

乐字节教育高级架构课程

正所谓"<mark>授人以鱼不如授人以渔</mark>", 你们想要的 Java 学习资料来啦!不管你是学生, 还是已经步入职场的同行, 希望你们都要珍惜眼前的学习机会, 奋斗没有终点, 知识永不过时。

扫描下方二维码即可领取





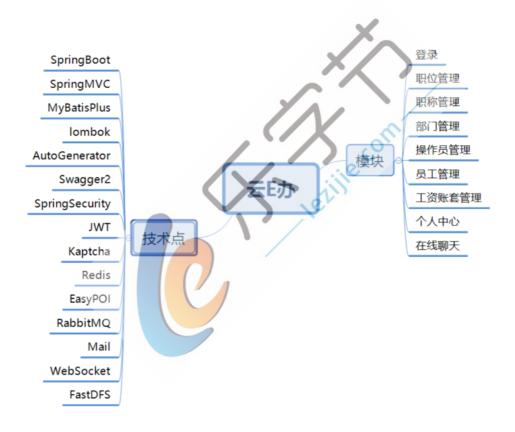
云E办(后端)

项目介绍

本项目目的是实现中小型企业的在线办公系统,云E办在线办公系统是一个用来管理日常的办公事务的一个系统,他能够管的内容有:日常的各种流程审批,新闻,通知,公告,文件信息,财务,人事,费用,资产,行政,项目,移动办公等等。它的作用就是通过软件的方式,方便管理,更加简单,更加扁平。更加高效,更加规范,能够提高整体的管理运营水平。

本项目在技术方面采用最主流的前后端分离开发模式,使用业界最流行、社区非常活跃的开源框架 Spring Boot来构建后端,旨在实现云E办在线办公系统。包括职位管理、职称管理、部门管理、员工管理、工资管理、在线聊天等模块。项目中还会使用业界主流的第三方组件扩展大家的知识面和技能池。

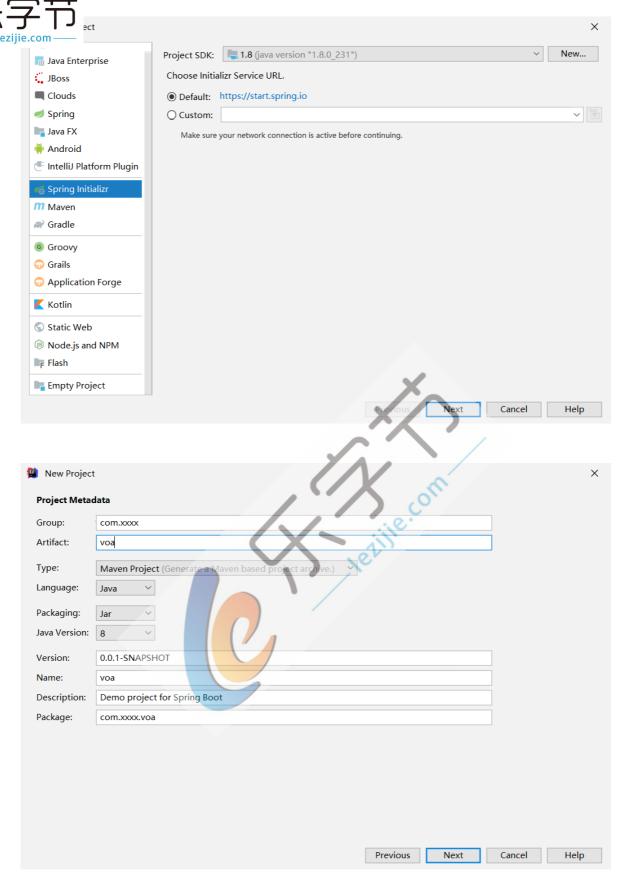
本项目主要模块及技术点如图



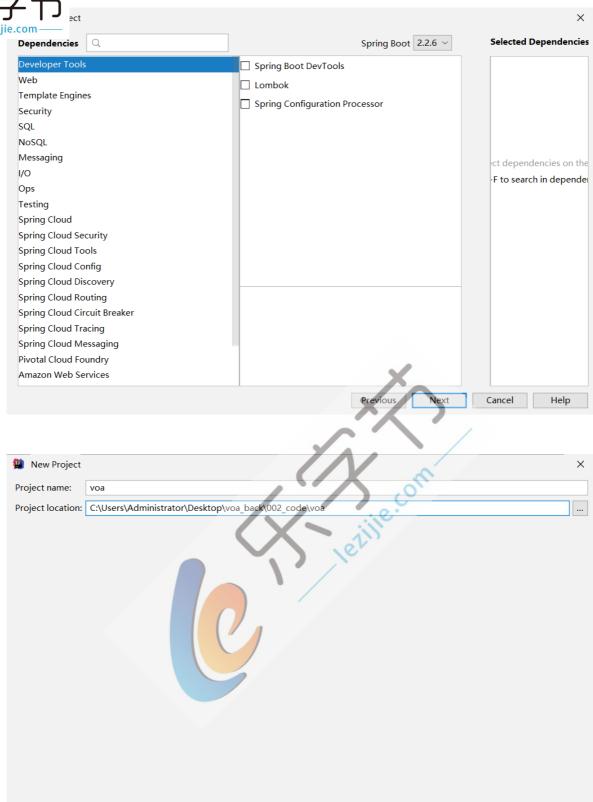
搭建项目

创建父项目









添加依赖

yeb的pom.xml

▶ More Settings

Previous

Finish

Cancel

Help

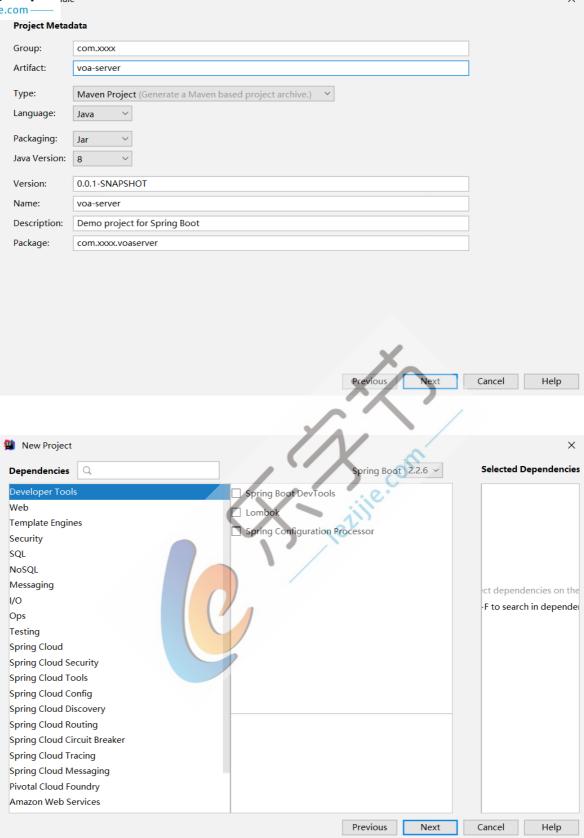


```
<modules>
       <module>yeb-server</module>
       <module>yeb-generator</module>
   </modules>
   <parent>
       <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
       <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-parent</artifactId>
       <version>2.3.0.RELEASE
       <relativePath/> <!-- lookup parent from repository -->
   </parent>
   <groupId>com.xxxx</groupId>
   <artifactId>yeb</artifactId>
   <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
   <packaging>pom</packaging>
   <name>yeb</name>
   <description>Demo project for Spring Boot</description>
   cproperties>
       <java.version>1.8</java.version>
   </properties>
</project>
```

创建yeb-server子项目









ie.com —		X
Module name:	voa-server	
Content root:	C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\voa_back\002_code\voa\voa-server	=
Module file location	on: C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\voa_back\002_code\voa\voa-server	=
	X_	
	Previous Finish	Cancel Help

添加依赖

pom.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?;</pre>
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
        xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0
https://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
   <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
   <parent>
       <groupId>com.xxxx
       <artifactId>yeb</artifactId>
       <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
   </parent>
   <groupId>com.xxxx</groupId>
   <artifactId>yeb-server</artifactId>
   <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
   <name>yeb-server</name>
   <dependencies>
       <!--web 依赖-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
           <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
       </dependency>
       <!--lombok 依赖-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
           <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
           <optional>true</optional>
       </dependency>
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```



```
<!--mysq1 依赖-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>mysql</groupId>
           <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
           <scope>runtime</scope>
       </dependency>
       <!--mybatis-plus 依赖-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>com.baomidou
           <artifactId>mybatis-plus-boot-starter</artifactId>
           <version>3.3.1.tmp</version>
       </dependency>
       <!-- swagger2 依赖 -->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>io.springfox</groupId>
           <artifactId>springfox-swagger2</artifactId>
           <version>2.7.0
       </dependency>
       <!-- Swagger第三方ui依赖 -->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>com.github.xiaoymin
           <artifactId>swagger-bootstrap-ui</artifactId</pre>
           <version>1.9.6
       </dependency>
   </dependencies>
</project>
```

修改配置文件

application.yml

```
server:
 #端口
  port: 8081
spring:
  # 数据源配置
  datasource:
   driver-class-name: com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
   url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/yeb?useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-
8&serverTimezone=Asia/Shanghai
   username: root
   password: root
   hikari:
     # 连接池名
     pool-name: DateHikariCP
     # 最小空闲连接数
     minimum-idle: 5
     # 空闲连接存活最大时间,默认600000(10分钟)
     idle-timeout: 180000
     # 最大连接数,默认10
     maximum-pool-size: 10
     # 从连接池返回的连接的自动提交
     auto-commit: true
     # 连接最大存活时间, 0表示永久存活, 默认1800000(30分钟)
     max-lifetime: 1800000
     # 连接超时时间,默认30000(30秒)
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```



```
onnection-timeout: 30000
       测试连接是否可用的查询语句
     connection-test-query: SELECT 1
# Mybatis-plus配置
mybatis-plus:
 #配置Mapper映射文件
 mapper-locations: classpath*:/mapper/*Mapper.xml
 # 配置MyBatis数据返回类型别名(默认别名是类名)
 type-aliases-package: com.xxxx.server.pojo
 configuration:
   # 自动驼峰命名
   map-underscore-to-camel-case: false
## Mybatis SQL 打印(方法接口所在的包,不是Mapper.xml所在的包)
logging:
 level:
   com.xxxx.server.mapper: debug
```

启动类

