TEST REPORT

Report Number:	**ZKT-24121918954E-3**
Date of Test:	Dec. 19, 2024 to Dec. 30, 2024
Date of issue:	Dec. 30, 2024
Total number of pages:	45
Test Result :	PASS
Testing Laboratory:	**Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.**
Address :	1/F, No. 101, Building B, No. 6, Tangwei Community Industrial Avenue, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Applicant's name :	**Dong Guan Jvin Electronic Co.,LTD.**
Address :	Room 701, No. 381 Daxing Road,Yangwu, Dalingshan,Dongguan, Guangdong province,China
Manufacturer's name :	**Dong Guan Jvin Electronic Co.,LTD.**
Address :	Room 701, No. 381 Daxing Road,Yangwu, Dalingshan,Dongguan, Guangdong province,China
Test specification:	
Standard:	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)
Test procedure:	/
Non-standard test method :	N/A

This Attestation of Compliance is issued on a voluntary basis for electrical equipment below the voltage limits of Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU. The essential requirement are fulfilled accordingly based on the technical specifications applicable at the time of issuance.
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Product name:	projector
Trademark :	N/A
Model/Type reference:	K6 K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K15, K16
Ratings:	Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz

Testing procedure and testing location:

Testing Laboratory.....:	**Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.**
Address.....:	1/F, No. 101, Building B, No. 6, Tangwei Community Industrial Avenue, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Tested by (name + signature).....:	Jim Liu
Reviewer (name + signature).....:	Alan Zheng
Approved (name + signature).....:	Lake Xie

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1. Version

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2. Summary Of Test Results

Test procedures according to the technical standards:

The following essential requirements and test specifications are relevant to the presumption of conformity under Article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive			
No	Test Parameter	Clause No	Results
Transmitter Parameters			
1	RF output power	4.3.2.1	PASS
2	Power Spectral Density	4.3.2.2	PASS
3	Duty Cycle, Tx-sequence, Tx-gap	4.3.2.3	N/A
4	Dwell time, Minimum Frequency Occupation & Hopping Sequence	4.3.1.3	N/A
5	Hopping Frequency Separation	4.3.1.4	N/A
6	Medium Utilisation (MU) factor	4.3.2.4	N/A
7	Adaptivity (adaptive equipment using modulations other than FHSS)	4.3.2.5	PASS
8	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	4.3.2.6	PASS
9	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	4.3.2.7	PASS
10	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	4.3.2.8	PASS
Receiver Parameters			
11	Receiver spurious emissions	4.3.2.9	PASS
12	Receiver Blocking	4.3.2.10	PASS
Note: N/A is an abbreviation for Not Applicable and means this test intem is not applicable for this device according to the technology characteristic of device.			

3. MEASUREMENT

3.1 TEST FACILITY

Shenzhen ZKT Technology Co., Ltd.
Add.: ZKT Building & 1/F, No. 101, Building B, No. 6, Tangwei Community Industrial Avenue, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

FCC Test Firm Registration Number: 692225
Designation Number: CN1299
IC Registered No.: 27033

3.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The reported uncertainty of measurement y ± U，where expended uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of k=2，providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %。

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	3m camber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=4.3dB
2	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=4.5dB
3	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	U=3.34dB
4	Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=1.38dB
5	Conducted output power uncertainty Above 1G	U=1.576dB
6	Conducted output power uncertainty below 1G	U=1.28dB
7	humidity uncertainty	U=5.3%
8	Temperature uncertainty	U=0.59℃
9	Radiated disturbance(30MHz-1000MHz)	U=4.8dB
10	Radiated disturbance(1GHz-6GHz)	U=4.9dB
11	Radiated disturbance(1GHz-18GHz)	U=5.0dB

4. General Information

4.1. General Description Of EUT

Product Name:	projector
Model No.:	K6 K7, K8, K9, K10, K11, K12, K13, K15, K16
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz-2460MHz for 802.11 b/g/n
Channel numbers:	13 Channels for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) 9 Channels for 802.n(HT40)
Channel separation:	5MHz
Modulation technology:	DSSS,OFDM
Data rate:	802.11b: 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 5.5Mbps, 11Mbps 802.11g: 6Mbps, 9Mbps, 12Mbps, 18Mbps, 24Mbps, 36Mbps, 48Mbps,54Mbps 802.11n: Up to 150Mbps
Antenna Type:	PCB Antenna, Maximum Gain is 0dBi Note: the antenna gain is provided by the customer, and the final test result has nothing to do with us.
Power supply:	Input: AC100-240V, 50/60Hz

Note:

1. For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.

2.

Channel List for 802.11b/g/n(20MHz)							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
01	2412	05	2432	09	2452	13	2472
02	2417	06	2437	10	2457		
03	2422	07	2442	11	2462		
04	2427	08	2447	12	2467		

Channel List for 802.11n(40MHz)							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
03	2422	07	2442	11	2462		
04	2427	08	2447				
05	2432	09	2452				
06	2437	10	2457				

Annex E

a) The type of modulation used by the equipment:

□FHSS

■other forms of modulation

b) In case of FHSS modulation:

•In case of non-Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment:
The number of Hopping Frequencies:
•In case of Adaptive Frequency Hopping Equipment:
The maximum number of Hopping Frequencies:
The minimum number of Hopping Frequencies:
The Dwell Time:
The Minimum Channel Occupation Time:

c) Adaptive / non-adaptive equipment:
□non-adaptive Equipment
■adaptive Equipment without the possibility to switch to a non-adaptive mode
□adaptive Equipment which can also operate in a non-adaptive mode

d) In case of adaptive equipment:
The Channel Occupancy Time implemented by the equipment: 1548.8ms
□The equipment has implemented an LBT based DAA mechanism
• In case of equipment using modulation different from FHSS:
□The equipment is Frame Based equipment
□The equipment is Load Based equipment
□The equipment can switch dynamically between Frame Based and Load Based equipment
The CCA time implemented by the equipment: ..... µs
The value q as referred to in clause 4.3.2.5.2.2.2 .....
■The equipment has implemented an non-LBT based DAA mechanism
□The equipment can operate in more than one adaptive mode

e) In case of non-adaptive Equipment:
The maximum RF Output Power (e.i.r.p.): 15.23 dBm
The maximum (corresponding) Duty Cycle: ……. %
Equipment with dynamic behaviour, that behaviour is described here. (e.g. the different combinations of duty cycle and corresponding power levels to be declared):

f) The worst case operational mode for each of the following tests:
- RF Output Power
  802.11b
- Power Spectral Density
  802.11b
- Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap
  802.11b
- Dwell time, Minimum Frequency Occupation & Hopping Sequence (only for FHSS equipment)
- Hopping Frequency Separation (only for FHSS equipment)
- Medium Utilisation

.....

- Adaptivity & Receiver Blocking

.....

- Occupied Channel Bandwidth
  802.11n(HT40)
- Transmitter unwanted emissions in the OOB domain
  802.11b
- Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain
  802.11b
- Receiver spurious emissions

g) The different transmit operating modes (tick all that apply):
■Operating mode 1: Single Antenna Equipment
■Equipment with only 1 antenna
□Equipment with 2 diversity antennas but only 1 antenna active at any moment in time
□Smart Antenna Systems with 2 or more antennas, but operating in a (legacy) mode where only 1 antenna is used. (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy mode in smart antenna systems)
□Operating mode 2: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas without beam forming
□Single spatial stream / Standard throughput / (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy mode)
□High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1

□High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2
NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.
□Operating mode 3: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas with beam forming
□Single spatial stream / Standard throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy mode)
□High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1
□High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2
NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

h) In case of Smart Antenna Systems:
- The number of Receive chains: .....
- The number of Transmit chains: .....

□symmetrical power distribution
□asymmetrical power distribution
In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain: .....
NOTE: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna.

i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment:
• Operating Frequency Range 1: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz
• Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz to MHz
NOTE: Add more lines if more Frequency Ranges are supported.

j) Occupied Channel Bandwidth(s):
Occupied Channel Bandwidth : 18.86MHz
Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2: 36.65MHz
NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

k) Type of Equipment (stand-alone, combined, plug-in radio device, etc.):
■Stand-alone
□Combined Equipment (Equipment where the radio part is fully integrated within another type of equipment)
□Plug-in radio device (Equipment intended for a variety of host systems)
Other .....

l) The extreme operating conditions that apply to the equipment:
Operating temperature range:-20° C to 55° C
Operating voltage range: 3.3V to 4.1V □AC ■DC
Details provided are for the: ■stand-alone equipment
□combined (or host) equipment
□test jig

m) The intended combination(s) of the radio equipment power settings and one or more antenna assemblies and their corresponding e.i.r.p levels:
• Antenna Type
■Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain: 1 dBi
If applicable, additional beamforming gain (excluding basic antenna gain): ..... dB
□Temporary RF connector provided
□No temporary RF connector provided
□Dedicated Antennas (equipment with antenna connector)
□Single power level with corresponding antenna(s)
□Multiple power settings and corresponding antenna(s)
Number of different Power Levels: .....
Power Level 1: ..... dBm
Power Level 2: ..... dBm
Power Level 3: ..... dBm

NOTE 1: Add more lines in case the equipment has more power levels.
NOTE 2: These power levels are conducted power levels (at antenna connector).

n) The nominal voltages of the stand-alone radio equipment or the nominal voltages of the combined (host) equipment or test jig in case of plug-in devices:
Details provided are for the: ■stand-alone equipment
□combined (or host) equipment
□test jig

Supply Voltage ☐AC mains State AC voltage …V
■ DC State DC voltage : 12V

In case of DC, indicate the type of power source
□Internal Power Supply
■External Power Supply or AC/DC adapter
□Battery: 3.7V
□Other: .....

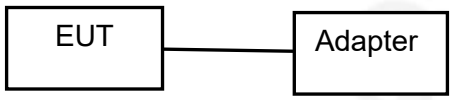
o) Describe the test modes available which can facilitate testing:
The EUT can be into the Engineer mode for testing.

p) The equipment type (e.g. Bluetooth®, IEEE 802.11™ [i.3], proprietary, etc.):
WIFI

4.2. Description Of Test Conditions

EUT was tested in normal configuration (Please See following Block diagram)

Block diagram of EUT configuration



Test Conditions and Channel

	Normal Test Conditions	Extreme Test Conditions
Temperature	15°C - 35°C	-20°C ~ 55°C Note: (1)
Relative Humidity	20% - 75%	N/A
Supply Voltage	AC 95-240V	AC 207V – AC 240V Note: (2)

WLAN		
Test Channel	EUT Channel(20MHz)	Test Frequency (MHz)
lowest	CH01	2412
middle	CH07	2442
highest	CH13	2472

WLAN		
Test Channel	EUT Channel(40MHz)	Test Frequency (MHz)
lowest	CH01	2422
middle	CH05	2442
highest	CH09	2462

Note:

(1) For tests at extreme temperatures, measurements shall be made in accordance with the procedures specified in clause 5.3.4.3, at the upper and lower temperatures of the range as follow: temperature: -20°C to +55°C;

Where the manufacture's stated operating range does not include the range of -20°C to +55°C, the equipment shall be tested over the following temperature ranges:

a) 0°C to +35°C for equipment intended for indoor use only, or intended for use in areas where the temperature is controlled within this range;
b) over the extremes of the operating temperature range(s) of the stated combination(s) or host equipment(s) in case of plug-in radio devices.

(2) For the Leclanché or lithium type battery: 0.85 times the nominal voltage of the battery; for the mercury or nickel-cadmium type of battery: 0.9 times the nominal voltage of the battery.
In both cases, the upper extreme test voltage shall be 1.15 times the nominal voltage of the battery.

(3) The measurements are performed at the highest, middle, lowest available channels.

(4) The measurements are performed at worst mode for 1Mbps and 3Mbps.

4.3. Description Of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
E-1	projector	N/A	K6	N/A	N/A

Item	Shielded Type	Ferrite Core	Length	Note

Note:

(1) The support equipment was authorized by Declaration of Confirmation.

(2) For detachable type I/O cable should be specified the length in m in『Length』column.

