# FMPH243B project 1

#### Keren Hu

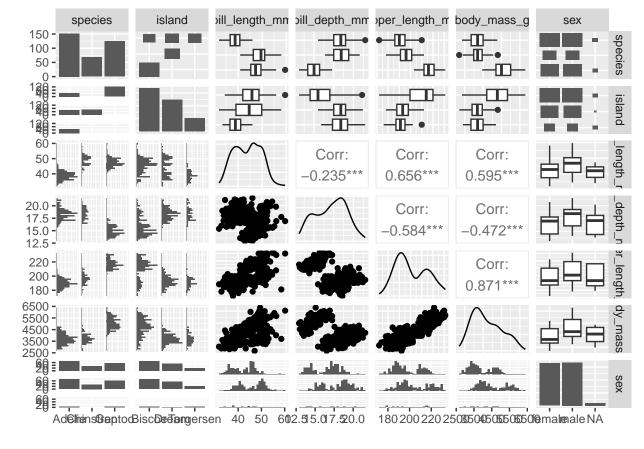
#### 2024-01-18

```
library(palmerpenguins)
library(mice)
library(car)
library(caret)
library(class)
library(glmnet)
library(MASS)
library(compareGroups)
library(methods)
library(tree)
library(randomForest)
library(leaps)
library(Rfast)
library(ggplot2)
library(GGally)
dat_og = palmerpenguins::penguins
ggpairs(dat_og[,-8])
## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values (`stat_boxplot()`).
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```

```
## Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values ('stat_boxplot()').
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## 'stat_bin()' using 'bins = 30'. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.
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## 'stat_bin()' using 'bins = 30'. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.
## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values ('stat_bin()').
## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values ('stat_density()').
```

```
## Warning in ggally_statistic(data = data, mapping = mapping, na.rm = na.rm, :
## Removed 2 rows containing missing values
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## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (`geom_point()`).
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```



```
# Demographic description
tab1 <- compareGroups(sex ~ ., data = dat_og[,-8])
restab <- createTable(tab1)
export2md(restab, caption = "Demographic characteristics of study participants")</pre>
```

Table 1: Demographic characteristics of study participants

	female N=165	male N=168	p.overall
	11-100	11-100	
species:			0.976
Adelie	73 (44.2%)	73 (43.5%)	
Chinstrap	34 (20.6%)	34 (20.2%)	
Gentoo	58 (35.2%)	61 (36.3%)	
island:	,	, ,	0.972
Biscoe	80 (48.5%)	83 (49.4%)	
Dream	61 (37.0%)	62 (36.9%)	
Torgersen	24 (14.5%)	23 (13.7%)	
bill_length_mm	42.1 (4.90)	45.9(5.37)	< 0.001
$bill\_depth\_mm$	16.4 (1.80)	17.9 (1.86)	< 0.001
flipper_length_mm	197 (12.5)	205(14.5)	< 0.001
body_mass_g	3862 (666)	4546 (788)	< 0.001

### Missing value

```
dat = dat_og[!is.na(dat_og$sex),]
imp = mice(dat, m=5, method = "pmm", maxit = 5, seed = 2024)
##
##
   iter imp variable
##
##
    1
##
    1
       5
##
    1
##
    2
       1
    2
##
##
    2
    2
       4
##
##
    2
       5
##
    3
    3
       2
##
       3
##
       4
##
    3
##
##
       1
##
       3
       5
##
       1
##
    5
##
    5
       2
##
   5
       3
##
   5
dat_imp = complete(imp, 1)
dat_imp$sex = ifelse(dat_imp$sex=="female", 0,
                    ifelse(dat_imp$sex == "male",1, NA))
table(dat_imp$sex)
##
##
   0 1
## 165 168
```

## Splitting dataset

```
# 70% train & 30% test
set.seed(2024)
```

```
index = sample(1:nrow(dat_imp), 0.7*nrow(dat_imp))
train_dat = dat_imp[index, ]
test_dat = dat_imp[-index, ]
```