```
package com.xxxx.server;

import org.mybatis.spring.annotation.Mapperscan;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

/**

* 启动类

* @author zhoubin

* @since 1.0.0

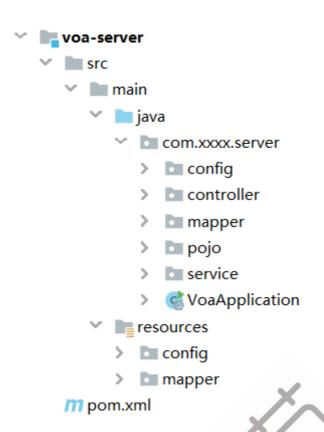
*/
@SpringBootApplication
@MapperScan("com.xxxx.server.mapper")
public class VoaApplication {

public static void main(string[] args) {

    SpringApplication.run(VoaApplication.class,args);
}
```

完整目录





AutoGenerator的使用

AutoGenerator是什么?

AutoGenerator 是 MyBatis-Plus 的代码生成器,通过 AutoGenerator 可以快速生成 Pojo、Mapper、Mapper XML、Service、Controller 等各个模块的代码

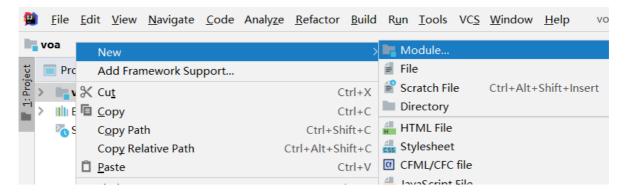
AutoGenerator能干什么?

对于单表而言,几乎是一个全能的工具,极大的提升了开发效率。更多的关注业务逻辑的实现。

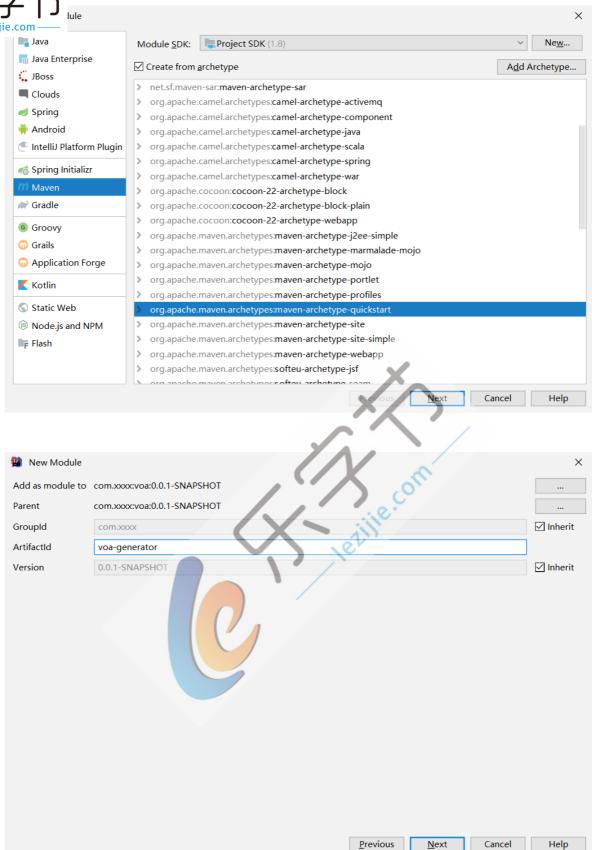
怎么使用?

创建一个AutoGenerator项目

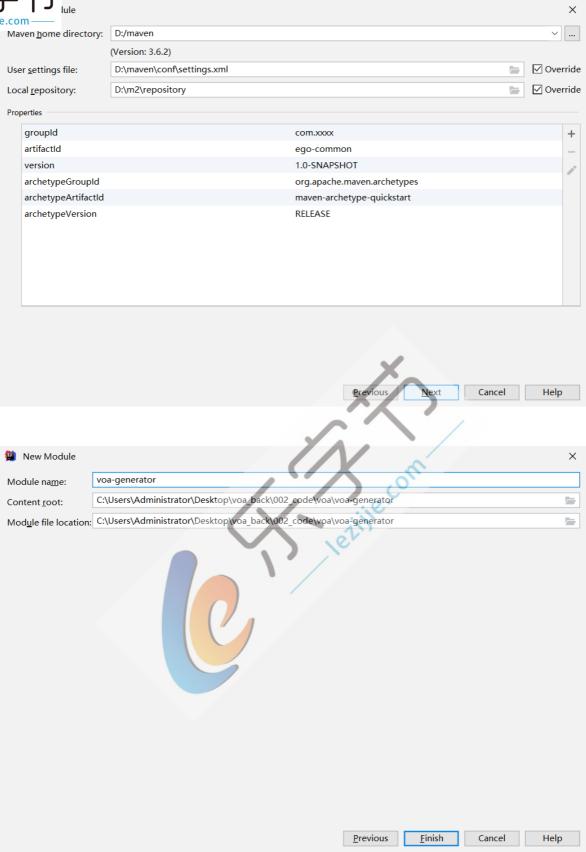
AutoGenerator本身和我们项目没有关联,所以可以单独新建为一个Project,这边也做成Maven聚合项目里的一个子项目











添加依赖



```
rent>
       <qroupId>com.xxxx
       <artifactId>yeb</artifactId>
       <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
   </parent>
   <groupId>com.xxxx
   <artifactId>yeb-generator</artifactId>
   <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
   cproperties>
       project.build.sourceEncoding>
       <maven.compiler.source>1.8</maven.compiler.source>
       <maven.compiler.target>1.8</maven.compiler.target>
   </properties>
   <dependencies>
       <!--web 依赖-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
           <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifact</pre>
       </dependency>
       <!--mybatis-plus 依赖-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>com.baomidou
           <artifactId>mybatis-plus-boot-starter</artifactId>
           <version>3.3.1.tmp</version>
       </dependency>
       <!--mybatis-plus 代码生息
       <dependency>
           <groupId>com.baomidou
           <artifactId>mybatis-plus-generator</artifactId>
           <version>3.3.1.tmp
       </dependency>
       <!--freemarker 依赖-
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.freemarker
           <artifactId>freemarker</artifactId>
       </dependency>
       <!--mysq1 依赖-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>mysql</groupId>
           <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
           <scope>runtime</scope>
       </dependency>
   </dependencies>
</project>
```

CodeGenerator工具类

```
package com.xxxx.generator;

import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.exceptions.MybatisPlusException;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.toolkit.StringPool;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.toolkit.StringUtils;
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```



```
com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.AutoGenerator;
       com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.InjectionConfig;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.config.DataSourceConfig;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.config.FileOutConfig;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.config.GlobalConfig;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.config.PackageConfig;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.config.StrategyConfig;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.config.TemplateConfig;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.config.po.TableInfo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.config.rules.NamingStrategy;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.generator.engine.FreemarkerTemplateEngine;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Scanner;
/**
 * 执行 main 方法控制台输入模块表名回车自动生成对应项目目录中
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
 */
public class CodeGenerator {
    /**
     * 
     * 读取控制台内容
     * 
    public static String scanner(String tip) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        StringBuilder help = new StringBuilder();
        help.append("请输入" + tip + ": ");
        System.out.println(help.toString());
        if (scanner.hasNext()) {
            String ipt = scanner.next();
            if (StringUtils.isNotEmpty(ipt)) {
                return ipt;
            }
        }
        tadminow new MybatisPlusException("请输入正确的" + tip + "!");
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // 代码生成器
        AutoGenerator mpg = new AutoGenerator();
        // 全局配置
        GlobalConfig gc = new GlobalConfig();
        String projectPath = System.getProperty("user.dir");
        gc.setOutputDir(projectPath + "/yeb-generator/src/main/java");
        //作者
        gc.setAuthor("zhoubin");
        //打开输出目录
        gc.setOpen(false);
        //xml开启 BaseResultMap
        gc.setBaseResultMap(true);
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```



```
//xml 开启BaseColumnList
        gc.setBaseColumnList(true);
        // 实体属性 Swagger2 注解
        gc.setSwagger2(true);
       mpg.setGlobalConfig(gc);
        // 数据源配置
        DataSourceConfig dsc = new DataSourceConfig();
        dsc.seturl("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/yeb?
useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8&serverTimezone=Asia" +
               "/Shanghai");
       dsc.setDriverName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
        dsc.setUsername("root");
       dsc.setPassword("root");
       mpg.setDataSource(dsc);
       // 包配置
        PackageConfig pc = new PackageConfig();
        pc.setParent("com.xxxx")
               .setEntity("pojo")
               .setMapper("mapper")
               .setService("service")
               .setServiceImpl("service.impl")
               .setController("controller")
       mpg.setPackageInfo(pc);
       // 自定义配置
        InjectionConfig cfg = new InjectionConfig
           @override
           public void initMap()
               // to do_nothing
           }
       };
       // 如果模板引擎是 freemarker
       String templatePath = "/templates/mapper.xml.ftl";
       // 如果模板引擎是 velocity
       // String templatePath = "/templates/mapper.xml.vm";
       // 自定义输出配置
        List<FileOutConfig> focList = new ArrayList<>();
        // 自定义配置会被优先输出
        focList.add(new FileOutConfig(templatePath) {
           @override
           public String outputFile(TableInfo tableInfo) {
               // 自定义输出文件名 , 如果你 Entity 设置了前后缀、此处注意 xml 的名称会
跟着发生变化!!
               return projectPath + "/yeb-generator/src/main/resources/mapper/"
+ tableInfo.getEntityName() + "Mapper"
                       + StringPool.DOT_XML;
           }
       });
        cfg.setFileOutConfigList(focList);
       mpg.setCfg(cfg);
       // 配置模板
       TemplateConfig templateConfig = new TemplateConfig();
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```



```
templateConfig.setXml(null);
       mpg.setTemplate(templateConfig);
       // 策略配置
       StrategyConfig strategy = new StrategyConfig();
       //数据库表映射到实体的命名策略
       strategy.setNaming(NamingStrategy.underline_to_camel);
       //数据库表字段映射到实体的命名策略
       strategy.setColumnNaming(NamingStrategy.no_change);
       //lombok模型
       strategy.setEntityLombokModel(true);
       //生成 @RestController 控制器
       strategy.setRestControllerStyle(true);
       strategy.setInclude(scanner("表名,多个英文逗号分割").split(","));
       strategy.setControllerMappingHyphenStyle(true);
       //表前缀
       strategy.setTablePrefix("t_");
       mpg.setStrategy(strategy);
       mpg.setTemplateEngine(new FreemarkerTemplateEngine());
       mpg.execute();
   }
}
```