4.4. Equipments List For All Test Items

Radiation Emissions & Radiation Spurious Emissions Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Last calibration	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-26.5GHz)	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY55370835	A.17.05	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
2	Spectrum Analyzer (10kHz-39.9GHz)	R&S	FSV40-N	100363	1.71 SP2	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
3	EMI Test Receiver (9kHz-7GHz)	R&S	ESCI7	100969	4.32	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
4	Bilog Antenna (30MHz-1500MHz)	Schwarzbeck	VULB9168	00877	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
5	Horn Antenna (1GHz-18GHz)	Agilent	AH-118	071145	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
6	Horn Antenna (15GHz-40GHz)	A.H.System	SAS-574	588	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
7	Loop Antenna	TESEQ	HLA6121	58357	N/A	Oct. 11, 2024	Oct. 10, 2025
8	Amplifier (30-1000MHz)	EM Electronics	EM330 Amplifier	60747	N/A	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
9	Amplifier (1GHz-26.5GHz)	HuiPu	8449B	3008A00315	N/A	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
10	Amplifier (500MHz-40GHz)	QuanJuDa	DLE-161	097	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
11	Test Cable	N/A	R-01	N/A	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
12	Test Cable	N/A	R-02	N/A	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
13	Test Cable	N/A	R-03	N/A	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
14	D.C. Power Supply	LongWei	TPR-6405D	N/A	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
15	EMC Software	Frad	EZ-EMC	Ver.EMC-CON 3A1.1	N/A	\	\
16	Turntable	MF	MF-7802BS	N/A	N/A	\	\
17	Antenna tower	MF	MF-7802BS	N/A	N/A	\	\

RF Conducted Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Last calibration	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-26.5GHz)	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY55370835	A.17.05	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
2	Spectrum Analyzer (10kHz-39.9GHz)	R&S	FSV40-N	100363	1.71 SP2	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
3	Test Cable	N/A	RF-01	N/A	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
4	Test Cable	N/A	RF-02	N/A	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
5	Test Cable	N/A	RF-03	N/A	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
6	ESG Signal Generator	Agilent	E4421B	N/A	B.03.84	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
7	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	N/A	A.01.87	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
8	Magnetic Field Probe Tester	Narda	ELT-400	0-0344/M-1752	N/A	Nov. 16, 2023	Nov. 15, 2024
9	Van der Hoofden	Schwarzbeck	VDHH	9502-039	N/A	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025

	measuring head	Mess-elektronik	9502				
10	Wideband Radio Communication Test	R&S	CMW500	106504	V 3.7.22	Sep. 30, 2024	Sep. 29, 2025
11	MWRF Power Meter Test system	MW	MW100-RFCB	N/A	N/A	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
12	D.C. Power Supply	LongWei	TPR-6405D	N/A	N/A	Sep. 29, 2024	Sep. 28, 2025
13	RF Software	MW	MTS8310	V2.0.0.0	N/A	\	\

5. RF output power

5.1. Limit

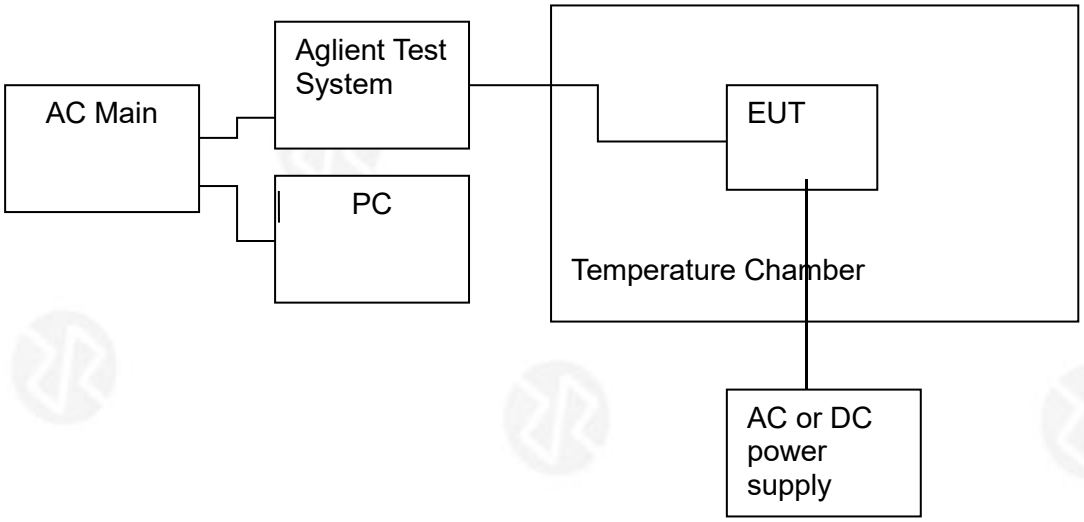
For adaptive equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS, the maximum RF output power shall be 20 dBm.

The maximum RF output power for non-adaptive equipment shall be declared by the supplier and shall not exceed 20 dBm. See clause 5.3.1 m). For non-adaptive equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS, the maximum RF output power shall be equal to or less than the value declared by the supplier.

This limit shall apply for any combination of power level and intended antenna assembly.

Limit
20dBm

5.2. Test Setup



5.3. Test Procedure

Refer to Draft ETSI EN 300 328 Clause 5.3.2.2

5.4. Test Result

Temperature :	25°C	Relative Humidity :	60 %
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	See below
Test Mode :	TX 11B Mode CH1 / CH7 / CH13		

TEST CONDITIONS				EIRP Power (dBm)		
				CH1	CH7	CH13
T nom (°C)	25.00	V nom (V)	12.0	9.35	9.50	9.25
T min (°C)	-10.00	V max (V)	13.2	9.24	9.35	9.24
		V min (V)	10.8	9.21	9.13	9.35
T max (°C)	55.00	V max (V)	13.2	9.12	9.32	9.22
		V min (V)	10.8	9.23	9.41	9.23
Max Peak Power				9.50		
Limits				20dBm (-10dBW)		
Result				Complies		

Temperature :	25°C	Relative Humidity :	60 %
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	See below
Test Mode :	TX 11G Mode CH1 / CH7 / CH13		

TEST CONDITIONS				EIRP Power (dBm)		
				CH1	CH7	CH13
T nom (°C)	25.00	V nom (V)	12.0	8.64	8.41	8.25
T min (°C)	-10.00	V max (V)	13.2	8.65	8.54	8.21
		V min (V)	10.8	8.57	8.48	8.17
T max (°C)	55.00	V max (V)	13.2	8.64	8.41	8.23
		V min (V)	10.8	8.68	8.47	8.19
Max Peak Power				8.68		
Limits				20dBm (-10dBW)		
Result				Complies		

Temperature :	25°C	Relative Humidity :	60 %
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	See below
Test Mode :	TX 11N(20M) Mode CH1 / CH7 / CH13		

TEST CONDITIONS				EIRP Power (dBm)		
				CH1	CH7	CH13
T nom (°C)	25.00	V nom (V)	12.0	8.20	8.32	8.20
T min (°C)	-10.00	V max (V)	13.2	8.12	8.31	8.20
		V min (V)	10.8	8.09	8.25	8.18
T max (°C)	55.00	V max (V)	13.2	8.12	8.21	8.14
		V min (V)	10.8	8.14	8.18	8.12
Max Peak Power				8.32		
Limits				20dBm (-10dBW)		
Result				Complies		

Temperature :	25°C	Relative Humidity :	60 %
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	See below
Test Mode :	TX 11N(40M) Mode CH3 / CH7 / CH11		

TEST CONDITIONS				EIRP Power (dBm)		
				CH3	CH7	CH11
T nom (°C)	25.00	V nom (V)	12.0	8.15	8.57	8.52
T min (°C)	-10.00	V max (V)	13.2	8.07	8.53	8.48
		V min (V)	10.8	8.11	8.46	8.47
T max (°C)	55.00	V max (V)	13.2	8.09	8.51	8.47
		V min (V)	10.8	8.05	8.55	8.48
Max Peak Power				8.57		
Limits				20dBm (-10dBW)		
Result				Complies		

Remark: This Report only show the test plots of the worst case for ANT1.

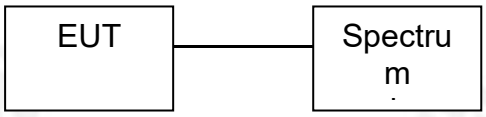
6. Power Spectral Density

6.1. Limit

For equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS, the maximum Power Spectral Density is limited to 10 dBm per MHz.

Limit
10dBm/MHz

6.2. Test Setup



6.3. Test Procedure

Refer to Draft ETSI EN 300 328 Clause 5.3.3

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyzer and use the following settings:

Frequency range	2402MHz-2480MHz
RBW/VBW	10KHz/30KHz
Sweep points/time	>8350 / Auto
Detector	RMS
Trace	Max hold

6.4. Test Result

EUT：	projector	Model Name ：	K6
Temperature：	25°C	Relative Humidity：	60 %
Pressure：	1012 hPa	Test Voltage ：	See below

TX 11B Mode CH1 /CH7/ CH13						
TEST CONDITIONS				EIRP Spectral Power Density (dBm/MHz)		
				CH 1	CH 7	CH 13
T nom (°C)	25.00	V nom (V)	12.0	3.61	3.62	3.56
Limits				10 mW/MHz		
Result				Complies		

TX 11G Mode CH1 /CH7/ CH13						
TEST CONDITIONS				EIRP Spectral Power Density (dBm/MHz)		
				CH 1	CH 7	CH 13
T nom (°C)	25.00	V nom (V)	12.0	2.84	2.72	2.71
Limits				10 mW/MHz		
Result				Complies		

TX 11N 20 Mode CH1 /CH7/ CH13						
TEST CONDITIONS				EIRP Spectral Power Density (dBm/MHz)		
				CH 1	CH 7	CH 13
T nom (°C)	25.00	V nom (V)	12.0	2.80	2.76	2.74
Limits				10 mW/MHz		
Result				Complies		

TX 11N 40 Mode CH3 /CH7/ CH11						
TEST CONDITIONS				EIRP Spectral Power Density (dBm/MHz)		
				CH 3	CH 7	CH 11
T nom (°C)	25.00	V nom (V)	12.0	-2.22	-2.54	-2.45
Limits				10 mW/MHz		
Result				Complies		

Remark: This Report only show the test of the worst case for ANT1.

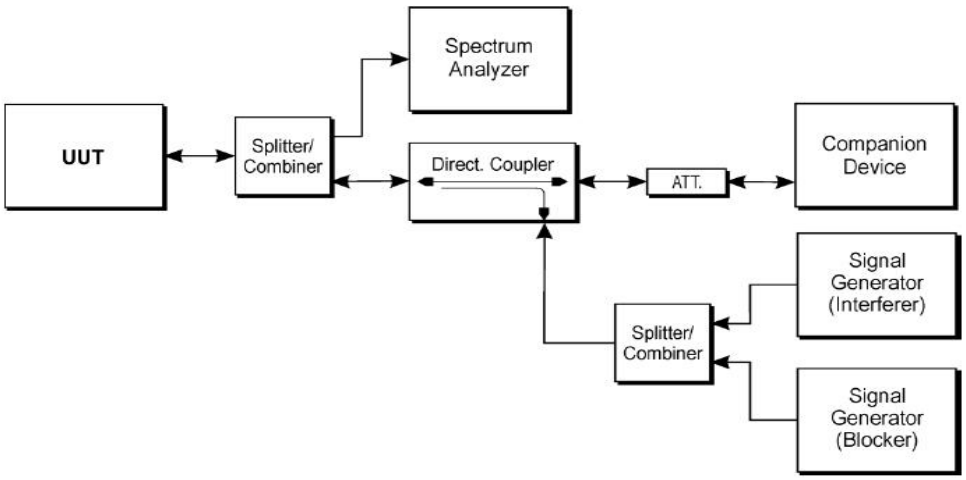
7. Adaptivity

7.1. Limit

The frequency range of the equipment is determined by the lowest and highest

Non-LBT based Detect and Avoid: 1 The frequency shall remain unavailable for a minimum time equal to 1 second after which the channel maybe considered again as an 'available' channel; 2 COT ≤ 40 ms; 3 Idle Period = 5% of COT; 4 Detection threshold level = -70dBm/MHz + 20 – Pout E.I.R.P (Pout in dBm);
LBT based Detect and Avoid (Frame Based Equipment): 1 Minimum Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) time = 20 us; 2 CCA observation time declared by the supplier; 3 COT = 1~10 ms; 4 Idle Period = 5% of COT; 5 Detection threshold level = -70dBm/MHz + 20 – Pout E.I.R.P (Pout in dBm);
LBT based Detect and Avoid (Load Based Equipment): 1 Minimum Clear Channel Assessment (CCA) time = 20 us; 2 CCA declared by the manufacturer; 3 COT ≤ (13 / 32) * q ms; q = [4~32]; 1.625ms~13ms; 4 Detection threshold level = -73dBm/MHz + 20 – Pout E.I.R.P (dBm);
Short Control Signalling Transmissions: Short Control Signalling Transmissions shall have a maximum duty cycle of 10% within an observation period of 50ms.

7.2. Test Setup



7.3. Test Procedure

Refer to Draft ETSI EN 300 328 Clause 5.3.7.

Step 1:

The UUT may connect to a companion device during the test. The interference signal generator, the blocking signal generator, the spectrum analyser, the UUT and the companion device are connected using a set-up equivalent to the example given by figure 5 although the interference and blocking signal generator do not generate any signals at this point in time. The spectrum analyser is used to monitor the transmissions of the UUT in response to the interfering and the blocking signals.

