and for the courts as witnesses
- release convicted inmates to the community upon completion of sentence
- · transfer inmates to federal, state, or other authorities
- house inmates for federal, state, or other authorities because of crowding of their facilities
- · sometimes operate community-based programs as alternatives to incarceration

Methodology and Processing

Data Collection Methodology

Time Method: Panel

Data Collector: RTI, International

Sampling Procedure:

Using a stratified probability sampling procedure (see table 1), the ASJ draws its sample at the jurisdiction level. When a jail jurisdiction with multiple reporting units is sampled, data are collected from all reporting units within that jail jurisdiction. The 2017 ASJ sample consists of 811 jail jurisdictions (865 reporting units), representing about 2,850 active jail jurisdictions nationwide as of June 30, 2017.

The 2017 ASJ used 2013 Census of Jails as its sampling frame. All jail jurisdictions were grouped into 10 strata based on their average daily population (ADP) and presence of juveniles in 2013. In 8 of the 10 strata, a random sample of jail jurisdictions was selected. The remaining two strata were certainty strata, where all jurisdictions were selected with probability 1. One stratum consisted of all jails that were operated jointly by two or more jurisdictions (referred to as multi-jurisdictional jails). The other stratum consisted of all jail jurisdictions that:

- held juvenile inmates at the time of the 2013 Census of Jails and had an ADP of 500 or more inmates during the 12 months ending on December 31, 2013,
- · held only adult inmates and had an ADP of 750 or more,
- · were located in California, or
- were known to be operating in 2015 and not included in the 2013 Census of Jails.

The ASJ sample includes all California jail jurisdictions. This sampling feature was introduced in 2013 in response to the enactment of California AB 109 and AB 117, aimed to reduce the number of inmates housed in state prisons starting on October 1, 2011. After the enactment of these two laws, the jail population in California experienced an unusual increase, which was atypical of the rest of the United States. For this reason, the ASJ sampling design was modified to include all California jail jurisdictions in a certainty (self-representing) stratum (see Methodology in Jail Inmates at Midyear 2014 (NCJ 248629, BJS web, June 2015)). The inclusion of all California jail jurisdictions resulted in an additional 21 jurisdictions.

The sample also includes in the certainty stratum all six new jail jurisdictions that were known to be operating in 2015 and not represented in the sampling frame (2013 Census of Jails).

Mode of Data Collection: Data were obtained mainly through web. A small proportion of respondents submitted data by postage-paid mail or fax.

Type of Research Instrument: Structured

Actions to Minimize Losses:

To maximize the accuracy of survey, analysis was conducted on out-of-range critical items and the results used to prioritize follow-up contacts. Follow-up telephone calls and emails to non-respondents were used to encourage high response rates. These methods have proved effective in reaching a high response rate while minimizing missing data.

Consistency Adjustment:

A set of data consistency rules were applied to the ASJ raw data reported by respondents to ensure that subgroup populations add up to the total population. The rules apply to total confined population, confined population by sex and juvenile status, confined population by conviction status, confined population by offense type, confined population by race, confined population held for other authorities, total average daily population, average daily population by sex, total admissions and releases, admissions and releases by sex, supervised and unconfined population, and staff.

Data Appraisal Information

Response Rate and Nonresponse Weighting:

The 2017 ASJ sample initially comprised 925 active reporting units, but 60 reporting units did not respond to the survey. The response rate was 93%. The final sample includes 865 reporting units in 811 jail jurisdictions. Table 1 lists the number of jurisdictions by sampling stratum.

Nonresponse weighting was implemented to account for unit nonresponse at jurisdiction level. Jurisdictions were grouped into weighting classes based on sampling stratum and the 2013 inmate population (see table 2). Using a simple weighting class method, the design weight (i.e., sampling weight) of nonresponding jail jurisdictions was equally allocated to each of the responding jails within the same weighting class.

Missing Data Imputation:

Nonresponding reporting unit(s) in multi-reporting unit jurisdictions with one or more responding reporting units were fully imputed using weighted sequential hot-deck/cold-deck. Their imputed values are flagged as "Unit imputed."

Item response rates ranged from 94% to 100%. The item response rate for the survey was 98-100% for the following critical items from responding jail jurisdictions: midyear confined persons (CONFPOP), the number of inmates by sex and juvenile status (ADULTM, ADULTF, JUVM, JUVF), total rated capacity (RATED), and average daily population (ADP). The response rate was 96-97% for the number of inmates by conviction status (CONV, UNCONV), the number of inmates by race and Hispanic origin (WHITE, BLACK, HISP, AIAN, ASIAN, NHOPI), and admissions to, and releases from, jail (ADMISM, ADMISF, RELEASEM, RELEASEF).

For responding jail jurisdictions that were unable to provide some requested items, a weighted sequential hot-deck/cold-deck imputation procedure was used to impute values. This procedure, implemented using the SUDAAN software package, substitutes missing values with current-year respondent and prior-year (2013 Census of Jails and 2016 ASJ, cold-deck) data. The donor for each missing item was randomly selected from within a set of similar jails, sorted by related previous-year population values. The resulting imputed values are generally similar to the reported values of the previous year, but are not identical because of differences between each donor and item pairing and the year-to-year fluctuation in donor population values.

Estimates of Sampling Error:

Below are example SUDAAN codes to generate standard errors to account for the ASJ survey design. The jail-level data are first aggregated to jurisdiction level, sorted by weighting class. Next, a 'total count' SUDAAN statement is used with the variable CLASS_SUM to provide population counts by weighting class. Finally the weight variable and analysis variables are listed to generate standard errors.

proc descript data=ASJ2017_JURIS filetype=ascii means totals design=strwor;

NEST CLASS:

totcnt CLASS SUM;

weight FINALWT;

var CONFPOP TOTPOP ADP:

Here are example STATA codes to generate standard errors:

bysort CLASS: egen FPC = total(FINALWT)

tabulate CLASS if status==1, sum(FPC)

svyset JURISID [pw=FINALWT], strata(CLASS) fpc(FPC)

svy: total CONFPOP TOTPOP ADP

The above codes provide estimates and estimated standard errors for CONFPOP TOTPOP ADP. To construct a 95% confidence interval for any of the estimates provided, multiply the standard error for the estimate by the z-score of 1.96 (for a 95% confidence interval). For example, the 95% confidence internal for the estimated number of inmates held on June 30, 2017 is 745,161 +/- 1.96 x 6,614, or 732,198 to 758,124.

Data Access

Dataset Availability

Location: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

Extent of Collection: 1 data file + machine-readable documentation (PDF) + SAS setup file(s) + SPSS setup file(s) + Stata setup file(s) + SAS transport + SPSS system + Stata system + R system file

Data Use Statement:

Citation Requirement: Publications based on ICPSR data collections should acknowledge those sources by means of bibliographic citations. To ensure that such source attributions are captured for social science bibliographic utilities, citations must appear in footnotes or in the reference section of publications.

Deposit Requirement: To provide funding agencies with essential information about use of archival resources and to facilitate the exchange of information about ICPSR participants' research activities, users of ICPSR data are requested to send to ICPSR bibliographic citations for each completed manuscript or thesis abstract. Visit the ICPSR Web site for more information on submitting citations.

Data Files Description

File-by-File Description

File Structure (rectangular)

File Dimensions:
• No. of Cases: 865

No. of Variables: 155Record Length: 796

Type of File: ASCII data file

Data Format: Logical record length

Place of File Production: Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

Extent of Processing Checks: The data collection was processed according to the standard ICPSR processing procedures. The data were checked for illegal or inconsistent code values which, when found, were recoded to missing data values. No consistency checks were performed.

Notes

Variable DESIGNWT is for reference only and it is not supposed to be used to calculate national estimate. Users can use variable FINALWT for that purpose.

	Table 1 - Sample Design for the 2017 Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ)								
Stratum		Description	Number of jurisdictions in Census	Number of jurisdictions sampled	Number of ineligible jurisdictions	Number of respondent jurisdictions	Number of nonrespondent jurisdictions	Design Wt	Final Wt
1	Jurisdiction ce	ertainties based on ADP ^{a,c}	253	257 ^c	0	235	22	1.000	See Table 2
1.1	California jail	certainties ^{a,b}	65	65	2	62	1	1.000	See Table 2
2	Holding at	ADP between 264 and 499	95	35	1	32	2	2.714	2.884
3	least one	ADP between 141 and 263	94	20	0	19	1	4.700	4.947
4	juvenile on	ADP between 69 and 140	72	8	0	8	0	9.000	9.000
5	December 31, 2013	ADP between 0 and 68	89	12	0	11	1	7.417	8.091
7	Holding	ADP between 227 and 749	266	208	2	194	12	1.279	1.358
8	adults only	ADP between 103 and 226	407	83	2	76	5	4.904	5.226
9	on	ADP between 40 and 102	567	63	0	59	4	9.000	9.610
10	December 31, 2013	ADP between 0 and 39	894	60	2	49	9	14.900	17.637
12	Regional jail c	ertainties ^{a,c}	69	71°	2	66	3	1.000	See Table 2
TOTALS			2,871	882	11	811	60		

Note: For this collection year, BJS implemented nonresponse weight adjustment procedures to account for missing data for respondents that did not participate. See Methodology for a description of nonresponse weight adjustment procedures. For the certainty stratum (1 and 12) weighting class adjustments were performed by jail size. See Table 2 for the final weights for stratum 1 and 12 by the weighting classes.

^aA jurisdiction is a certainty if either (1) the nonregional jurisdiction held at least one juvenile on Census day and had an average daily population (ADP) of 500 or more, or (2) the nonregional jurisdiction held adults only on Census day and had an ADP of 750 or more. Stratum 1 also includes a small number of jails (5) identified as eligible for the ASJ following the 2013 Census.

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ Includes new jurisdictions identified after the 2013 Census of Jails.

	Table 2 - Final Weights by Jail Size for Certainty Strata							
Stratum	Description	Jail Size >=1000	500 =< Jail Size < 1000	250 =< Jail Size < 500	100 =< Jail Size < 250	50 =< Jail Size < 100	Jail Size < 50	
1	Jurisdiction certainties based on ADP	1.071	1.124				1	
1.1	California jail certainties	1	1	1	1	1.1667	1	
12	Regional jail certainties	1	1	1.1	1.05	1	1	

^b All California jails are included in the 2015 ASJ. (See Sampling Procedures).

List of 60 non-responding individual reporting units for the Annual Survey of Jails, 2017

List of 80 fiori-responding individual reporting units for the Affilian Survey of Jans, 2017						
GID	Name	City	State	Stratum	Design Weight	Respondent Type
011008008061000000000	Calhoun County Sheriffs Office	Anniston	3iaie 1	7 Juliani	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
011028028061000000000	Etowah County Sheriffs Office	Gadsden	1	1	1.27004014	Nonrespondent
011063063061000000000	Tuscaloosa County Sheriffs Office	Tuscaloosa	1	1	1	Nonrespondent
051008008061000000000	Del Norte County Sheriffs Office	Crescent City	5	1	1	Nonrespondent
061062061061000000000	Weld County Sheriffs Office	Greeley	6	1	1	Nonrespondent
062016001061000000000	Denver Sheriff Department	Denver	6	1	1	Nonrespondent
101053053060000006200	Polk County Sheriffs Office	Winter Haven	10	1	1	Nonrespondent
111048048061000000000	Douglas County Sheriff's Office	Douglasville	11	1	1	Nonrespondent
111060060060000006600	Fulton County Sheriff's Office	Atlanta	11	1	1	Nonrespondent
111134134061000000000	Telfair County Sheriffs Office	McRae	11	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
141045045061000000000	Kane County Sheriffs Office	St. Charles	14	1	1	Nonrespondent
141046046061000000000	Kankakee County Sheriffs Office	Kankakee	14	1	1	Nonrespondent
141066066061000000000	Mercer County Sheriffs Office	Aledo	14	9	9	Nonrespondent
151071071061000000000	St. Joseph County Police Department	South Bend	15	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
151084084061000000000	Vigo County Sheriff's Office	Terre Haute	15	2	2.71428561	Nonrespondent
171060060061000000000	Meade County Sheriffs Office	Meade	17	5	7.41666651	Nonrespondent
181015015060100000000	Bullitt County Detention Center	Shepherdsville	18	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
181063063060100000000	Laurel County Corrections Center	London	18	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
191018017061000000000	East Carroll Parish Sheriffs Office	Lake Providence	19	1	1	Nonrespondent
191021020061000000000	Franklin Parish Detention Center	Winnsboro	19	1	1	Nonrespondent
191031030061000000000	Lincoln Parish Sheriffs Department	Ruston	19	8	4.90361452	Nonrespondent
211016015060000008700	Montgomery County Department of Correction and Rehabilitation	Boyds	21	1	1	Nonrespondent
221001001061000000000	Barnstable County Sheriffs Office	Bourne	22	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
221003003060000009000	Bristol County Sheriffs Office	North Dartmouth	22	1	1	Nonrespondent
221009009060400000000	Middlesex Sheriff's Office	Medford	22	1	1	Nonrespondent
231033033061000000000	Ingham County Sheriffs Office	Mason	23	1	1 07004644	Nonrespondent
241071071061000000000	Sherburne County Sheriffs Office	Elk River	24	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
251009009060000018300	Chickasaw County Sheriff's Office	Houston	25 25	2 7	2.71428561 1.27884614	Nonrespondent
251076076061000000000	Washington County Regional Correctional Facility	Greenville	25 25	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
252055001061000000000 251035035062000000000	Picayune Police Department MDOC Division of Institutions - Kemper-Neshoba County Regional Corrections Facility	Picayune Dekalb	25 25	12	14.09999902	Nonrespondent Nonrespondent
261013013061000000000	Caldwell County Detention Center	Kingston	26	8	4.90361452	Nonrespondent
261069069061000000000	Monroe County Sheriff's Office	Paris	26	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
261076076061000000000	Osage County Sheriffs Office	Linn	26	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
2611151140610000000000	Wright County Sheriffs Office	Hartville	26	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
271008008061000000000	Chouteau County Sheriffs Office	Fort Benton	27	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
281089089062000000000	Washington County Sheriffs Office	Blair	28	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
311001001061000000000	Atlantic County Department of Public Safety, Division of Adult Detention	Mays Landing	31	1	1	Nonrespondent
311006006060100000000	Cumberland County Department of Corrections	Bridgeton	31	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
331008007061000000000	Chemung County Sheriffs Office	Elmira	33	3	4.69999981	Nonrespondent
331015014061000000000	Erie County Sheriffs Office	Buffalo	33	1	1	Nonrespondent
331030028061000000000	Nassau County Sheriff's Department	East Meadow	33	1	1	Nonrespondent
331052047060000011100	Suffolk County Sheriffs Office	Riverhead	33	1	1	Nonrespondent
361018018061000000000	Cuyahoga County Sheriffs Office	Cleveland	36	1	1	Nonrespondent
362018020061000000000	Garfield Heights Police Department	Garfield Heights	36	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
371012012061000000000	Choctaw County Sheriff Office	Hugo	37	8	4.90361452	Nonrespondent
371053053061000000000	Nowata County Sheriffs Office	Nowata	37	9	9	Nonrespondent
371073073061000000000	Wagoner County Sheriffs Office	Wagoner	37	9	9	Nonrespondent
431010010061000000000	Carter County Sheriff's Office	Elizabethton	43	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
431037037061000000000	Hawkins County Sheriffs Office	Rogersville	43	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
431053053061000000000	Loudon County Sheriffs Office	Lenoir City	43	8	4.90361452	Nonrespondent
431076076061000000000	Scott County Sheriffs Department	Huntsville	43	8	4.90361452	Nonrespondent
441129129061000000000	Kaufman County Sheriffs Office	Kaufman	44	7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent
441178178061000000000	Nueces County Sheriffs Office	Corpus Christi	44	1	1	Nonrespondent
448073073063000000000	Falls County Sheriffs Office	Marlin	44	10	14.89999962	Nonrespondent
451008008061000000000	Emery County Sheriffs Office	Castle Dale	45	9	9	Nonrespondent
471043043062000000000	Pamunkey Regional Jail Middle Regional Security Center	Hanover	47 47	12	1	Nonrespondent
471060060060100000000	Middle Peninsula Regional Security Center	Saluda	47 50	12	1	Nonrespondent
501052052061000000000 511011011061000000000	Racine County Sheriff's Office Laramie County Sheriff's Department	Racine	50 51	1 7	1.27884614	Nonrespondent Nonrespondent
	Laramic County Chemica Department	Cheyenne	JI	,	1.27004014	rioniespondent