执行

执行main方法,在控制台直接输出表名,多个表名用,隔开

D:\java\jdk\bin\java.exe 请输入表名,多个英文逗号分割: t_admin,t_salary

结果



```
voa-generator
v src
v main
v java
v com.xxxx
generator
voaserver
voaserver
pojo
resources
mapper
mybatis-generator.xml
target
mpom.xml
```

登录功能

我们这边使用 Spring Security 框架实现登录功能,关于 Spring Security 知识点请参考之前文档

添加依赖

pom.xml

修改配置

application.yml

```
jwt:
# JWT存储的请求头
tokenHeader: Authorization
# JWT 加解密使用的密钥
secret: yeb-secret
# JWT的超期限时间(60*60*24)
expiration: 604800
# JWT 负载中拿到开头
tokenHead: Bearer
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```



JwtTokenUtil.java

```
package com.xxxx.yeb.security;
import io.jsonwebtoken.Claims;
import io.jsonwebtoken.Jwts;
import io.jsonwebtoken.SignatureAlgorithm;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import java.util.Date;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
/**
 * Jwt Token工具类
* @author zhoubin
* @since 1.0.0
*/
@Component
public class JwtTokenUtil {
  private static final String CLAIM_KEY_USERNAME =
  private static final String CLAIM_KEY_CREATED = "created";
  @value("${jwt.secret}")
  private String secret;
  @value("${jwt.expiration}")
  private Long expiration;
   * 根据负载生成JWT Token
   * @param claims
   * @return
  private String generateToken(Map<String, Object> claims) {
     return Jwts.builder()
            .setClaims(claims)
            .setExpiration(generateExpirationDate())
            .signWith(SignatureAlgorithm.ES512, secret)
            .compact();
   }
   * 从token中获取JWT中的负载
   * @param token
   * @return
   private Claims getClaimsFromToken(String token) {
     Claims claims = null;
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```



```
claims = Jwts.parser()
            .setSigningKey(secret)
            .parseClaimsJws(token)
            .getBody();
   } catch (Exception e) {
      e.printStackTrace();
   }
   return claims;
}
/**
* 生成token过期时间
* @return
private Date generateExpirationDate() {
   return new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + expiration * 1000);
}
* 从token中获取过期时间
 * @param token
 * @return
private Date getExpiredDateFromToken(String token)
  Claims claims = getClaimsFromToken(token)
   return claims.getExpiration()
}
/**
* 判断token是否失效
 * @param token
 * @return
private boolean isTokenExpired(String token) {
  Date expiredDate = getExpiredDateFromToken(token);
   return expiredDate.before(new Date());
}
/**
 * 从token中获取登录用户名
 * @param token
 * @return
 */
public String getUserNameFormToken(String token) {
   String username;
  try {
      Claims claims = getClaimsFromToken(token);
      username = claims.getSubject();
   } catch (Exception e) {
      username = null;
   }
   return username;
}
```



```
证token是否有效
   * @param token
   * @param userDetails
   * @return
   */
  public boolean validateToken(String token, UserDetails userDetails) {
     String username = getUserNameFormToken(token);
      return username.equals(userDetails.getUsername()) &&
!isTokenExpired(token);
  }
  /**
   * 根据用户信息生成token
   * @param userDetails
   * @return
  public String generateToken(UserDetails userDetails){
     Map<String,Object> claims = new HashMap<>();
     claims.put(CLAIM_KEY_USERNAME, userDetails.getUsername());
     claims.put(CLAIM_KEY_CREATED, new Date());
     return generateToken(claims);
  }
   /**
   * 判断token是否可以被刷新
   * @param token
   * @return
  public boolean canRefresh(String token){
      return !isTokenExpired(token);
  }
   /**
   * 刷新token
   * @param token
   * @return
   */
  public String refreshToken(String token){
     Claims claims = getClaimsFromToken(token);
      claims.put(CLAIM_KEY_CREATED, new Date());
      return generateToken(claims);
  }
}
```

Admin实现UserDetails类

```
package com.xxxx.pojo;

import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.IdType;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableField;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableId;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableName;
import io.swagger annotations.ApiModel:
20 如果需要更多优质的Java、Python、架构、大数据等IT资料请加微信:lezijie007
```



```
o.swagger.annotations.ApiModelProperty;
       lombok.Data:
import lombok.EqualsAndHashCode;
import lombok.experimental.Accessors;
import org.springframework.security.core.GrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.security.core.authority.SimpleGrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.Collection;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
 * 
 * 
 * @author zhoubin
@Data
@EqualsAndHashCode(callSuper = false)
@Accessors(chain = true)
@TableName("t_admin")
@ApiModel(value = "Admin对象", description %
public class Admin implements Serializable, UserDetails
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "id",
    @TableId(value = "id", type =
                                 IdType.AUTO)
    private Integer id;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "姓名"
    private String name;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "手机号码")
    private String phone;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "住宅电话")
    private String telephone;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "联系地址")
    private String address;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "是否启用")
    private Boolean enabled;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "用户名")
    private String username;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "密码")
    private String password;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "用户头像")
    private String userFace;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "备注")
    private String remark;
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```



```
lic Collection<? extends GrantedAuthority> getAuthorities() {
        return null;
   }
    @override
    public boolean isAccountNonExpired() {
        return true;
    @override
    public boolean isAccountNonLocked() {
        return true;
   @override
    public boolean isCredentialsNonExpired() {
        return true;
   @override
    public boolean isEnabled() {
        return enabled;
   }
}
```

添加公共返回对象

RespBean.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.pojo;
import lombok.AllArgsConstructor;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;
/**
 * 通用返回结果对象
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
 */
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor
public class RespBean {
    private long code;
    private String message;
    private Object obj;
    /**
     * 成功返回结果
     * @param message
     */
    public static RespBean success(String message) {
 如果需要更多优质的Java、Python、架构、大数据等IT资料请加微信:lezijie007
```



```
return new RespBean(200, message, null);
   /**
    * 成功返回结果
     * @param obj
     * @param message
    */
   public static RespBean success(String message, Object obj) {
       return new RespBean(200, message, obj);
   }
   /**
    * 失败返回结果
     * @param message
   public static RespBean error(String message) {
        return new RespBean(500, message, null);
   }
   /**
    * 失败返回结果
    * @param message
    * @param obj
    * @return
    */
   public static RespBean error(String message,Object obj) {
        return new RespBean(500, message, obj)
   }
}
```

添加登录相应接口

AdminLoginParam

```
package com.xxxx.server.pojo;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModel;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModelProperty;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.EqualsAndHashCode;
import lombok.experimental.Accessors;
@Data
@EqualsAndHashCode(callSuper = false)
@Accessors(chain = true)
@ApiModel(value = "AdminLogin对象", description = "")
public class AdminLoginParam {
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "用户名", required = true)
    private String username;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "密码", required = true)
    private String password;
}
```



```
package com.xxxx.server.controller;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Admin;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.AdminLoginParam;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.RespBean;
import com.xxxx.server.service.IAdminService;
import io.swagger.annotations.Api;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiOperation;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import java.security.Principal;
 * 登录控制器
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
@Api(tags = "LoginController")
@RestController
public class LoginController {
    @Autowired
    private IAdminService adminService
                         "登录之后返回token")
    @ApiOperation(value =
    @PostMapping("/login")
    public RespBean login(@RequestBody AdminLoginParam adminLoginParam,
HttpServletRequest request) {
        return adminService.login(adminLoginParam.getUsername(),
adminLoginParam.getPassword(), request);
   }
    @ApiOperation(value = "获取当前用户信息")
    @GetMapping("/admin/info")
    public Admin getAdminInfo(Principal principal) {
        if (null == principal) {
            return null;
        String username = principal.getName();
        Admin admin = adminService.getAdminByUserName(username);
        admin.setPassword(null);
        return admin;
    }
    @ApiOperation(value = "退出登录")
            如果需要更多优质的Java、Python、架构、大数据等IT资料请加微信:lezijie007
```



```
stMapping("/logout")
lic RespBean logout() {
    return RespBean.success("注销成功!");
}
```

IAdminService

```
package com.xxxx.server.service;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.service.IService;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Admin;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Role;
import java.util.List;
/**
 * 
 * 服务类
 * 
 * @author zhoubin
public interface IAdminService extends IService<Admin>
    /**
    * 登录返回token
    * @param username
   * @param password
    * @return
   RespBean login(String username, String password);
   /**
   * 根据用户名获取用户
    * @param username
  Admin getAdminByUserName(String username);
```

AdminServiceImpl

```
package com.xxxx.server.service.impl;

import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.conditions.query.QueryWrapper;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.toolkit.StringUtils;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.service.impl.ServiceImpl;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.JwtTokenUtil;
import com.xxxx.server.mapper.AdminMapper;
import com.xxxx.server.mapper.RoleMapper;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Admin;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.RespBean;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Role;
import com.xxxx.server.service.IAdminService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

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```



org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;

