
= Files

Unzip the "FastDPeak.zip" file, which will create folder mainly containing:

- a project file named "FastDPeak.cbp".
- a dataset folder named "data".
- a c++ file named "main.cpp" is the main function file.
- other c++ files

= Environment configuration

Step1:

- Download CodeBlocks in http://www.codeblocks.org/
- Download TDM-GCC-32 in http://tdm-gcc.tdragon.net/download/

Step2:

- Open CodeBlock: choose "setting" ->"compiler and debugger"->"ToolChain executables", and set the parameters like the "Figure 1" shows:

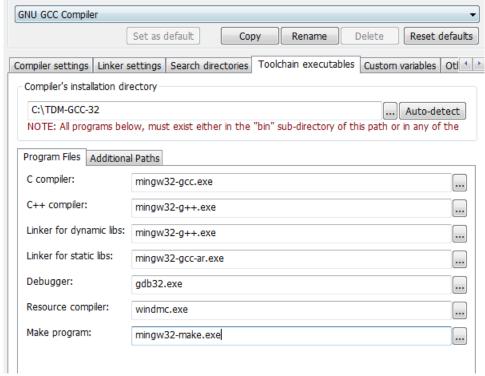


Figure 1: Configuring the "Toolchain executable" options

= Dataset Formation

The dataset should be given in a text file with the following formation:

- each line represents a point with d numbers, where d is dimension:

For instance, the first 20 lines of the sample dataset "agg.txt" are shown as below:

- 1.2 1.6
- 3 5
- 2 4.6
- 10 2
- 2.1 4.1
- 3.5 5.1
- 6.6
- 3.6 4.2
- 3 10.3
- 6.8 7.2
- 1.1 1.5
- 3. 3 2. 5
- 8.6 9.2
- 1.8 2.2
- 11.2 8.4
- 7.9 8.8
- 9.2 9.8
- 9.4 9
- 10.2 2
- 2.4 3.6

In this example, there are 2 numbers in each line: the first line represents the first point with the coordinates $(1.2 \quad 1.6)$, and its id is 1. Similarly, the rest nine lines specify the coordinates of the point with id = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 respectively.

= Data Download

The data used in the paper can be downloaded from https://pan.baidu.com/s/1zqTmI7PPNeXfpcV_Xb9tuQ Password: bqxc, as Figure 2 shows.



Figure 2: Dataset downloading interface

```
-"new_KDD_data.txt" is "KDD99".
```

After downloading, the datasets should be put under the directory of "\FastDPeak\data", as the figure 3 shows.

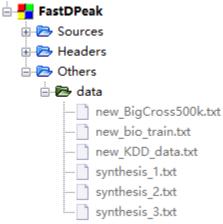


Figure 3: The directory of dataset

= An example of quick start

^{-&}quot;new bio train.txt" is "KDD04".

^{-&}quot;new_BigCross500K.txt" is "BigCross".

^{-&}quot;synthesis 1.txt" is "SYN1".

^{-&}quot;synthesis_2.txt" is "SYN2".

^{-&}quot;synthesis_3.txt" is "SYN3".

Open project "FastDPeak.cbp" in Codeblocks.

Step2:

Open "main.cpp", as figure 4 shows.

```
int main(int argc, char *const argv[]) {
708
709
            //Input data file
710
           char *data_file_name = "data/agg.txt";
711
           FILE* log_file = fopen("exp_log.txt","a+");
712
           FILE* results= fopen("result.txt", "a+");
713
           FILE* cl_results = fopen("cl_results.txt", "a+");
714
715
716
           std::cout << "reading data...\n";</pre>
717
            //data_size is the size of raw_data file, new_size is the size of new_data
718
           int dim, data_size, new_size = 20;
719
            //read data from data
720
           float *raw_data = read_data(data_file_name," ",&dim, &data_size);
721
            //generate new data with index by new
722
           float *data_with_index = Generate_data_with_index(raw_data,data_size,dim,new_size);
723
           free (raw data);
           std::cout << "data read";
724
725
           int K = 5,batch num = 10,cl = 2,local peak threshold = 4;
726
727
           float *dis matrix = (float*)malloc(3*data size*K*sizeof(float));
           node_p *node_p_ptr = new node_p [data_size];
728
729
730
           Fast_Density_Peak(K,data_with_index,new_size,batch_num,dim,local_peak_threshold
731
                              ,log_file,results,cl,cl_results,dis_matrix,node_p_ptr);
732
733
           free(data_with_index);
734
           free (dis matrix);
735
736
           return 0;
737
```

Figure 4: Code screenshots of "main.app"

In line 720 : float *raw_data = read_data(data_file_name, " ", &dim, &data_size);

- -The first parameter data file name represents the origin dataset.
- -The second parameter dim represents dim of the origin dataset.
- -The third parameter data size represents size of the origin dataset.

