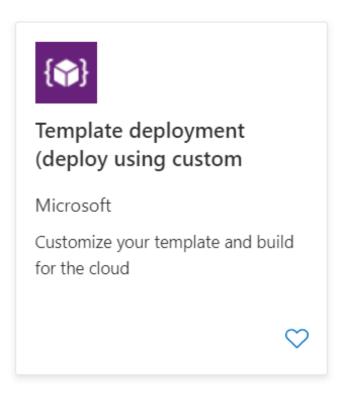


Appendix A: Environment Setup

The following steps will configure an environment to perform the guide's migration steps for the sample conference demo application.

Deploy the ARM template

- Open the Azure Portal
- Create a new resource group
- Select **+Add**, type **template**, select the **Template Deployment**...



- Select **Create**
- Select Build your own template in the editor



Custom deployment

Deploy from a custom template

Learn about template deployment





- Choose between the secure or the non-secure ARM template. The difference between the two options is the secured option's resources are hidden behind an App Gateway with private endpoints, whereas the other is directly exposed to the internet.
- Copy the json into the window
- Select Save



- Fill in the parameters
 - Be sure to record your prefix and password, they are needed later
- Select **Review + create**
- Select the I agree... checkbox
- Select **Create**, after about 20 minutes the landing zone will be deployed

Install MySQL 5.5

Login to the deployed Dev VM



- Browse to the Azure Portal
- Select the VM
- Copy the Public IP Address

Resource group (change)

cjg-sai-mysql

Status

Running

Location

East US

Subscription (change) Client Development

Subscription ID

Tags (change) Click here to add tags

- Open Remote Desktop and connect to the VM IP Address.
- Login using the username and password entered above.
- Download the following MySQL community versions
 - MySQL 5.5.x
 - MySQL 8.0.x
- Install MySQL 5.5
 - Select Run.
 - On the Welcome dialog, select **Next**.
 - Select I accept..., select Next.
 - On the Choose Setup Type dialog, select Complete, select Next.
 - Select Install.
 - When complete, select Finish.
 - The configuration wizard will start, select Next.
 - Select **Detailed Configuration**, then select **Next**.
 - Select Server Machine, select Next.
 - Select Multifunctional database, select Next
 - On the InnoDB Tablespace Settings, select Next
 - Select Online Transaction Processing (OLTP), select Next
 - On the networking options, select **Next**
 - For the character set, select **Next**
 - On the windows service, select **Next**
 - Enter the root password, select the Enable root access from remote machines, select Next
 - Select Execute
 - Select Finish

Operating system

Windows (Windows Server 2016 Datacenter)

Size

Standard D2s v3 (2 vcpus, 8 GiB memory)

Public IP address

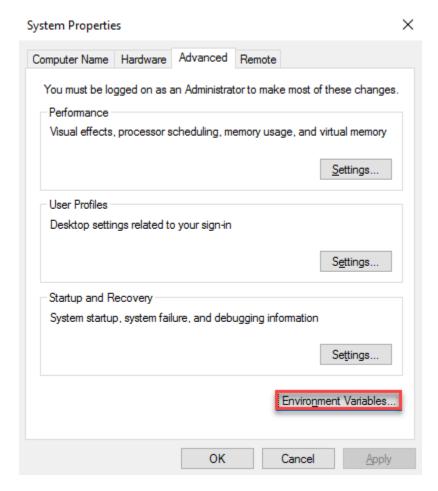
40.76.223.209

Virtual network/subnet cjgsaivnet-hub/default

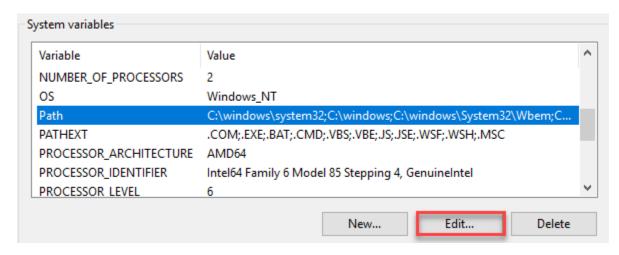
DNS name Configure



- Add the **C:FilesServer 5.5* path to the PATH environment variable
 - Open Windows Explorer
 - Right-click This PC, select Properties and then Advanced system settings
 - Select **Environment Variables**