```
org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken;
import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;
/**
 * >
 * 服务实现类
 * 
 * @author zhoubin
 */
@service
public class AdminServiceImpl extends ServiceImpl<AdminMapper, Admin> implements
IAdminService {
    @Autowired
    private AdminMapper adminMapper;
    @Autowired
    private UserDetailsService userDetailsServi
    @Autowired
    private PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder
    @Autowired
    private JwtTokenUtil jwtTokenUtil;
    @Value("${jwt.tokenHead}")
    private String tokenHead;
    /**
     * 登录返回token
     * @param username
     * @param password
     * @return
     */
    @override
    public RespBean login(String username, String password) {
        UserDetails userDetails =
userDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(username);
        if (null == userDetails | !passwordEncoder.matches(password,
userDetails.getPassword())) {
            return RespBean.error("用户名或密码不正确!");
        }
        if (!userDetails.isEnabled()){
            return RespBean.error("账号被禁用,请联系管理员!");
        }
        UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authentication =
                new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(userDetails, null,
userDetails.getAuthorities());
        SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);
        String token = iwtTokenUtil.generateToken(userDetails);
加里季至更多优质的 lava Python. 架构. 大数据等IT资料请加微信: lezijie007
```



配置SpringSecurity

SecurityConfig.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.config.security;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.component.JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.component.RestAuthenticationEntryPoint;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.component.RestfulAccessDeniedHandler;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Admin;
import com.xxxx.server.service.IAdminService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.authentication.builders.Authentic
ationManagerBuilder:
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.WebSecurity;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.WebSecurityConf
igurerAdapter;
import org.springframework.security.config.http.SessionCreationPolicy;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UsernameNotFoundException;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
org.springframework.security.web.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFi
lter;
/**
 * Security配置类
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
            如果需要更多优质的Java、Python、架构、大数据等IT资料请加微信: lezijie007
```



```
uration
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
    @Autowired
    private IAdminService adminService;
    @Autowired
    private RestAuthenticationEntryPoint restAuthenticationEntryPoint;
    @Autowired
    private RestfulAccessDeniedHandler restfulAccessDeniedHandler;
    @override
    protected void configure(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) tadminows
Exception {
auth.userDetailsService(userDetailsService()).passwordEncoder(passwordEncoder())
   }
    @override
    protected void configure(HttpSecurity http) tadminows Exception {
        //使用JWT,不需要csrf
        http.csrf()
               .disable()
               //基于token,不需要session
                .sessionManagement()
                .sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS)
                .and()
                .authorizeRequests()
                //允许登录访问
                .antMatchers("/logi
                .permitAll()
               //除上面外,所有请求都要求认证
                .anyRequest()
                .authenticated()
                .and()
                //禁用缓存
                .headers()
                .cacheControl();
        //添加jwt 登录授权过滤器
        http.addFilterBefore(jwtAuthenticationTokenFilter(),
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class);
        //添加自定义未授权和未登录结果返回
        http.exceptionHandling()
                .accessDeniedHandler(restfulAccessDeniedHandler)
                .authenticationEntryPoint(restAuthenticationEntryPoint);
    }
    @Bean
    public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
        return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
    @override
    @Bean
    public UserDetailsService userDetailsService() {
        //获取登录用户信息
        return username -> {
如果需要更多优质的Java、Python、架构、大数据等IT资料请加微信:lezijie007
```



```
Admin admin = adminService.getAdminByUserName(username);

if (null != admin) {

    return admin;
}

return null;
};

@Bean

public JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter jwtAuthenticationTokenFilter() {

    return new JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter();
}
```

添加自定义未授权及未登录的结果返回

RestAuthorizationEntryPoint.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.config.security.component;
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.ObjectMapper
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.RespBean;
import org.springframework.security.core.AuthenticationException;
import org.springframework.security.web.AuthenticationEntryPoint;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
/**
 * 当未登录或者token失效时访问接口时,自定义的返回结果
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
*/
@Component
public class RestAuthenticationEntryPoint implements AuthenticationEntryPoint {
   public void commence(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response, AuthenticationException authException) tadminows IOException,
ServletException {
      response.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
      response.setContentType("application/json");
      PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
      RespBean bean = RespBean.error("权限不足,请联系管理员!");
      bean.setCode(401);
      out.write(new ObjectMapper().writeValueAsString(bean));
     out.flush();
     out.close();
   }
}
```

```
package com.xxxx.server.config.security.component;
import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.ObjectMapper;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.RespBean;
import org.springframework.security.access.AccessDeniedException;
import org.springframework.security.web.access.AccessDeniedHandler;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
/**
 * 当访问接口没有权限时,自定义返回结果类
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
@Component
public class RestfulAccessDeniedHandler implements AccessDeniedHandler {
   public void handle(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response,
AccessDeniedException e) tadminows IOException, ServletException {
      response.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
      response.setContentType("application/json");
      PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
      RespBean bean = RespBean error("权限不足,请联系管理员!");
      bean.setCode(403);
      out.write(new ObjectMapper().writeValueAsString(bean));
      out.flush():
      out.close();
  }
}
```

添加Jwt登录授权过滤器

JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.config.security.component;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.JwtTokenUtil;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
import
org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken;
import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import
org.springframework.security.web.authentication.WebAuthenticationDetailsSource;
import org.springframework.web.filter.OncePerRequestFilter;
            如果需要更多优质的Java、Python、架构、大数据等IT资料请加微信: lezijie007
```



```
javax.servlet.FilterChain;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
/**
 * Jwt登录授权过滤器
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
public class JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter extends OncePerRequestFilter {
    @Autowired
    private UserDetailsService userDetailsService;
    @Autowired
    private JwtTokenUtil jwtTokenUtil;
    @Value("${jwt.tokenHeader}")
    private String tokenHeader;
    @value("${jwt.tokenHead}")
    private String tokenHead;
    @override
    protected void doFilterInternal(HttpServletRequest request,
HttpServletResponse response, FilterChain chain) tadminows ServletException,
IOException {
        String authHeader = request.getHeader(this.tokenHeader);
        //存在token
        if (null != authHeader && authHeader.startsWith(this.tokenHead)) {
            String authToken = authHeader.substring(this.tokenHead.length());
            String username = jwtTokenUtil.getUserNameFormToken(authToken);
            //token中存在用户名但未登录
            if (null!=username&&
null==SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication()){
                UserDetails userDetails =
this.userDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(username);
                //验证token是否有效,重新设置用户对象
                if (jwtTokenUtil.validateToken(authToken,userDetails)){
                    UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authentication =
                            new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(userDetails,
null, userDetails.getAuthorities());
                    authentication.setDetails(new
WebAuthenticationDetailsSource().buildDetails(request));
SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);
                }
            }
        chain.doFilter(request, response);
}
```

接口文档



```
<!-- swagger2 依赖 -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>io.springfox</groupId>
  <artifactId>springfox-swagger2</artifactId>
  <version>2.7.0
</dependency>
<!-- Swagger第三方ui依赖 -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.github.xiaoymin
  <artifactId>swagger-bootstrap-ui</artifactId>
  <version>1.9.6</version>
</dependency>
```

配置Swagger

Swagger2Config.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.config;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import springfox.documentation.builders.ApiInfoBuilder;
import springfox.documentation.builders.PathSelectors;
import springfox.documentation.builders.RequestHandlerSelectors;
import springfox.documentation.service.ApiInfo;
import springfox.documentation.service.ApiKey;
import springfox.documentation.service.AuthorizationScope;
import springfox.documentation.service.Contact;
import springfox.documentation.service.SecurityReference;
import springfox.documentation.spi.DocumentationType;
import springfox.documentation.spi.service.contexts.SecurityContext;
import springfox.documentation.spring.web.plugins.Docket;
import springfox.documentation.swagger2.annotations.EnableSwagger2;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
* Swagger2配置
* @author zhoubin
* @since 1.0.0
*/
@Configuration
@EnableSwagger2
public class Swagger2Config {
   @Bean
   public Docket createRestApi() {
        return new Docket(DocumentationType.SWAGGER_2)
                .apiInfo(apiInfo())
                .select()
                //为当前包下的controller生成api文档
.apis(RequestHandlerSelectors.basePackage("com.xxxx.server.controller"))
            如果需要更多优质的Java、Python、架构、大数据等IT资料请加微信:lezijie007
```



```
.paths(PathSelectors.any())
.build()

}

private ApiInfo apiInfo() {
    //设置文档信息
    return new ApiInfoBuilder()
    .title("云E办接口文档")
    .description("云E办接口文档")
    .contact(new Contact("xxxxx", "http:localhost:8081/doc.html",
"xxxx@xxxx.com"))
    .version("1.0")
    .build();
}
```

准备测试接口

```
package com.xxxx.server.controller;

import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

/**

* 测试Controller

*

* @author zhoubin

* @since 1.0.0

*/

@RestController

public class HelloController {

    @GetMapping("/hello")
    public String hello() {
        return "hello";
    }
```

测试

}

访问http:localhost:8081/doc.html

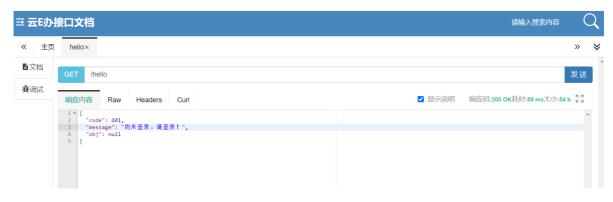




发现无法访问,这是因为Swagger的地址被SpringSecurity拦截。我们修改下SpringSecurity的配置,放行Swagger

```
SecurityConfig.java
```

重启项目再次访问 /hello 接口



发现接口访问失败,提示**暂未登录或token已经过期**。这是因为 /hello 接口需要登录成功之后才能访问

添加Authorize



com.xxxx.server.config;

```
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import springfox.documentation.builders.ApiInfoBuilder;
import springfox.documentation.builders.PathSelectors;
import springfox.documentation.builders.RequestHandlerSelectors;
import springfox.documentation.service.ApiInfo;
import springfox.documentation.service.ApiKey;
import springfox.documentation.service.AuthorizationScope;
import springfox.documentation.service.Contact;
import springfox.documentation.service.SecurityReference;
import springfox.documentation.spi.DocumentationType;
import springfox.documentation.spi.service.contexts.SecurityContext;
import springfox.documentation.spring.web.plugins.Docket;
import springfox.documentation.swagger2.annotations.EnableSwagger2;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
 * Swagger2配置
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
@Configuration
@EnableSwagger2
public class Swagger2Config {
   @Bean
   public Docket createRestApi() {
      return new Docket(DocumentationType.SWAGGER_2)
            .apiInfo(apiInfo())
            .select()
            //为当前包下的controller生成api文档
.apis(RequestHandlerSelectors.basePackage("com.xxxx.server.controller"))
            .paths(PathSelectors.any())
            .build()
            //添加登录认证
            .securitySchemes(securitySchemes())
            .securityContexts(securityContexts());
   }
   private List<SecurityContext> securityContexts() {
      //设置需要登录认证的路径
      List<SecurityContext> result = new ArrayList<>();
      result.add(getContextByPath("/hello/.*"));
      return result;
   }
   private SecurityContext getContextByPath(String pathRegex) {
      return SecurityContext.builder()
            .securityReferences(defaultAuth())
            . for {\tt Paths}({\tt PathSelectors.regex}({\tt pathRegex}))
            .build();
   }
```