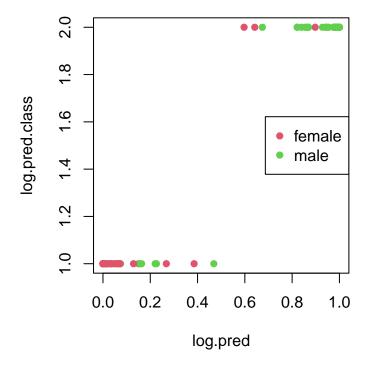
#### Logistic regression

```
fit.log <- glm( sex ~. , data = train_dat, family = binomial)</pre>
summary(fit.log)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = sex ~ ., family = binomial, data = train_dat)
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
                1Q Median
                                  3Q
## -3.6541 -0.0886 0.0005 0.0745
                                       1.8652
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                    1.263e+03 9.994e+02 1.264 0.206208
## speciesChinstrap -1.135e+01 3.155e+00 -3.597 0.000322 ***
## speciesGentoo
                    -8.512e+00 3.910e+00 -2.177 0.029504 *
## islandDream
                    1.946e-01 1.183e+00 0.165 0.869336
## islandTorgersen -4.176e-01 1.188e+00 -0.352 0.725113
## bill_length_mm
                    1.061e+00 2.673e-01 3.969 7.21e-05 ***
## bill_depth_mm
                     2.412e+00 6.544e-01
                                           3.685 0.000228 ***
## flipper_length_mm 3.960e-03 8.149e-02 0.049 0.961244
## body_mass_g
                   6.344e-03 1.733e-03 3.660 0.000252 ***
                    -6.839e-01 5.014e-01 -1.364 0.172534
## year
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 322.659 on 232 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 63.781 on 223 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 83.781
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 8
fit.log.step <- step(fit.log, direction = "backward")</pre>
## Start: AIC=83.78
## sex ~ species + island + bill_length_mm + bill_depth_mm + flipper_length_mm +
##
      body_mass_g + year
##
                      Df Deviance
                                      AIC
## - island
                       2
                          64.046 80.046
## - flipper_length_mm 1
                           63.783 81.783
```

```
1 65.763 83.763
## - year
## <none>
                           63.781 83.781
## - species
                       2 86.801 102.801
                       1 89.816 107.816
## - body_mass_g
## - bill_depth_mm
                       1
                          90.017 108.017
## - bill length mm
                          94.670 112.670
                       1
## Step: AIC=80.05
## sex ~ species + bill_length_mm + bill_depth_mm + flipper_length_mm +
##
      body_mass_g + year
##
##
                      Df Deviance
                                      AIC
## - flipper_length_mm 1 64.046 78.046
## - year
                          65.831 79.831
## <none>
                           64.046 80.046
                       2 89.829 101.829
## - species
                       1 90.864 104.864
## - body_mass_g
## - bill depth mm
                       1 91.689 105.689
## - bill_length_mm
                       1 94.961 108.961
## Step: AIC=78.05
## sex ~ species + bill_length_mm + bill_depth_mm + body_mass_g +
##
      year
##
##
                   Df Deviance
                                   ATC
## - year
                    1 65.860 77.860
## <none>
                        64.046 78.046
                    2 90.395 100.395
## - species
## - bill_depth_mm 1 93.039 105.039
## - bill_length_mm 1 95.596 107.596
## - body_mass_g
                    1 99.522 111.522
##
## Step: AIC=77.86
## sex ~ species + bill_length_mm + bill_depth_mm + body_mass_g
##
##
                   Df Deviance
                                   AIC
## <none>
                        65.860 77.860
## - species
                    2 90.459 98.459
## - bill_depth_mm
                    1
                      95.794 105.794
## - bill_length_mm 1
                       95.904 105.904
## - body_mass_g
                    1 101.150 111.150
summary(fit.log.step)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = sex ~ species + bill_length_mm + bill_depth_mm +
##
      body_mass_g, family = binomial, data = train_dat)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
           1Q Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
## -3.8070 -0.0889 0.0006 0.0760
                                       1.8274
## Coefficients:
```

```
##
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                   -1.047e+02 1.891e+01 -5.534 3.12e-08 ***
## speciesChinstrap -9.985e+00 2.719e+00 -3.672 0.00024 ***
                   -7.711e+00 3.457e+00 -2.230 0.02572 *
## speciesGentoo
## bill_length_mm
                    9.402e-01 2.330e-01
                                          4.035 5.45e-05 ***
## bill depth mm
                    2.393e+00 6.099e-01
                                          3.923 8.74e-05 ***
## body_mass_g
                    6.450e-03 1.578e-03
                                          4.087 4.37e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 322.66 on 232 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 65.86 on 227 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 77.86
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 8
log.pred = predict(fit.log.step, test_dat[, -7], type = "response")
log.pred.class = factor(ifelse(log.pred>0.5, 1, 0))
(tst.conf = table(log.pred>0.5, test_dat$sex))
##
##
           0 1
##
    FALSE 48 8
##
    TRUE
           5 39
(tst.error = 1 - (tst.conf[1,1] + tst.conf[2,2])/sum(tst.conf)) # 0.13
## [1] 0.13
print(confusionMatrix(log.pred.class, as.factor(test_dat$sex)))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
           0 48 8
##
##
           1 5 39
##
##
                 Accuracy: 0.87
                   95% CI: (0.788, 0.9289)
##
##
      No Information Rate: 0.53
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 4.774e-13
##
##
                    Kappa: 0.7381
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.5791
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.9057
              Specificity: 0.8298
##
```

```
Pos Pred Value: 0.8571
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8864
                Prevalence: 0.5300
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4800
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.5600
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8677
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
##
par(pty="s")
plot(log.pred, log.pred.class, col=test_dat$sex+10, pch=16)
legend("right", legend = c("female", "male"), col=c(10,11), pch=16)
```