Adjust the received signal level (wanted signal from the companion device) at the UUT to the value defined in table 6

The analyzer shall be set as follows:

- RBW: ≥ Occupied Channel Bandwidth (if the analyser does not support this setting, the highest available setting shall be used)
- VBW: 3 × RBW (if the analyser does not support this setting, the highest available setting shall be used)
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Centre Frequency: Equal to the centre frequency of the operating channel
- Span: 0 Hz
- Sweep time: > Channel Occupancy Time of the UUT
- Trace Mode: Clear/Write
- Trigger Mode: Video

Step 2:

Configure the UUT for normal transmissions with a sufficiently high payload to allow demonstration of compliance of the adaptive mechanism on the channel being tested

Using the procedure defined in clause 5.3.7.2.1.4, it shall be verified that the UUT complies with the maximum Channel Occupancy Time and minimum Idle Period

Step 3: Adding the interference signal

A 100 % duty cycle interference signal is injected on the current operating channel of the UUT. This interference signal shall be a band limited noise signal which has a flat power spectral density, and shall have a bandwidth greater than the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the UUT. The maximum ripple of this interfering signal shall be ±1,5 dB within the Occupied Channel Bandwidth and the power spectral density.

Step 4: Verification of reaction to the interference signal

The spectrum analyser shall be used to monitor the transmissions of the UUT on the selected operating channel with the interfering signal injected. This may require the spectrum analyser sweep to be triggered by the start of the interfering signal.

Using the procedure defined in clause 5.3.7.2.1.4, it shall be verified that:

The UUT shall stop transmissions on the current operating channel being tested.

Apart from Short Control Signalling Transmissions (see iii) below), there shall be no subsequent transmissions on this operating channel for a (silent) period defined in clause 4.3.2.5.1.2 step 2. After that,

the UUT may have normal transmissions again for the duration of a single Channel Occupancy Time period. Because the interference signal is still present, another silent period as defined in clause 4.3.2.5.1.2 step 2 needs to be included. This sequence is repeated as long as the interfering signal is present.
The UUT may continue to have Short Control Signalling Transmissions on the operating channel while the interference signal is present. These transmissions shall comply with the limits
Alternatively, the equipment may switch to a non-adaptive mode

Step 5: Adding the blocking signal
With the interfering signal present, a 100 % duty cycle CW signal is inserted as the blocking signal
Repeat step 4 to verify that the UUT does not resume any normal transmissions
Step 6: Removing the interference and blocking signal
On removal of the interference and blocking signal the UUT is allowed to start transmissions again on this channel however, it shall be verified that this shall only be done after the period defined in clause 4.3.2.5.1.2 step 2.
Step 7:
The steps 2 to 6 shall be repeated for each of the frequencies to be tested.

7.4. Test Result

The 802.11g/n20/n40 mode, EIRP is less than 10dBm, so the test not applicable.

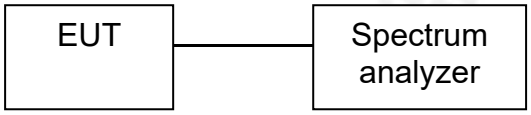
8. Occupied Channel Bandwidth

8.1. Limit

The Occupied Channel Bandwidth shall fall completely within the band given in 2.4GHz to 2.4835GHz.

In addition, for non-adaptive systems using wide band modulations other than FHSS and with e.i.r.p greater than 10 dBm, the occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 20 MHz.

8.2. Test Setup



8.3. Test Procedure

Refer to Draft ETSI EN 300 328 Clause 5.3.8.

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyzer and use the following settings:

Centre Frequency	The centre frequency of the channel under test
Frequency Span	2 × Occupied Channel Bandwidth (e.g. 40 MHz for a 20 MHz channel)
RBW	~ 1 % of the span without going below 1 % (430 KHz,820KHz)
VBW	3 × RBW (1.2MHz; 2.4MHz)
Detector	RMS
Trace	Max hold

8.4. Test Result

Frequency Rang			
Test mode	CH	Result	Limit
		MHz	MHz
802.11 B	CH1	2405.44	>2400.0
	CH13	2478.72	<2483.5
802.11 G	CH1	2403.52	>2400.0
	CH13	2480.47	<2483.5
802.11 N20	CH1	2403.26	>2400.0
	CH13	2480.91	<2483.5
802.11 N40	CH3	2403.85	>2400.0
	CH11	2480.83	<2483.5
Test Result: PASS.			

Occupied Bandwidth		
Test mode	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	
	Lowest frequency	Highest fequency
802.11 B	13.245	13.421
802.11 G	16.865	16.902
802.11 N20	17.774	17.826
802.11 N40	36.122	36.218
Test Result: PASS.		

Remark: This Report only show the test of the worst case for ANT1.

9. Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain

9.1. Limit

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain but outside the allocated band, shall not exceed the values provided by the mask in figure 3.

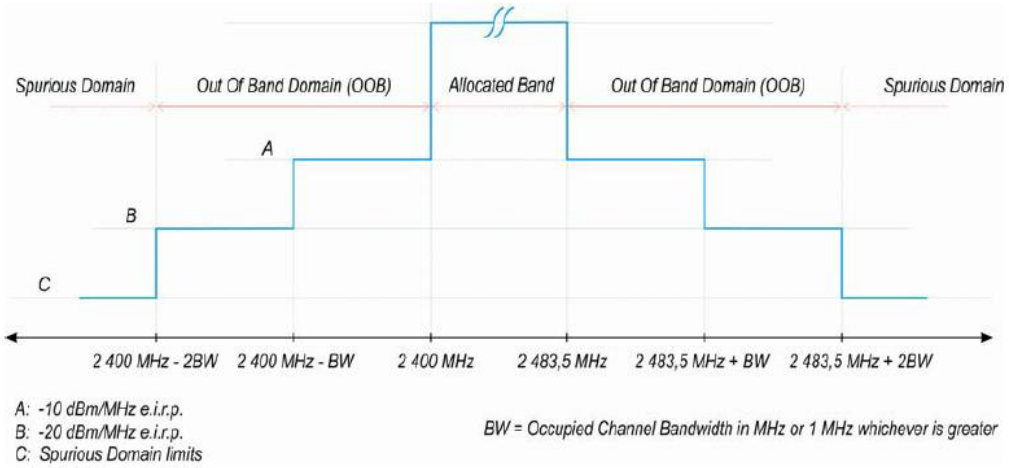
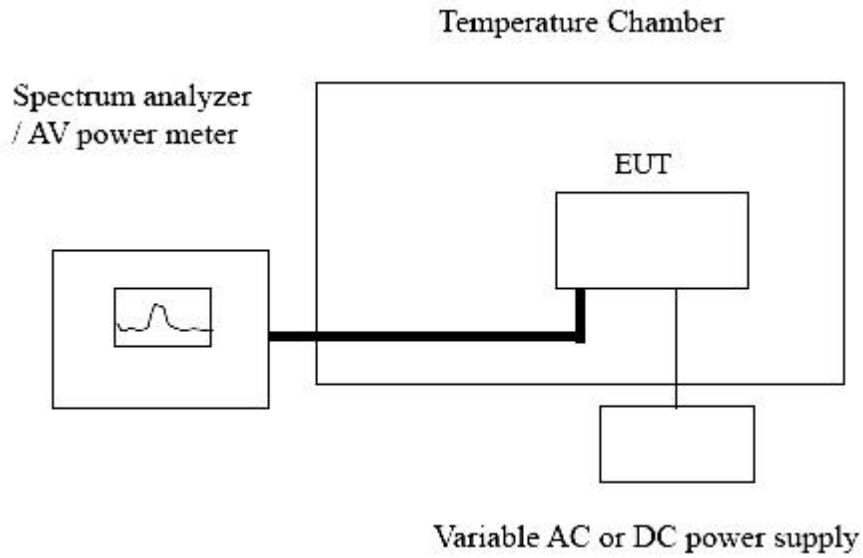


Figure 3: Transmit mask

9.2. Test Setup



9.3. Test Procedure

Refer to Draft ETSI EN 300 328 Clause 5.3.9.

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyzer and use the following settings:

RBW/ VBW	1MHz/3MHz
Span	0Hz
Filter mode	Channel filter
Sweep mode	Continuous
Sweep Points	5000
Detector	RMS
Trace mode	Clear / Write
Trigger Mode	Video trigger

9.4. Test Result

Test Condition			Lower Band Edge		Higher Band Edge	
Test Mode	Temp	Voltage	Segment A (dBm/MHz)	Segment B (dBm/MHz)	Segment A (dBm/MHz)	Segment B (dBm/MHz)
802.11 B	Normal	Normal	-30.52	-54.31	-30.36	-30.25
	55℃	13.2	-31.41	-54.33	-31.10	-31.53
	55℃	10.8	-32.65	-55.41	-31.25	-32.25
	-20℃	13.2	-32.26	-56.12	-30.85	-32.24
	-20℃	10.8	-30.81	-55.26	-31.64	-30.57
Limit			-10	-20	-10	-20
Conclusion			PASS			
Remark: All modulations of EUT have been tested, but only show the test data of the worst case in ANT1 this report.						

Test Condition			Lower Band Edge		Higher Band Edge	
Test Mode	Temp	Voltage	Segment A (dBm/MHz)	Segment B (dBm/MHz)	Segment A (dBm/MHz)	Segment B (dBm/MHz)
802.11 G	Normal	Normal	-35.82	-50.47	-33.63	-48.48
	55℃	13.2	-36.12	-50.71	-33.87	-49.45
	55℃	10.8	-36.38	-51.24	-34.20	-49.54
	-20℃	13.2	-36.15	-51.00	-34.05	-49.26
	-20℃	10.8	-36.63	-50.64	-34.35	-48.85
Limit			-10	-20	-10	-20
Conclusion			PASS			
Remark: All modulations of EUT have been tested, but only show the test data of the worst case in ANT1 this report.						

Test Condition			Lower Band Edge		Higher Band Edge	
Test Mode	Temp	Voltage	Segment A (dBm/MHz)	Segment B (dBm/MHz)	Segment A (dBm/MHz)	Segment B (dBm/MHz)
802.11 N20	Normal	Normal	-35.55	-50.57	-33.74	-35.68
	55℃	13.2	-36.32	-50.75	-33.65	-36.35
	55℃	10.8	-36.56	-51.43	-34.42	-36.47
	-20℃	13.2	-36.37	-51.22	-34.36	-36.36
	-20℃	10.8	-36.65	-50.26	-34.45	-36.65
Limit			-10	-20	-10	-20
Conclusion			PASS			
Remark: All modulations of EUT have been tested, but only show the test data of the worst case in ANT1 this report.						

Test Condition			Lower Band Edge		Higher Band Edge	
Test Mode	Temp	Voltage	Segment A (dBm/MHz)	Segment B (dBm/MHz)	Segment A (dBm/MHz)	Segment B (dBm/MHz)
802.11 N40	Normal	Normal	-53.25	-42.23	-51.36	-42.26
	55℃	13.2	-53.67	-42.27	-51.54	-42.25
	55℃	10.8	-54.65	-42.74	-52.62	-42.37
	-20℃	13.2	-53.38	-43.35	-52.12	-43.45
	-20℃	10.8	-53.74	-42.62	-51.56	-42.38
Limit			-10	-20	-10	-20
Conclusion			PASS			
Remark: All modulations of EUT have been tested, but only show the test data of the worst case in ANT1 this report.						

10. Receiver Blocking

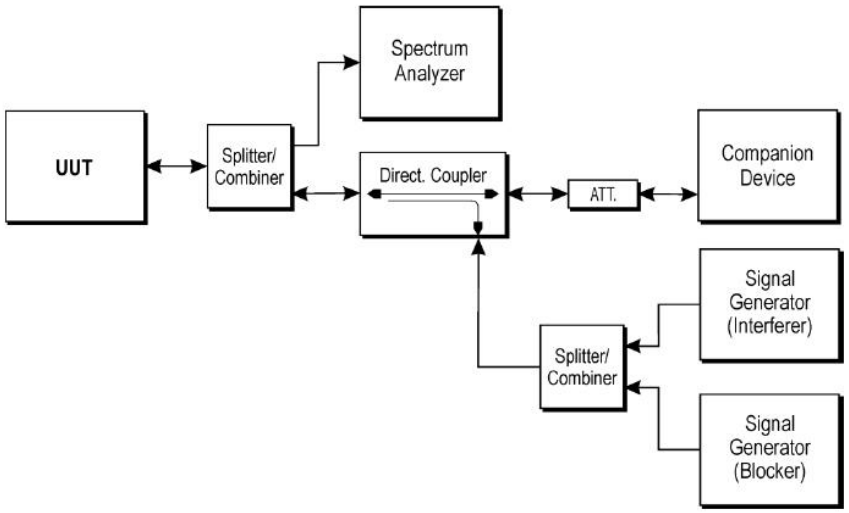
10.1. Limit

Adaptive equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS, shall comply with the requirements defined in clauses 4.3.2.5.1 (non-LBT based DAA) or 4.3.2.5.2 (LBT based DAA) in the presence of a blocking signal with
characteristics as provided in table 6.