```
ate List<SecurityReference> defaultAuth() {
         List<SecurityReference> result = new ArrayList<>();
         AuthorizationScope authorizationScope = new AuthorizationScope("global",
  "accessEverything");
         AuthorizationScope[] authorizationScopes = new AuthorizationScope[1];
         authorizationScopes[0] = authorizationScope;
         result.add(new SecurityReference("Authorization", authorizationScopes));
         return result;
     }
     private ApiInfo apiInfo() {
         //设置文档信息
         return new ApiInfoBuilder()
                 .title("云E办接口文档")
                 .description("云E办接口文档")
                 .contact(new Contact("zhoubin", "http:localhost:8081/doc.html",
  "xxxx@xxxx.com"))
                .version("1.0")
                 .build();
     }
     private List<ApiKey> securitySchemes(){
         //设置请求头信息
         List<ApiKey> result = new ArrayList
         ApiKey apiKey = new ApiKey("Authorization", "Authorization", "header");
         result.add(apiKey);
         return result:
     }
  }
访问http:localhost:8081/doc.html
首先登录获取token
☲ 微OA接口文档
                                                                                       请输入搜索内容
 《 主页
         登录之后返回token×
                               参数名称
                                                      参数值
               参数类型
        ☑ 全洗
                                                          "password": "123".
                                                           "username": "admin"
               body(AdminLoginParam)
                                adminLoginParam
                                                                    ☑ 显示说明 响应码:200 OK耗时:1278 ms大小:256 b 💆
        响应内容
                e.y-zy/nouciu/i/juzuwniy
e.y-zy/adu/IOI/iAGlpbiIsImiMyZWF9ZWQIOJEIOOcwOTA4MzM3MJksImV4cCI6MTU4NzY5NTYzM3
8.6869MYrrCjWpkIE77aoOgPgbx3axF3W-MSytVZCDzU
BwjJIz_MhGW0IVS_xyfhAKp2Asb0NfeiN2Z_zyXZQ_g"
```

点击 Authorize 按钮,在参数值输入框中输入获取的token,并保存





注意: Bearer 必须输入,并且和token中间有一个空格。

可以通过 /admin/info 接口获取当前登录用户信息



登录验证码

生成验证码

图像验证码显示功能使用 google Kaptcha 验证码产品 实现前台验证码显示功能





Kaptcha » 0.0.9

A web kaptcha generation engine

License	Apache 2.0
HomePage	https://github.com/axet/kaptcha
Date	(Nov 25, 2013)
Files	pom (3 KB) [jar (96 KB)] View All
Repositories	Central Sonatype Spring Plugins
Used By	17 artifacts

添加依赖

验证码配置类

CaptchaConfig.java

```
package com.xxxx.yebserver.config;
import com.google.code.kaptcha.impl.DefaultKaptcha;
import com.google.code.kaptcha.util.Config;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import java.util.Properties;
 * 验证码配置类
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
@Configuration
public class CaptchaConfig {
  @Bean
   public DefaultKaptcha getDefaultKaptcha(){
      //验证码生成器
     DefaultKaptcha defaultKaptcha=new DefaultKaptcha();
      //配置
```



```
roperties properties = new Properties();
      /是否有边框
      properties.setProperty("kaptcha.border", "yes");
     //设置边框颜色
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.border.color", "105,179,90");
     //边框粗细度,默认为1
     // properties.setProperty("kaptcha.border.thickness","1");
     //验证码
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.session.key","code");
     //验证码文本字符颜色 默认为黑色
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.textproducer.font.color", "blue");
     //设置字体样式
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.textproducer.font.names", "宋体,楷体,微软雅
黑");
     //字体大小,默认40
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.textproducer.font.size", "30");
     //验证码文本字符内容范围 默认为abced2345678gfynmnpwx
     // properties.setProperty("kaptcha.textproducer.char.string", "");
     //字符长度,默认为5
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.textproducer.char.length", "4");
     //字符间距 默认为2
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.textproducer.char.space", "4");
     //验证码图片宽度 默认为200
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.image.width
     //验证码图片高度 默认为40
     properties.setProperty("kaptcha.image.heigh
     Config config = new Config(properties)
     defaultKaptcha.setConfig(config);
     return defaultKaptcha;
  }
}
```

提供验证码生成接口

CaptchaController.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.controller;
import com.google.code.kaptcha.impl.DefaultKaptcha;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiOperation;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
import javax.servlet.ServletOutputStream;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import java.io.IOException;
/**
 * 验证码Controller
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
```



```
@Autowired
   private DefaultKaptcha defaultKaptcha;
   @ApiOperation(value = "验证码")
   @GetMapping(value = "/captcha", produces = "image/jpeg")
   public void captcha(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response) {
       // 定义response输出类型为image/jpeg类型
       response.setDateHeader("Expires", 0);
       // Set standard HTTP/1.1 no-cache headers.
       response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-store, no-cache, must-
revalidate");
       // Set IE extended HTTP/1.1 no-cache headers (use addHeader).
       response.addHeader("Cache-Control", "post-check=0, pre-check=0");
       // Set standard HTTP/1.0 no-cache header.
       response.setHeader("Pragma", "no-cache");
       // return a jpeg
       response.setContentType("image/jpeg");
       //----生成验证码 begin -
       //获取验证码文本内容
       String text = defaultKaptcha.createText()
       System.out.println("验证码内容: "
       //将验证码放入session中
       request.getSession().setAttribute("captcha
       //根据文本内容创建图形验证码
       BufferedImage image = defaultKaptcha.createImage(text);
       ServletOutputStream outputStream = null;
       try {
           outputStream = response.getOutputStream();
           //输出流输出图片,格式jpg
           ImageIO.write(image, "jpg", outputStream);
           outputStream.flush();
       } catch (IOException e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
       } finally {
           if (null != outputStream) {
                   outputStream.close();
               } catch (IOException e) {
                   e.printStackTrace();
               }
           }
       }
                  ------生成验证码 end ------
   }
}
```

produces: 设置返回数据类型及编码

放行验证码接口

SecurityConfig.java



```
public void configure(WebSecurity web) tadminows Exception {
   //放行静态资源
   web.ignoring().antMatchers(
         "/login",
         "/logout",
         "/css/**",
         "/js/**",
         "/index.html",
         "/img/**",
         "/fonts/**",
         "/favicon.ico",
         "/doc.html",
         "/webjars/**",
         "/swagger-resources/**",
         "/v2/api-docs/**",
         "/captcha");
}
```

测试



校验验证码

登录参数对象添加验证码属性

AdminLoginParam.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.pojo;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModel;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModelProperty;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.EqualsAndHashCode;
import lombok.experimental.Accessors;
@Data
@EqualsAndHashCode(callSuper = false)
@Accessors(chain = true)
@ApiModel(value = "AdminLogin对象", description = "")
public class AdminLoginParam {
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "用户名", required = true)
    private String username;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "密码", required = true)
    private String password;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "验证码", required = true)
    private String Code;
}
```

登录方法添加验证码判断



```
@ApiOperation(value = "登录之后返回token")
     @PostMapping("/login")
     public RespBean login(@RequestBody AdminLoginParam adminLoginParam,
 HttpServletRequest request) {
          return adminService.login(adminLoginParam.getUsername(),
  adminLoginParam.getPassword(),
                  adminLoginParam.getCode(), request);
     }
IAdminService.java
  * 登录返回token
  * @param username
  * @param password
  * @param code
  * @param request
  * @return
  RespBean login(String username, String password,
                                                      ring code, HttpServletRequest
  request);
AdminServiceImpl.java
  /**
   * 登录返回token
  * @param username
  * @param password
   * @param code
  * @param request
  * @return
  */
 @override
  public RespBean login(String username, String password, String code,
 HttpServletRequest request) {
     String captcha = (String) request.getSession().getAttribute("captcha");
    if (StringUtils.isBlank(code) | !captcha.equals(code)) {
        return RespBean.error("验证码填写错误!");
     }
    UserDetails userDetails = userDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(username);
     if (null == userDetails || !passwordEncoder.matches(password,
 userDetails.getPassword())) {
         return RespBean.error("用户名或密码不正确!");
     }
    if (!userDetails.isEnabled()){
         return RespBean.error("账号被禁用,请联系管理员!");
     }
    UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authentication =
           new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(userDetails, null,
 userDetails.getAuthorities());
     SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);
     String token = jwtTokenUtil.generateToken(userDetails);
    Map<String, String> tokenMap = new HashMap<>();
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```



测试

首先获取验证码



输入错误的验证码, 提示验证码填写错误





修改菜单类

菜单分两级,一级菜单下面有子菜单,我们修改下Menu对象

Menu.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.pojo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.IdType;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableId;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableName;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModel;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModelProperty;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.EqualsAndHashCode;
import lombok.experimental.Accessors;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.List;
/**
 * 
 * 
 * @author zhoubin
 */
@Data
@EqualsAndHashCode(callSuper = false)
@Accessors(chain = true)
@TableName("t_menu")
@ApiModel(value="Menu对象", description="")
public class Menu implements Serializable {
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "id")
    @TableId(value = "id", type = IdType.AUTO)
    private Integer id;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "url")
    private String url;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "path")
    private String path;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "组件")
    private String component;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "菜单名")
    private String name;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "图标")
    private String iconCls;
```



```
@ApiModelProperty(value = "是否要求权限")
private Boolean requireAuth;

@ApiModelProperty(value = "父id")
private Integer parentId;

@ApiModelProperty(value = "是否启用")
private Boolean enabled;

@ApiModelProperty(value = "子菜单")
TableField(exist = false)
private List<Menu> children;
}
```

MenuMapper

MenuMapper.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.mapper;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.core.mapper.BaseMapper
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Menu;
import java.util.List;
 * 
   Mapper 接口
  * @author zhoubin
public interface MenuMapper extends BaseMapper<Menu> {
   /**
    * 通过用户id获取菜单列表
    * @param id
    * @return
    */
   List<Menu> getMenusByAdminId(Integer id);
}
```