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Annual Survey of Jails: Jail-Level Data, 2017

Variable Description and Frequencies

Note: Frequencies displayed for the variables are not weighted. They are purely descriptive and may not be representative of the study population. Please review any sampling or weighting information available with the study.

Summary statistics (minimum, maximum, mean, median, and standard deviation) may not be available for every variable in the codebook. Conversely, a listing of frequencies in table format may not be present for every variable in the codebook either. However, all variables in the dataset are present and display sufficient information about each variable. These decisions are made intentionally and are at the discretion of the archive producing this codebook.

Annual Survey of Jails: Jail-Level Data, 2017

RTIID - UNIQUE ID OF ORGANIZATION (RTI)

Location: 1-8 (width: 8; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

GID - CENSUS GID IDENTIFIER

Location: 9-29 (width: 21; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

JURISID - UNIQUE ID OF JURISDICTION (RTI)

Location: 30-38 (width: 9; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

COUNTY - ORGANIZATION COUNTY

Location: 39-114 (width: 76; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

NAME - ORGANIZATION NAME

Location: 115-214 (width: 100; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

YEAR - REPORTING YEAR

Location: 215-218 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
2017	-	865	100.0 %
	Total	865	100%

CITY - ORGANIZATION CITY

Location: 219-242 (width: 24; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

STATE - ORGANIZATION STATE

Location: 243-244 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	l lowe in bio	%
value	Lauei	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	Alabama	23	2.7 %
2	Alaska	0	0.0 %
3	Arizona	8	0.9 %
4	Arkansas	9	1.0 %
5	California	64	7.4 %
6	Colorado	13	1.5 %
9	District of Columbia	1	0.1 %
10	Florida	33	3.8 %
11	Georgia	71	8.2 %
13	Idaho	12	1.4 %
14	Illinois	13	1.5 %
15	Indiana	22	2.5 %
16	lowa	11	1.3 %
17	Kansas	12	1.4 %
18	Kentucky	29	3.4 %
19	Louisiana	37	4.3 %
20	Maine	3	0.3 %
21	Maryland	13	1.5 %
22	Massachusetts	9	1.0 %
23	Michigan	19	2.2 %
24	Minnesota	20	2.3 %
25	Mississippi	21	2.4 %
26	Missouri	16	1.8 %
27	Montana	3	0.3 %
28	Nebraska	5	0.6 %
29	Nevada	7	0.8 %
30	New Hampshire	3	0.3 %
31	New Jersey	14	1.6 %
32	New Mexico	10	1.2 %
33	New York	15	1.7 %
34	North Carolina	22	2.5 %
35	North Dakota	6	0.7 %
36	Ohio	29	3.4 %
37	Oklahoma	15	1.7 %
38	Oregon	8	0.9 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
39	Pennsylvania	36	4.2 %
41	South Carolina	17	2.0 %
42	South Dakota	5	0.6 %
43	Tennessee	43	5.0 %
44	Texas	70	8.1 %
45	Utah	7	0.8 %
47	Virginia	39	4.5 %
48	Washington	19	2.2 %
49	West Virginia	10	1.2 %
50	Wisconsin	20	2.3 %
51	Wyoming	3	0.3 %
	Total	865	100%

ZIP - ORGANIZATION ZIPCODE

Location: 245-254 (width: 10; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

STATEFIPS - ORGANIZATION STATE FIPS CODE

Location: 255-256 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

CNTYCODE - ORGANIZATION COUNTY FIPS CODE

Location: 257-261 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

STRATUM - ORGANIZATION STRATUM

Location: 262-263 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

FINALWT - FINAL WEIGHT

Location: 264-274 (width: 11; decimal: 8)

Variable Type: numeric

DESIGNWT - DESIGN WEIGHT

Location: 275-285 (width: 11; decimal: 8)

Variable Type: numeric

CLASS - CLASS

Location: 286-287 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	-	22	2.5 %
2	-	9	1.0 %
3	-	9	1.0 %
4	-	9	1.0 %
5	-	6	0.7 %
6	-	9	1.0 %
7	-	153	17.7 %
8	-	119	13.8 %
12	-	4	0.5 %
13	-	32	3.7 %
14	-	19	2.2 %
15	-	8	0.9 %
16	-	11	1.3 %
17	-	205	23.7 %
18	-	76	8.8 %
19	-	59	6.8 %
20	-	49	5.7 %
21	-	5	0.6 %
22	-	13	1.5 %
23	-	20	2.3 %
24	-	20	2.3 %
25	-	5	0.6 %
26	-	3	0.3 %
	Total	865	100%

STATUS - ORGANIZATION STATUS IN SURVEY

Location: 288-288 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	Respondent	865	100.0 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
2	Non-Respondent	0	0.0 %
3	Out-of-Scope	0	0.0 %
	Total	865	100%

CONFPOP - CONFINED POPULATION AT MIDYEAR

Location: 289-293 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility]?

INCLUDE

- Persons on transfer to treatment facilities but who remain under your jurisdiction
- Persons held for other jurisdictions
- Persons in community-based programs (e.g., work release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night
- Persons out to court while under your jurisdiction.

EXCLUDE

- Persons under your jurisdiction who are boarded elsewhere
- Inmates who are AWOL, escaped, or on long-term transfer to other jurisdictions
- Persons in community-based programs run by your jails (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.

Mean: 615.70Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 17056.00

• Standard Deviation: 1052.08

CONFPOP_FLAG - CONFINED POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1A) - FLAG

Location: 294-294 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	661	76.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	191	22.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	1	0.1 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

NCONPOP - NONCONFINED POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1B)

Location: 295-298 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were . . . under jail supervision, but NOT CONFINED?

INCLUDE

- Persons in community-based programs run by your jail jurisdiction (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.

EXCLUDE

- Persons on pretrial release who are not in a community-based program run by your jail jurisdiction
- Persons under the supervision of probation, parole, or other agencies
- Inmates on weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday-Sunday)
- Inmates participating in community-based programs (e.g., work release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night.

Mean: 46.50Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 3079.00

• Standard Deviation: 212.61

NCONPOP_FLAG - NONCONFINED POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1B) - FLAG

Location: 299-299 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	732	84.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	119	13.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	3	0.3 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

TOTPOP - TOTAL POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1C)

Location: 300-304 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail]... TOTAL (sum of items 1a and 1b)?

Mean: 662.20Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 17275.00

• Standard Deviation: 1141.99

TOTPOP_FLAG - TOTAL POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1C) - FLAG

Location: 305-305 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	669	77.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	178	20.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	5	0.6 %
3	Item imputed	3	0.3 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

WEEK - WEEKEND PROGRAMS? (Q2)

Location: 306-307 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

On the weekend prior to June 30, 2017, did [your jail facilities / this facility] have a weekend program?

Weekend programs allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday-Sunday).

Mean: 0.52Median: 1.00Mode: 1.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 1.00

• Standard Deviation: 0.50

WEEK_FLAG - WEEKEND PROGRAMS? (Q2) - FLAG

Location: 308-309 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	843	97.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	0	0.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	0	0.0 %
	Missing Data		
-9	Blank	22	2.5 %
	Total	865	100%

WEEKN - WEEKENDERS COUNT (Q2)

Location: 310-312 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

[If Q2 is Yes,] How many inmates participated [in weekend program]?

Mean: 9.57Median: 3.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 370.00

• Standard Deviation: 23.32

WEEKN_FLAG - WEEKENDERS COUNT (Q2) - FLAG

Location: 313-314 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	294	34.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	147	17.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	0	0.0 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
	Missing Data		
-9	Blank	424	49.0 %
	Total	865	100%

NONCITZ - NON-U.S. CITIZENS (Q3)

Location: 315-318 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

Of all the persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 30, 2017 (as reported in item 1a), how many were not U.S. citizens?

Mean: 33.52Median: 2.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 1428.00

• Standard Deviation: 110.15

NONCITZ_FLAG - NON-U.S. CITIZENS (Q3) - FLAG

Location: 319-320 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	503	58.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	322	37.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	0	0.0 %
	Missing Data		
-9	Blank	40	4.6 %
	Total	865	100%

ADULTM - ADULT MALES (Q4A)

Location: 321-325 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . adult males (age 18 or older)?

Mean: 523.68Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 14836.00Standard Deviation: 917.28

ADULTM_FLAG - ADULT MALES (Q4A) - FLAG

Location: 326-326 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	648	74.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	189	21.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.3 %
3	Item imputed	15	1.7 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ADULTF - ADULT FEMALES (Q4B)

Location: 327-330 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . adult females (age 18 or older)?

Mean: 88.92Median: 54.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2220.00

• Standard Deviation: 139.39

ADULTF_FLAG - ADULT FEMALES (Q4B) - FLAG

Location: 331-331 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	654	75.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	185	21.4 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	15	1.7 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

JUVM - MALES UNDER 18 (Q4C)

Location: 332-334 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . males age 17 or younger?

Mean: 2.87
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 143.00
Standard Deviation: 9.21

JUVM_FLAG - MALES UNDER 18 (Q4C) - FLAG

Location: 335-335 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	745	86.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	96	11.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

JUVF - FEMALES UNDER 18 (Q4D)

Location: 336-337 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . females age 17 or younger?

Mean: 0.23Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 13.00

• Standard Deviation: 0.96

JUVF_FLAG - FEMALES UNDER 18 FLAG (Q4D) - FLAG

Location: 338-338 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	755	87.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	86	9.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

TOTGENDER - TOTAL - SEX/JUV. STATUS (Q4E)

Location: 339-343 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] TOTAL? (Sum of items 4a through 4d should equal item 1a).

Mean: 615.70Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 17056.00Standard Deviation: 1052.08

TOTGENDER_FLAG - TOTAL - SEX/JUV. STATUS (Q4E) - FLAG

Location: 344-344 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	661	76.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	191	22.1 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	1	0.1 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ADLTJUV - PERSON UNDER 18 HELD AS ADULTS (Q5)

Location: 345-347 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Of all the persons age 17 or younger CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 30, 2017 how many were tried or awaiting trial in adult court?

Mean: 2.82
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 147.00
Standard Deviation: 9.48

ADLTJUV_FLAG - PERSON UNDER 18 HELD AS ADULTS (Q5) - FLAG

Location: 348-348 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	789	91.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	51	5.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	15	1.7 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

CONV - CONVICTED (Q6A)

Location: 349-352 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Of all persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 30, 2017, how many were . . . convicted?

- For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.
- For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.

Mean: 219.64Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 6378.00

• Standard Deviation: 385.10

CONV_FLAG - CONVICTED (Q6A) - FLAG

Location: 353-353 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	503	58.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	316	36.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	34	3.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

UNCONV - UNCONVICTED (Q6B)

Location: 354-358 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Of all persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 30, 2017, how many were . . . unconvicted?

- For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.
- For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.

Mean: 396.07Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 10678.00Standard Deviation: 740.13

UNCONV_FLAG - UNCONVICTED (Q6B) - FLAG

Location: 359-359 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	515	59.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	304	35.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	34	3.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

TOTCONVSTATUS - TOTAL - CONVICTION STATUS (Q6C)

Location: 360-364 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

TOTAL of all persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 30, 2017. (Sum of items 6a and 6b should equal item 1a).

- For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.
- For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.

Mean: 615.70Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 17056.00

• Standard Deviation: 1052.08

TOTCONVSTATUS_FLAG - TOTAL - CONVICTION STATUS (Q6C) - FLAG

Location: 365-365 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	661	76.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	191	22.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	1	0.1 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

FELONY - FELONY (Q7A)

Location: 366-370 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of . . . felony?

(For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.)

Mean: 442.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 15433.00

• Standard Deviation: 878.30

FELONY_FLAG - FELONY (Q7A) - FLAG

Location: 371-371 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	436	50.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	362	41.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	6	0.7 %
3	Item imputed	51	5.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

MISD - MISDEMEANOR (Q7B)

Location: 372-375 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of . . . misdemeanor?

(For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.)

Mean: 146.65Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 3293.00

• Standard Deviation: 247.71

MISD_FLAG - MISDEMEANOR (Q7B) - FLAG

Location: 376-376 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	443	51.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	355	41.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	6	0.7 %
3	Item imputed	51	5.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OTHEROFFSPEC - OTHER OFFENSE SPECIFY (Q7C)

Location: 377-426 (width: 50; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of \dots other? (Specify)

(For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.)

