

# Supplementary Materials to: Modeling and Monitoring of Indoor Populations using Sparse Positioning Data

## 1 SUPPLEMENTARY EXPERIMENTS

The supplementary experiments consist of the experiments of the whole querying processing for BLD-2 (i.e., Figures 1–9 and Figures 13–17), and the experiments of  $\eta$ 's effect for BLD-1 (i.e., Figures 10–12).

### 1.1 Evaluations of CMPP Processing

**Query Instance.** We generate query instances in the same way with that in the paper.

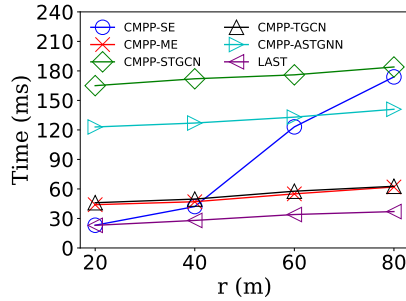
**Performance Metrics.** We use the same performance metrics with that in the paper.

**Query Parameters.** Besides the query parameters (i.e.,  $r$ ,  $\theta$ , and Validity) in the paper, we supply the experimental results of  $\eta$ 's effect.

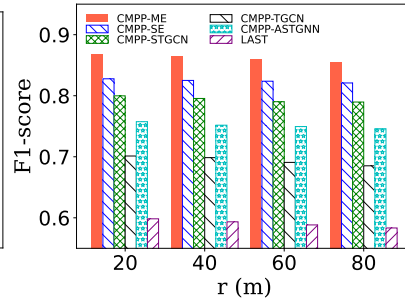
**Table 1: Query parameter settings.**

Parameter	Value
$r$ (meter)	20, 40, 60, 80
$\theta$	2, 4, 6, 8
Validity (second)	60, 120, 180, 240
$\eta$	0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8

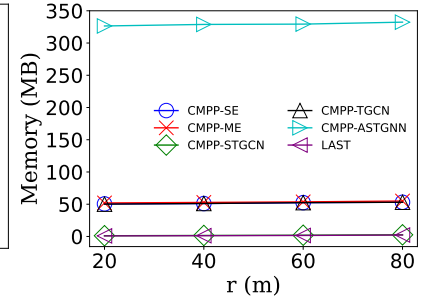
**Effect of Query Range  $r$ .** The query response time, F1-score, and memory usage for BLD-2 are reported in Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3, respectively. They follow similar tendencies as that in BLD-1 (cf. Section 6.3.1 in the paper) and detailed interpretation could be found there.



**Figure 1: Time vs  $r$  (BLD-2).**

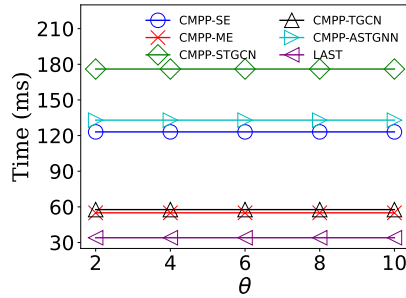


**Figure 2: F1-score vs  $r$  (BLD-2).**

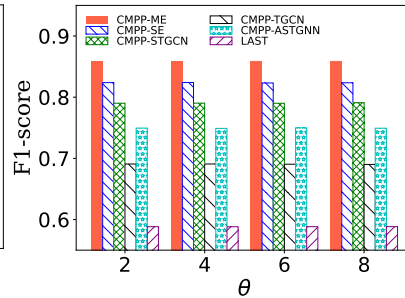


**Figure 3: Memory vs  $r$  (BLD-2).**

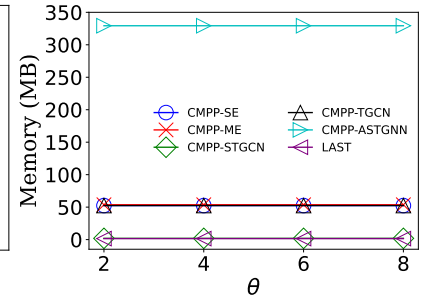
**Effect of Population Threshold  $\theta$ .** The query response time, F1-score, and memory usage for BLD-2 are shown in Figure 4, Figure 5, and Figure 6 respectively. The tendencies are similar to that in BLD-1 and the explanations could be found in Section 6.3.2 in the paper.



**Figure 4: Time vs  $\theta$  (BLD-2).**



**Figure 5: F1-score vs  $\theta$  (BLD-2).**



**Figure 6: Memory vs  $\theta$  (BLD-2).**

**Effect of Confidence Threshold  $\eta$ .** The query response time, F1-score, and memory usage for BLD-2 are shown in Figure 7, Figure 8, and Figure 9 respectively. Besides, the similar results for BLD-1 are complemented and reported in Figure 10, Figure 11, and Figure 12 respectively. Similar to  $\theta$ ,  $\eta$  as a parameter to define a populated partition, has no effect on the query efficiency and effectiveness.

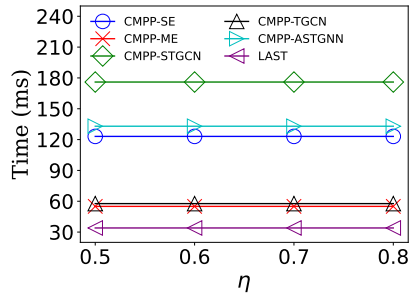


Figure 7: Time vs  $\eta$  (BLD-2).