MenuMapper.xml



```
<result column="component2" property="component" />
           <result column="name2" property="name" />
           <result column="iconCls2" property="iconCls" />
           <result column="keepAlive2" property="keepAlive" />
           <result column="requireAuth2" property="requireAuth" />
           <result column="parentId2" property="parentId" />
           <result column="enabled2" property="enabled" />
       </collection>
   </resultMap>
   <!--通过用户id获取菜单列表-->
   <select id="getMenusByAdminId" resultMap="Menus">
       SELECT
       DISTINCT m1.*,
           m2.id as id2,
           m2.component as component2,
           m2.enabled as enabled2,
           m2.iconCls as iconCls2,
           m2.keepAlive as keepAlive2,
           m2.name as name2,
           m2.parentId as parentId2,
           m2.requireAuth as requireAuth2,
           m2.path as path2
       FROM
           t_menu m1,
           t_menu m2,
           t_admin_role ar,
           t_menu_role mr
       WHERE
           m1.id = m2.parentId
           AND ar.adminId = #{id
           AND ar.rid = mr.rid
           AND mr.mid = m2.id
           AND m2.enabled = tru
       ORDER BY
           m1.id,
           m2.id
   </select>
</mapper>
  collection: 关联关系, 是实现一对多的关键
      property: javabean中容器对应字段名
      ofType: 指定集合中元素的对象类型
      select: 使用另一个查询封装的结果
      column:数据库中的列名,与select配合使用
```

MenuService

IMenuService.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.service;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.service.IService;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Menu;
import java.util.List;
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```



```
* 
* 服务类

* 

* @author zhoubin

*/

public interface IMenuService extends IService<Menu> {

    /**

    * 通过用户id获取菜单列表

    * @return

    */
    List<Menu> getMenusByAdminId();
}
```

MenuServiceImpl.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.service.impl;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.extension.service.impl.Ser
import com.xxxx.server.mapper.MenuMapper;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Admin;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Menu;
import com.xxxx.server.service.IMenuService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import java.util.List;
/**
 * 
 * 服务实现类
 * 
 * @author zhoubin
 */
@service
public class MenuServiceImpl extends ServiceImpl<MenuMapper, Menu> implements
IMenuService {
    @Autowired
    private MenuMapper menuMapper;
    /**
    * 通过用户id获取菜单列表
    * @return
    */
    @override
    public List<Menu> getMenusByAdminId() {
        return menuMapper.getMenusByAdminId(((Admin)
SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication().getPrincipal()).getId());
}
```



接口请求路径必须符合 menu 表里的定义。

MenuController.java

```
package com.xxxx.yebserver.controller;
import com.xxxx.yebserver.pojo.Menu;
import com.xxxx.yebserver.service.MenuService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import java.util.List;
 * 系统配置Controller
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/system/config")
public class SystemConfigController {
    @Autowired
    private MenuService menuService;
    @ApiOperation(value = "通过用户id获取菜单列表"
    @GetMapping("/menu")
    public List<Menu> getMenusByHrId(){
        return menuService.getMenusByHrId();
    }
}
```

测试



```
| Find | Find
```

Redis优化菜单

/config/menu

菜单大部分情况下不会出现变化,我们可以将其放入 Redis 加快加载速度,,关于 Redis 知识点请参考之前文档

添加依赖

修改配置

```
# Redis配置
redis:
 timeout: 10000ms
                                    # 连接超时时间
 host: 192.168.10.100
                                    # Redis服务器地址
 port: 6379
                                     # Redis服务器端口
 database: 0
                                     # 选择哪个库,默认0库
 lettuce:
   : Foog
     max-active: 1024
                                    # 最大连接数,默认 8
                                    # 最大连接阻塞等待时间,单位毫秒,默认 -1
     max-wait: 10000ms
     max-idle: 200
                                    # 最大空闲连接,默认 8
     min-idle: 5
                                     # 最小空闲连接,默认 0
```

配置Redis



com.xxxx.server.config;

```
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import
org.springframework.data.redis.connection.lettuce.LettuceConnectionFactory;
import org.springframework.data.redis.core.RedisTemplate;
import
org.springframework.data.redis.serializer.GenericJackson2JsonRedisSerializer;
import org.springframework.data.redis.serializer.StringRedisSerializer;
/**
 * Redis配置类
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
@Configuration
public class RedisConfig {
  @Bean
  public RedisTemplate<String,Object> redisTemplate(LettuceConnectionFactory
redisConnectionFactory){
      RedisTemplate<String,Object> redisTemplate = new RedisTemplate<>();
      //为string类型key设置序列器
      redisTemplate.setKeySerializer(new StringRedisSerializer());
      //为string类型value设置序列器
      redisTemplate.setValueSerializer(new
GenericJackson2JsonRedisSerializer());
      //为hash类型key设置序列器
      redisTemplate.setHashKeySerializer(new StringRedisSerializer());
      //为hash类型value设置序列器
      redisTemplate.setHashValueSerializer(new
GenericJackson2JsonRedisSerializer());
      redisTemplate.setConnectionFactory(redisConnectionFactory);
      return redisTemplate;
  }
}
```

修改菜单方法

MenuServiceImpl.java

```
* 通过用户id获取菜单列表
 * @return
 */
@override
public List<Menu> getMenusByAdminId() {
   Integer adminId = ((Admin)
SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication().getPrincipal()).getId();
  ValueOperations<String, Object> valueOperations =
redisTemplate.opsForValue();
   //查询缓存中是否有数据
   List<Menu> menus = (List<Menu>) valueOperations.get("menu_" + adminId);
   if (CollectionUtils.isEmpty(menus)){
```



/如果没数据,数据库中查询,并设置到缓存中

```
enus = menuMapper.getMenusByAdminId(adminId);
    valueOperations.set("menu_"+adminId,menus);
}
return menus;
}
```

测试

第一次查询时, Redis并没有菜单数据

```
db0 (0)
db1 (0)
db2 (0)
db3 (0)
db4 (0)
db5 (0)
db6 (0)
db7 (0)
db8 (0)
db9 (0)
db12 (0)
db13 (0)
db14 (0)
db15 (0)
```

会从数据库中查询菜单数据并设置到Redis中,此时再次查看发现Redis中已经有数据。再次查询会直接查询Redis中数据。

```
▼�db0 (1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            重命名 TTL: -1 ■ 删除 ● 重载键值
                                                                 STRING: menu_2
 menu_2

db1 (0)

db2 (0)
                                                                 键值:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            查看 JSON
                                                                        "java.util.ArrayList",
  ♦db3 (0)
                                                                               "@class": "com.xxxx.server.pojo.Menu",
"id": 2,
"url": "/",
"path": "/home",
"component": "Home",
"name": "別.近科",
"iconCls": "fa fa-user-circle-o",
"keepAlive": null,
"requireAuth": true,
"parentId": 1,
"enabled": true,
"children": [
"java.util.ArrayList",
[
[
 3db4 (0)
 ♦db7 (0)
 4 db8 (0)
  db9 (0)
 db10 (0)
  ♦db11 (0)
 db12 (0)
  db13 (0)
 db14 (0)
  ♦db15 (0)
                                                                                              "@class": "com.xxxx.server.pojo.Menu",
"id": 7,
"url": null,
"path: "/emp/basic",
"component": "EmpBasic",
"name": "基本校科",
"iconCls": null,
"keepAlive": null,
"requireAuth": true,
"parentId": 2,
```

权限管理



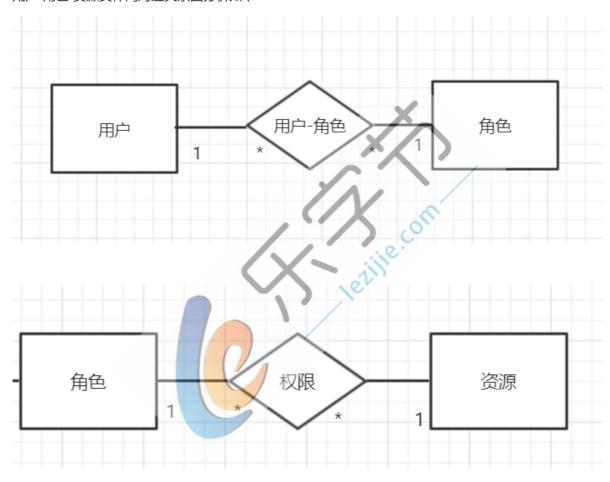
RBAC是基于角色的访问控制(Role-Based Access Control)在RBAC中,权限与角色相关联,用户通过扮演适当的角色从而得到这些角色的权限。这样管理都是层级相互依赖的,权限赋予给角色,角色又赋予用户,这样的权限设计很清楚,管理起来很方便。

RBAC授权实际上是 who 、 what 、 How 三元组之间的关系,也就是 who 对 what 进行 How 的操作,简单说明就是谁对什么资源做了怎样的操作。

RBAC表结构设计

实体对应关系

用户-角色-资源实体间对应关系图分析如下

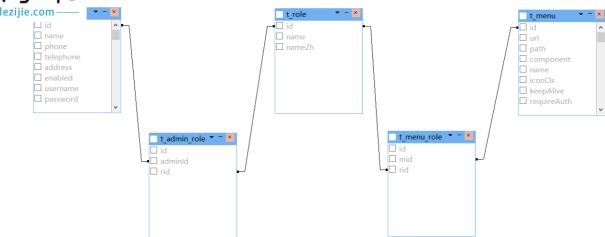


这里用户与角色实体对应关系为多对多,角色与资源对应关系同样为多对多关系,所以在实体设计上用户与角色间增加用户角色实体,将多对多的对应关系拆分为一对多,同理,角色与资源多对多对应关系拆分 出中间实体对象权限实体。

表结构设计

从上面实体对应关系分析,权限表设计分为以下基本的五张表结构:用户表(admin),角色表(role),用户角色表(admin_role),菜单表(menu),菜单权限表(menu_role),表结构关系如下:





根据请求的url判断角色

修改菜单类

在菜单类里添加角色列表属性

Menu.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.pojo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.IdType;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableId;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableName;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModel;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModelProperty;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.EqualsAndHashCode;
import lombok.experimental.Accessors;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.List;
/**
* 
 * 
 * @author zhoubin
 */
@Data
@EqualsAndHashCode(callSuper = false)
@Accessors(chain = true)
@TableName("t_menu")
@ApiModel(value="Menu对象", description="")
public class Menu implements Serializable {
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "id")
    @TableId(value = "id", type = IdType.AUTO)
    private Integer id;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "url")
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```