Table 6: Receiver Blocking parameters

Equipment Type (LBT / non- LBT)	Wanted signal mean power from companion device	Blocking signal frequency [MHz]	Blocking signal power [dBm]	Type of interfering signal
LBT	sufficient to maintain the link (see note 2)	2 395 or 2 488,5 (see note 1)	-30	CW
Non-LBT	-30 dBm			
NOTE 1: The highest blocking frequency shall be used for testing the lowest operating channel, while the lowest blocking frequency shall be used for testing the highest operating channel.				
NOTE 2: A typical value which can be used in most cases is -50 dBm/MHz.				

10.2. Test Setup



10.3. Test Procedure

Refer to Draft ETSI EN 300 328 Clause 5.3.7.

10.4. Test Result

PASS, please refer to clause 5 for details.

Observation Result: Refer to 5 that blocking signal is injected while interference signal is present. With the presence of the blocking signal, channel of the observation does not resume the link.

11. Spurious emissions – Transmitter (30- 1000MHz)

11.1. Applied procedures / limit

Clause	Test Item	Frequency range	Maximum power, e.r.p. (≤ 1 GHz) e.i.r.p. (> 1 GHz)	RBW/VBW
4.3.2	Spurious emissions (radiated)	30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		470 MHz to 862 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		862 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz/3MHz

11.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 7.1.1 in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

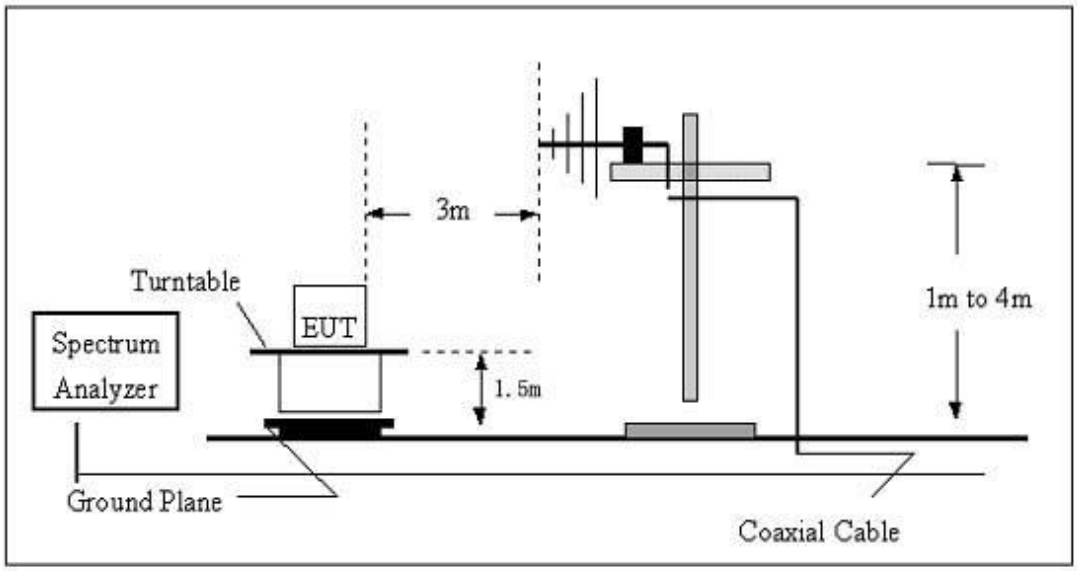
Spectrum Analyzer	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	30 MHz
Stop Frequency	1000 MHz
Detector	Positive Peak
Span	100 MHz
Sweep Time	1s
RB / VB	100 kHz / 300 kHz

11.3. Test Procedures

a. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable in open test site area.
b. The test shall be made in the transmitting mode. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
c. This measurement shall be repeated with the transmitter in standby mode where applicable.
d. For 30~1000MHz spurious emissions measurement, the broad band bi-log receiving antenna was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
e. The broadband receiving antenna was fixed on the same height with the EUT to find each suspected emissions of both horizontal and vertical polarization. Each recorded suspected value is indicated as Read Level (Raw).
f. Replace the EUT by standard antenna and feed the RF port by signal generator.
g. Adjust the frequency of the signal generator to the suspected emission and slightly rotate the turntable to locate the position with maximum reading.
h. Adjust the power level of the signal generator to reach the same reading with Read Level (Raw).
i. The level of the spurious emission is the power level of (8) plus the gain of the standard antenna in dBi and minus the loss of the cable used between the signal generator and the standard antenna.
j. If the level calculated in (9) is higher than limit by more than 6dB, then lower the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to 30KHz. If the level of this emission does not change by more than 2dB, then it is taken as narrowband emission, otherwise, wideband emission.
k. The measurement shall be repeated at the lowest and the highest channel of the stated frequency range.

11.4. Test Setup Layout

(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



11.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

11.6. Results of Standby Mode Spurious Emissions

For the initial investigation on standby mode and receiving mode, no significant differences in spurious emissions were observed between these 2 modes. So test data for standby mode was omitted in this section.

11.7. TEST RESULTS (30MHz ~ 1000MHz)

	Frequency (MHz)	Ant H / V	TX/RX	Measured (FS) (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Margins	Note
802.11b	53.78	H	TX	-65.57	-54.00	-11.57	
	92.95	H	TX	-65.36	-54.00	-11.36	
	219.36	H	TX	-64.55	-54.00	-10.55	
	530.34	H	TX	-66.48	-54.00	-12.48	
	734.01	H	TX	-64.68	-54.00	-10.68	
	808.28	H	TX	-64.67	-54.00	-10.67	
802.11b	65.64	V	TX	-65.68	-54.00	-11.68	
	103.75	V	TX	-66.75	-54.00	-12.75	
	225.22	V	TX	-64.61	-54.00	-10.61	
	565.12	V	TX	-65.65	-54.00	-11.65	
	651.18	V	TX	-64.74	-54.00	-10.74	
	776.89	V	TX	-67.08	-54.00	-13.08	
802.11g	53.78	H	TX	-66.54	-54.00	-12.54	
	92.95	H	TX	-65.38	-54.00	-11.38	
	219.36	H	TX	-66.02	-54.00	-12.02	
	530.34	H	TX	-64.68	-54.00	-10.68	
	734.01	H	TX	-67.57	-54.00	-13.57	
	808.28	H	TX	-67.27	-54.00	-13.27	
802.11g	65.64	V	TX	-66.32	-54.00	-12.32	
	103.75	V	TX	-66.57	-54.00	-12.57	
	225.22	V	TX	-67.75	-54.00	-13.75	
	565.12	V	TX	-66.67	-54.00	-12.67	
	651.18	V	TX	-67.45	-54.00	-13.45	
	776.89	V	TX	-64.88	-54.00	-10.88	

Remark:
Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “* ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
The EUT can’t be operated in the standby mode and it’s always keep continuously transmitting.

	Frequency (MHz)	Ant H / V	TX/RX	Measured (FS) (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Margins	Note
802.11n 20	53.78	H	TX	-66.68	-54.00	-12.68	
	92.95	H	TX	-66.26	-54.00	-12.26	
	219.36	H	TX	-67.44	-54.00	-13.44	
	530.34	H	TX	-66.36	-54.00	-12.36	
	734.01	H	TX	-65.06	-54.00	-11.06	
	808.28	H	TX	-66.07	-54.00	-12.07	
802.11n 20	65.64	V	TX	-65.74	-54.00	-11.74	
	103.75	V	TX	-66.35	-54.00	-12.35	
	225.22	V	TX	-66.65	-54.00	-12.65	
	565.12	V	TX	-65.67	-54.00	-11.67	
	651.18	V	TX	-64.82	-54.00	-10.82	
	776.89	V	TX	-65.75	-54.00	-11.75	
802.11n 40	53.78	H	TX	-66.73	-54.00	-12.73	
	92.95	H	TX	-65.65	-54.00	-11.65	
	219.36	H	TX	-66.66	-54.00	-12.66	
	530.34	H	TX	-67.68	-54.00	-13.68	
	734.01	H	TX	-66.23	-54.00	-12.23	
	808.28	H	TX	-66.12	-54.00	-12.12	
802.11n 40	65.64	V	TX	-64.65	-54.00	-10.65	
	103.75	V	TX	-65.55	-54.00	-11.55	
	225.22	V	TX	-67.07	-54.00	-13.07	
	565.12	V	TX	-65.33	-54.00	-11.33	
	651.18	V	TX	-66.62	-54.00	-12.62	
	776.89	V	TX	-67.55	-54.00	-13.55	

Remark:
Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “* ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
The EUT can’t be operated in the standby mode and it’s always keep continuously transmitting.

12. Spurious emissions – TRANSMITTER (above 1000MHz)

12.1. Applied procedures / limit

Clause	Test Item	Frequency range	Maximum power, e.r.p. (≤ 1 GHz) e.i.r.p. (> 1 GHz)	RBW/VBW
4.3.2	Spurious emissions (radiated)	30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		470 MHz to 862 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		862 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz/300KHz
		1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz/3MHz

12.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 7.1.1 in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Analyzer	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	12750 MHz
Detector	Positive Peak
Span	100 MHz
Sweep Time	1s
RB / VB	1MHz / 3MHz

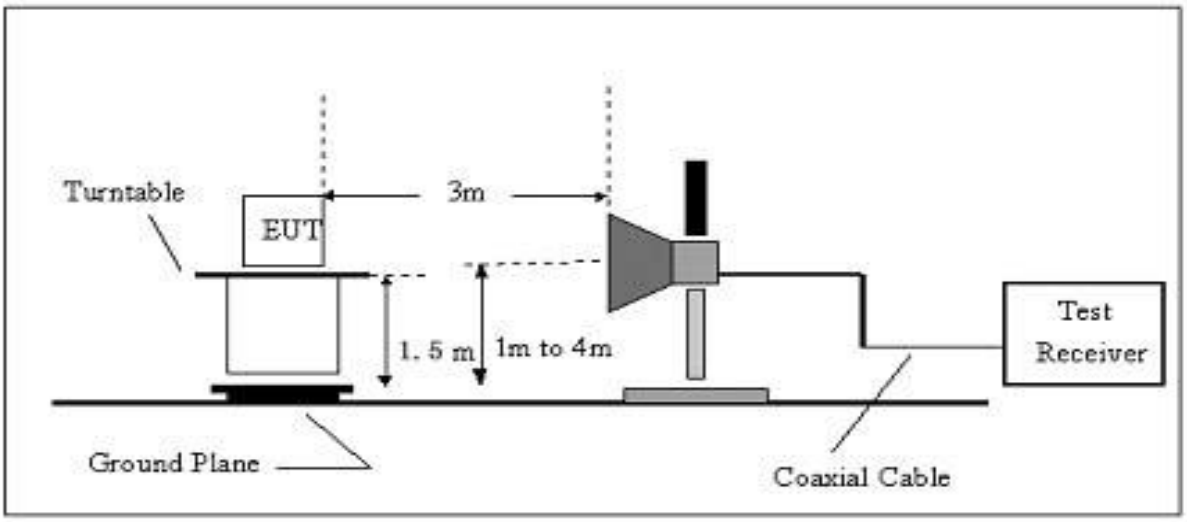
12.3. Test Procedures

a. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable in open test site area.
b. The test shall be made in the transmitting mode. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
c. This measurement shall be repeated with the transmitter in standby mode where applicable.
d. For 30~1000MHz spurious emissions measurement, the broad band bi-log receiving antenna was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
e. The broadband receiving antenna was fixed on the same height with the EUT to find each suspected emissions of both horizontal and vertical polarization. Each recorded suspected value is indicated as Read Level (Raw).
f. Replace the EUT by standard antenna and feed the RF port by signal generator.
g. Adjust the frequency of the signal generator to the suspected emission and slightly rotate the turntable to locate the position with maximum reading.
h. Adjust the power level of the signal generator to reach the same reading with Read Level (Raw).

i. The level of the spurious emission is the power level of (8) plus the gain of the standard antenna in dBi and minus the loss of the cable used between the signal generator and the standard antenna.
j. If the level calculated in (9) is higher than limit by more than 6dB, then lower the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to 30KHz. If the level of this emission does not change by more than 2dB, then it is taken as narrowband emission, otherwise, wideband emission.
k. The measurement shall be repeated at the lowest and the highest channel of the stated frequency range.

12.4. Test Setup Layout

(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up Frequency Above 1 GHz



12.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

12.6. Results of Standby Mode Spurious Emissions

For the initial investigation on standby mode and receiving mode, no significant differences in spurious emissions were observed between these 2 modes. So test data for standby mode was omitted in this section.

