

COMP2120 Tutorial Exercise

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1. Programmed I/O

An intelligent thermometer is installed in a room to detect the current room temperature. The thermometer is connected to the onboard computer with a Control and Status Register TCSR and a Buffer Register TBR. The current room temperature is displayed on the panel of the air conditioner on two 7-segment LEDs, with 2 buffer register LEDBR1 and LEDBR2 for display.

The TCSR has the following format:

- Bit 0 Thermometer Ready bit, the thermometer is ready
- Bit 1 Set this bit to start reading the temperature
- Bit 2 Reading is available in TBR, automatically cleared after data read
- Bit 3 Set this bit to 1 to turn on the compressor, 0 to turn off

For LEDBR1, LEDBR2, just write the corresponding digit (in integer) to the buffer register.

Write an assembly language program using *Programmed I/O* to read the room temperature and display on the panel. (You may invent your own instruction set as long as it is reasonable. Comment your program so that it can be understood.)

Solution:

```
L1:    LD      TCSR,R2
      AND     R2,#0x1,R3  # check bit 0 thermometer ready
      BZ      L1          # if not ready, loop and wait
      MOV     #0x2,R1     # set bit 1 to 1, start reading
      ST      R1,TCSR     # start reading
L2:    LD      TCSR,R2
      AND     R2,#0x4,R3  # check bit 2 reading available
      BZ      L2          # if not available, loop and wait
      LD      TBR,R0
      CALL    DIV         # input R0, output R1,R2 (R1 remainder, R2 quotient)
      ST      R1,LEDBR1   # R1 remainder, the second digit
      ST      R2,LEDBR2   # R2 quotient, the first digit
      HLT
DIV:    PUSH   R3         # R3 is modified in DIV, thus first push it
      SUB     R1,R1,R1    # R1 = 0
      MOV     R0,R2       # R2 = R0
L3:    SUB     R0,#0xa,R0  # R0 -= 10
      BLZ     L4          # goto L4 if result < 0
      ADD     R1,#0x1,R1  # R1 += 1
      MOV     R0,R2       # R2 = R0
      BR      L3
L4:    POP     R3         # restore R3
      RET
```

2. Addressing Modes

Consider implementing a displacement mode in the machine in Asg2/4, with MBR connecting to both S1-Bus and S2-Bus.

ST DISP1(R1), DISP2(R3)

ST	DISP(R1)	-	DISP2(R3)
DISP1			
DISP2			

Solution:

```
RFOUT1 <- R1
MAR <- PC
MBR <- mem[MAR] # MBR = DISP1
PC <- PC + 4
A <- RFOUT1
B <- MBR
C <- A + B
MAR <- C
TEMP <- MAR      # TEMP = DISP1 + (R1)

RFOUT1 <- R3
MAR <- PC
MBR <- mem[MAR]
PC <- PC + 4
A <- RFOUT1
B <- MBR
C <- A + B      # C = DISP2 + (R3)
MAR <- TEMP     # MAR = DISP1 + (R1)
MBR <- mem[MAR] # MBR = (DISP1 + R1)
MAR <- C        # MAR = DISP2 + (R3)
mem[MAR] <- MBR # mem[DISP2 + R3] = MBR = mem[DISP1 + R1]
```