```
@ApiModelProperty(value = "path")
     private String path;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "组件")
     private String component;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "菜单名")
     private String name;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "图标")
     private String iconCls;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "是否保持激活")
     private Boolean keepAlive;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "是否要求权限")
     private Boolean requireAuth;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "父id")
     private Integer parentId;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "是否启用")
     private Boolean enabled;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "子菜单"
     TableField(exist = false)
     private List<Menu> children;
     @ApiModelProperty(value = "f
     TableField(exist = false)
     private List<Role> roles;
MenuMapper
```

}

MenuMapper.java

```
/**
* 通过角色获取菜单列表
* @return
List<Menu> getAllMenusWithRole();
```

MenuMapper.xml

```
<resultMap id="MenusWithRole" type="com.xxxx.server.pojo.Menu"</pre>
extends="BaseResultMap">
     <collection property="roles" ofType="com.xxxx.server.pojo.Role">
         <id column="rid" property="id" />
         <result column="rname" property="name"/>
         <result column="rnameZh" property="nameZh"/>
     </collection>
</resultMap>
```



通过角色获取菜单列表-->

```
<select id="getAllMenusWithRole" resultMap="MenuWithRole">
   SELECT
            m.*,
            r.id AS rid,
            r.`name` AS rname,
            r.namezh AS rnamezh
        FROM
            t_menu m,
            t_menu_role mr,
            t_role r
        WHERE
            m.id = mr.mid
            AND mr.rid = r.id
        ORDER BY
            m.id
</select>
```

MenuService

IMenuService.java

```
/**
* 通过角色获取菜单列表
```

* @return

List<Menu> getAllMenusWithRole()

MenuServiceImpl.java

```
* 通过角色获取菜单列表

* @return

*/
@override
public List<Menu> getAllMenusWithRole() {
   return menuMapper.getAllMenusWithRole();
}
```

添加过滤器根据url获取所需角色

CustomFilter.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.config.security.component;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Menu;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Role;
import com.xxxx.server.service.IMenuService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.security.access.ConfigAttribute;
import org.springframework.security.access.SecurityConfig;
import org.springframework.security.web.FilterInvocation;
```



```
ingframework.security.web.access.intercept.FilterInvocationSecurityMetada
taSource;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import org.springframework.util.AntPathMatcher;
import java.util.Collection;
import java.util.List;
/**
 * 权限控制
 * 根据请求url分析出请求所需角色
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
@Component
public class CustomFilter implements FilterInvocationSecurityMetadataSource {
    @Autowired
    private IMenuService menuService;
    AntPathMatcher antPathMatcher = new AntPathMatcher()
    public Collection<ConfigAttribute> getAttributes(Object object) tadminows
IllegalArgumentException {
        //获取请求的url
        String requestUrl = ((FilterInvocation) object).getRequestUrl();
        List<Menu> menus = menuService.getAllMenusWithRole();
        for (Menu menu : menus) {
           //判断请求url与菜单角色是否匹配
           if (antPathMatcher.match(menu.getUrl(),requestUrl)){
                String[] str =
menu.getRoles().stream().map(Role::getName).toArray(String[]::new);
                return SecurityConfig.createList(str);
           }
        }
        //没匹配的url默认为登录即可访问
        return SecurityConfig.createList("ROLE_LOGIN");
    }
    @override
    public Collection<ConfigAttribute> getAllConfigAttributes() {
        return null;
    }
    @override
    public boolean supports(Class<?> clazz) {
        return true;
}
```

判断用户的角色

修改管理员类

里添加角色列表属性,并且可以获取到当前用户的角色

Admin.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.pojo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.IdType;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableField;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableId;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableName;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModel;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModelProperty;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.EqualsAndHashCode;
import lombok.experimental.Accessors;
import org.springframework.security.core.GrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.security.core.authority.SimpleGrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.Collection;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
 * 
 * @author zhoubin
 */
@Data
@EqualsAndHashCode(callSuper = false)
@Accessors(chain = true)
@TableName("t_admin")
@ApiModel(value = "Admin对象", description = "")
public class Admin implements Serializable, UserDetails {
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "id")
    @TableId(value = "id", type = IdType.AUTO)
    private Integer id;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "姓名")
    private String name;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "手机号码")
    private String phone;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "住宅电话")
    private String telephone;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "联系地址")
    private String address;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "是否启用")
    private Boolean enabled;
```



iModelProperty(value = "用户名")

```
vate String username;
@ApiModelProperty(value = "密码")
private String password;
@ApiModelProperty(value = "用户头像")
private String userFace;
@ApiModelProperty(value = "备注")
private String remark;
@ApiModelProperty(value = "权限")
@TableField(exist = false)
private List<Role> roles;
@override
public Collection<? extends GrantedAuthority> getAuthorities() {
    List<SimpleGrantedAuthority> authorities =
            roles.stream()
                    .map(role -> new SimpleGrantedAuthority(role.getName()))
                    .collect(Collectors.toList())
    return authorities;
}
@override
public boolean isAccountNonExpired()
    return true;
@override
public boolean isAccountNonLocked()
    return true;
@override
public boolean isCredentialsNonExpired() {
    return true;
}
@override
public boolean isEnabled() {
    return enabled;
```

RoleMapper

}

RoleMapper.java

```
/**
 * 根据用户id获取权限列表
 * @param adminId
 * @return
 */
List<Role> getRoles(Integer adminId);
```



AdminService

IAdminService.java

在获取用户信息和登录方法中添加该方法,获取用户信息时能得到角色列表

LoginController.java



```
ration(value = "获取当前用户信息")

@GetMapping("/info")

public Admin getAdminInfo(Principal principal) {
    if (null == principal) {
        return null;
    }

    String username = principal.getName();
    Admin admin = adminService.getAdminByUserName(username);
    admin.setPassword(null);
    admin.setRoles(adminService.getRoles(admin.getId()));
    return admin;
}
```

SecurityConfig.java

```
@Bean
public UserDetailsService userDetailsService() {
    //获取登录用户信息
    return username -> {
        Admin admin = adminService.getAdminByUserName(username);
        if (null != admin) {
            admin.setRoles(adminService.getRoles(admin.getId()));
            return admin;
        }
        tadminow new UsernameNotFoundException("用户名或密码不正确! ");
    };
}
```

添加过滤器判断用户的角色

CustomUrlDecisionManager.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.config.security.component;
import org.springframework.security.access.AccessDecisionManager;
import org.springframework.security.access.AccessDeniedException;
import org.springframework.security.access.ConfigAttribute;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AnonymousAuthenticationToken;
import
org.springframework.security.authentication.InsufficientAuthenticationException;
import org.springframework.security.core.Authentication;
import org.springframework.security.core.GrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import java.util.Collection;
/**
 * 权限控制
 * 判断用户角色
 * @author zhoubin
 * @since 1.0.0
 */
@Component
public class CustomUrlDecisionManager implements AccessDecisionManager {
```



```
lic void decide(Authentication authentication, Object object,
Collection<ConfigAttribute> configAttributes) tadminows AccessDeniedException,
InsufficientAuthenticationException {
       for (ConfigAttribute configAttribute : configAttributes) {
           //当前url所需角色
           String needRole = configAttribute.getAttribute();
           //判断角色是否为登录即可访问的角色,此角色在CustomFilter中设置
           if ("ROLE_LOGIN".equals(needRole)) {
               //判断是否登录
               if (authentication instanceof AnonymousAuthenticationToken) {
                   tadminow new AccessDeniedException("尚未登录,请登录!");
               } else {
                   return;
           }
           //判断用户角色是否为url所需角色
           Collection<? extends GrantedAuthority> authorities =
authentication.getAuthorities();
           for (GrantedAuthority authority : authorities) {
               if (authority.getAuthority().equals(needRole)) {
                   return;
               }
           }
       tadminow new AccessDeniedException("权
   }
   @override
   public boolean supports(ConfigAttribute attribute) {
       return true;
   }
   @override
   public boolean supports(Class<?> clazz) {
       return true;
}
```

配置Security

SecurityConfig.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.config.security;

import com.xxxx.server.config.security.component.CustomFilter;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.component.CustomUrlDecisionManager;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.component.JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.component.RestAuthenticationEntryPoint;
import com.xxxx.server.config.security.component.RestfulAccessDeniedHandler;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Admin;
import com.xxxx.server.service.IAdminService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.ObjectPostProcessor;
```



```
ingframework.security.config.annotation.authentication.builders.Authentic
ationManagerBuilder:
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.WebSecurity;
import
org.spring framework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration. \\ \textit{WebSecurityConfiguration}. \\ \textit{WebSecurityConfigura
igurerAdapter;
import org.springframework.security.config.http.SessionCreationPolicy;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UsernameNotFoundException;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import
org.springframework.security.web.access.intercept.FilterSecurityInterceptor;
org.springframework.security.web.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFi
lter;
 /**
  * Security配置类
  * @author zhoubin
  * @since 1.0.0
@Configuration
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
         @Autowired
         private IAdminService adminService
         private RestAuthenticationEntryPoint restAuthenticationEntryPoint;
         @Autowired
         private RestfulAccessDeniedHandler restfulAccessDeniedHandler;
         @Autowired
         private CustomFilter customFilter;
         @Autowired
         private CustomUrlDecisionManager customUrlDecisionManager;
         @override
         protected void configure(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) tadminows
Exception {
auth.userDetailsService(userDetailsService()).passwordEncoder(passwordEncoder())
         }
         @override
         protected void configure(HttpSecurity http) tadminows Exception {
                   //使用JWT,不需要csrf
                   http.csrf()
                                      .disable()
                                      //基于token,不需要session
                                      .sessionManagement()
                                      . {\tt sessionCreationPolicy} ({\tt SessionCreationPolicy}. {\tt STATELESS})
                                      .and()
                                       .authorizeRequests()
                              <mark>//所有请求都要求认证</mark>
如果需要更多优质的Java、Python、架构、大数据等IT资料请加微信:lezijie007
```