12.7. TEST RESULTS

EUT :	projector	Model Name :	K6
Temperature :	24 ℃	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Power :	AC 230V(11b)

	Frequency	Ant	TX/RX	Measured (FS)	Limits	Margins	Note
	(MHz)	H / V		(dBm)	(dBm)		
11B 2412MHz	4824.000	V	TX	-41.36	-30.00	-11.36	
	7236.000	V	TX	-41.02	-30.00	-11.02	
11B 2412MHz	4824.000	H	TX	-42.36	-30.00	-12.36	
	7236.000	H	TX	-41.15	-30.00	-11.15	
11B 2442MHz	4884.000	V	TX	-41.36	-30.00	-11.36	
	7326.000	V	TX	-41.03	-30.00	-11.03	
11B 2442MHz	4884.000	H	TX	-43.22	-30.00	-13.22	
	7326.000	H	TX	-41.28	-30.00	-11.28	
11B 2472MHz	4944.000	V	TX	-42.37	-30.00	-12.37	
	7416.500	V	TX	-41.26	-30.00	-11.26	
11B 2472MHz	4944.000	H	TX	-42.65	-30.00	-12.65	
	7416.500	H	TX	-41.24	-30.00	-11.24	

Note:

(1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "* " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
(2) The EUT can't be operated in the standby mode and it's always keep continuously receiving.
(3) Measuring frequency from 1GHz to 12.75GHz.

EUT :	projector	Model Name :	K6
Temperature :	24 ℃	Relative Humidity	54%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Power :	AC 230V(11g)

	Frequency	Ant	TX/RX	Measured (FS)	Limits	Margins	Note
	(MHz)	H / V		(dBm)	(dBm)		
11G 2412MHz	4824.000	V	TX	-41.23	-30.00	-11.23	
	7236.000	V	TX	-41.33	-30.00	-11.33	
11G 2412MHz	4824.000	H	TX	-42.18	-30.00	-12.18	
	7236.000	H	TX	-41.36	-30.00	-11.36	
11G 2442MHz	4884.000	V	TX	-42.12	-30.00	-12.12	
	7326.000	V	TX	-41.05	-30.00	-11.05	
11G 2442MHz	4884.000	H	TX	-41.28	-30.00	-11.28	
	7326.000	H	TX	-42.22	-30.00	-12.22	
11G 2472MHz	4944.000	V	TX	-42.13	-30.00	-12.13	
	7416.500	V	TX	-41.58	-30.00	-11.58	
11G 2472MHz	4944.000	H	TX	-41.62	-30.00	-11.62	
	7416.500	H	TX	-41.28	-30.00	-11.28	

Note:

(1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “* ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
(2) The EUT can’t be operated in the standby mode and it’s always keep continuously receiving.
(3) Measuring frequency from 1GHz to 12.75GHz.

EUT :	projector	Model Name :	K6
Temperature :	24 ℃	Relative Humidity	54%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Power :	AC 230V(11 N20)

	Frequency	Ant	TX/RX	Measured (FS)	Limits	Margins	Note
	(MHz)	H / V		(dBm)	(dBm)		
11 N20 2412MHz	4824.000	V	TX	-42.16	-30.00	-12.16	
	7236.000	V	TX	-41.27	-30.00	-11.27	
11 N20 2412MHz	4824.000	H	TX	-41.62	-30.00	-11.62	
	7236.000	H	TX	-40.57	-30.00	-10.57	
11 N20 2442MHz	4884.000	V	TX	-41.63	-30.00	-11.63	
	7326.000	V	TX	-40.51	-30.00	-10.51	
11 N20 2442MHz	4884.000	H	TX	-41.00	-30.00	-11.00	
	7326.000	H	TX	-40.36	-30.00	-10.36	
11 N20 2472MHz	4944.000	V	TX	-41.07	-30.00	-11.07	
	7416.500	V	TX	-42.15	-30.00	-12.15	
11 N20 2472MHz	4944.000	H	TX	-40.38	-30.00	-10.38	
	7416.500	H	TX	-41.26	-30.00	-11.26	

Note:

(1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "* " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
(2) The EUT can't be operated in the standby mode and it's always keep continuously receiving.
(3) Measuring frequency from 1GHz to 12.75GHz.

EUT :	projector	Model Name :	K6
Temperature :	24 ℃	Relative Humidity	54%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Power :	AC 230V(11 N40)

	Frequency	Ant	TX/RX	Measured (FS)	Limits	Margins	Note
	(MHz)	H / V		(dBm)	(dBm)		
11 N40 2422MHz	4844.000	V	TX	-42.16	-30.00	-12.16	
	7266.000	V	TX	-41.05	-30.00	-11.05	
11 N40 2422MHz	4844.000	H	TX	-42.33	-30.00	-12.33	
	7266.000	H	TX	-42.18	-30.00	-12.18	
11 N40 2442MHz	4884.000	V	TX	-43.51	-30.00	-13.51	
	7326.000	V	TX	-41.25	-30.00	-11.25	
11 N40 2442MHz	4884.000	H	TX	-41.23	-30.00	-11.23	
	7326.000	H	TX	-40.51	-30.00	-10.51	
11 N40 2472MHz	4924.000	V	TX	-42.16	-30.00	-12.16	
	7386.500	V	TX	-41.26	-30.00	-11.26	
11 N40 2472MHz	4924.000	H	TX	-41.35	-30.00	-11.35	
	7386.500	H	TX	-40.17	-30.00	-10.17	

Note:

(1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "* " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
(2) The EUT can't be operated in the standby mode and it's always keep continuously receiving.
(3) Measuring frequency from 1GHz to 12.75GHz.

13. Spurious emissions – RECEIVER (30-1000MHz)

13.1. Applied procedures / limit

Clause	Test Item	Frequency(MHz)	Limit
4.3.5	Spurious emissions	30-1000	-57dBm
	(radiated)	1000-12750	-47dBm

13.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 8.1.1 in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Analyzer	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	30 MHz
Stop Frequency	1000 MHz
Detector	Positive Peak
Span	100 MHz
Sweep Time	1s
RB / VB	100 kHz / 300 kHz

13.3. Test Procedures

a. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable in open test site area.
b. The test shall be made in the receiving mode. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
c. For 30~1000MHz spurious emissions measurement, the broad band bi-log receiving antenna was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable. .
d. The broadband receiving antenna was fixed on the same height with the EUT to find each suspected emissions of both horizontal and vertical polarization. Each recorded suspected value is indicated as Read Level (Raw).
e. Replace the EUT by standard antenna and feed the RF port by signal generator.
f. Adjust the frequency of the signal generator to the suspected emission and slightly rotate the turntable to locate the position with maximum reading.
g. Adjust the power level of the signal generator to reach the same reading with Read Level (Raw).
h. The level of the spurious emission is the power level of (7) plus the gain of the standard antenna in dBi and minus the loss of the cable used between the signal generator and the standard antenna.
i. The measurement shall be repeated at the lowest and the highest channel of the stated frequency range.

13.4. Test Setup Layout

This test setup layout is the same as that shown in section 6.1.4

13.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously receiving mode.

13.6. TEST RESULTS (30MHz-1000MHz)

EUT：	projector	Model Name ：	K6
Temperature：	24 ℃	Relative Humidity：	54%
Pressure：	1010 hPa	Test Power ：	AC 230V

	Frequency (MHz)	Ant H / V	TX/RX	Measured (FS) (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Margins	Note
RX Mode	43.36	V	RX	-64.57	-57.00	-7.57	
	99.91	V	RX	-65.53	-57.00	-8.53	
	125.02	V	RX	-64.45	-57.00	-7.45	
	188.22	V	RX	-66.22	-57.00	-9.22	
	266.25	V	RX	-65.51	-57.00	-8.51	
	489.73	V	RX	-65.36	-57.00	-8.36	
RX Mode	43.36	H	RX	-65.35	-57.00	-8.35	
	79.23	H	RX	-64.71	-57.00	-7.71	
	100.14	H	RX	-66.32	-57.00	-9.32	
	125.00	H	RX	-65.42	-57.00	-8.42	
	414.22	H	RX	-65.72	-57.00	-8.72	
	668.66	H	RX	-64.66	-57.00	-7.66	

Note:

(1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “* ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

(2) The EUT can’t be operated in the standby mode and it’s always keep continuously receiving.

14. Spurious emissions – RECEIVER (above 1000MHz)

14.1. Applied procedures / limit

Clause	Test Item	Frequency(MHz)	Limit
4.3.5	Spurious emissions	30-1000	-57dBm
	(narrowband)	1000-12750	-47dBm

14.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 9.1.1 in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Analyzer	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	12750 MHz
Detector	Positive Peak
Span	100 MHz
Sweep Time	1s
RB / VB	1MHz / 3MHz

14.3. Test Procedures

a. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable in open test site area.
b. The test shall be made in the receiving mode. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
c. For 30~1000MHz spurious emissions measurement, the broad band bi-log receiving antenna was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable. .
d. The broadband receiving antenna was fixed on the same height with the EUT to find each suspected emissions of both horizontal and vertical polarization. Each recorded suspected value is indicated as Read Level (Raw).
e. Replace the EUT by standard antenna and feed the RF port by signal generator.
f. Adjust the frequency of the signal generator to the suspected emission and slightly rotate the turntable to locate the position with maximum reading.
g. Adjust the power level of the signal generator to reach the same reading with Read Level (Raw).
h. The level of the spurious emission is the power level of (7) plus the gain of the standard antenna in dBi and minus the loss of the cable used between the signal generator and the standard antenna.
i. The measurement shall be repeated at the lowest and the highest channel of the stated frequency range.

14.4. Test Setup Layout

This test setup layout is the same as that shown in section 7.1.3

14.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously receiving mode.

14.6. TEST RESULTS (Above 1000MHz)

EUT：	projector	Model Name ：	K6
Temperature：	24 ℃	Relative Humidity：	54%
Pressure：	1010 hPa	Test Power ：	AC 230V

	Frequency	EUT Axis	TX/RX	Measured (FS)	Limits	Margins	Note
	(MHz)	(X/Y/Z)		(dBm)	(dBm)		
RX Mode	1685.26	X	RX	-60.15	-47.00	-13.15	
	3581.63	X	RX	-59.66	-47.00	-12.66	

	Frequency	EUT Axis	TX/RX	Measured (FS)	Limits	Margins	Note
	(MHz)	(X/Y/Z)		(dBm)	(dBm)		
RX Mode	1663.74	X	RX	-58.68	-47.00	-11.68	
	3559.63	X	RX	-57.63	-47.00	-10.63	

Note:

(1) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “* ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
(2) The EUT can’t be operated in the standby mode and it’s always keep continuously receiving.
(3) Measuring frequency from 1GHz to 12.75GHz.