OTHEROFF - OTHER OFFENSE COUNT (Q7C)

Location: 427-430 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of . . . other?

(For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.)

Mean: 27.06Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00

Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 1328.00

• Standard Deviation: 100.53

OTHEROFF_FLAG - OTHER OFFENSE COUNT (Q7C) - FLAG

Location: 431-431 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	623	72.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	179	20.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	51	5.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

TOTOFF - TOTAL - OFFENSE TYPE (Q7D)

Location: 432-436 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, TOTAL persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status. (Sum of items 7a to 7c should equal item 1a).

Mean: 615.70Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 17056.00

• Standard Deviation: 1052.08

TOTOFF_FLAG - TOTAL - OFFENSE TYPE (Q7D) - FLAG

Location: 437-437 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	660	76.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	191	22.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.3 %
3	Item imputed	1	0.1 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

WHITE - WHITE INMATES (Q8A)

Location: 438-441 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . White, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 264.78Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 4722.00

• Standard Deviation: 340.75

WHITE_FLAG - WHITE INMATES (Q8A) - FLAG

Location: 442-442 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	489	56.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	335	38.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.3 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.2 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

BLACK - BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN INMATES (Q8B)

Location: 443-446 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . Black or African American, not of Hispanic Origin?

Mean: 219.86Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 5306.00

• Standard Deviation: 468.40

BLACK_FLAG - BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN INMATES (Q8B) - FLAG

Location: 447-447 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	514	59.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	311	36.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.2 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

HISP - HISPANIC OR LATINO INMATES (Q8C)

Location: 448-451 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . Hispanic or Latino?

Mean: 100.67Median: 8.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 8643.00

• Standard Deviation: 409.97

HISP_FLAG - HISPANIC OR LATINO INMATES (Q8C) - FLAG

Location: 452-452 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	527	60.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	298	34.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.2 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

AIAN - AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKA NATIVE INMATES (Q8D)

Location: 453-455 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . American Indian or Alaska Native, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 5.71Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 377.00

• Standard Deviation: 24.91

AIAN_FLAG - AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKA NATIVE INMATES (Q8D) - FLAG

Location: 456-456 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	608	70.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	217	25.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.2 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ASIAN - ASIAN INMATES (Q8E)

Location: 457-459 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . Asian, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 4.47
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 245.00

• Standard Deviation: 17.79

ASIAN_FLAG - ASIAN INMATES (Q8E) - FLAG

Location: 460-460 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	601	69.5 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	Estimated by respondent	225	26.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.2 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

NHOPI - NATIVE HAWAIIAN/OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER INMATES (Q8F)

Location: 461-462 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 0.78Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 89.00

• Standard Deviation: 5.02

NHOPI_FLAG - NATIVE HAWAIIAN/OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER INMATES (Q8F) - FLAG

Location: 463-463 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	639	73.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	187	21.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	29	3.4 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

TWORACE - TWO OR MORE RACES INMATES (Q8G)

Location: 464-466 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . two or more races, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 1.37Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 252.00

• Standard Deviation: 12.69

TWORACE_FLAG - TWO OR MORE RACES INMATES (Q8G) - FLAG

Location: 467-467 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	637	73.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	189	21.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	29	3.4 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OTHERRACESPEC - OTHER RACE INMATES, SPECIFY (Q8H)

Location: 468-517 (width: 50; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . from additional categories in your information system? (Specify)

OTHERRACE - OTHER RACE INMATES, COUNT (Q8H)

Location: 518-520 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . from additional categories in your information system?

Mean: 2.42Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00

Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 587.00

• Standard Deviation: 26.43

OTHERRACE_FLAG - OTHER RACE INMATES, COUNT (Q8H) - FLAG

Location: 521-521 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	653	75.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	173	20.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	29	3.4 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

RACEDK - NOT KNOWN (RACE) INMATES (Q8I)

Location: 522-525 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were . . . not known?

Mean: 15.63Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 3785.00

• Standard Deviation: 151.55

RACEDK_FLAG - NOT KNOWN (RACE) INMATES (Q8I) - FLAG

Location: 526-526 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	629	72.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	196	22.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.2 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %

Valu	Label	Unweighted Frequency	
	Total	865	100%

RACETOTAL - TOTAL - RACE (Q8J)

Location: 527-531 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, TOTAL persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility]? (Sum of items 8a to 8i should equal item 1a).

Mean: 615.70Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 17056.00

• Standard Deviation: 1052.08

RACETOTAL_FLAG - TOTAL - RACE (Q8J) - FLAG

Location: 532-532 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	661	76.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	191	22.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	1	0.1 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

MARSHALS - U.S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE (Q9A1)

Location: 533-536 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . federal authorities (U.S. Marshals Service)?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1063.00
Standard Deviation: 65.78

MARSHALS_FLAG - U.S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE (Q9A1) - FLAG

Location: 537-537 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	660	76.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	171	19.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	24	2.8 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

BOP - FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS (Q9A2)

Location: 538-540 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . federal authorities (Federal Bureau of Prisons)?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 1.37
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 147.00

• Standard Deviation: 8.18

BOP_FLAG - FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS (Q9A2) - FLAG

Location: 541-541 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	685	79.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	146	16.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	24	2.8 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ICE - U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT (Q9A3)

Location: 542-544 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . federal authorities (U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE))?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 11.70Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 745.00

• Standard Deviation: 58.80

ICE_FLAG - U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT (Q9A3) - FLAG

Location: 545-545 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	660	76.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	171	19.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	24	2.8 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

BIA - BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS (Q9A4)

Location: 546-547 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . federal authorities (Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA))?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 0.09Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 56.00

• Standard Deviation: 1.98

BIA_FLAG - BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS (Q9A4) - FLAG

Location: 548-548 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	710	82.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	121	14.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	24	2.8 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OTHERFEDSPEC - OTHER FEDERAL AUTHORITIES, SPECIFY (Q9A5)

Location: 549-572 (width: 24; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . federal authorities (other)? (Specify)

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

OTHERFED - OTHER FEDERAL AUTHORITIES, COUNT (Q9A5)

Location: 573-574 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . federal authorities (other)?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 0.17Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 99.00

• Standard Deviation: 3.42

OTHERFED_FLAG - OTHER FEDERAL AUTHORITIES, COUNT (Q9A5) - FLAG

Location: 575-575 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	711	82.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	120	13.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	24	2.8 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

INSTATEPRIS - STATE: FOR YOUR STATE (Q9B1)

Location: 576-579 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . state prison authorities for your state?

Mean: 63.27Median: 4.00Mode: 0.00

Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2145.00

• Standard Deviation: 170.56

INSTATEPRIS_FLAG - STATE: FOR YOUR STATE (Q9B1) - FLAG

Location: 580-580 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	608	70.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	221	25.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	26	3.0 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OUTSTATEPRIS - STATE: FOR OTHER STATES (Q9B2)

Location: 581-583 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . state prison authorities for other states?

Mean: 1.19Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 335.00

• Standard Deviation: 12.25

${\tt OUTSTATEPRIS_FLAG-STATE:}\ {\tt FOR\ OTHER\ STATES\ (Q9B2)-FLAG}$

Location: 584-584 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	680	78.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	150	17.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	25	2.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %

Valu	Label	Unweighted Frequency	
	Total	865	100%

TRIBAL - TRIBAL HOLD (Q9C)

Location: 585-586 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for . . . American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments?

- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for the BIA in item 9a4.

Mean: 0.18Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 70.00

• Standard Deviation: 2.61

TRIBAL_FLAG - TRIBAL HOLD (Q9C) - FLAG

Location: 587-587 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	718	83.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	113	13.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	24	2.8 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

INSTATEJAIL - LOCAL: WITHIN YOUR STATE (Q9D1)

Location: 588-591 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for other . . . local

jail jurisdictions within your state?

- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for your own jurisdiction (i.e., your own county/city inmates).
- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c.

Mean: 26.81
Median: 1.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1886.00
Standard Deviation: 111.63

INSTATEJAIL_FLAG - LOCAL: WITHIN YOUR STATE (Q9D1) - FLAG

Location: 592-592 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	635	73.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	195	22.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	25	2.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OUTSTATEJAIL - LOCAL: OUTSIDE YOUR STATE (Q9D2)

Location: 593-595 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for other . . . local jail jurisdictions outside your state?

- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for your own jurisdiction (i.e., your own county/city inmates).
- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c.

Mean: 1.47Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 309.00

• Standard Deviation: 12.35

OUTSTATEJAIL_FLAG - LOCAL: OUTSIDE YOUR STATE (Q9D2) - FLAG

Location: 596-596 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	677	78.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	153	17.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	25	2.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OTHERHOLDTOT - TOTAL - HOLDS (Q9E)

Location: 597-600 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, TOTAL persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility]. (Sum of items 9a to 9d).

Mean: 125.85Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2145.00

• Standard Deviation: 238.40

OTHERHOLDTOT_FLAG - TOTAL - HOLDS (Q9E) - FLAG

Location: 601-601 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	647	74.8 %
1	Estimated by respondent	182	21.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	25	2.9 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

PEAKDATE - DATE IN DECEMBER WHEN HELD GREATEST NUMBER OF INMATES (Q10A)

Location: 602-603 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Question:

During the 30-day period from June 1 to June 30, 2017, on what day did your jail facilities hold the greatest number of inmates?

Peak population should be equal to or greater than the confined inmate population reported in item 1a.

Mean: 17.78Median: 19.00Mode: 30.00Minimum: 1.00Maximum: 30.00

• Standard Deviation: 9.56

PEAKPOP - GREATEST NUMBER OF INMATES HELD IN DECEMBER (Q10B)

Location: 604-608 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

How many persons were CONFINED on that day?

Mean: 637.91Minimum: 1.00Maximum: 17220.00

• Standard Deviation: 1071.28

PEAKPOP_FLAG - GREATEST NUMBER OF INMATES HELD IN DECEMBER (Q10B) - FLAG

Location: 609-609 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	641	74.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	191	22.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.3 %
3	Item imputed	20	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ADPM - MALE ADP (Q11A)

Location: 610-614 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017, what was the average daily population of [your jail facilities / this facility] ... for males?

- INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday - Sunday).
- To calculate the average daily population, add the number of persons for each day during the period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, and divide the result by 365.
- If daily counts are not available, estimate the average daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by 12.
- If average daily population cannot be calculated as directed above, then estimate the typical number of persons held in your jail facilities each day.

• Mean: 526.11 • Minimum: 0.00 • Maximum: 15005.00

Standard Deviation: 937.64

ADPM_FLAG - MALE ADP (Q11A) - FLAG

Location: 615-615 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	464	53.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	374	43.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.3 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ADPF - FEMALE ADP (Q11B)

Location: 616-619 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017, what was the average daily population of [your jail facilities / this facility]

... for females?

- INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday Sunday).
- To calculate the average daily population, add the number of persons for each day during the period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, and divide the result by 365.
- If daily counts are not available, estimate the average daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by 12.
- If average daily population cannot be calculated as directed above, then estimate the typical number of persons held in your jail facilities each day.

Mean: 88.52Median: 52.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2239.00

• Standard Deviation: 141.73

ADPF_FLAG - FEMALE ADP (Q11B) - FLAG

Location: 620-620 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	477	55.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	361	41.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.3 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ADP - TOTAL - ADP (Q11C)

Location: 621-625 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017, what was the average daily population of [your jail facilities / this facility] . . . totals? (Sum of items 11a and 11b).

- INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday Sunday).
- To calculate the average daily population, add the number of persons for each day during the period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, and divide the result by 365.
- If daily counts are not available, estimate the average daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by 12.

- If average daily population cannot be calculated as directed above, then estimate the typical number of persons held in your jail facilities each day.

Mean: 614.62Minimum: 1.00Maximum: 17244.00

• Standard Deviation: 1068.02

ADP_FLAG - TOTAL - ADP (Q11C) - FLAG

Location: 626-626 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	523	60.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	317	36.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	6	0.7 %
3	Item imputed	9	1.0 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

RATED - RATED CAPACITY (Q12)

Location: 627-631 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, what was the total rated capacity of [your jail facilities / this facility], excluding separate temporary holding areas?

- Rated capacity is the maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility.
- If rated capacity is not available, estimate by using the design capacity and mark the checkbox.

Mean: 751.05Minimum: 2.00Maximum: 21732.00

• Standard Deviation: 1365.63

RATED_FLAG - RATED CAPACITY (Q12) - FLAG

Location: 632-632 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	687	79.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	158	18.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	10	1.2 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ADMISM - MALE ADMISSIONS (Q13A1)

Location: 633-637 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were . . . ADMITTED to [your jail facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017? (New admissions males)

INCLUDE

- Persons officially booked into and housed in your jail facilities by formal legal document and by the authority of the courts or some other official agency
- Repeat offenders booked on new charges
- Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into the facility for the first time.

EXCLUDE

- Returns from escape, work release, medical appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.

Mean: 6086.21Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 91633.00

• Standard Deviation: 8904.91

ADMISM_FLAG - MALE ADMISSIONS(Q13A1) - FLAG

Location: 638-638 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	465	53.8 %
1	Estimated by respondent	358	41.4 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.3 %
3	Item imputed	29	3.4 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %

Valu	Label	Unweighted Frequency	
	Total	865	100%

ADMISF - FEMALE ADMISSIONS (Q13A2)

Location: 639-643 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were . . . ADMITTED to [your jail facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017? (New admissions females)

INCLUDE

- Persons officially booked into and housed in your jail facilities by formal legal document and by the authority of the courts or some other official agency
- Repeat offenders booked on new charges
- Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into the facility for the first time.

EXCLUDE

- Returns from escape, work release, medical appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.

Mean: 1777.97Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 36898.00

• Standard Deviation: 2684.82

ADMISF_FLAG - FEMALE ADMISSIONS (Q13A2) - FLAG

Location: 644-644 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	481	55.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	343	39.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	29	3.4 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ADMIS - TOTAL - ADMISSIONS (Q13A3)

Location: 645-650 (width: 6; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were . . . ADMITTED to [your jail facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017? (TOTAL, sum of items 13a1 and 13a2)

INCLUDE

- Persons officially booked into and housed in your jail facilities by formal legal document and by the authority of the courts or some other official agency
- Repeat offenders booked on new charges
- Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into the facility for the first time.

EXCLUDE

- Returns from escape, work release, medical appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.

