

## PART I VOCABULARY

**词汇选择\_客观题1(ID=1000794550)**

A) contained                      B) consisted                      C) comprised ✓                      D) concluded

词汇选择\_客观题2(ID=1000794551)

A) abundantly      B) significantly      C) essentially ✓      D) possibly

**词汇选择\_客观题3(ID=1000794552)**

A) demonstrate      B) convince ✓      C) refute      D) satisfy

**词汇选择\_客观题4(ID=1000794553)**

A) specific      B) analogous ✓      C) peculiar      D) comparative

词汇选择\_客观题5(ID=1000794554)

A) subjective      B) upset      C) reverse ✓      D) optional

## PART II CLOZE TEST

完型填空(MCQ)\_客观题1(ID=1000794548)

view  
however  
adequate  
assume  
argue  
doubt  
primary

In art criticism, people must assume that the artist has a secret message hidden within the work so as to explore the deeper interpretation of the masterpiece.

No one seems to doubt that the American dollar will eventually crash and burn along with many other currencies, but no one seems to have any real idea of what "should" replace it.

The primary aim was to analyze the influence of the second-opinion system on guideline implementation with a view to improving the quality of care.

The appropriate people to blame here are the people that allowed these security measures to be pushed through without adequate training.

The influence of review valence has received considerable attention both from scholars and practitioners (e.g., Lee and Youn 2009); however, findings regarding the role of review valence on consumers' evaluations are not straightforward.

6. A) view  
E) argue

B) however  
F) doubt

C) adequate  
G) primary

D) assume ✓

答案: D

7. A) view  
E) argue

B) however  
F) doubt ✓

C) adequate  
G) primary

D) assume

答案: F

8. A) view  
E) argue

B) however  
F) doubt

C) adequate  
G) primary ✓

D) assume

答案: G

9. A) view  
E) argue

B) however  
F) doubt

C) adequate ✓  
G) primary

D) assume

答案: C

10. A) view  
E) argue

B) however ✓  
F) doubt

C) adequate  
G) primary

D) assume

答案: B

完型填空(MCQ)\_客观题2(ID=1000794582)

Directions: choose the appropriate verbs from the following box to complete the statements.

- observed  
found  
indicated  
reported  
proved  
shown  
noted

Finally, the VAERS deaths reported so far are for the very short term. We have no idea what the death numbers will be in the intermediate and long-term; the clinical trials did not test for those.

In a large, population-based study on nearly 400,000 individuals, we found that higher baseline participation in physical exercise was associated with a significant lower risk of the development of depression, one of the most prevalent psychiatric disorders.

The waste anaerobic digestion (AD) proved to be an efficient technology for sewage sludge treatment that allows generation of biogas as renewable energy from the same process.

It should also be noted that the consensus varied from 0.40 to 0.56 implying that there was neither perfect disagreement nor perfect agreement between the respondents regarding the effectiveness of online learning.

A second wave of the epidemic was observed on September 24, 2018 and can be explained by the unpredictable violent attacks on health teams and community members in the Ebola affected areas, hampering epidemiological surveillance efforts.

11. A) observed  
E) proved

B) found  
F) shown

C) indicated  
G) noted

D) reported ✓

答案: D

12. A) observed  
E) proved

B) found ✓  
F) shown

C) indicated  
G) noted

D) reported

答案: B

13.	A) observed E) proved ✓	B) found F) shown	C) indicated G) noted	D) reported
答案: E				
14.	A) observed E) proved	B) found F) shown	C) indicated G) noted ✓	D) reported
答案: G				
15.	A) observed ✓ E) proved	B) found F) shown	C) indicated G) noted	D) reported
答案: A				

PART III ORDERING

词组替换\_半主观题1(ID=1000794546)

Directions: The following paragraph describes how climate change policies affect human health. The first and last few sentences are given below, while the rest five sentences are not in the correct order. Rearrange them in an appropriate order.

There is high scientific confidence that processes associated with climate change affect human health, exacerbating existing global health challenges and creating new ones. Climate change, which has been characterised as the biggest global health threat in the 21<sup>st</sup> century, negatively impacts health outcomes: from changing disease patterns to food insecurity and mental health.

- A. Every policy affects health outcomes and policy proposals tend to gain support if their positive health effects are conveyed.

B. The consideration of health co-benefits and co-harms in climate policy could lead to immediate and continual net benefits globally.

C. Adaptation refers to activities that “moderate potential damages or benefit from opportunities associated with climate change”. Mitigation aims to lessen the severity of climate change by reducing fossil fuel emissions.

D. Responses to climate change include mitigation and adaptation.

E. As stated by Watts et al., it is therefore important to link climate change mitigation with explicit positive health benefits.

Research has suggested that the benefits of health gains alone could exceed the cost of implementing mitigation actions. Despite the evidence linking climate change and health, the role of health in climate policy has been ‘elusive’, particularly in mitigation policies.

D  
C  
A  
E  
B

- |           |
|-----------|
| 16. 答案: D |
| 17. 答案: C |
| 18. 答案: A |
| 19. 答案: E |
| 20. 答案: B |

PART IV READING COMPREHENSION

Passage 1

阅读理解\_客观题1(ID=1000794547)

Directions: Read the following excerpt taken from a research paper on ecology, and then choose the best answer for each question.