In line 722:

float *data with index = Generate data with index(raw data, data size, dim, new size);

- -The first parameter raw_data represents the origin dataset.
- -The second parameter data size represents size of the origin dataset.
- -The third parameter dim represents dim of the origin dataset.
- -The fourth parameter new_size represents size of new dataset which we would like to classify.

In line 730-731:

Fast Density Peak (K, data_with_index, new_size, batch_num, dim, local_peak_threshold, log_file, results, cl, cl results, dis_matrix, node_p_ptr);

- -The first parameter K represents the K of KNN.
- -The second parameter <u>data_with_index</u> represents new dataset which we would like to classify.data_size represents size of the origin dataset.
- -The third parameter new_size represents size of new dataset which we would like to

classify.

- -The fourth parameter batch num represents the number of batch in creating Covertree.
- -The fifth parameter dim represents dim of the origin dataset.
- -The sixth parameter local_peak_threshold represents threshold of local peak points.
- -The sixth parameter log_file represents log file which record records of experiment.
- -The seventh parameter results represents the tree of new dataset by FastDPeak.
- -The eighth parameter cl represents the number of clusters.
- -The ninth parameter cl_results represents the designate file in which FastDPeak will write the clustering result.
- -The tenth parameter dis matrix represents the matrix of distance.
- -The eleventh parameter node p ptr represents the density and index of every point.

Step3:

-Press the "Build and run" button in CodeBlocks under release mode.

The result will perform like Figure 5:

```
F:\Code\FastDPeak\FastDPeak\bin\Release\FastDPeak.exe
reading data..
dim:2 n_size:20
data readbuilding tree for source data....
Runtime of building tree for source data is 0.000070 s
batch:2
generate queries...
Generate query data:0--10
building tree for query data....
Runtime of building tree for query data is 0.000026 s
K = 5, runtime of kNN is 0.000156 s
generate queries...
Generate query data:10--20
building tree for query data....
Runtime of building tree for query data is 0.000055 s
K = 5, runtime of kNN is 0.000205 s
K = 5, runtime of building covertree and KNN is 0.002293 s
Runtime of computing distance for query data: 0.000004 s
Runtime of finding initiative LDP for data 0.000001 s
Runtime of sorting density for source data is 0.000012 s
Runtime of PreProcessing local density peak by local D_peak threshold is 0.000000 s
Runtime of finding delta for root is 0.000001 s
Runtime of finding order end, runtime is 0.000000 s
Runtime of finding parent for local density peak is 0.000183 s
Runtime of determining final clusters 0.000001 s
Runtime of labeling cluster for data is 0.000001 s
Runtime of clustering for data is 0.003217 s
```

Figure 5: The result of FastDPeak with the data "agg.txt"

execution time: 0.474 s

= Output Format

Process returned 0 (0x0)

Press any key to continue.

The clustering result is saved in "data\cl results.txt", and the output formation is:

1.2 1.6 2

```
3
       5
               1
2
       4.6
               1
       2
10
               1
2.1
       4.1
3.5
       5.1
       1
6.6
3.6
       4.2
               1
3
       10.3
               1
6.8
       7.2
               2
1.1
       1.5
               1
3.3
       2.5
               2
8.6
       9.2
               1
       2.2
1.8
               1
               2
11.2
       8.4
7.9
       8.8
               2
9.2
       9.8
               1
9.4
       9
               1
       2
               2
10.2
2.4
       3.6
               2
```

The first two columns store coordinates of all point, and the last column represents the cluster ID.

For example, the first line (1.2 1.6 2) means that the first point is classified into cluster 2. If cluster ID is -1, it means this point is a noise.

= Experiments

Some experiments we did in paper are listed in experiment_records.doc