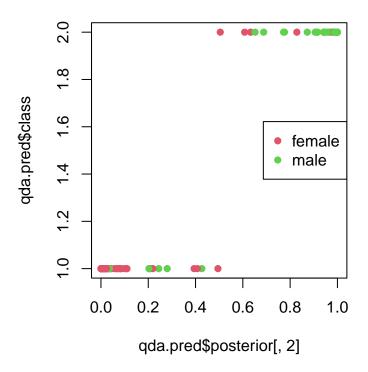


# LDA assumption: variances of all predictors are the same.

```
# fit.lda = MASS::lda(sex ~.,data = train_dat)
# lda.pred = predict(fit.lda, newdata = test_dat[,-7], type = "response")
#
# tst.conf = table(lda.pred$class, test_dat$sex)
# (tst.error = 1 - (tst.conf[1,1] + tst.conf[2,2])/sum(tst.conf)) # 0.13
#
# confusionMatrix(lda.pred$class, as.factor(test_dat$sex))
```

#### QDA

```
fit.qda = MASS::qda(sex ~.,data = train_dat)
qda.pred = predict(fit.qda, newdata = test_dat[,-7])
tst.conf = table(qda.pred$class, test_dat$sex)
(tst.error = 1 - (tst.conf[1,1] + tst.conf[2,2])/sum(tst.conf)) # 0.125
## [1] 0.12
confusionMatrix(qda.pred$class, as.factor(test_dat$sex))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction 0 1
            0 48 7
##
            1 5 40
##
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.88
                    95% CI: (0.7998, 0.9364)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.53
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 7.82e-14
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.7586
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.7728
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9057
##
               Specificity: 0.8511
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8727
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8889
##
                Prevalence: 0.5300
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4800
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.5500
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8784
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
par(pty="s")
plot(qda.pred$posterior[,2], qda.pred$class, col=test_dat$sex+10, pch=16)
legend("right",legend = c("female", "male"),col=c(10,11), pch=16)
```