Mean: 7864.18Minimum: 4.00Maximum: 128531.00

• Standard Deviation: 11449.73

ADMIS_FLAG - TOTAL - ADMISSIONS (Q13A3) - FLAG

Location: 651-651 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	545	63.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	289	33.4 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	21	2.4 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

RELEASEM - MALE DISCHARGES (Q13B1)

Location: 652-656 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were . . . DISCHARGED from [your facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017? (Final discharges male).

INCLUDE

- Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
- Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the last time.

EXCLUDE

- Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your jurisdiction).

Mean: 6012.13Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 99801.00

• Standard Deviation: 8927.35

RELEASEM_FLAG - MALE DISCHARGES (Q13B1) - FLAG

Location: 657-657 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	435	50.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	374	43.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	44	5.1 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

RELEASEF - FEMALE DISCHARGES (Q13B2)

Location: 658-662 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were . . . DISCHARGED from [your facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017? (Final discharges female).

INCLUDE

- Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
- Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the last time.

EXCLUDE

- Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your jurisdiction).

Mean: 1727.48Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 23701.00

• Standard Deviation: 2496.15

RELEASEF_FLAG - FEMALE DISCHARGES (Q13B2) - FLAG

Location: 663-663 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	446	51.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	364	42.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	44	5.1 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

RELEASE - TOTAL - DISCHARGES (Q13B3)

Location: 664-669 (width: 6; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were . . . DISCHARGED from [your facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017? (TOTAL, sum of items 13b1 and 13b2).

INCLUDE

- Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
- Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the last time.

EXCLUDE

- Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your jurisdiction).

Mean: 7739.61Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 120368.00

Standard Deviation: 11288.55

RELEASE_FLAG - TOTAL - DISCHARGES (Q13B3) - FLAG

Location: 670-670 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	525	60.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	299	34.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	31	3.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

EMONITOR - ELECTRONIC MONITORING PROGRAM (Q14A)

Location: 671-674 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . electronic monitoring?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 15.13
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 2149.00
Standard Deviation: 92.42

EMONITOR_FLAG - ELECTRONIC MONITORING PROGRAM (Q14A) - FLAG

Location: 675-675 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	779	90.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	62	7.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	13	1.5 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

HOMEDETN - HOME DETENTION (Q14B)

Location: 676-678 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . home detention without electronic monitoring?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 1.52Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 702.00

• Standard Deviation: 24.82

HOMEDETN_FLAG - HOME DETENTION (Q14B) - FLAG

Location: 679-679 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	795	91.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	47	5.4 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	13	1.5 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

COMMSRV - COMMUNITY SERVICE (Q14C)

Location: 680-683 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . community service?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 8.05
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1295.00
Standard Deviation: 74.52

COMMSRV_FLAG - COMMUNITY SERVICE (Q14C) - FLAG

Location: 684-684 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	793	91.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	47	5.4 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

DAYREPORT - DAY REPORTING (Q14D)

Location: 685-687 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . day reporting?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 3.41
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 585.00
Standard Deviation: 28.08

DAYREPORT_FLAG - DAY REPORTING (Q14D) - FLAG

Location: 688-688 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	799	92.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	43	5.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	13	1.5 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

PRETRIAL - OTHER PRETRIAL SUPERVISION (Q14E)

Location: 689-692 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . other pretrial supervision?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 9.90
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1244.00
Standard Deviation: 77.83

PRETRIAL_FLAG - OTHER PRETRIAL SUPERVISION (Q14E) - FLAG

Location: 693-693 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	798	92.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	43	5.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	13	1.5 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

ALTWORK - OTHER ALTERNATIVE WORK PROGRAMS (Q14F)

Location: 694-697 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . other alternative work programs?

EXCLUDE inmates participating in work release programs who return to jail at night.

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 4.04
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1270.00
Standard Deviation: 47.88

ALTWORK_FLAG - OTHER ALTERNATIVE WORK PROGRAMS (Q14F) - FLAG

Location: 698-698 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	795	91.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	46	5.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

TREATMENT - ALCOHOL/DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAMS (Q14G)

Location: 699-701 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . alcohol/drug treatment programs?

EXCLUDE inmates participating in alcohol/drug treatment programs who are confined in jail.

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 1.03Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 244.00

• Standard Deviation: 10.95

TREATMENT_FLAG - ALCOHOL/DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAMS (Q14G) - FLAG

Location: 702-702 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	793	91.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	48	5.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OTRNONCONFSPEC - OTHER NONCONFINED PROGRAMS, SPECIFY (Q14H)

Location: 703-752 (width: 50; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . other programs outside of jail facilities? (Specify)

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

OTRNONCONF - OTHER NONCONFINED PROGRAMS, COUNT (Q14H)

Location: 753-755 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in . . . other programs outside of jail facilities?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 3.42Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 758.00

• Standard Deviation: 40.15

OTRNONCONF_FLAG - OTHER NONCONFINED PROGRAMS, COUNT (Q14H) - FLAG

Location: 756-756 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	793	91.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	48	5.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

NONCONFD - TOTAL - NOT CONFINED (Q14I)

Location: 757-760 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED TOTAL? (Sum of items 14a to 14h should equal item 1b)

Mean: 46.50Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 3079.00

• Standard Deviation: 212.61

NONCONFD_FLAG - TOTAL - NOT CONFINED (Q14I) - FLAG

Location: 761-761 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	732	84.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	119	13.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	3	0.3 %
4	Unit imputed		1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

CORRSTAFF - TOTAL - CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A)

Location: 762-766 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many staff employed in [your facilities / this facility] were . . . correctional officers (Deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spend more than 50% of their time with the incarcerated population)?

Count each employee only once. Classify employees with multiple functions by the function performed most frequently.

- INCLUDE payroll staff, non-payroll staff on the payroll of other government agencies (e.g., health department, school district, or court), and unpaid interns.
- EXCLUDE staff paid through contractual agreements and community volunteers.

Mean: 146.27Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 10415.00

• Standard Deviation: 426.77

CORRSTAFF_FLAG - TOTAL - CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A) - FLAG

Location: 767-767 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	622	71.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	202	23.4 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	31	3.6 %
4	Unit imputed		1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

CORRSTAFFM - MALE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A1)

Location: 768-771 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Of these [correctional officers], how many were male?

Mean: 101.53Median: 45.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 6045.00

• Standard Deviation: 262.65

CORRSTAFFM_FLAG - MALE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A1) - FLAG

Location: 772-772 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	608	70.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	209	24.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	38	4.4 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

CORRSTAFFF - FEMALE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A2)

Location: 773-776 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Of these [correctional officers], how many were female?

Mean: 44.74Median: 17.00Mode: 10.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 4370.00

• Standard Deviation: 171.86

CORRSTAFFF_FLAG - FEMALE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A2) - FLAG

Location: 777-777 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	609	70.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	208	24.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	38	4.4 %
4	Unit imputed		1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OTHERSTAFF - TOTAL - OTHER STAFF (Q15B)

Location: 778-781 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, how many staff employed in [your facilities / this facility] were . . . all other staff (Administrators, clerical and maintenance staff, educational staff, professional and technical staff, and other staff – unspecified who spend more than 50% of their time in the facility)?

Count each employee only once. Classify employees with multiple functions by the function performed most frequently.

- INCLUDE payroll staff, non-payroll staff on the payroll of other government agencies (e.g., health department, school district, or court), and unpaid interns.
- EXCLUDE staff paid through contractual agreements and community volunteers.

Mean: 39.12
Median: 13.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1034.00
Standard Deviation: 80.79

OTHERSTAFF_FLAG - TOTAL - OTHER STAFF (Q15B) - FLAG

Location: 782-782 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Va	lue	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
(0	Reported	633	73.2 %
	1	Estimated by respondent	191	22.1 %
:	2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
3	Item imputed	31	3.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OTHERSTAFFM - MALE OTHER STAFF (Q15B1)

Location: 783-785 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Of these [other staff], how many were male?

Mean: 16.86
Median: 5.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 750.00
Standard Deviation: 39.88

OTHERSTAFFM_FLAG - MALE OTHER STAFF (Q15B1) - FLAG

Location: 786-786 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	633	73.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	183	21.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	39	4.5 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

OTHERSTAFFF - FEMALE OTHER STAFF (Q15B2)

Location: 787-789 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

Of these [other staff], how many were female?

• Mean: 22.26

Median: 8.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 506.00

• Standard Deviation: 46.74

OTHERSTAFFF_FLAG - FEMALE OTHER STAFF (Q15B2) - FLAG

Location: 790-790 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	632	73.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	184	21.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	39	4.5 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %
	Total	865	100%

TOTALSTAFF - TOTAL - ALL STAFF (Q15C)

Location: 791-795 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 30, 2017, TOTAL staff employed in [your facilities / this facility]? (Sum of items 15a and 15b)

Mean: 185.39
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 11449.00
Standard Dovision: 4

• Standard Deviation: 487.96

TOTALSTAFF_FLAG - TOTAL - ALL STAFF (Q15C) - FLAG

Location: 796-796 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	650	75.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	172	19.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	2	0.2 %
3	Item imputed	31	3.6 %
4	Unit imputed	10	1.2 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	
	Total	865	100%



April 2019, NCJ 251774

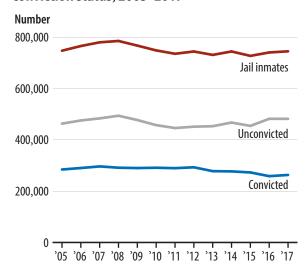
Jail Inmates in 2017

Zhen Zeng, Ph.D., BJS Statistician

ounty and city jails in the United States reported a total confined population of 745,200 inmates at midyear 2017 (figure 1). About 65% (482,000) of the confined inmates were awaiting court action on a current charge. The remaining 35% (263,200) were sentenced or convicted offenders awaiting sentencing. The jail incarceration rate at midyear 2017 was 229 inmates per 100,000 U.S. residents, down from 259 per 100,000 at midyear 2007 and 237 per 100,000 at midyear 2012 (table 1).

Findings in this report are based on the Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ), a nationally representative survey of county or city jail jurisdictions and regional jails in the country. Since 1982, the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) has conducted the ASJ to track changes in the number and characteristics of local jail inmates nationwide, jail inmate turnover, jail capacity, and space usage by other authorities.

FIGURE 1 Inmates confined in local jails at midyear, by conviction status, 2005–2017



Note: Based on the number of inmates held on the last weekday in June. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails. In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected counts of convicted and unconvicted inmates at year-end. Jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear. The 2015 and 2016 inmate populations were adjusted for seasonal variation and represent estimated midyear counts. See *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

HIGHLIGHTS

- County and city jails held 745,200 inmates at midyear 2017, down from 780,200 at midyear 2007.
- The jail incarceration rate declined from 259 inmates per 100,000 U.S. residents at midyear 2007 to 229 per 100,000 at midyear 2017, a 12% decrease.
- In 2017, males were incarcerated in jail at a rate (394 per 100,000 male U.S. residents)
 5.7 times that of females (69 per 100,000 female U.S. residents).
- In 2017, jails reported 10.6 million admissions, a 19% decline from 2007.
- The estimated average time in jail in 2017 was 26 days.

- The total rated capacity of county and city jails was 915,100 beds at midyear 2017.
- An estimated 81% of jail beds were occupied in 2017, down from 95% in 2005.
- From 2005 to 2017, the jail incarceration rate for whites increased 12%, while the rate for blacks decreased 23%.
- The male incarceration rate dropped from 448 per 100,000 male residents in 2005 to 394 per 100,000 in 2017, a 12% drop.
- Jails employed 225,700 full-time staff at midyear 2017, and the inmate-to-correctional-officer ratio was 4.2 to 1.



 TABLE 1

 Inmates confined at midyear, average daily population, annual admissions, and incarceration rates, 2005–2017

Year	Confined inmatesa	ADPb	Annual admissions ^c	Jail incarceration rated
2005	747,500	733,400	12,100,000 †	253 †
2006	765,800 †	755,300	12,200,000 †	256 †
2007	780,200 †	773,100 †	13,100,000 †	259 †
2008	785,500 †	776,600 †	13,600,000 †	258 †
2009	767,400 †	768,100 †	12,800,000 †	250 †
2010	748,700	748,600	12,900,000 †	242 †
2011	735,600	735,600	11,800,000 †	236 †
2012	744,500	737,400	11,600,000 †	237 †
2013	731,200	731,400	11,700,000	231
2014	744,600	739,000	11,400,000 †	234
2015	727,400	719,500 †	10,700,000	227
2016	740,700	731,300	10,600,000	229
2017*	745,200	745,600	10,600,000	229
Percent change				
2007-2017	-4.5%	-3.6%	-19.1%	-11.6%
2016-2017	0.6	1.9	0.0	-0.1

Note: Data are rounded to the nearest 100 for confined inmates and for average daily population (ADP) and to the nearest 100,000 for admissions. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails. See appendix table 1 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017; Census of Jail Inmates, 2005; Mortality in Correctional Institutions (formerly Deaths in Custody Reporting Program), 2006 (admissions only); and U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States: January 1, 2005, to January 1, 2018.

^{*}Comparison year.

[†]Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

^aNumber of inmates held on the last weekday in June.

^bThe ADP is the sum of all inmates in jail each day for one year, divided by the number of days in the year. The ADP for 2015 and 2016 was calculated for the calendar year ending on December 31. The ADP for all other years was calculated for the 12-month period ending on June 30.

^cAnnual admissions in 2005 and 2007–2014 were estimated based on admissions during a one-week period in June. The 2006, 2015, and 2016 annual admissions were for the calendar year ending on December 31. The 2017 annual admissions were for the 12-month period ending on June 30, 2017.

dNumber of confined inmates in local jails per 100,000 U.S. residents at midyear.

Terms and definitions

Admissions—All persons booked into and housed in jail facilities by formal legal document and the authority of the courts or some other official agency, including repeat offenders booked on new charges and persons sentenced to weekend programs and entering the facility for the first time. They exclude inmates reentering the facility after an escape, work release, medical appointment or treatment facility appointment, and bail and court appearances.

Average daily population (ADP)—The sum of inmates in jail each day for a year, divided by the number of days in the year.

Estimated average time in jail—The ADP divided by the number of annual admissions, then multiplied by the number of days in a year.

