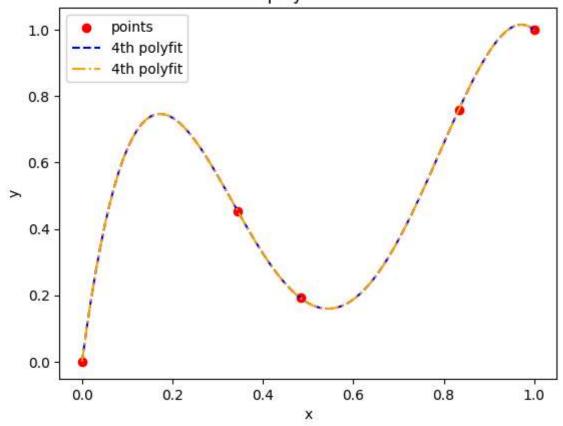
作业4 灰度变换拟合

作业内容

- 在 (0, 1) 范围内随机设定5对(x,y)值 (包含(0,0)和(1,1)) ,并利用其构建4阶拟合 多项式。分别使用Numpy.polyfit函数拟合,和使用矩阵手写拟合,对比结果
- 利用拟合多项式曲线作为变换函数对灰度图像进行处理,给出处理结果

```
In [55]: import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         %matplotlib inline
         random_points = np.random.uniform(0,1,size=(3,2))
         points = np.vstack([[0, 0], random_points, [1, 1]])
         x = points[:, 0]
         y = points[:, 1]
         z1 = np.poly1d(np.polyfit(x, y, 4))
         # 手写方法, vandermonde矩阵求逆
         V = np.vander(x, 5)
         #解线性方程组 V \cdot a = y 来求解系数 a
         a = np.linalg.inv(V).dot(y)
         z2 = np.poly1d(a)
         x_{fit} = np.linspace(0, 1, 100)
         plt.scatter(x, y, color='red', label='points')
         plt.plot(x_fit, z2(x_fit),linestyle="--", color='blue', label='4th polyfit')
         plt.plot(x_fit, z1(x_fit),linestyle="-.", color='orange', label='4th polyfit')
         plt.legend()
         plt.title('4th polynomial fit')
         plt.xlabel('x')
         plt.ylabel('y')
         plt.show()
         #输出拟合的多项式
         print("numpy拟合多项式的系数:\n", np.polyfit(x,y,4))
         print("手写拟合系数:\n",a)
```

4th polynomial fit



numpy拟合多项式的系数:

[-28.01734249 63.0916046 -44.31423488 10.23997277 0.] 手写拟合系数:

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灰度变换是图像处理的基本操作,数学描述为:

$$g(x,y) = T(f(x,y))$$

其中: f(x,y)是輸入图像在(x,y)位置的灰度值, g(x,y)为该位置的输出值, T()是变换函数。

```
# 根据拟合曲线构建映射表
In [56]:
        map_1 = np.zeros(256)
        x = np.linspace(0, 1, 256)
        for i in np.arange(256):
            temp = z1(x[i])
            if temp > 1:
                map_1[i] = 1
            elif temp < 0:</pre>
                map_1[i] = 0
            else:
                map_1[i] = temp
        # 通过查表方式实现映射
        def f_1(x):
            return map_1[x]
        img = plt.imread("Novak.jpg")
        #f_1仅对单个标量进行操作,frompyfunc函数让其支持对图像每个像素的处理
        im_1 = np.frompyfunc(f_1,1,1)(img).astype(float)
```

```
plt.subplot(121)
plt.imshow(img)
plt.axis('off')
plt.title('Original')
plt.subplot(122)
plt.imshow(im_1)
plt.axis('off')
plt.title('Processed')
plt.show()
```

Original



Processed