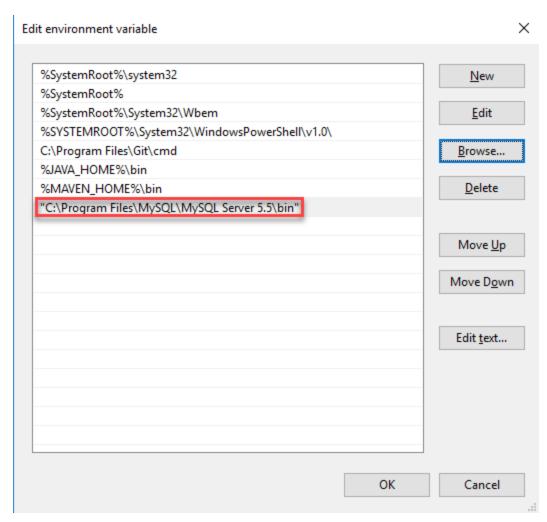


Under System variables, choose Path. Then, select Edit...





 In the Edit environment variable dialog, select New and then Browse... Browse to C:\Program Files\MySQL\MySQL Server 5.5\bin.



- Select **OK**.

Install MySQL Workbench

- Download the <u>MySQL Workbench installer</u>
- Install Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015, 2017, and 2019 from here. Make sure to select the x64 installer. Run the installer, accept the software's license terms, and close the installer.
- Install MySQL Workbench
 - Start the installer, select Run.
 - Select Next
 - Select Next
 - Select Install
 - Select Finish



Download artifacts

- Download and Install <u>Git</u>
 - Download and run the 64-bit installer
 - Click **Next** through all prompts
- Open a Windows PowerShell window (just by entering "PowerShell" into the Start menu) and run the following commands

```
mkdir c:\mysqlguide
cd c:\mysqlguide
git clone https://github.com/solliancenet/onprem-mysql-to-azuremysql-migratio
n-guide
```

Deploy the Database

- Open SQL Workbench
- Connect to your local MySQL instance (just select **Local instance MySQL** on the Welcome page)
- If prompted, select Continue anyway
- Create a new schema called reg_app
 - Select the Create schema button



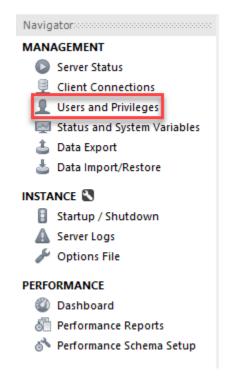
- For the name, type reg_app
- Select **Apply**
- In the dialog, select Apply
- Select Finish
- Select File->Open SQL Script
- Browse to **C:\mysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide-scripts**
- Select **conferencedemo-mysql** file, select **Open.**
- In the navigator, select the Schemas tab, double-click the **reg_app** schema.
- Select **Execute** in the query editor



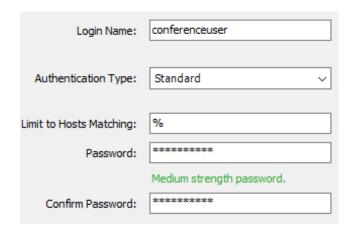
- Create the database user
 - In the navigator, select the Administration tab.



- Select **Users and Privileges**



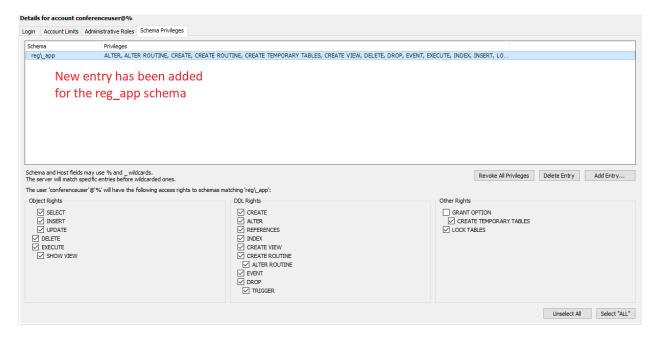
- Select Add Account
- For the name, type **conferenceuser**
- For the password, type a password



- Select Apply
- Select the **Schema Privileges** tab
- Select Add Entry
- Select the reg_app schema, then select OK
- Select Select ALL

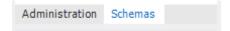


Select Apply. View the following image to ensure it is configured correctly.