Jail—Confinement facilities operated under the authority of a sheriff, police chief, or city or county administrator. Facilities include jails, detention centers, city or county correctional centers, special jail facilities (such as medical or treatment centers and pre-release centers), and temporary holding or lockup facilities that are part of the jail's combined function. Jails are intended for adults but may hold juveniles before or after their cases are adjudicated. Inmates sentenced to jail facilities usually have a sentence of one year or less. Jails—

- receive individuals pending arraignment and hold them awaiting trial, conviction, or sentencing
- re-admit probation, parole, and bail bond violators and absconders
- temporarily detain juveniles pending their transfer to juvenile authorities
- hold mentally ill persons pending their movement to appropriate mental health facilities
- hold individuals for the military, protective custody, contempt, and the courts as witnesses
- release convicted inmates to the community on completion of sentence
- transfer inmates to federal, state, or other authorities
- house inmates for federal, state, or other authorities due to crowding of their facilities
- operate community-based programs as alternatives to incarceration.

Jail incarceration rate—The number of inmates held in the custody of local jails, per 100,000 total U.S. residents.

Jail jurisdiction—County (parish in Louisiana) or municipal government that administers one or more local jails and represents the entity responsible for managing jail facilities under its authority. Most jail jurisdictions consist of a single facility, but some have multiple facilities or multiple facility operators.

Midyear population—The number of inmates held in custody on the last weekday in June.

Percent of capacity occupied at midyear—The jail population at midyear, divided by the rated capacity.

Rated capacity—The number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility, excluding separate temporary holding areas.

Releases—Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail or bond releases, other pre-trial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, and deaths). Releases include persons who have completed their weekend program and who are leaving the facility for the last time. They exclude temporary discharges, such as work release, medical appointment or treatment center, court appearance, furlough, day reporting, and transfers to other facilities within the jail jurisdiction.

Under jail supervision but not confined—All persons in community-based programs operated by a jail facility, which include electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, and work programs. They exclude persons on pre-trial release who are not in a community-based program run by the jail and persons under supervision of probation, parole, or other agencies; inmates on weekend programs; and inmates who participate in work release programs and return to the jail at night.

Weekly inmate turnover rate—The sum of weekly admissions and releases, divided by the ADP.

Year-end population—The number of inmates held in custody on December 31. The year-end population is typically smaller than the midyear population.

Male incarceration rate dropped 12% from 2005 to 2017

In 2017, males were incarcerated in jail at a rate (394 per 100,000 male U.S. residents) nearly six times that of females (69 per 100,000 female U.S. residents) (table 2). From 2005 to 2017, the male incarceration rate decreased by 12%, from 448 to 394 per 100,000 male residents, while the female incarceration rate grew by 10%, from 63 to 69 per 100,000 female residents.

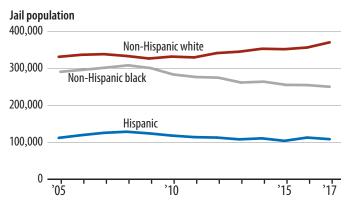
In 2017, whites were incarcerated in jail at a rate of 187 per 100,000 white U.S. residents, up 12% from 167 in 2005. From 2005 to 2017, the incarceration rate of blacks declined 23%, from 803 to 616 per 100,000 black U.S. residents. As a result of those changes, the black-to-white incarceration ratio decreased from 4.8:1 to 3.3:1 from 2005 to 2017. The Hispanic incarceration rate in 2017 was almost identical to that of whites. The Asian incarceration rate was 89% lower than the overall incarceration rate.

Half of jail inmates were white and a third were black

While the jail incarceration rate has dropped in recent years, the inmate population has remained relatively stable. The composition of the jail population, however, has changed with respect to sex, race, and Hispanic origin.

In 2005, the population of whites in local jails (331,000) exceeded that of blacks (290,500) by 14% (figure 2, table 3). By 2017, whites (370,100) outnumbered blacks (250,100) by almost 50%. From 2005 to 2017, the percentage of the jail population that was white increased from 44% to 50%, while the percentage that was black decreased from 39% to 34% (table 4). Hispanics accounted for 15% of all jail inmates in 2017, the same as in 2005.

FIGURE 2 Jail population, by race/Hispanic origin, 2005–2017



Note: Based on the number of inmates held on the last weekday in June. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

TABLE 2Jail incarceration rates, by sex and race/Hispanic origin, 2005 and 2010–2017

Demographic characteristic	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015a	2016a	2017*
Total ^b	253 †	242 †	236 †	237 †	231	233	226	229	229
Adults ^c	334†	315 †	307 †	308 †	299	302	292	295	295
Sex ^b									
Male	448 †	431 †	419†	418†	404	405	394	398	394
Female	63 †	59 †	59†	62†	64†	67	64†	66 †	69
Race/Hispanic origin									
White ^d	167 †	167 †	167 †	173 †	174 †	178†	178 †	180 †	187
Black ^d	803 †	745 †	721 †	709 †	668 †	667 †	640	633	616
Hispanic	263 †	235 †	219†	212 †	199†	200 †	184	196†	185
American Indian/Alaska Natived	339	426	410	401	437	443	378	379	366
Asian ^d	40 †	31 †	32 †	30 †	28	32†	30 †	30 †	26
Other ^{d,e}	34	26 †	26†	34	33	24†	36	40	39

Note: Number of confined inmates in local jails per 100,000 U.S. residents (for total) or per 100,000 U.S. residents of a given demographic group, at midyear. Data are based on the inmate population confined on the last weekday in June. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails. See appendix table 2 for standard errors. See appendix table 3 for denominators (U.S. resident population by sex and race/Hispanic origin) used for calculating incarceration rates.

†Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

^aIn 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected demographic data on inmate population at year-end instead of midyear. Jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear. In calculating midyear jail incarceration rates, the 2015 and 2016 inmate populations were adjusted for seasonal variation. See Adjusting for seasonal variation in *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2010–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

^{*}Comparison year.

bIncludes both adults and juveniles.

^cExcludes persons age 17 or younger.

dExcludes persons of Hispanic/Latino origin (e.g., white refers to non-Hispanic whites and black refers to non-Hispanic blacks).

^eIncludes Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, and persons of two or more races.

TABLE 3Number of confined inmates in local jails, by characteristics, 2005 and 2010–2017

Characteristic	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 ^a	2016 ^a	2017*
Total	747,500	748,700	735,600	744,500	731,200	744,600	727,400	740,700	745,200
Sex									
Male	653,000 †	656,400 †	642,300	645,900	628,900	635,500	623,600	633,100	631,500
Female	94,600 †	92,400 †	93,300 †	98,600 †	102,400 †	109,100 †	103,800 †	107,600 †	113,700
Adults	740,800	741,200	729,700	739,100	726,600	740,400	723,800	736,800	741,600
Male	646,800 †	649,300 †	636,900	640,900	624,700	631,600	620,300	629,700	628,200
Female	94,000 †	91,900 †	92,800 †	98,100 †	101,900 †	108,800 †	103,500 †	107,100 †	113,400
Juveniles ^b	6,800 †	7,600 †	5,900 †	5,400 †	4,600 †	4,200 †	3,600	3,900	3,600
Held as adult ^c	5,800 †	5,600 †	4,600 †	4,600 †	3,500	3,700 †	3,200	3,200	3,200
Held as juvenile	1,000 †	1,900 †	1,400 †	900 †	1,100 †	500 †	400	700 †	300
Race/Hispanic origin									
White ^d	331,000 †	331,600 †	329,400 †	341,100 †	344,900 †	352,800 †	351,600 †	356,100 †	370,100
Black ^d	290,500 †	283,200 †	276,400 †	274,600 †	261,500	263,800 †	255,200	254,600	250,100
Hispanic	111,900	118,100 †	113,900	112,700	107,900	110,600	103,900	112,700	108,400
American Indian/ Alaska Native ^d	7,600	9,900	9,400	9,300	10,200	10,400	9,000	9,000	8,800
Asian ^d	4,900	4,400	4,800	4,700	4,500	5,400 †	5,200	5,200 †	4,800
Other ^{d,e}	1,500 †	1,500 †	1,600 †	2,200 †	2,200 †	1,700 †	2,500	2,900	2,900
Conviction status									
Convicted	284,400 †	291,300 †	289,600 †	293,100 †	278,000 †	277,100 †	273,000	258,500	263,200
Unconvicted	463,200 †	457,400 †	446,000 †	451,400 †	453,200 †	467,500	454,400 †	482,100	482,000
Most serious type of offense									
Felony							494,100 †	516,400	516,800
Misdemeanor							193,100	188,000	194,700
Other ^f			•••	•••			40,200 †	36,300	33,600

Note: Data are based on the inmate population confined on the last weekday in June, unless specified. Data are adjusted for non-response and rounded to the nearest 100. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See table 6 in *Jail Inmates at Midyear 2009 - Statistical Tables* (NCJ 230122, BJS web, June 2010) for data from 2006 to 2009. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails. See appendix table 4 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2010-2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

^{*}Comparison year.

[†]Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

^{...}Not collected.

^aIn 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected demographic data on the inmate population at year-end instead of midyear. Jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear. The 2015 and 2016 inmate populations were adjusted for seasonal variation and represent estimated midyear counts. See *Methodology* for details on estimation procedures.

bPersons age 17 or younger.

^CIncludes juveniles who were tried or awaiting trial as adults.

dExcludes persons of Hispanic/Latino origin (e.g., white refers to non-Hispanic whites and black refers to non-Hispanic blacks).

eIncludes Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, and persons of two or more races.

fIncludes civil infractions and unknown offenses.

From 2005 to 2017, the female jail population grew by 20%, while the male population experienced a small decline (3%). As a result, the percentage of the jail population that was female increased from 12.6% to 15.2%.

In 2017, an estimated 65% of all jail inmates were awaiting court action on a current charge, up from 62% in 2005. Seven in 10 inmates were held in jail for felony charges.

TABLE 4Characteristics of confined inmates in local jails, 2005 and 2010–2017

Characteristic	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 ^a	2016 ^a	2017*
Sex									,
Male	87.3% †	87.7% †	87.3% †	86.8% †	86.0% †	85.3% †	85.7% †	85.5% †	84.7%
Female	12.7 †	12.3 †	12.7 †	13.2 †	14.0 †	14.7 †	14.3 †	14.5 †	15.3
Adults	99.1% †	99.0% †	99.2% †	99.3% †	99.4% †	99.4% †	99.5%	99.5%	99.5%
Male	86.5 †	86.7 †	86.6 †	86.1 †	85.4 †	84.8 †	85.3 †	85.0 †	84.3
Female	12.6 †	12.3 †	12.6 †	13.2 †	13.9 †	14.6 †	14.2 †	14.5 †	15.2
Juveniles ^b	0.9% †	1.0% †	0.8% †	0.7% †	0.6% †	0.6% †	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Held as adult ^c	0.8 †	0.8 †	0.6 †	0.6 †	0.5	0.5 †	0.4	0.4	0.4
Held as juvenile	0.1 †	0.3 †	0.2 †	0.1 †	0.1 †	0.1 †	0.1	0.1 †	
Race/Hispanic origin									
White ^d	44.3% †	44.3% †	44.8% †	45.8% †	47.2% †	47.4% †	48.3% †	48.1% †	49.7%
Black ^d	38.9 †	37.8 †	37.6 †	36.9 †	35.8 †	35.4 †	35.1 †	34.4	33.6
Hispanic	15.0	15.8 †	15.5 †	15.1	14.8	14.9	14.3	15.2	14.5
American Indian/ Alaska Native ^d	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2
Asiand	0.7 †	0.6 †	0.7	0.6	0.6 †	0.7	0.7 †	0.7 †	0.6
Other ^{d,e}	0.2 †	0.2 †	0.2 †	0.3	0.3 †	0.2	0.3	0.4 †	0.4
Conviction status									
Convicted	38.0% †	38.9% †	39.4% †	39.4% †	38.0% †	37.2% †	37.5% †	34.9%	35.3%
Unconvicted	62.0 †	61.1 †	60.6 †	60.6 †	62.0 †	62.8 †	62.5 †	65.1	64.7
Most serious type of offense									
Felony	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	67.8% †	69.7%	69.4%
Misdemeanor	•••		•••	•••		•••	26.5	25.4	26.1
Other ^f							5.5 †	4.9	4.5

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Data for 2005, 2010–2014, and 2017 are based on the inmate population confined on the last weekday in June. See table 7 in *Jail Inmates at Midyear 2009 - Statistical Tables* (NCJ 230122, BJS web, June 2010) for data from 2006 to 2009. Results may be different from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails. See appendix table 5 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2010–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

^{*}Comparison year.

[†]Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

⁻⁻Less than 0.05%.

^{...}Not collected.

^aBased on the inmate population confined on December 31. In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected demographic data on inmate population at year-end instead of midyear.

^bPersons age 17 or younger.

^CJuveniles who were tried or awaiting trial as adults.

dExcludes persons of Hispanic/Latino origin (e.g., white refers to non-Hispanic whites and black refers to non-Hispanic blacks).

eIncludes Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, and persons of two or more races.

fincludes civil infractions and unknown offenses.

The total rated capacity of jails was 915,100 beds

There were more than 2,800 local jail jurisdictions in the United States in 2017 (table 5). Among these jurisdictions, roughly a third (34%) held fewer than 50 inmates on an average day. These smallest jails had a mean average daily

TABLE 5Average daily jail population, by size of jurisdiction, 2017

Jail jurisdiction	_ Jail juris	dictions	Total	ADP*	_
size (ADP)*	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Mean ADP
Total	2,828	100%	745,600	100%	264
49 or fewer	972	34.4	21,600	2.9	22
50-99	516	18.3	35,500	4.8	69
100-249	677	24.0	111,300	14.9	164
250-499	305	10.8	109,200	14.6	358
500-999	205	7.2	144,500	19.4	705
1,000-2,499	121	4.3	173,700	23.3	1,431
2,500 or more	30	1.1	149,900	20.1	4,925

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 6 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2017.