**Para. 1** Many bird species, including those of early successional habitats and those of small tree-fall gaps within mature forest, select disturbed habitats during some portion of the year (Hunter et al. 2001). Several studies have documented greater bird abundance in forest canopy gaps created by natural treefalls (Willson et al. 1982, Blake and Hoppes 1986, Martin and Karr 1986) or group-selection harvest (Kilgo et al. 1999, Moorman and Guynn 2001) than in the mature forest surrounding gaps. Some mature-forest breeders shift into more densely vegetated habitats between breeding and post-breeding periods (Anders et al. 1998; Vega Rivera et al. 1998, 2003; Pagen et al. 2000; Vitz and Rodewald 2006). Birds use a variety of forested habitats during migratory periods (Petit 2000, Rodewald and Brittingham 2002), but mature-forest edges and early-succession habitats may experience relatively greater use (Rodewald and Brittingham 2004). Reasons for greater use of disturbed habitats by birds during certain periods remain speculative, but abundant food and protection from

predators have been proposed (Marshall et al. 2003).

**Para. 2** Arthropod (节肢动物) populations also are influenced by season and habitat type (Johnson and Sherry 2001, Greenberg and Forrest 2003) as well as canopy gap size (Shure and Phillips 1991). It should be advantageous for birds to choose sites with the greatest resource availability (Martin and Karr 1986), and greater invertebrate (无脊椎动物) biomass has been positively correlated to bird abundance (Blake and Hoppes 1986, Holmes et al. 1986), daily nest survival rates, growth rates of nestlings (Duguay et al. 2000), and timing of warbler (鸣鸟) migration (Graber and Graber 1983). Studies of experimental prey removal have not linked decreased prey abundance with negative consequences for the local bird community (Nagy and Smith 1997, Marshall et al. 2002, Champlin et al. 2009).

**Para. 3** Bowen et al. (2007) documented seasonal shifts in relative use by birds of canopy gap and forest habitat. They speculated these shifts may be driven by seasonal changes in arthropod abundance in gaps. Previous studies have not investigated seasonal shifts in avian habitat use as related to resource availability over multiple periods.

**Para. 4** Our objectives were to: (1) investigate whether bird use of forest gaps was associated with arthropod abundance or vegetation structure, and (2) ascertain if shifts in relative use of gap and forest understory were related to spatial and temporal variation in arthropod abundance. We predicted positive relationships between avian habitat use and arthropod abundance (i.e., relative bird use of gap vs. forest understory will shift based on changes in local arthropod abundance) from spring migration through fall migration.

**21.** According to Para. 1, when will many bird species use disturbed habitats?

- A) during any portion of a year
- B) before breeding seasons
- C) during migration periods ✓
- D) whenever food is insufficient

答案: C

解析: 本题的考点是理解细节。选项A错误理解了第一段第一句中的some portions of the year; 选项B错误理解了第一段第三句中的between breeding and post-breeding periods; 选项D错误理解了第一段最后一句话中的abundant food。因此, 最佳答案为选项C。

**22.** Which statement is the best paraphrase of the underlined sentence in Para. 1?

- A) Reasons for birds' greater use of disturbed habitats in some periods are various, among which food and protection from enemies are two important ones (Marshall et al. 2003).
- B) Marshall et al. (2003) proposed that food and protection from predators are two major reasons for birds to use disturbed habitats in some periods.
- C) Many researchers, including Marshall et al. (2003), have investigated the reasons why birds sometimes use disturbed habitats more frequently.
- D) Food and protection from predators are two issues (Marshall et al. 2003) to explore why birds use more disturbed habitats in some periods. ✓

答案: D

解析: 本题的考点是转述原文。选项A的逻辑 (and) 与原文(but)不一致; 选项B和选项C均只转述了原文中的一半语义。本题的最佳答案为选项D。

**23.** Why does the author shift the topic from bird's habitats (Para. 1) to arthropod populations (Para. 2)?

- A) Because arthropod populations influence birds' habitat type.
- B) Because arthropods are the basic natural food for birds.
- C) Because arthropod populations are linked with bird abundance. ✓
- D) Because arthropod activities affect birds' nestling and breeding.

答案: C

解析: 本题的考点是理解细节。选项A错误理解了第二段第一句中的主动、被动关系; 选项B的语义脱离了第二段的意思, 过于宽泛; 选项C是对第二段第二句话主旨的概括; 选项D错误理解了第二段第二句话中的growth rates of nestlings。因此, 选项C为最佳答案。

**24.** What is the most possible meaning of the underlined word "avian" in Para. 3?

- A) related to birds ✓
- B) related to arthropods
- C) related to seasons
- D) related to forests

答案: A

解析: 本题的考点是理解词汇。根据上下文, birds habitats是该论文的主要研究对象。因此, 选项A为最佳答案。

**25.** What is the writing purpose of the underlined sentence in Para. 4?

- A) to justify research objectives
- B) to propose research hypothesis ✓
- C) to illustrate research methods
- D) to summarize research findings

答案: B

解析: 本题的考点是理解单句功能。从predicted这一动词可以看出本句提出了研究假设, 因此, 本题的最佳答案为选项B。