

## Case study: Network

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# bsc#1005184 - Kernel update slows down partner application making it 7-10X slower

- SLE11 SP3
- Reported by: Juston Mortenson
- Assigned To: Benjamin Poirier
- wasL3:46549

#### **Synopsis**

- Partner has an application that is used in a container inside a container
- This application passes recon image data via the network loopback device using a sender and receiver.
- Partner's developer says "From profiling I can see that the sender process appears to spend a lot of time pending on mutexes. So the issue is either <u>networking or futex</u> related"

## **Synopsis**

- Update kernel version from 3.0.101-0.47.52 to 3.0.101-0.47.79
- Tested with different kernel version
  - 3.0.101-0.47.86 slow
  - 3.0.101-0.47.52 fast
  - 3.0.101-0.47.55 slow

#### **Finding**

- Application, more detail about it
  - Application uses DDS (from RTI) to transmit data from <u>a producer to a consumer.</u> This
    uses RTPS (Realtime Publish Subscribe) protocol, which is on top of UDP, to transport
    the data
  - Issue happens when the producer and consumer reside on the same host using the localhost interface, the overall transaction runs slowly
- Kernel
  - Problem was introduced between <u>3.0.101-0.47.52.1 and 3.0.101-0.47.55.1</u>
  - Kernel regression ?

#### Changelog of the kernel

```
$ kernel-source> git log --oneline --no-merges rpm-3.0.101-0.47.52..rpm-3.0.101-0.47.55 | wc -l 236
```

#### Network

fa7563b5b3fa net: Ilc: use correct size for sysctl timeout entries (bsc#919007, CVE-2015-2041).

D88fe8be9cd9 ipv4: Missing sk\_nulls\_node\_init() in ping\_unhash() (bsc#929525, CVE-2015-3636).

07fbbcb57188 net: rds: use correct size for max unacked packets and bytes (bsc#919018 CVE-2015-2042)

#### Other

e3ca8a9e4684 deal with deadlock in d\_walk fix (bnc#929148, bnc#929283)

#### Ofd7bac6b615 net: relax rcvbuf limits (1)

```
--- a/include/net/sock.h
+++ b/include/net/sock.h
@@ -637,12 +637,14 @@ static inline void __sk_add_backlog(struct sock *sk,
struct sk buff *skb)
/* Take into account size of receive queue and backlog queue
+ * Do not take into account this skb truesize,
+ * to allow even a single big packet to come.
 */
static inline bool sk_rcvqueues_full(const struct sock *sk, const struct sk_buff
*skb)
{
    unsigned int qsize = sk->sk_backlog.len + atomic_read(&sk
                          ->sk rmem alloc);
     return gsize + skb->truesize > sk->sk rcvbuf;
     return gsize > sk->sk rcvbuf;
+
```

## Ofd7bac6b615 net: relax rcvbuf limits (2)

```
--- a/net/core/sock.c
+++ b/net/core/sock.c
@@ -288,11 +288,7 @@ int sock_queue_rcv_skb(struct sock *sk,
struct sk_buff *skb)
    unsigned long flags;
    struct sk_buff_head *list = &sk->sk_receive_queue;
    /* Cast sk->rcvbuf to unsigned... It's pointless, but reduces
      number of warnings when compiling with -W --ANK
     */
    if (atomic_read(&sk->sk_rmem_alloc) + skb->truesize >=
      (unsigned)sk->sk_rcvbuf) {
     if (atomic_read(&sk->sk_rmem_alloc) >= sk->sk_rcvbuf) {
+
```

## Ofd7bac6b615 net: relax rcvbuf limits (3)

commit 0fd7bac6b6157eed6cf0cb86a1e88ba29e57c033

Author: Eric Dumazet <eric.dumazet@gmail.com>

Date: Wed Dec 21 07:11:44 2011 +0000

net: relax rcvbuf limits

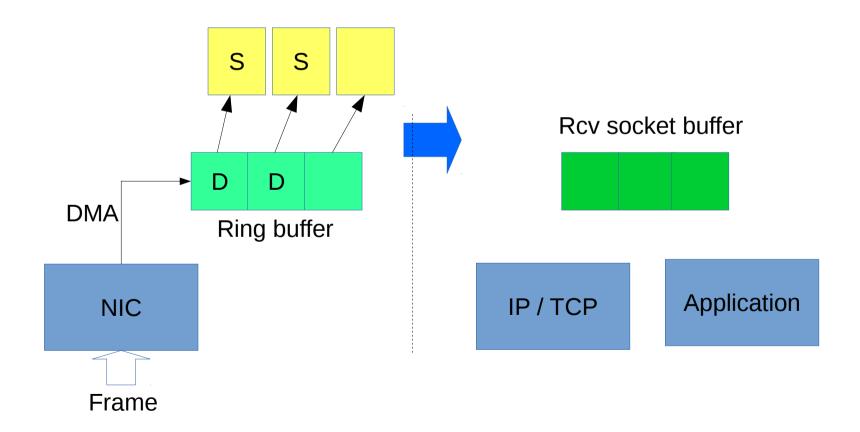
skb->truesize might be big even for a small packet.

Its even bigger after commit 87fb4b7b533 (net: more accurate skb truesize) and big MTU.

We should allow queueing at least one packet per receiver, even with a low RCVBUF setting.