Configure Blob Data

Navigate to the Schemas tab under the Navigator window



- If the reg_app schema does not appear, then right-click anywhere within the pane and select Refresh
 All
- Expand **reg_app > Tables**. Hover over the **speakers** table. Select the third button which appears. The **Result Grid** will show every record in the table
- For every record, change the value of the **SPEAKER_PIC** field
 - Right-click each NULL entry and select Load Value From File...
 - Select C:\mysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide-scripts-images-bio-pic1.png
 - Select Open
- Select Apply at the bottom right-hand corner of the page, and Apply again to confirm the query
- Repeat this process for the **EVENT_PIC** field of the **events** table
 - This time, load C:-mysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide-scripts-images-pic0.png (or event-pic1.png)
 - The image below shows BLOB data successfully loaded for the events table



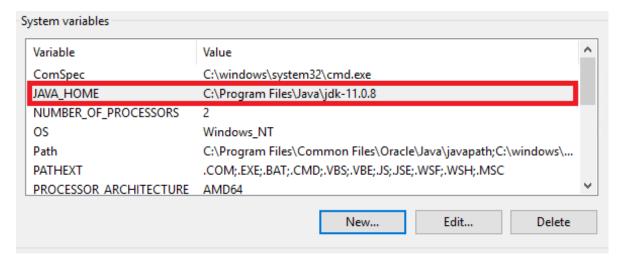


Setup Java and Maven

Download and Install <u>Java Development Kit 11.0</u>

Note: Be sure to check what the highest SDK/JRE that is supported in Azure App Service before downloading the latest.

- Set the JAVA_HOME environment variable to the C:\Files-{version} folder
 - Open the **Environment Variables** dialog box again (refer here for more details)
 - Select **New** under **System variables**
 - Type JAVA_HOME
 - Copy the path shown below, then select **OK**. The image below shows the correct configuration for the **JAVA_HOME** environment variable.



- Download and install the Java Runtime
- Download and configure Maven
 - Download the zip archive
 - From the download location, right-click the zip archive and select Extract All...
 - Set the destination to C:Files. Then, select Extract
 - Set the M2_HOME environment variable to the C:Files-maven-{version} folder
 - Add the **C:\Files-maven-3.6.3** path to the PATH environment variable

Install Azure CLI

Download and Install the <u>Azure CLI</u>

Install NodeJS

- Download and Install NodeJS. Select the LTS 64-bit MSI Installer.
 - Accept the default installation location



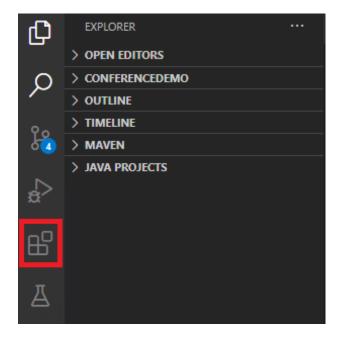
Make sure that the Automatically install the necessary tools box is not selected

Install and Configure Visual Studio Code

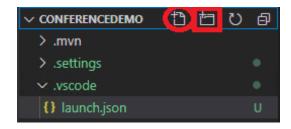
Download and Install Visual Studio Code. Select the 64-bit Windows User Installer

Configure the Web Application API

- Open Visual Studio Code
- Open the **C:\mysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide* folder (Ctrl+K and Ctrl+O, or** File->Open Folder...**)
- Select the Extensions tab



- Search for and install the following extensions
 - Java Extension Pack
 - Spring Initializer Java Support
- When prompted, select **Yes** to trust the **Maven Wrapper**
- Update the .vscode\launch.json file
 - If a launch.json does not exist, create a .vscode folder, and then create a new file called launch.json. The rectangle highlights the tool used to create a new folder, while the oval indicates the tool to create a new file.