TABLE 6Jail capacity, midyear population, and percent of capacity occupied in local jails, 2005–2017

Year	Jail capacity ^a	Midyear population ^b	Percent of capacity occupied ^c
2005	787,000 †	747,500	95.0% †
2006	795,000 †	765,800 †	96.3 †
2007	810,500 †	780,200 †	96.3 †
2008	828,700 †	785,500 †	94.8 †
2009	849,900 †	767,400 †	90.3 †
2010	857,900 †	748,700	87.3 †
2011	870,400 †	735,600	84.5 †
2012	877,400 †	744,500	84.9 †
2013	872,900 †	731,200	83.8 †
2014	890,500	744,600	83.6 †
2015	901,400	727,400	80.7
2016	915,400	740,700	80.9
2017*	915,100	745,200	81.4

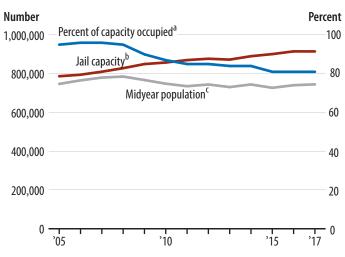
Note: Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails. See appendix table 7 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

population (ADP) of 22 inmates. An estimated 151 jail jurisdictions had an ADP of 1,000 or more inmates. These large jails, representing just 5.3% of jail jurisdictions, held 43% of all jail inmates in 2017.

The total rated capacity of local jails was 915,100 beds in 2017, up from 787,000 in 2005 (figure 3; table 6). About 4 in 5 (81%) jail beds were occupied at midyear 2017, down from 95% in 2005. An estimated 20% of jail

FIGURE 3 Jail capacity, midyear population, and percent of capacity occupied in local jails, 2005–2017



Note: Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails. See table 6 for estimates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

^{*}The average daily population (ADP) is the sum of all inmates in jail each day for the 12-month period ending on June 30, divided by the number of days in the 12-month period.

^{*}Comparison year.

 $[\]dagger \text{Difference}$ with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

^aMaximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility, excluding separate temporary holding areas.

^bThe number of inmates held on the last weekday in June.

^CThe midyear inmate population divided by the rated capacity.

^aThe midyear inmate population divided by the rated capacity.

^bMaximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility, excluding separate temporary holding areas.

^cThe number of inmates held on the last weekday in June.

jurisdictions were operating at or above 100% of their rated capacity at midyear 2017 (table 7), down from 26% in 2005 (not shown). Among jail jurisdictions with an ADP between 250 and 499, the percentage of jail jurisdictions operating at or above rated capacity was 30%, in comparison to 19% of jail jurisdictions with an ADP of 1,000 to 2,499.

The estimated average time in jail was 26 days in 2017

In 2017, the overall weekly inmate turnover rate was 54%, and the estimated average time in jail was 26 days (table 8). Smaller jails had higher weekly inmate turnover rates and shorter lengths of stay than larger jails. On average, jails with an ADP of 2,500 or more held inmates about twice as long (34 days) as smaller jails with an ADP of less than 100 (15 days).

Percent of iail jurisdictions

TABLE 7Percent of jail capacity occupied, by size of jurisdiction, 2017

Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)	Midyear population ^a	Rated capacity ^b	Percent of capacity occupied at midyear ^c	operating at more than 100% of rated capacity at midyear
Total	745,200	915,100	81.4%	20.0%
49 or fewer	21,300	36,300	58.7 †	11.0
50-99	36,400	49,900	72.8	26.6
100-249	109,000	128,100	85.1 †	22.6
250-499	111,400	127,600	87.3 †	30.4 †
500-999	144,100	178,100	80.9 †	22.7 †
1,000-2,499	174,400	203,500	85.7 †	19.0
2,500 or more*	148,800	191,600	77.6	17.1

Note: Jail jurisdiction size is based on the average daily population (ADP). Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 8 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2017.

TABLE 8Inmate turnover rate and estimated average time in jail, by size of jurisdiction, 2017

Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)	Average daily population ^a	Annual admissions	Weekly inmate turnover rate ^b	Estimated average time in jail ^c
Total	745,600	10,570,300	54.0%	25.7 days
49 or fewer	21,600	684,300	120.9 †	11.5 †
50-99	35,500	726,200	77.2 †	17.8 †
100-249	111,300	1,899,400	65.0 †	21.4 †
250-499	109,200	1,543,000	53.7 †	25.8 †
500-999	144,500	2,022,100	53.1 †	26.1 †
1,000-2,499	173,700	2,086,200	46.0 †	30.4 †
2,500 or more*	149,900	1,609,000	40.7	34.0

Note: Jail jurisdiction size is based on the average daily population (ADP). Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 9 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2017.

^{*}Comparison group.

[†]Difference with comparison group is significant at the 95% confidence level.

^aThe number of inmates held on the last weekday in June.

^bMaximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility, excluding separate temporary holding areas.

^cThe midyear population divided by the rated capacity.

^{*}Comparison group.

[†]Difference with comparison group is significant at the 95% confidence level.

^aThe sum of all inmates in jail each day for the 12-month period ending on June 30, divided by the number of days in the 12-month period.

^bThe sum of weekly admissions and releases, divided by the ADP. Weekly admissions and releases are calculated as the annual admissions and releases, divided by the number of weeks in the 12-month period.

^cThe ADP divided by the number of annual admissions, then multiplied by the number of days in a year.

55,900 persons were supervised outside jail

In addition to the confined jail population of 745,200 persons at midyear 2017, jail authorities supervised 55,900 persons in programs outside the jail, including weekend programs, electronic monitoring, home detention, day reporting, community service, alcohol or drug treatment programs, and other pre-trial and work programs (table 9). From 2008 to 2017, the number of persons supervised outside jail decreased 23%, from 72,900 to 55,900.

TABLE 9Persons under jail supervision, by confinement status, 2006–2017

Year	Total	Held in jail	Supervised outside of a jail facility ^a
2006	826,000 †	765,800 †	60,200
2007	848,400 †	780,200 †	68,200 †
2008	858,400 †	785,500 †	72,900 †
2009	837,600 †	767,400 †	70,200 †
2010	809,400	748,700	60,600
2011	798,400	735,600	62,800 †
2012	808,600	744,500	64,100 †
2013	790,600	731,200	59,400
2014	808,100	744,600	63,500 †
2015 ^b	782,300	727,400	54,900
2016 ^b	794,900	740,700	54,200
2017*	801,100	745,200	55,900

Note: Based on the number of inmates supervised on the last weekday in June, unless specified. Data are rounded to the nearest 100. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 10 for standard errors. *Comparison year.

†Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level. a Excludes persons supervised by a probation or parole agency. Includes offenders who serve their sentences of confinement on weekends only (i.e., Friday to Sunday); persons under electronic monitoring; persons in work release programs, work gangs, and other alternative work programs; and persons in drug, alcohol, mental health, and other medical treatment. b In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected the number of persons supervised outside of a jail facility on December 31. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017.

Local jail jurisdictions employed 225,700 full-time staff at midyear 2017 (table 10). Similar to in 2016, an estimated 4 in 5 (80%) jail employees in 2017 were correctional officers, including deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spend more than half of their time with the incarcerated population. In 2017, an estimated 69% of correctional officers and 44% of other staff were male. The inmate-to-correctional-officer ratio was 4.2:1 at midyear 2017.

TABLE 10
Staff employed in local jails, by sex, year-end 2016 and midyear 2017

	Nu	mber	Percent		
Job function	2016	2017*	2016	2017*	
Total	226,300	225,700	100%	100%	
Correctional officersa	178,800	179,500	79.0%	79.5%	
Male	124,300	123,200	54.9	54.6	
Female	54,500	56,300	24.1	25.0	
All other staff ^b	47,500	46,200	21.0%	20.5%	
Male	21,000	20,300	9.3	9.0	
Female	26,500	25,900	11.7	11.5	

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jails. See appendix table 11 for standard errors.

†Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level. alnoludes deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spend more than 50% of their time with the incarcerated population.

^bIncludes administrators, clerical and maintenance staff, educational staff, professional and technical staff, and other unspecified staff who spend more than 50% of their time in the facility.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2016 and 2017.

^{*}Comparison year.

Methodology

In years between the complete censuses of jails, the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) conducts the Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ) to estimate the number and characteristics of the jail population in the United States. The ASJ is a nationally representative survey of all county or city jail jurisdictions and all regional jails in the country. The combined jail and prison systems in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont are not covered. These are included in BJS's prison collection. However, Alaska's 15 locally operated jails are covered.

A jail jurisdiction is a county (parish in Louisiana) or municipal government that administers one or more local jails and represents the entity responsible for managing jail facilities under its authority. Most jail jurisdictions consist of a single facility, but some have multiple facilities, or multiple facility operators, called reporting units. For example, four reporting units in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, represent a single jail jurisdiction. The ASJ sample is drawn at the jurisdiction level. When a jail jurisdiction with multiple reporting units is sampled, data are collected from all reporting units within that jail jurisdiction.

Sampling design

The ASJ uses a stratified probability sampling design based on jail population data collected through the most recent Census of Jails (2013). Jails in the ASJ sample are surveyed annually until the next sample refresh. The most recent sample refresh occurred in 2015. A sample of 876 jail jurisdictions was selected to represent the approximately 2,851 jail jurisdictions nationwide. In selecting the jails, all jurisdictions were grouped into 10 strata based on their average daily population (ADP) and presence of juveniles measured in the most recent Census of Jails. In 8 of the 10 strata, a random sample of jail jurisdictions was selected. The remaining two strata were certainty strata, where all jurisdictions were selected with a probability of one. One certainty stratum consisted of all jails that were operated jointly by two or more jurisdictions (referred to as multi-jurisdictional jails). The other certainty stratum consisted of all jail jurisdictions that—

- held juvenile inmates at the time of the 2013 Census of Jails and had an ADP of 500 or more inmates during the 12 months ending on December 31, 2013
- held only adult inmates and had an ADP of 750 or more

- were known to be operating in 2015 and not included in the 2013 Census of Jails
- were located in California.

The ASJ sample includes all California jail jurisdictions. This sampling feature was introduced in 2013 in response to the enactment of California Assembly Bill (AB) 109 and AB 117, aimed to reduce the number of inmates housed in state prisons starting on October 1, 2011. After the enactment of these two laws, the jail population in California experienced an unusual increase that the rest of the United States did not experience. For this reason, the ASJ sampling design was modified to include all California jail jurisdictions in a certainty (selfrepresenting) stratum. (See Methodology in Jail Inmates at Midyear 2014, NCJ 248629, BJS web, June 2015.) The inclusion of all California jail jurisdictions resulted in an additional 21 jurisdictions (California has 65 jurisdictions in total). The sample also includes in the certainty stratum six new jail jurisdictions that were known to be operating in 2015 and were not represented in the sampling frame (2013 Census of Jails).

Response rate and non-response adjustment

ASJ data for 2017 were collected through a web-based survey. The sample consisted of 871 active jail jurisdictions. Sixty jurisdictions did not respond to the survey. The response rate was 93%.

Non-response weighting adjustment

Non-response weighting was implemented to account for unit non-response. Jurisdictions were grouped into weighting classes based on sampling stratum and the 2013 inmate population. Using a simple weighting class method, a non-response weighting adjustment factor was calculated within each weighting class *h* as—

$$F_h = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n_h} W_{hi} \times JURISA_{hi}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n_h} W_{hi} \times JURISR_{hi}}$$

where—

 n_h = number of jurisdictions sampled in weighting class h.

 W_{hi} = sampling weight for jurisdiction i in weighting class h,

 $JURISA_{hi}$ = active status indicator for jurisdiction i in weighting class h (1 = active, 0 = out of scope), and

JURISR $_{hi}$ = response indicator of jurisdiction i in weighting class h (1 = respondent, 0 = non-respondent).

Final weight

The final weight FW_{hi} for each jail jurisdiction is calculated as the product of the sampling weight, the weighting class adjustment within each weighting class, and the jurisdiction's response factor.

$$FW_{hi} = W_{hi} \times F_h \times JURISR_{hi}$$

Item non-response imputation

Item response rates ranged from 94% to 100%. For responding jail jurisdictions that were unable to provide some requested items, a weighted sequential hot- or cold-deck imputation procedure was used to impute values. This procedure, implemented using the SUDAAN software package, substitutes current-year respondent and prior-year (2015 and 2016 ASJ, cold-deck) data for missing values. The donor for each missing item was randomly selected from within a set of similar jails, sorted by related previous-year population values. The resulting imputed values are generally similar to the reported values of the previous year.

Adjusting for seasonal variation in jail population

Prior to 2015, the ASJ asked jails to report the total and detailed inmate counts on the last weekday in June (the midyear reference date). In 2015 and 2016, the

ASJ collected the total confined population at midyear but detailed inmate counts by characteristics (i.e., sex, race, Hispanic origin, age category, conviction status, and most serious type of offense) on December 31 (the year-end reference date). The 2017 ASJ reverted back to the midyear reference. Comparisons of year-end data with midyear data need to consider seasonal variations, as jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear.

To adjust for the seasonal variation, the numbers of jail inmates by characteristic from 2015 and 2016 year-end collections in table 3 were multiplied by the ratio of midyear confined population to year-end confined population of the corresponding year. The standard errors for the 2015 and 2016 counts in appendix table 3 were similarly adjusted. The seasonally adjusted jail populations were also used in the calculation of 2015 and 2016 jail incarceration rates in table 2.

Calculating weekly inmate turnover rates

The weekly jail inmate turnover rate is the sum of the average weekly admissions and releases, divided by the ADP. The inmate turnover rate is an indicator of the fluctuation of the jail population.

APPENDIX TABLE 1

Standard errors for table 1: Inmates confined at midyear, average daily population, annual admissions, and incarceration rates, 2005–2017

Year	Confined inmates	Average daily population	Annual admissions	Jail incarceration rate
2005	~	~	~	~
2006	3,552	3,230	~	1.2
2007	3,720	3,549	169,151	1.2
2008	4,016	3,883	272,916	1.3
2009	4,231	4,109	178,537	1.4
2010	5,430	5,359	233,704	1.8
2011	6,009	5,879	211,335	1.9
2012	7,684	7,769	188,549	2.4
2013	8,042	7,943	688,181	2.5
2014	8,382	8,430	205,287	2.6
2015	7,188	7,112	141,792	2.2
2016	5,943	5,788	138,605	1.8
2017	6,614	7,431	152,636	2.0

[~]Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017; Census of Jail Inmates, 2005; Mortality in Correctional Institutions (formerly Deaths in Custody Reporting Program), 2006 (for admissions only); and U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States: January 1, 2005, to January 1, 2018.

