

COMP2120 Assignment 5

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1. Consider a Serial Interface (e.g. Modem), containing a *Control & Status Register* and two *Buffer Registers*, Input and Output Buffer Register, residing in memory location *SCSR*, *SBRI* and *SBRO*, The *SCSR* has the following format:

Bit 0	=1 if Device Error
Bit 1	=1 if Device Ready
Bit 2	=0 if next operation is Write, 1, Read
Bit 3-5	=000 if speed = 4800 bps =001 if speed = 9600 bps =010 if speed = 19200 bps =011 if speed = 57600 bps =100 if speed = 115200 bps
Bit 6	=0 if odd parity, 1 if even parity

Write an assembly program, using any instruction set (you may invent your own instructions) to output an array of 10 characters by *Program I/O*, to the serial port, using a speed of 115200 bps and even parity. To simplify the problem, you may assume that the array of characters is stored in memory location *LINE*, with *one character in one word*. Only source program is needed.

Solution:

```
LD      SCSR, R1
AND     R1, #0x1, R2    # check bit 0 device error
BNZ     END             # if error, goto END
CHECK:  LD      SCSR, R1
AND     R1, #0x2, R2    # check bit 1 device ready
BZ      CHECK           # if not ready, loop and wait
ST      #0x4a, SCSR     # bit pattern 100 1010
                        # 115200bps, even parity, write, ready
SUB     R1, R1, R1      # R1 = 0
RUN:    LD      LINE(R1), R2 # load char from LINE[R1]
ST      R2, SBRO        # write to output buffer register
ADD     R1, #0x4, R1     # R1 += 4 (assume 1 word = 4 bytes)
SUB     R1, #0x28, R2    # check if 10 chars (40 bytes) are written
BNZ     RUN             # if R1 != 10, goto RUN (continue loop)
END:    HLT             # write completed or escape due to error
```

2. Given the data path of a CPU as in Assignment 4 with the modification that the MBR provides data to both S1-Bus and S2-Bus. Consider another instruction set, which allows memory operands, and the addressing mode information is stored in the same byte as the register operand. Describe the data transfer/transformation for the following 2-word instruction:

ADD OFF(R1), R2, R3

which will get the first operand from memory whose address is given by **OFF+R1** (displacement addressing mode), add it to R2 and put the result in R3. OFF is stored in the word following the instruction:

ADD	R1(displacement mode)	R2	R3
OFF			

Solution:

Fetch:

MAR ← PC

IR ← mem[MAR]

PC ← PC + 4

Execute:

MAR ← PC # read OFF

MBR ← mem[MAR]

PC ← PC + 4

RFOUT1 ← R1

A ← RFOUT1

B ← MBR

C ← A + B # EA = OFF + R1

MAR ← C

MBR ← mem[MAR]

A ← MBR # operand 1: mem[OFF + R1]

RFOUT2 ← R2

B ← RFOUT2 # operand 2: R2

C ← A + B

RFIN ← C # save result to R3

R3 ← RFIN