- Copy the following into it:

```
{
    // Use IntelliSense to learn about possible attributes.
    // Hover to view descriptions of existing attributes.
    // For more information, visit: https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink
/?linkid=830387
    "version": "0.2.0",
    "configurations": [
        {
            "type": "java",
            "name": "Debug (Launch)",
            "request": "launch",
            "mainClass": "com.yourcompany.conferencedemo.Conference
demoApplication",
            "env" :{
                "DB_CONNECTION_URL" : "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/
reg app?useUnicode=true&useJDBCCompliantTimezoneShift=true&useLegac
yDatetimeCode=false&serverTimezone=UTC&noAccessToProcedureBodies=tr
ue",
                "DB_USER_NAME" : "conferenceuser",
                "DB_PASSWORD" : "Seattle123",
                "ALLOWED ORIGINS" : "*",
            }
        }
```

- Update the {DB_CONNECTION_URL} environment variable to the MySQL Connections string jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/reg_app?useUnicode=true&useJDBCComplian tTimezoneShift=true&useLegacyDatetimeCode=false&serverTimezone=UTC& noAccessToProcedureBodies=true
- Update the {DB_USER_NAME} environment variable to the MySQL Connections string conferenceuser
- Update the {DB_PASSWORD} environment variable to the MySQL Connections string Seattle123
- Update the {ALLOWED_ORIGINS} environment variable to *



• Select the **Debug** tab (directly above the **Extensions** tab from earlier), then select the debug option to start a debug session



If prompted, select Yes to switch to standard mode

Test the Web Application

- Open a browser window, browse to http://localhost:8888.
- Ensure the application started on port 8888 and displays results.

Configure the Web Application Client

- Open a new Visual Studio Code window to C:\mysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide-client
- Open a terminal window (Terminal->New Terminal).
- Run the following commands in the terminal window to install all the needed packages, if prompted, select N

```
$env:Path = [System.Environment]::GetEnvironmentVariable("Path","Machine")

npm install
npm install -g @angular/cli
```

Note: If PowerShell indicates that npm is not a recognized command, try restarting VS Code.

• Run the following commands to run the client application.

npm start

- Open a browser to the node site http://localhost:{port}.
- Browse the conference site, ensure sessions and speaker pages load.

Deploy the Java Server Application to Azure

- Open a command prompt window.
- Run the following command to create the Maven configuration to deploy the app. Multiple packages will be installed from the Maven repository.

```
cd C:\mysqlguide\onprem-mysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide\artifacts\testapp
\conferencedemo
"C:\Program Files\apache-maven-3.6.3\bin\mvn" com.microsoft.azure:azure-webap
```

p-maven-plugin:1.9.1:config

- For the Define value for OS(Default:Linux), select the option that corresponds to linux or press **ENTER**
- Select Java 11
- Type Y to confirm the settings, then press ENTER



```
Please confirm webapp properties
AppName : conferencedemo-1600313725405
ResourceGroup : conferencedemo-1600313725405-rg
Region : westeurope
PricingTier : PremiumV2_P1v2
OS : Linux
RuntimeStack : JAVA 11-java11
Deploy to slot : false
Confirm (Y/N)? : Y
```

- Switch to Visual Studio and the **ConferenceDemo** project.
- Switch to the pom.xml file, notice the **com.microsoft.azure** groupId is now added
- Modify the resource group, appName and region to match the ones deployed in the ARM template
- If there is more than one subscription, set the specific subscriptionId in the <u>maven configuration</u>
- If the secure landing zone has been deployed, set the hosts file
 - Browse to your resource group, select the **PREFIXapi01** app service
 - Select Networking
 - Select Configure your Private Endpoint connections
 - Select the **PREFIXapi-pe** private endpoint.
 - Record the private IP Address.
 - Repeat for the **PREFIXapp01** app service
 - Open a Windows PowerShell ISE window.
 - Copy in the code from below, be sure to replace tokens, and save to C:\mysqlguide\onpremmysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide\artifacts as ConfiguringHostsFile.ps1.

```
$prefix = "{PREFIX}";
$apiip = "{APIIP}";
$app_name = "$($prefix)api01";

$hostname = "$app_name.azurewebsites.net"
$line = "$apiip`t$hostname"
add-content "c:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts" $line

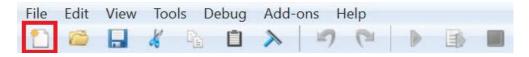
$hostname = "$app_name.scm.azurewebsites.net"
$line = "$apiip`t$hostname"
add-content "c:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts" $line
```



```
$appip = "{APPIP}"
$app_name = "$($prefix)app01";
$hostname = "$app_name.azurewebsites.net"
$line = "$appip`t$hostname"
add-content "c:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts" $line

$hostname = "$app_name.scm.azurewebsites.net"
$line = "$appip`t$hostname"
add-content "c:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts" $line
```