15. PHOTOS OF THE EUT

Photo 1

Photo 2

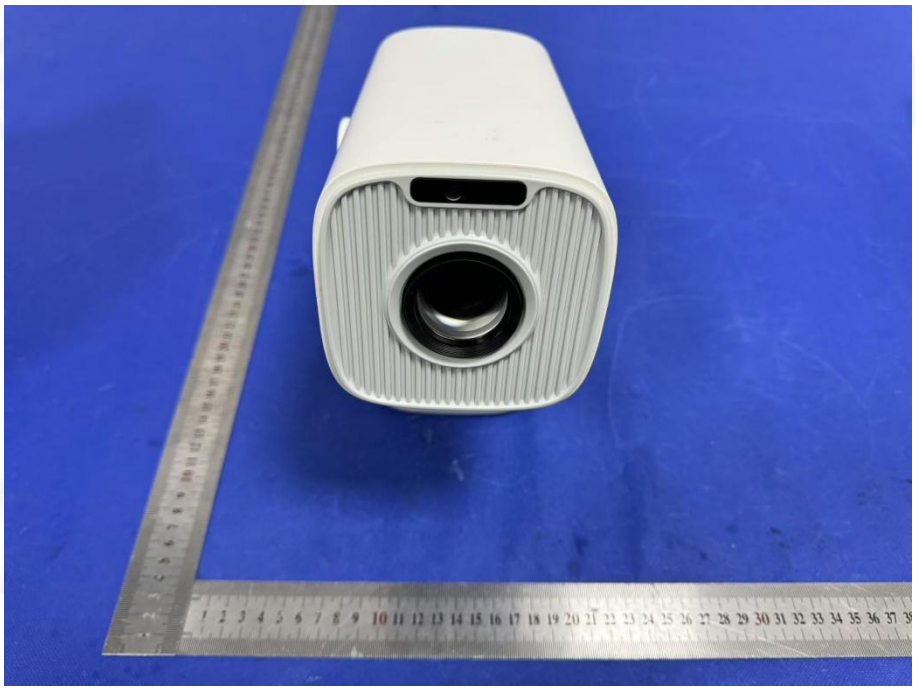


Photo 3

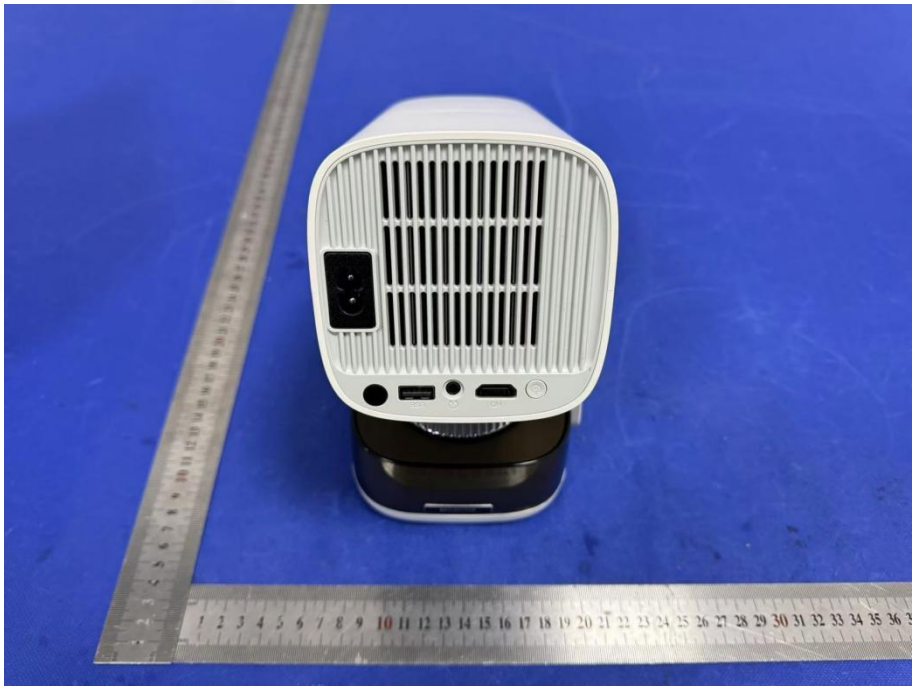


Photo 4

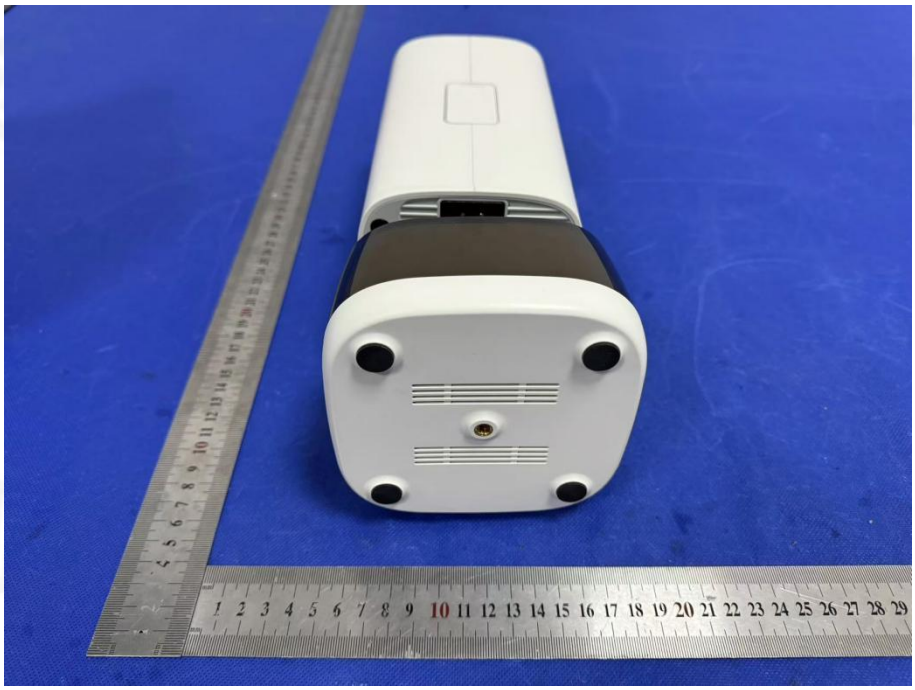
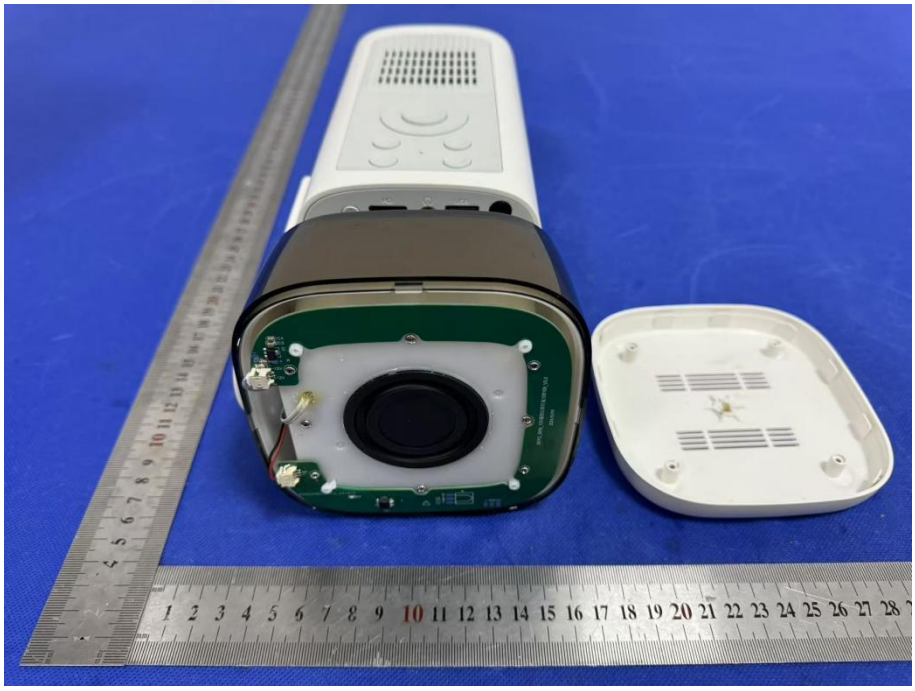


Photo 5



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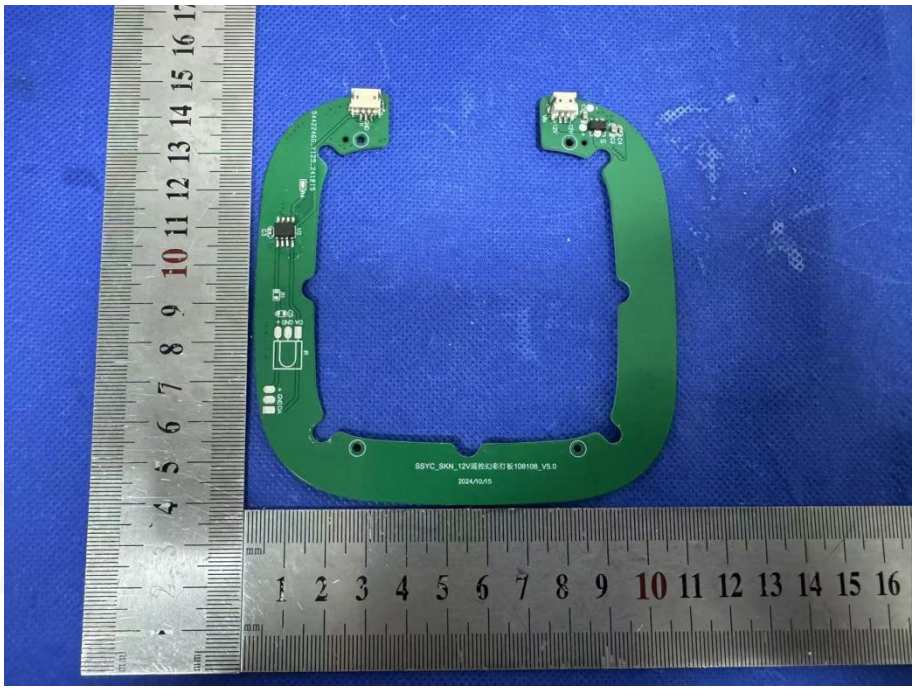


Photo 7

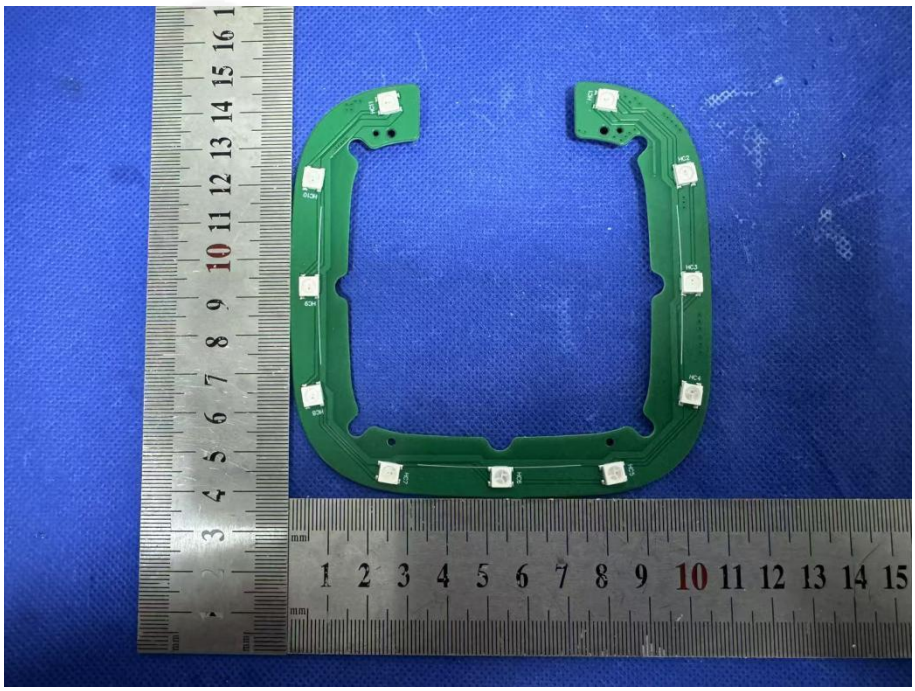


Photo 8

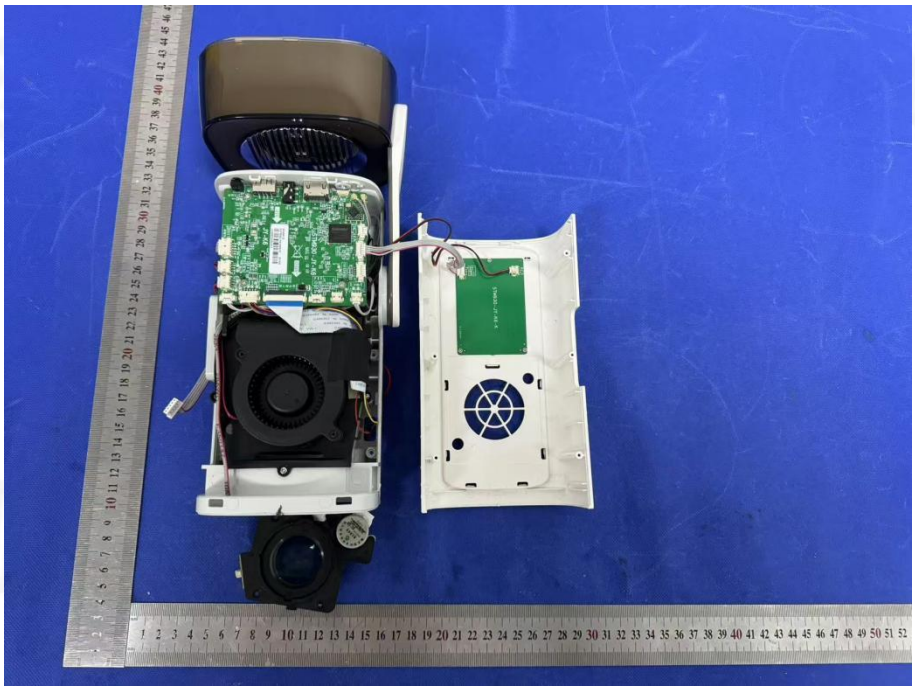
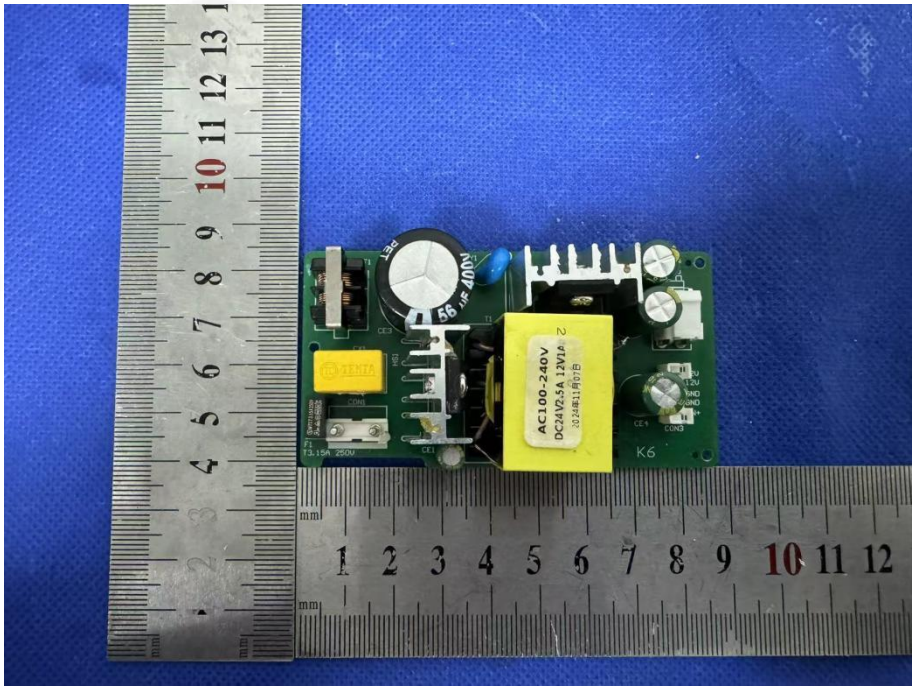