APPENDIX TABLE 2 Standard errors for table 2: Jail incarceration rates, by sex and race/Hispanic origin, 2005 and 2010–2017

Demographic characteristic	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	~	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.2	1.9	2.0
Adults	~	2.3	2.5	3.2	3.3	3.3	2.9	2.4	2.6
Sex									
Male	~	3.2	3.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.0	3.3	3.5
Female	~	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8
Race/Hispanic origin									
White	~	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3
Black	~	8.4	8.9	11.9	12.4	11.9	8.9	9.1	9.8
Hispanic	~	4.2	5.0	5.6	4.8	4.9	5.8	3.4	3.7
American Indian/Alaska Native	~	44.3	40.7	37.5	40.0	39.4	38.2	35.7	33.2
Asian	~	0.8	1.2	1.4	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9
Other	~	2.7	2.4	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.3	4.8	3.5

 $^{{\}sim} Not \ applicable. \ Data \ represent \ a \ complete \ enumeration \ based \ on \ the \ 2005 \ Census \ of \ Jail \ Inmates.$

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2010–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

APPENDIX TABLE 3

U.S. resident population, by sex and race/Hispanic origin at midyear, 2005 and 2010–2017

Characteristic	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	295,843,000	309,466,000	311,656,000	313,930,000	316,418,000	319,023,000	321,177,000	323,141,000	325,218,000
Adults ^a	222,082,000	235,113,000	237,718,000	240,169,000	242,773,000	245,381,000	247,509,000	249,469,000	251,616,000
Sex									
Male	145,599,000	152,455,000	153,324,000	154,514,000	155,749,000	157,024,000	158,102,000	159,101,000	160,158,000
Female	150,245,000	157,010,000	158,332,000	159,416,000	160,669,000	161,998,000	163,075,000	164,040,000	165,059,000
Race/Hispanic origin									
White ^b	198,119,000	198,765,000	197,546,000	197,713,000	197,842,000	197,928,000	197,992,000	197,903,000	197,733,000
Black ^b	36,163,000	38,029,000	38,346,000	38,710,000	39,133,000	39,551,000	39,904,000	40,243,000	40,588,000
Hispanic	42,579,000	50,296,000	52,059,000	53,111,000	54,182,000	55,422,000	56,467,000	57,541,000	58,733,000
American Indian/ Alaska Native ^b	2,242,000	2,328,000	2,292,000	2,311,000	2,330,000	2,351,000	2,370,000	2,387,000	2,403,000
Asian ^b	12,291,000	14,382,000	15,066,000	15,548,000	16,200,000	16,832,000	17,309,000	17,745,000	18,250,000
Other ^{b,c}	4,449,000	5,666,000	6,348,000	6,536,000	6,731,000	6,939,000	7,135,000	7,322,000	7,512,000

Note: The numbers of U.S. residents at midyear were interpolated from the U.S. Census Bureau's population projections for January 1, 2005, to January 1, 2018. Rounded to the nearest thousand.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race and Hispanic Origin for the United States: January 1, 2005, to January 1, 2018.

^aIncludes persons ages 18 and older.

bExcludes persons of Hispanic/Latino origin (e.g., white refers to non-Hispanic whites and black refers to non-Hispanic blacks).

^CIncludes Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, and persons of two or more races.

APPENDIX TABLE 4 Standard errors for table 3: Number of confined inmates in local jails, by characteristics, 2005 and 2010–2017 2015 Characteristic 2005 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2016 2017 Total 5,430 6,009 7,684 8,042 8,382 7,198 6,013 6,614 Sex 4,832 5,278 6,776 7,088 7,015 6,242 5,237 5,680 Male Female 999 1,179 1,404 1,469 1,532 1,307 1,247 1,351 Adults 5,400 6,004 7,655 8,049 8,004 7,187 5,971 6,569 Male 4,794 5,241 6,685 7,025 6,961 6,230 5,197 5,635 Female 994 1,398 1,531 1,306 1,247 1,349 1,177 1,467 Juveniles 263 172 241 199 164 121 158 128 127 Held as adult 246 151 230 143 158 117 118 Held as juvenile 255 77 45 84 139 46 98 36 Race/Hispanic origin White 3,589 3,764 4,370 4,574 4,605 4,192 4,361 4,629 Black 3,194 3,418 4,608 4,860 4,712 3,548 3,680 3,987 Hispanic 2,131 2,617 2,958 2,580 2,719 3,297 1,981 2,165 American Indian/Alaska Native 798 1,031 933 866 932 926 906 853 Asian 117 185 219 122 157 137 155 156 Other 160 153 213 349 259 189 216 167 Conviction status Convicted 3,292 3,521 3,750 3,619 4,156 4,937 3,458 3,568 Unconvicted 4,515 4,819 5,918 6,740 5,691 4,731 5,690 5,792 Most serious type of offense 5,701 5,810 Felony 5,482 Misdemeanor 3,106 2,899 3,388

1,822

1,361

1,774

Other ...Not collected.

[~]Not applicable. Data present a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2010–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

APPENDIX TABLE 5	
Standard errors for table 4: Characteristics of confined inmates in local jails, 2005 and 2010	-2017

Characteristic	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Sex									
Male	~	0.10%	0.12%	0.13%	0.14%	0.15%	0.11%	0.12%	0.12%
Female	~	0.10	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.11	0.12	0.12
Adults	~	0.04%	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%
Male	~	0.10	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.11	0.12	0.12
Female	~	0.10	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.11	0.12	0.12
Juveniles	~	0.04%	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%
Held as adult	~	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Held as juvenile	~	0.03	0.01	0.01		0.01	0.01	0.01	
Race/Hispanic origin									
White	~	0.41%	0.43%	0.52%	0.55%	0.51%	0.46%	0.42%	0.45%
Black	~	0.40	0.39	0.47	0.51	0.48	0.37	0.38	0.41
Hispanic	~	0.30	0.34	0.38	0.34	0.34	0.36	0.25	0.27
American Indian/Alaska Native	~	0.17	0.14	0.13	0.15	0.14	0.12	0.11	0.11
Asian	~	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Other	~	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.03
Conviction status									
Convicted	~	0.41%	0.42%	0.47%	0.52%	0.48%	0.47%	0.45%	0.43%
Unconvicted	~	0.41	0.42	0.47	0.52	0.48	0.47	0.45	0.43
Most serious type of offense									
Felony		•••					0.40%	0.39%	0.44%
Misdemeanor		•••					0.36	0.36	0.41
Other	•••						0.24	0.18	0.23

⁻⁻Less than 0.005%.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2010–2017, and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

APPENDIX TABLE 6Standard errors for table 5: Average daily jail population, by size of jurisdiction, 2017

	Jail jurisdictions		Total	ADP	
Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Mean ADP
Total		~	7,431	~	2.6
49 or fewer	46.3	1.64%	2,099	0.28%	1.7
50-99	50.0	1.77	3,396	0.46	1.5
100-249	40.3	1.42	6,558	0.82	3.9
250-499	13.0	0.46	4,149	0.55	4.4
500-999	5.6	0.20	3,485	0.48	4.9
1,000-2,499	1.7	0.06	2,516	0.44	8.9
2,500 or more	1.1	0.04	5,935	0.69	94.4

⁻⁻Less than 0.05%.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2017.

^{...}Not collected.

[~]Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

[~]Not applicable.

APPENDIX TABLE 7

Standard errors for table 6: Jail capacity, midyear population, and percent of capacity occupied in local jails, 2005–2017

Year	Jail capacity	Midyear population	Percent of capacity occupied
2005	~	~	~
2006	4,741	3,552	0.41%
2007	5,056	3,720	0.45
2008	5,063	4,016	0.42
2009	6,460	4,231	0.45
2010	11,013	5,430	0.88
2011	11,776	6,009	0.88
2012	10,217	7,684	0.48
2013	13,198	8,042	0.49
2014	11,082	8,382	0.43
2015	9,518	7,188	0.41
2016	8,467	5,943	0.43
2017	9,217	6,614	0.48

[~]Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017.

APPENDIX TABLE 8

Standard errors for table 7: Percent of jail capacity occupied, by size of jurisdiction, 2017

Jurisdiction size (ADP)	Midyear population	Rated capacity	Percent of capacity occupied at midyear	Percent of jail jurisdictions operating at more than 100% of rated capacity at midyear
Total	6,614	9,217	0.48%	2.04%
49 or fewer	2,278	3,520	4.23	4.08
50-99	3,607	5,224	3.69	6.05
100-249	5,340	6,566	1.75	3.45
250-499	4,277	5,119	1.25	3.00
500-999	3,559	4,328	0.66	1.55
1,000-2,499	2,535	3,187	0.50	0.82
2,500 or more	5,813	7,984	0.64	1.46

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2017.

APPENDIX TABLE 9

Standard errors for table 8: Inmate turnover rate and estimated average time in jail, by size of jurisdiction, 2017

Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)	Average daily population	Annual admissions	Weekly inmate turnover rate	Estimated average time in jail
Total	7,431	152,636	0.73%	0.35 days
49 or fewer	2,099	80,616	11.09	1.06
50-99	3,396	92,678	5.66	1.33
100-249	6,558	116,296	3.34	1.10
250-499	4,149	71,802	1.53	0.73
500-999	3,485	67,482	0.94	0.46
1,000-2,499	2,516	36,009	0.46	0.30
2,500 or more	5,935	61,973	0.62	0.53

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2017.

APPENDIX TABLE 10

Standard errors for table 9: Persons under jail supervision, by confinement status, 2006–2017

Year	Total	Held in jail	Supervised outside of a jail facility
2006	3,783	3,552	1,151
2007	4,041	3,720	1,267
2008	4,732	4,016	2,327
2009	4,548	4,231	1,535
2010	5,897	5,430	1,960
2011	6,446	6,009	1,832
2012	8,438	7,684	2,418
2013	8,692	8,042	2,351
2014	9,248	8,382	2,707
2015	7,510	7,188	1,548
2016	6,543	5,943	1,868
2017	7,250	6,614	2,194

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2017.

APPENDIX TABLE 11

Standard errors for table 10: Staff employed in local jails, by sex, year-end 2016 and midyear 2017

	Nun	nber	Per	cent
Job function	2016	2017	2016	2017
Total	3,368	3,903	~	~
Correctional officers	2,881	3,408	0.38%	0.33%
Male	1,817	2,142	0.32	0.29
Female	1,238	1,445	0.30	0.32
All other staff	1,065	915	0.38%	0.33%
Male	627	534	0.23	0.19
Female	535	498	0.21	0.21

[~]Not applicable.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2016 and 2017.



The Bureau of Justice Statistics of the U.S. Department of Justice is the principal federal agency responsible for measuring crime, criminal victimization, criminal offenders, victims of crime, correlates of crime, and the operation of criminal and civil justice systems at the federal, state, tribal, and local levels. BJS collects, analyzes, and disseminates reliable statistics on crime and justice systems in the United States, supports improvements to state and local criminal justice information systems, and participates with national and international organizations to develop and recommend national standards for justice statistics. Jeffrey H. Anderson is the director.

This report was written by Zhen Zeng. Todd Minton and Stephanie Mueller verified the report.

Eric Hendrixson and Jill Thomas edited the report. Pei Miller produced the report.

April 2019, NCJ 251774



Office of Justice Programs

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Form CJ	-5	2017 ANNU SURVEY OF		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF JUSTICE STATISTICS AND ACTING AS COLLECTION AGENT: RTI INTERNATIONAL	
		FORM COMPLET	TED BY—		
Name			Title		
Official Address			Telephone		
City]	FAX		
State	Zip	Email	'		

Instructions for completion and submission

FOR EACH ITEM-

• If the answer to a question is "none" or "zero," write "0" in the space provided.

• When exact numeric answers are not available, provide estimates and mark (**X**) in the checkbox beside each number that is estimated. For example <u>1234</u> ⊠

Please submit your completed form(s) within 30 days of receipt. You may submit information in one of these ways:

ONLINE: Complete this form online at: https://bjsdcrp.rti.org

EMAIL: bjsasj@rti.org

FAX (TOLL-FREE): 1-866-800-9179

MAIL: RTI International, Attn: Data Capture

Project Number: 0215015.001.300.017.102

5265 Capital Boulevard Raleigh, NC 27690-1652

If you need assistance, contact Matt Bensen of RTI International toll-free at 1-866-354-2220 or bjsasj@rti.org.

What to include and exclude in this data collection

INCLUDE-

- ✓ Confinement facilities usually administered by a local law enforcement agency, intended for adults but sometimes holding juveniles
- ✓ All jails and city/county correctional centers that hold inmates beyond arraignment. Report data on all inmates, including those held in separate holding or lockup areas within your facilities.
- ✓ Special jail facilities (e.g., medical/treatment/release centers, halfway houses, and work farms).
- √ Temporary holding or lockup facilities if they are part of your combined function.
- ✓ Inmates held for other jurisdictions, including federal authorities, state prison authorities, American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments, and other local jail jurisdictions.

EXCLUDE-

- X Facilities that are exclusively used as temporary holding or lockup facilities, where inmates are generally held for less than 72 hours and not held beyond arraignment.
- X Privately operated jails and facilities operated by two or more jurisdictions (i.e., multi-jurisdictional facilities). These jails will be contacted directly for this data collection.