- To run the PowerShell script, open the PowerShell ISE
- Create a new file



- Copy in the code from above and save to C:-mysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide*
 as ConfiguringHostsFile.ps1**
- Run the file



- In the command prompt window from earlier, run the following to deploy the application.
- When prompted, login to the Azure Portal.

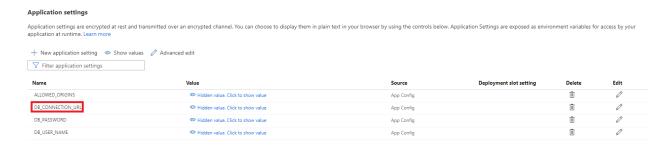
C:\Program Files\apache-maven-3.6.3\bin\mvn" package azure-webapp:deploy

• Update the App Service configuration variables by running the following, be sure to replace the tokens:

```
$prefix = "{PREFIX}";
$app_name = "$($prefix)api01";
$rgName = "{RESOURCE-GROUP-NAME}";
az login
az account set --subscription "{SUBSCRIPTION-ID}"
az webapp config appsettings set -g $rgName -n $app_name --settings DB_CONNEC
TION_URL={DB_CONNECTION_URL}
az webapp config appsettings set -g $rgName -n $app_name --settings DB_USER_N
AME={DB_USER_NAME}
az webapp config appsettings set -g $rgName -n $app_name --settings DB_PASSWO
RD={DB_PASSWORD}
az webapp config appsettings set -g $rgName -n $app_name --settings ALLOWED_O
RIGINS=*
```



Note: You will need to escape the ampersands in the connection string. You may consider inputting the
value through Azure Portal as well. Navigate to the API App Service, and select Configuration under
Settings. Then, under Application settings, manually enter the value.



Restart the Java API App Service by running the following.

az webapp restart -g \$rgName -n \$app name

Deploy the Angular Web Application to Azure

- Switch to the Visual Studio Code window for the Angular app (Conferencedemo-client)
- Navigate to src.prod.ts.
- Set webApiUrl to [JAVA APP SERVICE URL]/api/v1

Note: the App service url will come from the App Gateway service blade if using the secure deployment, or the App Service blade if not using the secure deployment.

• Run the following command to package the client app:

```
ng build --prod
```

• Run the following commands in the Visual Code terminal window or a new PowerShell Window to zip and publish the client application, be sure to replace the tokens:

```
cd C:\mysqlguide\onprem-mysql-to-azuremysql-migration-guide\artifacts\testapp
\conferencedemo-client\dist
Compress-Archive -Path "./conference-client/*" -DestinationPath "./confClient
.zip"
$prefix = "{PREFIX}";
$app_name = "$($prefix)app01";
$rgName = "{RESOURCE-GROUP-NAME}";
$subscription = "{SUBSCRIPTION-NAME}";
az login
az account set --subscription "{SUBSCRIPTION-ID}"
az webapp stop --name $app_name --resource-group $rgName --subscription $subscription
az webapp deployment source config-zip --resource-group $rgName --name $app_n
```



```
ame --src "./confClient.zip" --subscription $subscription
az webapp start --name $app_name --resource-group $rgName --subscription $sub
scription
```

Configure Network Security (Secure path)

- When attempting to connect to the database from the app service, an access denied message should be displayed. Add the app virtual network to the firewall of the Azure Database for MySQL
 - Browse to the Azure Portal
 - Select the target resource group
 - Select the {PREFIX}mysql resource
 - Select Connection security
 - Select the Allow access to all Azure Services toggle to Yes
 - Select Save