Assignment #7: Nov Mock Exam立冬

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2024 fall, Complied by <mark>徐嘉期、地空</mark>

说明:

- 1) 月考: AC6 (请改为同学的通过数) 。考试题目都在"题库(包括计概、数算题目)"里面,按照数字题号能找到,可以重新提交。作业中提交自己最满意版本的代码和截图。
- 2)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora https://typoraio.cn,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 3) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 4) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

1. 题目

E07618: 病人排队

sorttings, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/07618/

思路:

```
n = int(input())
id_old=[]
age_old=[]
id_young=[]
for _ in range(n):
    temp = list(input().split())
    id1 = temp[0]
    age = int(temp[1])
    if age >= 60:
        check = True
        for i in range(len(age_old)):
            if age_old[i] < age:</pre>
                 age_old = age_old[:i]+[age]+age_old[i:]
                id_old = id_old[:i]+[id1]+id_old[i:]
                check = False
                break
        if check:
            age_old.append(age)
            id_old.append(id1)
        # print(age_old)
        # print(id_old)
```

```
else:
    id_young.append(id1)
ans = id_old+id_young
for i in ans:
    print(i)
```



E23555: 节省存储的矩阵乘法

implementation, matrices, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/23555/

思路:

```
n,m1,m2 = map(int,input().split())
matrix1 = [[0]*n for _ in range(n)]
matrix2 = [[0]*n for _ in range(n)]
matrix3 = [[0]*n for _ in range(n)]
for _ in range(m1):
   x,y,v = map(int,input().split())
    matrix1[x][y]=v
for _ in range(m2):
    x,y,v = map(int,input().split())
    matrix2[x][y]=v
ans = []
for i in range(n):
    for j in range(n):
        for k in range(n):
            matrix3[i][j] += matrix1[i][k]*matrix2[k][j]
        if matrix3[i][j]:
            11 = [str(i),str(j),str(matrix3[i][j])]
```

```
ans.append(' '.join(l1))
for i in ans:
    print(i)
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==



M18182: 打怪兽

implementation/sortings/data structures, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18182/

思路:

```
cases = int(input())
for _ in range(cases):
    n,m,b = map(int,input().split())
    dict1 = \{\}
    time = []
    for \underline{\phantom{a}} in range(n):
        t,x = map(int,input().split())
        if t in dict1:
             dict1[t].append(x)
        else:
             dict1[t] = [x]
             time.append(t)
    # print(dict1)
    # print(time)
    time.sort()
    check = False
    for i in time:
        if check:
             break
        dict1[i].sort(reverse=True)
```

```
length = min(m,len(dict1[i]))
for j in range(length):
    b -= dict1[i][j]
    if b <= 0:
        print(i)
        check = True
        break

if not check:
    print("alive")</pre>
```



M28780: 零钱兑换3

dp, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/28780/

思路:

```
n ,amount =map(int,input().split())
dp = [float("inf")]*(amount+1)
check = [False]*(amount+1)
ll = list(map(int,input().split()))
for i in ll:
    if i <= amount:
        dp[i] = 1

for i in range(1,amount+1):
    temp = dp[i]
    for j in ll:
        if i > j:
            temp = min(temp,dp[i-j]+1)
    if temp != dp[i]:
        dp[i] = temp
```

```
check[i] =True
print(dp[amount] if check[amount] else "-1")
```



T12757: 阿尔法星人翻译官

implementation, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/12757

思路:

```
dict1= {'zero':0, 'one':1, 'two':2, 'three':3, 'four':4, 'five':5, 'six':6,
"seven":7, 'eight':8, 'nine':9, 'ten':10, 'eleven':11, 'twelve':12,
'thirteen':13, 'fourteen':14, 'fifteen':15, 'sixteen':16, 'seventeen':17,
'eighteen':18, 'nineteen':19, 'twenty':20, 'thirty':30, 'forty':40, 'fifty':50,
'sixty':60, 'seventy':70, 'eighty':80, 'ninety':90}
dict2={ 'hundred':100, "thousand":1000, "million":1000000}
11 = list(input().split())
check = 1
k = 0
if 11[0] == 'negative':
   check = -1
    k = 1
temp = 0
curr = 0
ans = []
for i in range(k,len(l1)):
    if 11[i] in dict1:
       temp += dict1[]1[i]]
    else:
       if not curr:
            curr = dict2[]1[i]]
```

```
temp *= dict2[]1[i]]
            ans.append(temp)
        else:
            if dict2[]1[i]] < curr:</pre>
                 temp *= dict2[]1[i]]
                 curr = dict2[]1[i]]
                 ans.append(temp)
            else:
                 curr = dict2[]1[i]]
                 temp += ans.pop()
                 temp *= curr
                 ans.append(temp)
        temp = 0
ans.append(temp)
temp = ans[0]
# print(ans)
if len(ans) > 1:
    for i in range(1,len(ans)):
        if temp < ans[i]:</pre>
            temp = int(str(temp) + str(ans[i]))
            temp += ans[i]
print(temp*check)
```



T16528: 充实的寒假生活

greedy/dp, cs10117 Final Exam, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/16528/

思路:

```
n = int(input())
start = []
end = []
for _ in range(n):
   x,y = map(int,input().split())
   if y <= 60:
        start.append(x)
        end.append(y)
start\_sorted = [x for x,\_ in sorted(zip(start,end),key=lambda pair:pair[1])]
end_sorted = sorted(end)
len1 = len(start)
total = 1
curr = end_sorted[0]
for i in range(1,len1):
    if start_sorted[i] > curr:total+=1;curr = end_sorted[i]
print(total)
```



2. 学习总结和收获

<mark>如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网</mark> 站题目。

除了排队和翻译,其他感觉都是上课或者作业的模板题(?)基本不太需要花时间,默写代码即可但是如果期末考考第一题可能会心态爆炸(悲)被自己之前不怎么在意的排序稳定性绊倒了倒数第二题感觉是自己的运气题,考试时不确定自己能否想出这样的模拟方案(悲)还是做题太少了