#### **Receive flow**

- Packet is transferred from NIC to ring buffer
- Packet is transferred from ring buffer to a receive socket buffer



#### Added trace events

- 3847ce32aea9 core: add tracepoints for queueing skb to rcvbuf (v3.1-rc1)
  - sock\_rcvqueue\_full
  - sock\_exceed\_buf\_limit
- sock\_rcvqueue\_almost\_full
  - Add it to sk\_rcvqueues\_full()

## Additional trace event (1)

```
TRACE_EVENT(sock_rcvqueue_almost_full,
    TP_PROTO(const struct sock *sk, const struct sk_buff *skb, void
*location),
    TP_ARGS(sk, skb, location),
    TP_STRUCT__entry(
           _field(void *, location)
           _field(const void *, sk)
           _field(int, sk_backlog_len)
           _field(int, rmem_alloc)
           _field(unsigned int, truesize)
        __field(int, sk_rcvbuf)
    ),
```

## Additional trace event (2)

```
TP_fast_assign(
        entry->location = location;
        entry->sk = sk;
        entry->sk backlog len = sk->sk backlog.len;
        entry->rmem alloc = atomic read(&sk->sk rmem alloc);
        entry->truesize = skb->truesize;
        entry->sk rcvbuf = sk->sk rcvbuf;
   TP printk("location=%p sk=%p backlog.len=%d sk rmem alloc=%d truesize=%u
sk rcvbuf=%d",
        __entry->location,
        __entry->sk,
        entry->sk backlog len,
        __entry->rmem_alloc,
        __entry->truesize,
        entry->sk rcvbuf)
);
```

#### **Trace log**

The trace look like:

```
<...>-43081 [017] 6078.310577: sock_rcvqueue_almost_full: location=fffffff813f86e8 sk=ffff881e1acd0240 family=2 backlog.len=0 sk_rmem_alloc=213728 truesize=65880 sk_rcvbuf=262142  
<...>-43081 [017] 6078.310605: sock_rcvqueue_full: location=fffffff813fb7e0 rmem_alloc=279608 truesize=65880 sk_rcvbuf=262142
```

- return qsize + skb->truesize > sk->sk\_rcvbuf;
- + return qsize > sk->sk\_rcvbuf;

#### Socket receive buffer size

- rmem\_default (/proc/sys/net/core/rmem\_default)
  - controls the default size of receive buffers used by sockets
  - sysctl -w net.core.rmem\_default=N
- SO\_RCVBUF
  - Control the maximum socket receive buffer in bytes
  - To set this by calling setsockopt()

#### Conclusion

- The analysis shows that tuning of the net.core.rmem\_max is what is needed to get the application to work correctly after the kernel update
- A kernel regression? Not really.
- Kernel event tracing is useful.

- udp:udp\_fail\_queue\_rcv\_skb
  - \_\_udp\_queue\_rcv\_skb() ← udp\_queue\_rcv\_skb()
  - net/ipv4/udp.c
- sock:sock exceed buf limit
  - \_\_sk\_mem\_raise\_allocated() ← \_\_sk\_mem\_schedule()
  - net/core/sock.c
  - added to \_\_sk\_mem\_raise\_allocated (old: \_\_sk\_mem\_schedule) and it records limitations of memory for sockets and current usage
- sock:sock\_rcvqueue\_full
  - \_\_sock\_queue\_rcv\_skb ← sock\_queue\_rcv\_skb()
  - net/core/sock.c
  - added to sock queue rcv skb(). It records rcvbuf size and its usage

- napi:napi\_poll
  - napi\_busy\_loop() ←
    - ep\_busy\_loop() [fs/eventpoll.c]
    - sk\_busy\_loop() [include/net/busy\_poll.h]
  - napi\_poll() ←
    - napi\_busy\_loop()
    - net\_rx\_action()
  - net/core/dev.c
  - poll\_one\_napi() ← poll\_napi()
  - net/core/netpoll.c
- net:netif\_rx\_ni\_entry
  - netif\_rx\_ni() ← drivers
  - net/core/dev.c

- net:netif\_rx\_entry
  - netif\_rx() ← drivers
  - net/core/dev.c
  - receives a packet from a device driver and queues it for the upper layer to process
- net:netif\_receive\_skb\_entry
  - netif\_receive\_skb() ← drivers
  - net/core/dev.c
  - main receive data processing function, process receive buffer from network
- net:napi\_gro\_receive\_entry
  - napi\_gro\_receive() ← drivers
  - net/core/dev.c

- net:napi\_gro\_frags\_entry
  - napi\_gro\_frags() ← drivers
  - net/core/dev.c
- net:netif\_rx
  - netif\_rx\_internal() ←
    - dev\_forward\_skb()
    - netif rx()
    - netif\_rx\_ni()
  - net/core/dev.c
- net:netif\_receive\_skb
  - \_\_netif\_receive\_skb\_core() ← \_\_netif\_receive\_skb()
  - net/core/dev.c

- net:net\_dev\_queue
  - \_\_dev\_queue\_xmit() ←
    - dev\_queue\_xmit()
    - dev\_queue\_xmit\_accel()
  - Queue a buffer for transmission to a network device
  - net/core/dev.c
- net:net\_dev\_xmit
  - xmit\_one() ← dev\_hard\_start\_xmit()
  - net/core/dev.c
- net:net\_dev\_start\_xmit
  - xmit\_one() ← dev\_hard\_start\_xmit()
  - net/core/dev.c

- skb:skb\_copy\_datagram\_iovec
  - skb\_copy\_datagram\_iter() ←
    - skb\_copy\_datagram\_msg()
    - skb\_copy\_datagram\_iter() [net/core/datagram.c]
    - tap/tun drivers
  - Copy a datagram to an iovec iterator
  - net/core/datagram.c
- skb:consume\_skb
  - net\_tx\_action() [net/core/dev.c] ← No user
  - consume\_skb() ← drivers
  - consume\_stateless\_skb() ← skb\_consume\_udp()
  - napi\_consume\_skb() ← drivers tx irq handler
  - net/core/skbuff.c
- skb:kfree\_skb
  - net\_tx\_action() ← No user
  - kfree skb() ← drivers