BURDEN STATEMENT

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act, we cannot ask you to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The burden of this collection is estimated to average 1 hour and 15 minutes per response, including reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering necessary data, and completing and reviewing this form. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this survey, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Director, Bureau of Justice Statistics, 810 Seventh Street, NW, Washington, DC 20531. Do not send your completed form to this address.

	facilities have a weekend program?
. On <u>June 30, 2017</u> , how many persons under the supervision of your jail jurisdiction were—	Weekend programs allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday).
a. CONFINED in your jail facilities?	1 ☐ Yes – How many inmates
INCLUDE—	participated?
 ✓ Persons on transfer to treatment facilities but who remain under your jurisdiction ✓ Persons held for other jurisdictions ✓ Persons in community-based programs (e.g., work 	2 ☐ No 3. Of all the persons CONFINED in your jail facilities on June 30, 2017 (as reported in item 1a), how many were not
release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night	U.S. citizens? Non-U.S. citizens
✓ Persons out to court while under your jurisdiction.	
EXCLUDE—	
X Persons under your jurisdiction who are boarded elsewhere X Inmates who are AWOL, escaped, or on long-term	Section II — INMATE COUNTS AND MOVEMENTS OF
X Inmates who are AWOL, escaped, or on long-term transfer to other jurisdictions X Persons in community-based programs run by your	THE CONFINED POPULATION
jails (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.	On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in your jail facilities were—
	a. Adult males (age 18 or older)
	b. Adult females (age 18 or older)
b. Under jail supervision, but NOT CONFINED?	
INCLUDE—	
✓ Persons in community-based programs run by your jail jurisdiction (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.	d. Females age 17 or younger e. TOTAL (Sum of items 4a through 4d should equal item 1a)
EXCLUDE—	44 Should equal item 14)
X Persons on pretrial release who are not in a community-based program run by your jail jurisdiction	5. Of all the persons age 17 or younger CONFINED in your jail facilities on June 30, 2017 (sum of 4c and 4d), how many were tried or awaiting trial in adult court?
 X Persons under the supervision of probation, parole, or other agencies 	Number of persons age 17 or younger held as adults
 X Inmates on weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday) X Inmates participating in community-based programs 	6. Of all persons CONFINED in your jail facilities on June 30, 2017, how many were—
X Inmates participating in community-based programs (e.g., work release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night.	 For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.
	 For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.
c. TOTAL (Sum of items 1a and 1b)	a. Convicted
	b. Unconvicted
	c. TOTAL (Sum of items 6a and 6b should equal item 1a)
When exact numeric answers are not available provide	

2. On the weekend prior to June 30, 2017, did your jail

Section I — SUPERVISED POPULATION

estimates and mark (\boldsymbol{X}) in the checkbox beside each number

that is estimated. For example 1234 ☒

7.	On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in your jail facilities, regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of—	 On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in your jail facilities were held for— Count persons with multiple holds only once with priority
	For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.	 being federal, state, tribal, and local. ✓ INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc
	a. Felony	holds for other agencies.
	b. Misdemeanor	1. U.S. Marshals Service
	c. Other – Specify	2. Federal Bureau of Prisons
	d. TOTAL (Sum of items 7a to 7c	4. Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA)
	should equal item 1a)	governments in item 9c below. 5. Other – Specify
8.	On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in your jail facilities were—	
	a. White, not of Hispanic origin	b. State prison authorities
	b. Black or African American, not of Hispanic origin	1. For your state
	c. Hispanic or Latino	2. For other states
	d. American Indian or Alaska Native,	c. American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for the BIA in
	·	item 9a4.
	e. Asian, not of Hispanic origin	
	Islander, not of Hispanic origin	d. Other local jail jurisdictions
	 g. Two or more races, not of Hispanic origin h. Additional categories in your information system – Specify ✓ 	 X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for your own jurisdiction (i.e., your own county/city inmates). X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c.
		1. Within your state
	i. Not known	2. Outside your state
	j. TOTAL (Sum of items 8a to 8i should equal item 1a)	e. TOTAL (Sum of items 9a to 9d)
esti	nen exact numeric answers are not available, provide imates and mark (X) in the checkbox beside each number t is estimated. For example 1234 \(\overline{X}\)	9-

1Г

10. a. During the 30-day period from June 1 to June 30, 2017, on what day did your jail facilities hold the	13. How many persons under the supervision of your jail jurisdiction were—
greatest number of inmates? Peak population should be equal to or greater than the	a. ADMITTED to your jail facilities between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017?
confined inmate population reported in item 1a.	INCLUDE—
June, 2017	Persons officially booked into and housed in your jail facilities by formal legal document and by the authority of the courts or some other official agency
b. How many persons were CONFINED on that day?	✓ Repeat offenders booked on new charges
Number that day	✓ Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into
	the facility for the <u>first</u> time.
11. Between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017, what was the average daily population of your jail facilities?	EXCLUDE— X Returns from escape, work release, medical appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs,
INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend	bail/bond releases, and court appearances.
programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday).	New admissions
To calculate the average daily population, add the	1. Males
number of persons for each day during the period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, and divide the result by	2. Females
365.	Z. remaies
 If daily counts are not available, estimate the average daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by 	3. TOTAL (Sum of items 13a1 and 13a2)
12. If average daily population cannot be calculated as	b. DISCHARGED from your facilities between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017?
directed above, then estimate the typical number of	INCLUDE—
persons held in your jail facilities each day.	✓ Persons released after a period of confinement
Average daily population	(e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
a. Males	 ✓ Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the <u>last</u> time.
b. Females	
	EXCLUDE— X Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical
c. TOTAL (Sum of items 11a and 11b)	appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within
12. On June 30, 2017, what was the total rated capacity of	your jurisdiction).
your jail facilities, excluding separate temporary holding areas?	Final discharges
Rated capacity is the maximum number of beds or	1. Males
inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility.	
 If rated capacity is not available, estimate by using the design capacity and mark the checkbox. 	2. Females
	3. TOTAL (Sum of items 13b1 and 13b2)
Rated capacity	
When exact numeric answers are not available, provide	
estimates and mark (X) in the checkbox beside each number	
that is estimated. For example <u>1234</u> ⊠	

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	Section IV —STAFFING
## Section III — POPPLEATION SUPERVISED IN THE COMMUNITY If item 1b equals 0 (zero), SKIP to item 15. 14. On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of your jail jurisdiction who were NOT CONFINED participated in— X	15. On June 30, 2017, how many staff employed in your facilities were— Count each employee only once. Classify employees with multiple functions by the function performed most frequently. ✓ INCLUDE payroll staff, nonpayroll staff on the payroll of other government agencies (e.g., health department, school district, or court), and unpaid interns. X EXCLUDE staff paid through contractual agreements and community volunteers. a. Correctional officers (Deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spend more than 50% of their time with the incarcerated population.)
When exact numeric answers are not available, provide estimates and mark (X) in the checkbox beside each number that is estimated. For example 1234 ⊠	
	1 -

Form CJ-5A



2017 ANNUAL SURVEY OF JAILS PRIVATE AND MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAILS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF JUSTICE STATISTICS AND ACTING AS COLLECTION AGENT: RTI INTERNATIONAL

FORM COMPLETED BY—				
Name			Title	
Official Address			Telephone	
City			FAX	
State	Zip	Email		

Instructions for completion and submission

FOR EACH ITEM-

- If the answer to a question is "none" or "zero," write "0" in the space provided.
- When exact numeric answers are not available, provide estimates and mark (**X**) in the checkbox beside each number that is estimated. For example <u>1234</u> ⊠

Please submit your completed form(s) within 30 days of receipt. You may submit information in one of these ways:

ONLINE: Complete this form online at: https://bjsxxx.rti.org

EMAIL: bjsxxx@rti.org

FAX (TOLL-FREE): 1-866-800-9179

MAIL: RTI International, Attn: Data Capture

Project Number: 0215015.001.200.102.100

5265 Capital Boulevard Raleigh, NC 27690-1652

If you need assistance, contact Matt Bensen of RTI International toll-free at 1-800-344-1387 or bisxxc@rti.org.

What to include and exclude in this data collection

INCLUDE-

- Confinement facilities—including detention centers, jails, and other correctional facilities—intended for adults but sometimes holding juveniles, that are either privately owned and operated or administered by two or more governments (or a board composed of representatives from two or more governments).
- ✓ All jails and city/county correctional centers that hold inmates beyond arraignment. Report data on all inmates, including those held in separate holding or lockup areas within your facilities.
- ✓ Special jail facilities (e.g., medical/treatment/release centers, halfway houses, and work farms).
- √ Temporary holding or lockup facilities if they are part of your combined function.
- ✓ Inmates held for other jurisdictions, including federal authorities, state prison authorities, American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments, and other local jail jurisdictions.

EXCLUDE—

X Facilities that are exclusively used as temporary holding or lockup facilities, where inmates are generally held for less than 72 hours and not held beyond arraignment.

BURDEN STATEMENT

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	Se	ction I -	— SUPERVISED POP	ULATION	2.	On the weekend prior to June 30, 2017, did the have a weekend program?	is facility	
			1 <u>7,</u> how many persons ι γour jail were—	ınder the		Weekend programs allow offenders to serve the of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–S		s
a.	СО	NFINED	in this facility?			1 ☐ Yes – How many inmates participated?		
	INCI	UDE—				2 □ No		
	✓ ✓ ✓	Persons Persons release, return to	s on transfer to treatment under your jurisdiction s held for other jurisdiction s in community-based pro day release, or drug/alc b jail at night s out to court while under	ns ograms (e.g., work ohol treatment) who	3.	Of all the persons CONFINED in this facility of 2017 (as reported in item 1a), how many were positizens? Non-U.S. citizens),
	EXC	LUDE—						
		elsewhe			Se	ction II — INMATE COUNTS AND MOVEN THE CONFINED POPULATION		
	Х	transfer	who are AWOL, escape to other jurisdictions	a, or on long-term				
	X	facility (commun	s in community-based pro e.g., electronic monitoring nity service, day reporting	g, house arrest, g, or work	4.	On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFI facility were—	NED in thi	s
		program	ns) who do NOT return to	jaii at night.		a. Adult males (age 18 or older)		
						b. Adult females (age 18 or older)		
b.	Und	er jail su	pervision, but NOT CO	NFINED?		c. Males age 17 or younger		
	INCI	UDE—				d. Females age 17 or younger		
	✓	facility (commun	s in community-based pro e.g., electronic monitoring nity service, day reporting ns) who do NOT return to	g, house arrest, g, or work		e. TOTAL (Sum of items 4a through 4d should equal item 1a)		
	EXC	LUDE—			5.	Of all the persons age 17 or younger CONFIN		;
	Х	commun	s on pretrial release who nity-based program run b	y this facility		facility on June 30, 2017 (sum of 4c and 4d), h were tried or awaiting trial in adult court?	ow many	
	X	or other	s under the supervision o agencies			Number of persons age 17 or younger held as adults		
	X X	to serve weeken	on weekend programs to their sentences of confir ds (e.g., Friday–Sunday) participating in commun	nement only on	6.	Of all persons CONFINED in this facility on June 30, 2017, how many were—		
	Λ	(e.g., wo	ork release, day release, or drug/alcohol nt) who return to jail at night.	or drug/alcohol		 For persons with more than one status, rep associated with the most serious offense. 	ort the stat	us
						 For convicted inmates, include probation ar violators with no new sentence. 	id parole	
C.	TO	TAL (Sur	n of items 1a and 1b)			a. Convicted		
C.	10	IAL (Sui	ir or items to and to j					l
						b. Unconvicted		
						c. TOTAL (Sum of items 6a and 6b should equal item 1a)		
			answers are not availal					

Section I — SUPERVISED POPULATION

that is estimated. For example 1234 ☒

7.	On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in this facility, regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of—	On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in this facility were held for—
	For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.	Count persons with multiple holds only once with priority being federal, state, tribal, and local.
	a. Felony	✓ INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies. Fodoral outboxidios
	b. Misdemeanor	a. Federal authorities 1. U.S. Marshals Service
	c. Other – Specify	Federal Bureau of Prisons
	d. TOTAL (Sum of items 7a to 7c	4. Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA)
	should equal item 1a)	 X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c below. 5. Other – Specify
8.	On June 30, 2017, how many persons CONFINED in this facility were—	
	a. White, not of Hispanic origin	b. State prison authorities 1. For your state
	not of Hispanic origin	2. For other states
	d. American Indian or Alaska Native, not of Hispanic origin	 c. American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for the BIA in item 9a4.
	e. Asian, not of Hispanic origin	d. Other local jail jurisdictions
	g. Two or more races, not of Hispanic origin h. Additional categories in your information system – Specify	X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for your own jurisdiction (i.e., your own county/city inmates). X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c.
		1. Within your state
	i. Not known	2. Outside your state e. TOTAL (Sum of items 9a to 9d)
	should equal item 1a)	e. TOTAL (Sum of items 9a to 9d)
est	en exact numeric answers are not available, provide mates and mark (X) in the checkbox beside each number to be stimated. For example 1234 区	

10. a.	During the 30-day period from June 1 to June 30, 2017, on what day did this facility hold the greatest	13. How many persons under the supervision of your jail were—
	number of inmates? Peak population should be equal to or greater than the	a. ADMITTED to this facility between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017?
	confined inmate population reported in item 1a.	INCLUDE—
	June, 2017	✓ Persons officially booked into and housed in this facility by formal legal document and by the authority
b	. How many persons were CONFINED on that day?	of the courts or some other official agency ✓ Repeat offenders booked on new charges
	Number that day	✓ Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into
	indinion that day	the facility for the <u>first</u> time.
	etween July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017, what was the verage daily population of this facility?	EXCLUDE— X Returns from escape, work release, medical
•	INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences	appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.
	of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday).	New admissions
•	number of persons for each day during the period July 1,	1. Males
	2016, through June 30, 2017, and divide the result by 365.	2. Females
•	daily population by adding the number of persons held	3. TOTAL (Sum of items 13a1 and 13a2)
	on the same day of each month and divide the result by 12.	b. DISCHARGED from this facility between July 1, 2016, and June 30, 2017?
•	If average daily population cannot be calculated as directed above, then estimate the typical number of	INCLUDE—
	persons held in this facility each day.	✓ Persons released after a period of confinement
	Average daily population	(e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
	a. Males	✓ Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the <u>last</u> time.
	b. Females	EXCLUDE—
	c. TOTAL (Sum of items 11a and 11b)	X Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs,
12. O	on June 30, 2017, what was the total rated capacity of	day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your jurisdiction).
	nis facility, excluding separate temporary holding reas?	Final discharges
		1. Males
•	Rated capacity is the maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility.	
•	in rated supporty to first available, seamate by deling the	2. Females
	design capacity and mark the checkbox. Rated capacity	3. TOTAL (Sum of items 13b1 and 13b2)
	ration supusity	
estima	exact numeric answers are not available, provide ates and mark (X) in the checkbox beside each number	
uiat is	s estimated. For example <u>1234</u> ⊠	

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	Section IV —STAFFING
## Section III — POPULATION SUPERVISED IN THE COMMUNITY If item 1b equals 0 (zero), SKIP to item 15. 14. On June 30, 2017, how many persons under the supervision of this facility who were NOT CONFINED participated in— X	15. On June 30, 2017, how many staff employed in this facility were— Count each employee only once. Classify employees with multiple functions by the function performed most frequently. ✓ INCLUDE payroll staff, nonpayroll staff on the payroll of other government agencies (e.g., health department, school district, or court), and unpaid interns. X EXCLUDE staff paid through contractual agreements and community volunteers. a. Correctional officers (Deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spend more than 50% of their time with the incarcerated population.) Of these, how many were – 1. Males
When exact numeric answers are not available, provide estimates and mark (X) in the checkbox beside each number that is estimated. For example <u>1234</u> ⊠	