Photo 9



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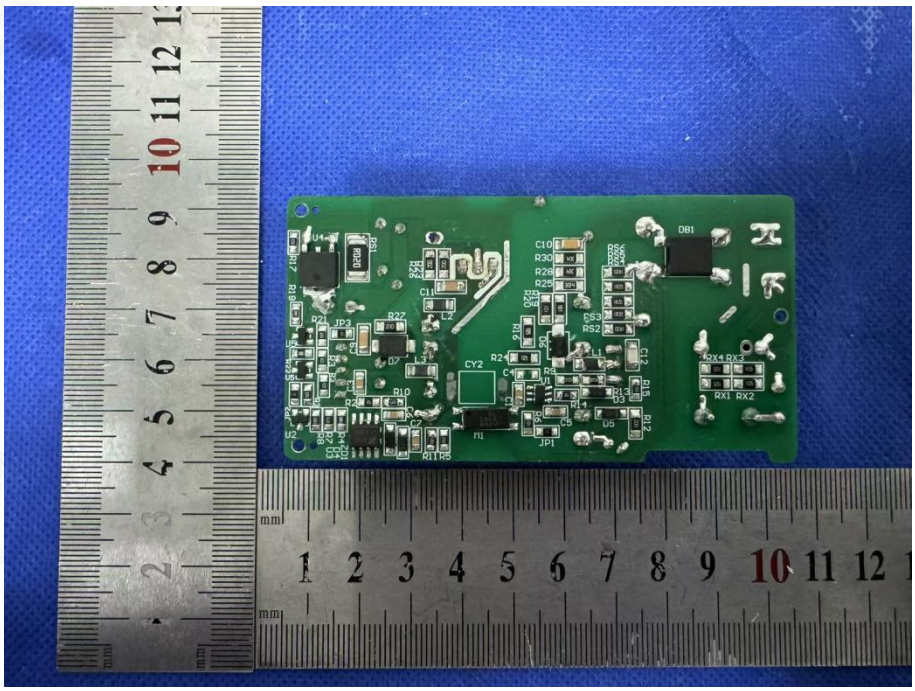
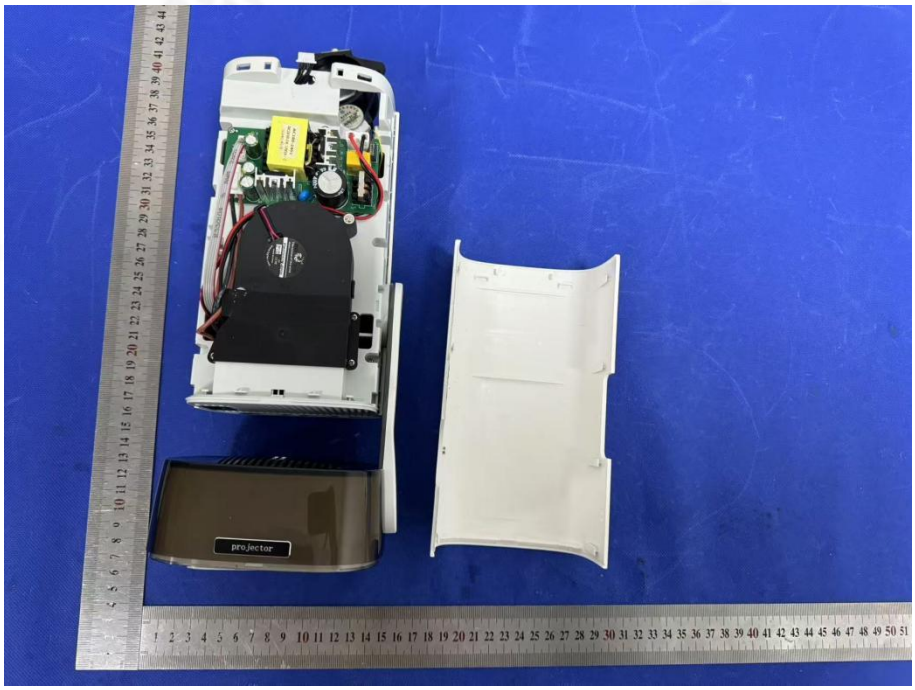


Photo 11



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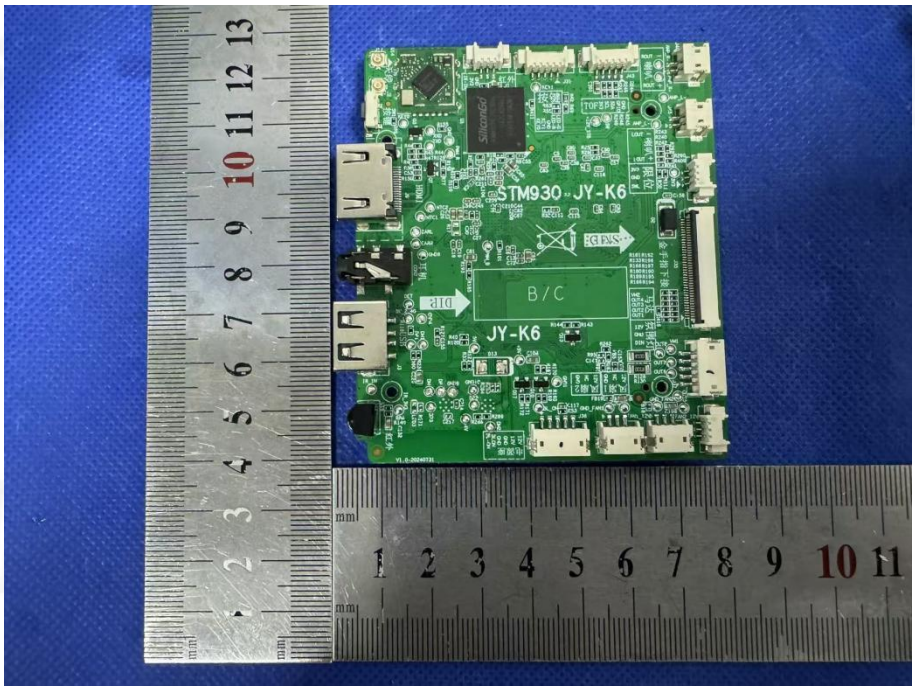


Photo 13

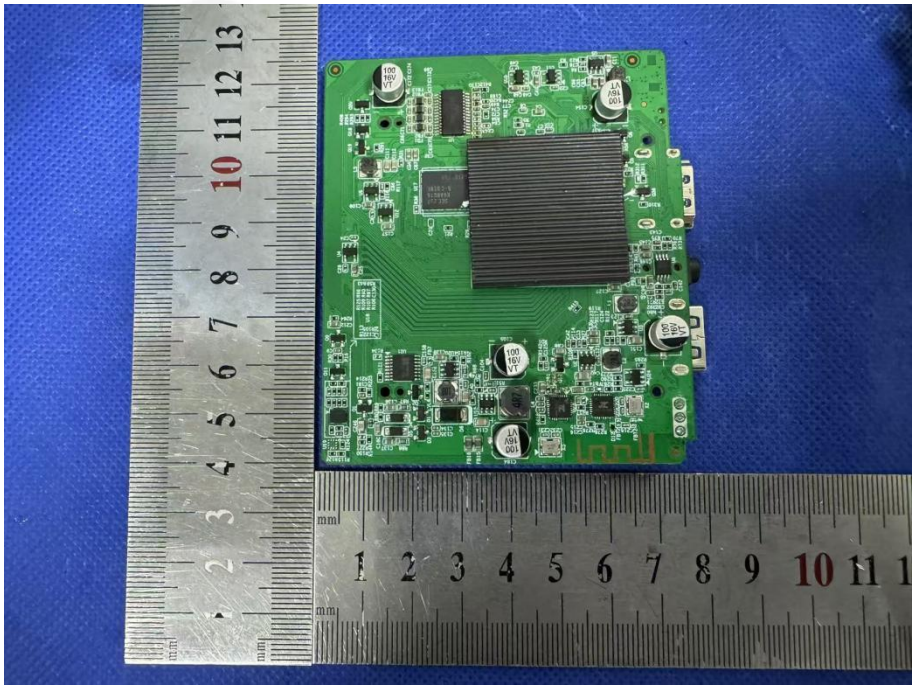


Photo 14

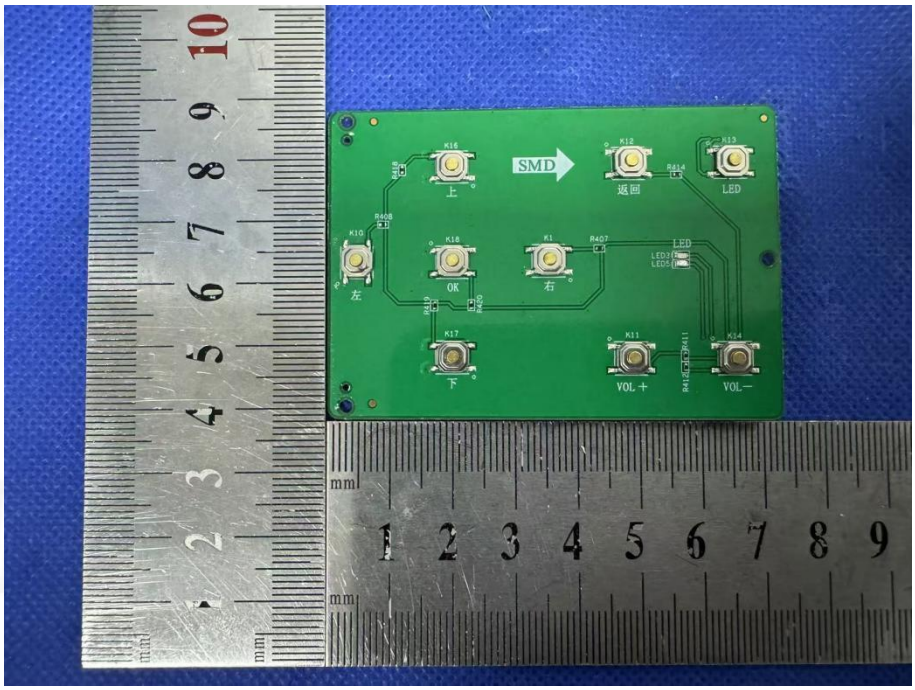
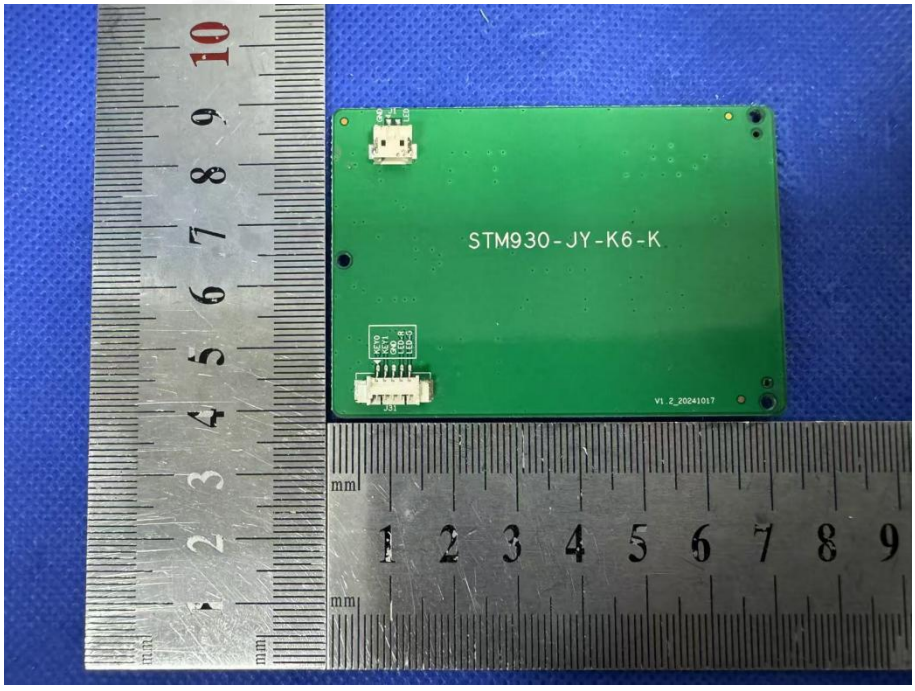