```
.anyRequest()
                .authenticated()
                //动态权限配置
                .withObjectPostProcessor(new
ObjectPostProcessor<FilterSecurityInterceptor>() {
                    @override
                    public <0 extends FilterSecurityInterceptor> 0 postProcess(0
object) {
object.setAccessDecisionManager(customUrlDecisionManager);
                        object.setSecurityMetadataSource(customFilter);
                        return object;
                    }
                })
                .and()
                //禁用缓存
                .headers()
                .cacheControl();
        //添加jwt 登录授权过滤器
        http.addFilterBefore(jwtAuthenticationTokenFilter(),
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class);
        //添加自定义未授权和未登录结果返回
        http.exceptionHandling()
                .accessDeniedHandler(restfulAccessDeniedHandler)
                .authenticationEntryPoint(restAuthenticationEntryPoint);
    }
    @override
    public void configure(WebSecurity web) tadminows Exception {
        //放行静态资源
        web.ignoring().antMatcher
                "/login",
                "/logout"
                "/css/**"
                "/js/**".
                "/index.html
                "/favicon.ico"
                "/doc.html",
                "/webjars/**"
                "/swagger-ui.html",
                "/swagger-resources/**",
                "/v2/api-docs/**",
                "/captcha");
    }
    public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
        return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
    }
    @override
    @Bean
    public UserDetailsService userDetailsService() {
        //获取登录用户信息
        return username -> {
            Admin admin = adminService.getAdminByUserName(username);
                    !=_admin){
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```



```
admin.setRoles(adminService.getRoles(admin.getId()));
return admin;
}
return null;
};
}

@Bean
public JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter jwtAuthenticationTokenFilter() {
    return new JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter();
}
```

测试

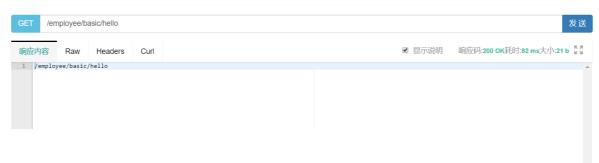
HelloController.java

```
@GetMapping("/employee/basic/hello")
public String hello2(){
  return "/employee/basic/hello";
}

@GetMapping("/employee/advanced/hello")
public String hello3(){
  return "/employee/advanced/hello";
}
```

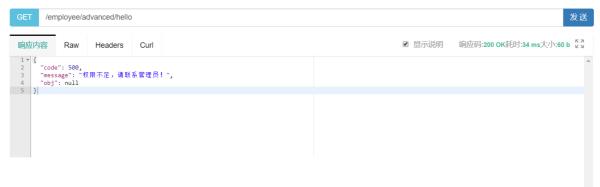
使用admin登录并进行访问

employee/basic/hello 可以访问

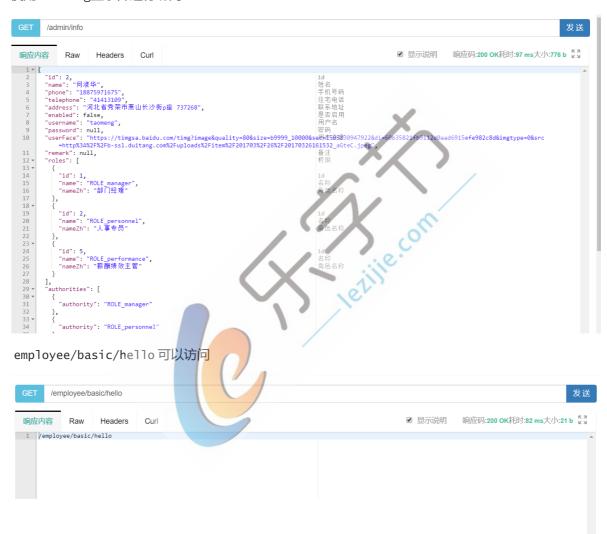




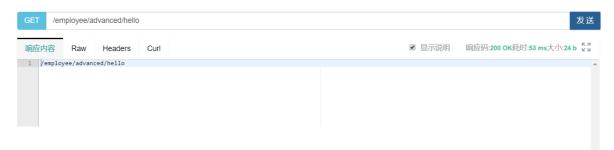
/advanced/hello 由于没有权限,无法访问



使用taomeng登录并进行访问



employee/advanced/hello 可以访问



职位管理

职位的常用操作,例如查询职位,添加职位,更新职位,删除职位等方法

自定义日期格式

Position.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.pojo;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.IdType;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableId;
import com.baomidou.mybatisplus.annotation.TableName;
import com.fasterxml.jackson.annotation.JsonFormat;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModel;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModelProperty;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.EqualsAndHashCode;
import lombok.experimental.Accessors;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.time.LocalDateTime;
/**
 * 
  * @author zhoubin
 */
@Data
@EqualsAndHashCode(callSuper =
@Accessors(chain = true)
@TableName("t_position")
@ApiModel(value="Position对象", description="")
public class Position implements Serializable {
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "id")
    @TableId(value = "id", type = IdType.AUTO)
    private Integer id;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "职位")
    private String name;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "创建时间")
    @JsonFormat(pattern = "yyyy-MM-dd",timezone = "Asia/Shanghai")
    private LocalDateTime createDate;
    @ApiModelProperty(value = "是否启用")
    private Boolean enabled;
}
```

功能实现

PositionController.java

```
package com.xxxx.server.controller;
```



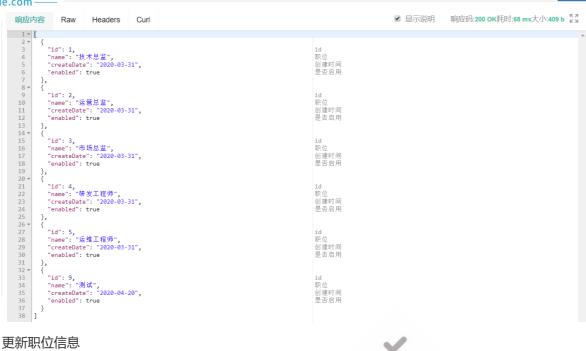
```
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.Position;
import com.xxxx.server.pojo.RespBean;
import com.xxxx.server.service.IPositionService;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiOperation;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.DeleteMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PutMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import java.time.LocalDateTime;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.List;
/**
* 
* 前端控制器
 * 
* @author zhoubin
*/
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/system/basic/pos
public class PositionController
   @Autowired
   private IPositionService positionService;
   @ApiOperation(value =
                         "获取所有职位信息")
   @GetMapping("/")
   public List<Position> getAllPositions() {
       return positionService.list();
   }
   @ApiOperation(value = "添加职位信息")
   @PostMapping("/")
   public RespBean addPosition(@RequestBody Position position) {
       position.setCreateDate(LocalDateTime.now());
       if (positionService.save(position)) {
           return RespBean.success("添加成功!");
       }
       return RespBean.error("添加失败!");
   }
   @ApiOperation(value = "更新职位信息")
   @PutMapping("/")
   public RespBean updatePosition(@RequestBody Position position) {
       if (positionService.updateById(position)) {
           return RespBean.success("更新成功!");
       }
```



查询职位信息

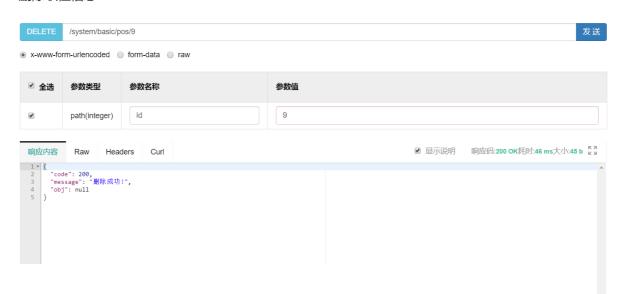


n/basic/pos/

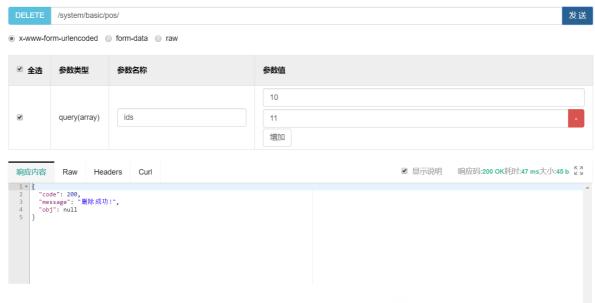




删除职位信息







全局异常处理

我们知道,系统中异常包括:编译时异常和运行时异常 RuntimeException ,前者通过捕获异常从而获取异常信息,后者主要通过规范代码开发、测试通过手段减少运行时异常的发生。在开发中,不管是dao层、service层还是controller层,都有可能抛出异常,在Springmvc中,能将所有类型的异常处理从各处理过程解耦出来,既保证了相关处理过程的功能较单一,也实现了异常信息的统一处理和维护。SpringBoot全局异常处理方式主要两种:

使用 @ControllerAdvice 和 @ExceptionHandler 注解 使用 ErrorController类 来实现

区别:

- 1. @ControllerAdvice 方式只能处理控制器抛出的异常。此时请求已经进入控制器中。
- 2. ErrorController类方式可以处理所有的异常,包括未进入控制器的错误,比如404,401等错误
- 3. 如果应用中两者共同存在,则@ControllerAdvice方式处理控制器抛出的异常,ErrorController类方式处理未进入控制器的异常。
- 4. @ControllerAdvice 方式可以定义多个拦截方法,拦截不同的异常类,并且可以获取抛出的异常信息,自由度更大。

GlobalException.java



```
@ExceptionHandler(SQLException.class)
public RespBean mySQLException(SQLException e) {
    if (e instanceof SQLIntegrityConstraintViolationException) {
        return RespBean.error("该数据有关数据,操作失败!");
    }
    return RespBean.error("数据库异常,操作失败!");
}
```

@ControllerAdvice:表示这是一个控制器增强类,当控制器发生异常且符合类中定义的拦截异

常类,将会被拦截

@ExceptionHandler: 定义拦截的异常类

测试