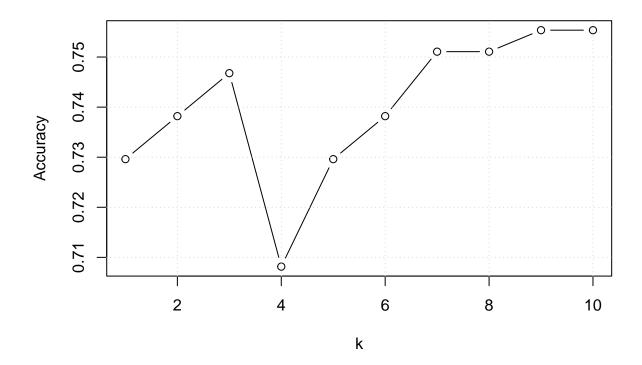
### kNN

```
xxx <- as.matrix(train_dat[,-c(1,2,7)])
yyy <- train_dat[,7]

set.seed(2024)
knn.res <- Rfast::knn.cv(x=xxx, y=yyy, nfolds = 10, stratified = FALSE, k=1:10, type = "C")
(which.max(knn.res$crit)) # 9

## [1] 9

plot(1:10, knn.res$crit, type = "b", xlab = "k", ylab = "Accuracy")
grid()</pre>
```



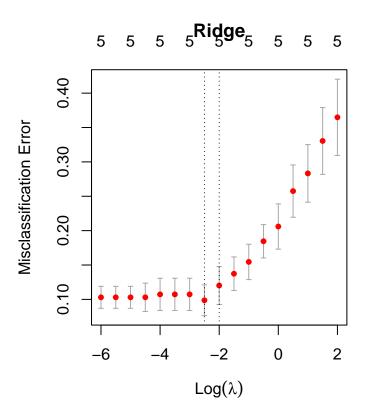
```
knn.pred \leftarrow class::knn(test_dat[,-c(1,2,7)], test_dat[,-c(1,2,7)], test_dat[,7], which.max(knn.res$critering)
(tst.conf = table(knn.pred, test_dat$sex))
##
## knn.pred 0 1
          0 46 11
          1 7 36
##
(tst.error = 1 - (tst.conf[1,1] + tst.conf[2,2])/sum(tst.conf)) # 0.18
## [1] 0.18
confusionMatrix(knn.pred, as.factor(test_dat$sex))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction 0 1
            0 46 11
##
            1 7 36
##
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.82
                    95% CI : (0.7305, 0.8897)
##
```

```
##
       No Information Rate: 0.53
       P-Value \lceil Acc > NIR \rceil : 1.242e-09
##
##
##
                      Kappa: 0.637
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.4795
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8679
##
               Specificity: 0.7660
            Pos Pred Value : 0.8070
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8372
##
                Prevalence: 0.5300
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4600
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.5700
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8169
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

### Ridge

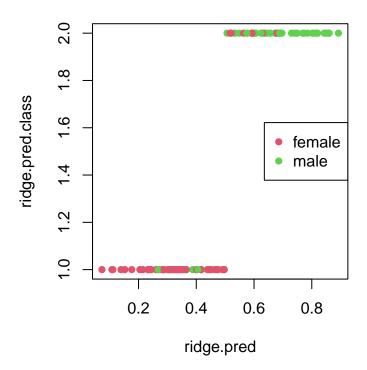
```
set.seed(2024)
gridd <- exp(seq(2,-6,-0.5)) ##lambda values
xxx <- as.matrix(train_dat[,-7])</pre>
yyy <- train_dat[,7]</pre>
##ridge fit
rdg.fit <- glmnet(xxx,yyy,family="binomial",alpha=0,lambda=gridd)</pre>
## Warning in storage.mode(xd) <- "double":</pre>
                                                       NA
##cross-validation to select lambda
cv.rdgeg <- cv.glmnet(xxx,yyy,family="binomial",alpha=0,</pre>
                        lambda=gridd, nfolds=10,
                        type.measure="class")
## Warning in storage.mode(xd) <- "double":</pre>
                                                       NA
```