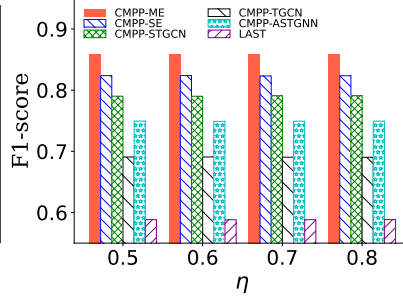


Figure 8: F1-score vs  $\eta$  (BLD-2).

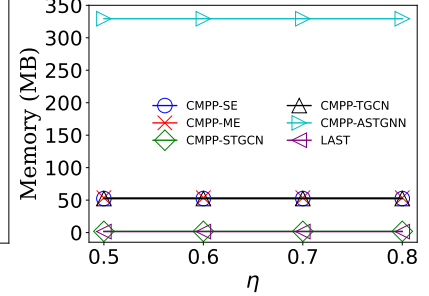


Figure 9: Memory vs  $\eta$  (BLD-2).

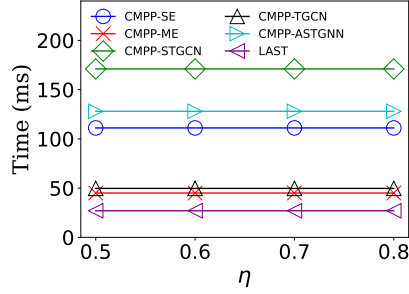


Figure 10: Time vs  $\eta$  (BLD-1).

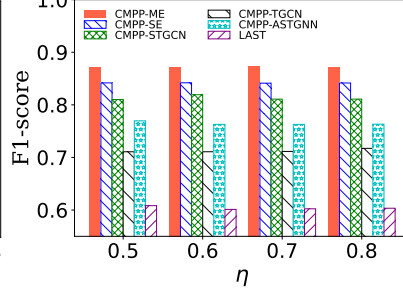


Figure 11: F1-Score vs  $\eta$  (BLD-1).

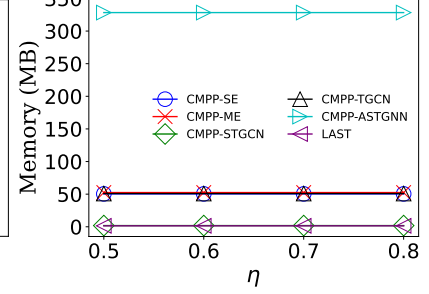


Figure 12: Memory vs  $\eta$  (BLD-1).

**Effect of Validity.** The query response time, F1-score, and memory usage for BLD-2 are shown in Figure 13, Figure 14, and Figure 15 respectively. The tendencies are similar to that of BLD-1 and detailed explanations are available in Section 6.3.3 in the paper.

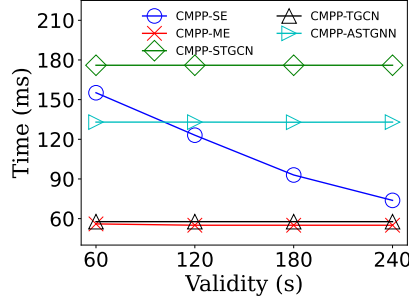


Figure 13: Time vs Validity (BLD-2).

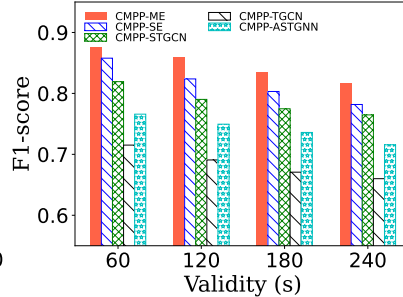


Figure 14: F1-score vs Validity (BLD-2).

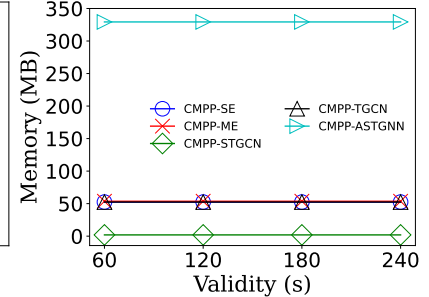


Figure 15: Memory vs Validity (BLD-2).

**Effect of Caching Mechanism.** The query response time and F1-score are reported in Figure 16 and Figure 17 respectively. Please refer to Section 6.3.4 in the paper for interpretations.

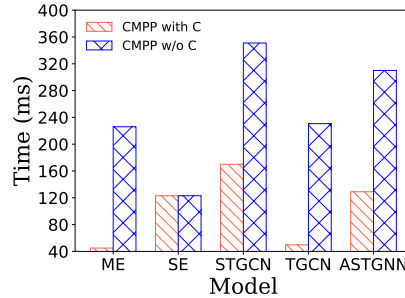


Figure 16: Time vs model (BLD-2).

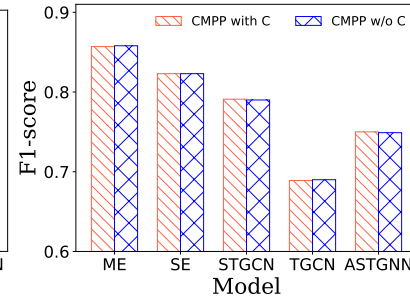


Figure 17: F1-score vs model (BLD-2).

**Summary.** Overall, the results in BLD-2 are similar to that in BLD-1 and this further demonstrates the effectiveness and efficiency of CMPP query processing framework. Besides, similar to  $\theta$ , varying  $\eta$  has almost no effect on the results of query processing. More detailed information are available in Section 6.3 in the paper.