Photo 15



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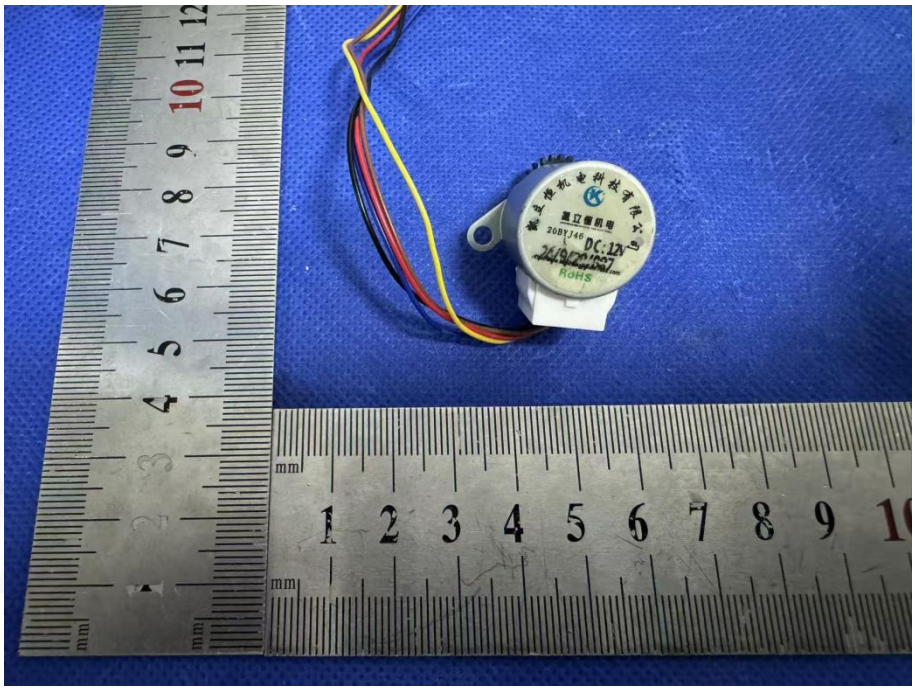
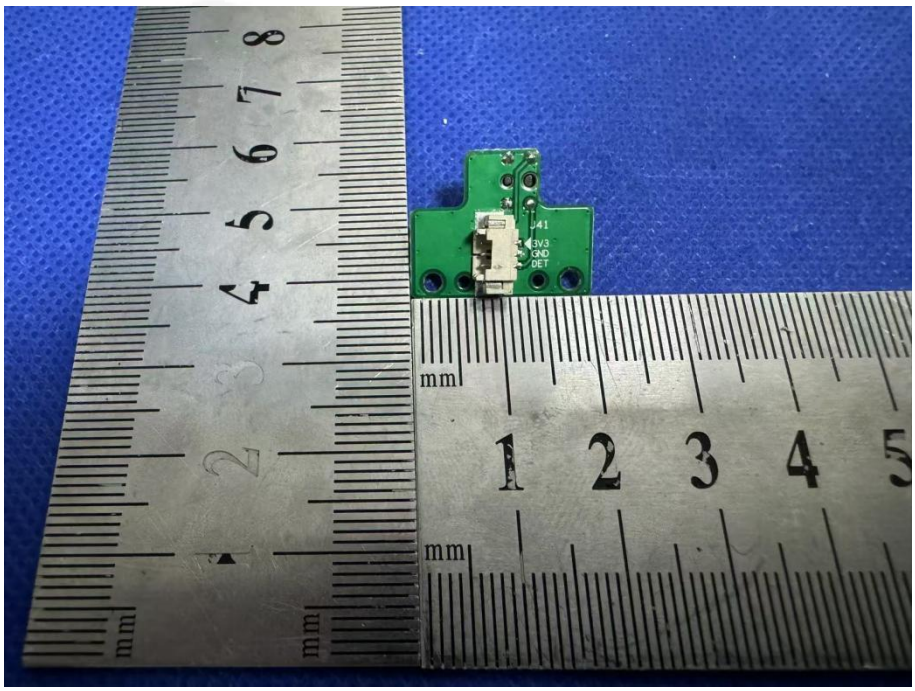


Photo 17



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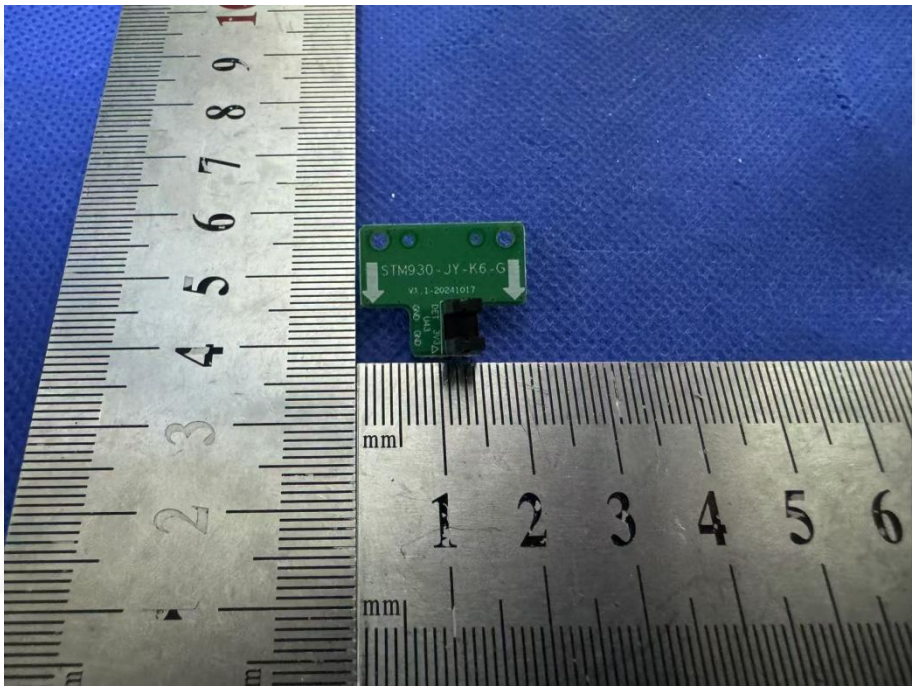

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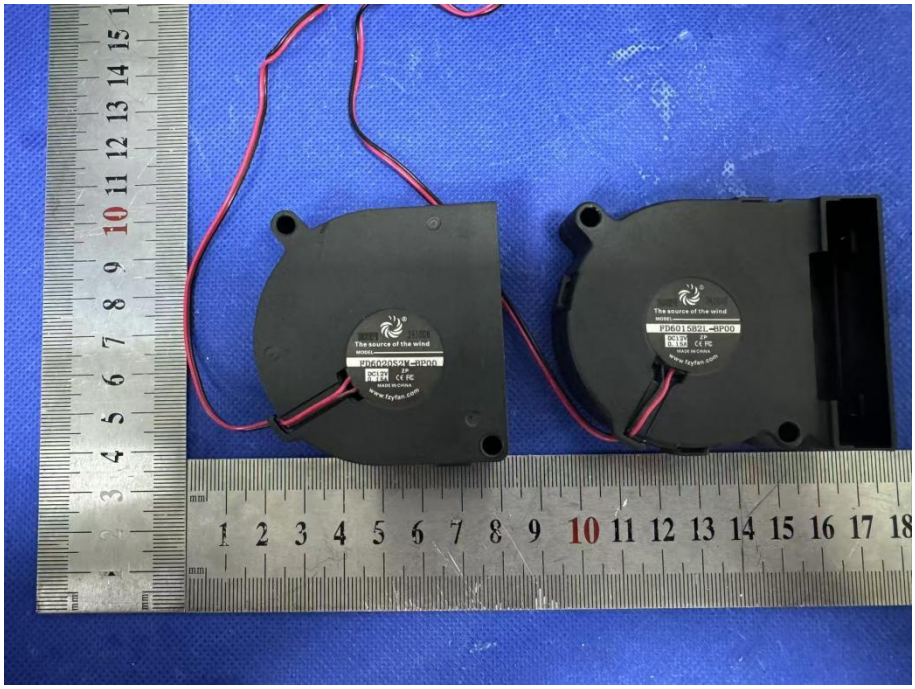


Photo 20

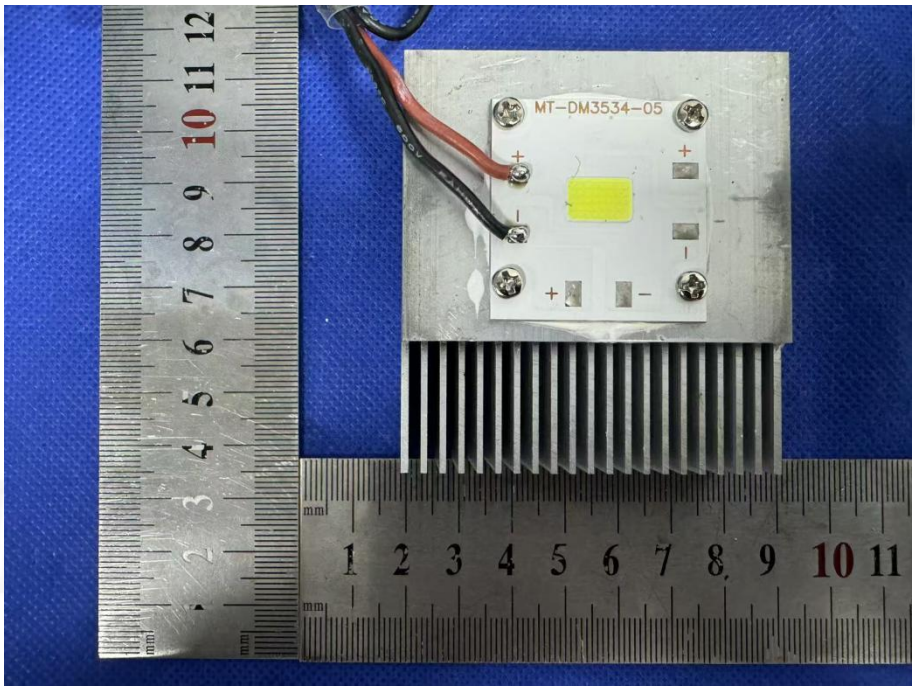
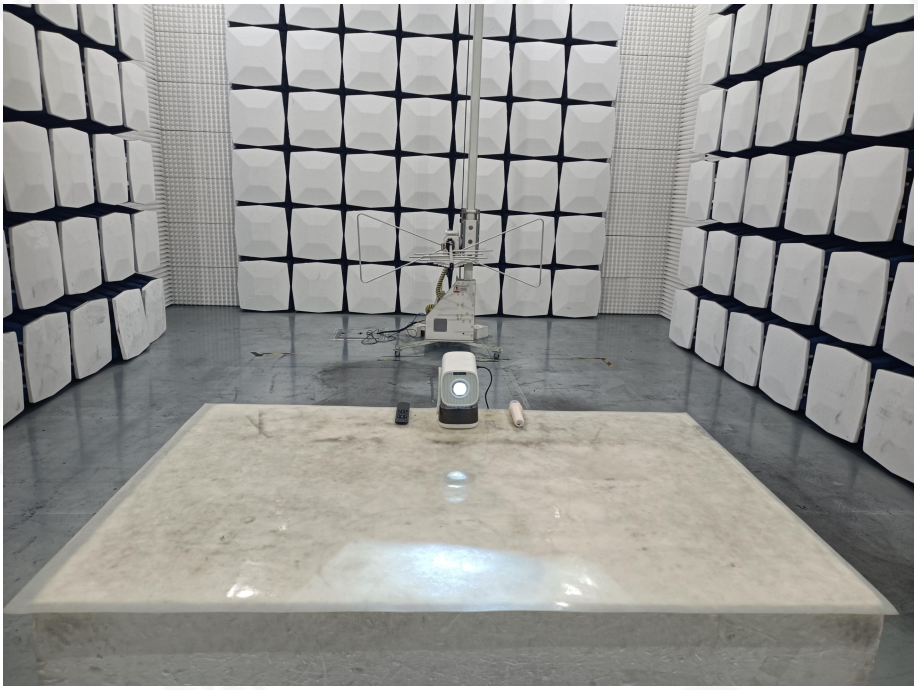


Photo 21

Photo 22

RE



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