```
## Warning in storage.mode(xd) <- "double":</pre>
                                                    NA
## Warning in cbind2(1, newx) %*% nbeta:
                                                NA
par(pty="s")
plot(cv.rdgeg, main= "Ridge")
```



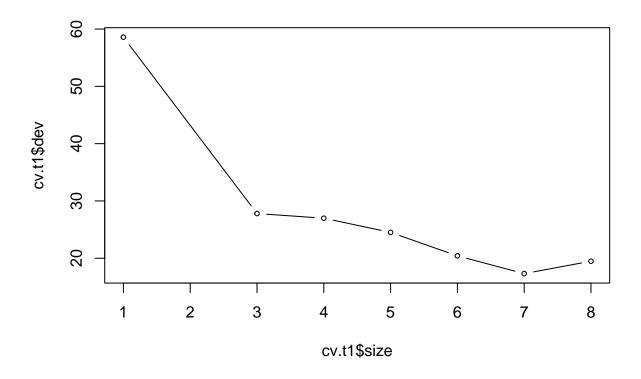
```
ridge.pred <- predict(cv.rdgeg, s=cv.rdgeg$lambda.1se,</pre>
                      newx = as.matrix(test_dat[,-7]),
                      type = "response")
## Warning in cbind2(1, newx) %*% nbeta:
                                               NA
ridge.pred.class = factor(ifelse(ridge.pred>0.5, 1, 0))
(tst.conf = table(ridge.pred>0.5, test_dat$sex))
##
##
               1
     FALSE 46 9
##
     TRUE
            7 38
##
(tst.error = 1 - (tst.conf[1,1] + tst.conf[2,2])/sum(tst.conf)) # 0.08
## [1] 0.16
confusionMatrix(ridge.pred.class, as.factor(test_dat$sex))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
```

```
Reference
##
## Prediction 0 1
           0 46 9
##
##
            1 7 38
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.84
                    95% CI: (0.7532, 0.9057)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.53
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 6.655e-11
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.6781
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.8026
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8679
              Specificity: 0.8085
##
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8364
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.8444
##
                Prevalence: 0.5300
           Detection Rate: 0.4600
##
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.5500
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8382
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
##
par(pty="s")
plot(ridge.pred, ridge.pred.class, col=test_dat$sex+10, pch=16)
legend("right",legend = c("female", "male"),col=c(10,11), pch=16)
```



#### Classification tree

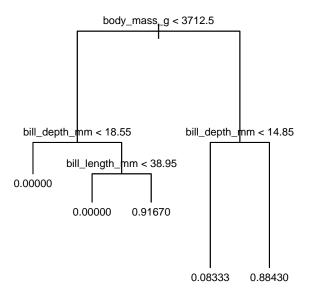
```
library(tree)
set.seed(2024)
t1 <- tree(sex~., data = train_dat)</pre>
summary(t1)
##
## Regression tree:
## tree(formula = sex ~ ., data = train_dat)
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] "body_mass_g"
                        "bill_depth_mm" "bill_length_mm"
## Number of terminal nodes: 8
## Residual mean deviance: 0.04305 = 9.687 / 225
## Distribution of residuals:
       Min. 1st Qu. Median
                                  Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                     Max.
## -0.96770 0.00000 0.03226 0.00000 0.03226 0.85710
cv.t1 <- cv.tree(t1)</pre>
plot(cv.t1$size,cv.t1$dev,type="b",cex=0.63)
```



```
cv.t1$size[which(cv.t1$dev==min(cv.t1$dev))]
```

### ## [1] 7

```
prune.t1 = prune.tree(t1,best=5)
###plot the tree
par(pty="s")
plot(prune.t1)
text(prune.t1,pretty=0,cex=0.63)
```



```
tree.pred = predict(prune.t1, newdata = test_dat)
tree.pred.class = factor(ifelse(tree.pred>0.5, 1, 0))
tst.conf = table(tree.pred>0.5, test_dat$sex)
(tst.error = 1 - (tst.conf[1,1] + tst.conf[2,2])/sum(tst.conf)) # 0.096
## [1] 0.15
confusionMatrix(tree.pred.class, as.factor(test_dat$sex))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction 0 1
##
            0 44 6
##
            1 9 41
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.85
                    95% CI : (0.7647, 0.9135)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.53
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1.386e-11
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.7
##
## Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.6056
```

```
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8302
               Specificity: 0.8723
##
##
            Pos Pred Value : 0.8800
            Neg Pred Value : 0.8200
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.5300
            Detection Rate: 0.4400
##
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.5000
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8513
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
##
```

```
par(pty="s")
plot(tree.pred, tree.pred.class, col=test_dat$sex+10, pch=16)
legend("right",legend = c("female", "male"),col=c(10,11), pch=16)
```

