

# Transmission and Mile Per Gallon (MPG)

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## Summary

The report explored the relationship between transmission types and miles per gallon (MPG). Figure 1 in appendix showed that an manual transmission trend to be better for MPG, considering other factors. Then, we performed t-test to verify the hypothesis. To quantify the MPG difference between automatic and manual transmissins, we fitted the MPG (outcome) and a set of variables (regressors) in to multiple linar models. We selected tansmission (am), number of cylinders (cyl), gross horsepower (hp), and weight (wt) as repressors.

## Results

The mean of automatic transmission: 17.1473684 miles per gallon.

The mean of manual transmission: 24.3923077 miles per gallon.

### Model Selection

We used nested model search. The detailed process of model selection is shown in **Appendix**.

We set mpg as the outcome and transmission (am), number of cylinders (cyl), gross horsepower (hp), and weight (wt) as repressors and fitted the linear model:  $MPG_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 am(manual) + \beta_2 cyl(6) + \beta_3 cyl(8) + \beta_4 hp_i + \beta_5 wt_i + \epsilon_i$ . Assume  $\epsilon_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .

The coefficients of the linear model are showed below:

##	(Intercept)	factor(am)manual	factor(cyl)6	factor(cyl)8
##	33.70832390	1.80921138	-3.03134449	-2.16367532
##	hp	wt		
##	-0.03210943	-2.49682942		

### Interpretation

The intercept  $\beta_0$ : the expected mpg of automatic transmission when there is 4 cylinders, 0 gross horsepower, and none weight.

The  $\beta_1$ : the expected change in mpg comparing those in manual to those in automatic transmission.

The  $\beta_2$ : the expected change in mpg comparing those with 6 cylinders to those with 4 cylinders.

The  $\beta_3$ : the expected change in mpg comparing those with 8 cylinders to those with 4 cylinders.

The  $\beta_4$ : the expected change in mpg for every 1 gross horsepower increase.

The  $\beta_5$ : the expected change in mpg fot every 1000 lbs increase in the weight of cars.

## T-test

Assumption: Unequal variance. Detailed test results is shown in **Appendix**.

$$H_0: \mu_{auto} = \mu_{manual}$$

$$H_a: \mu_{auto} < \mu_{manual}$$

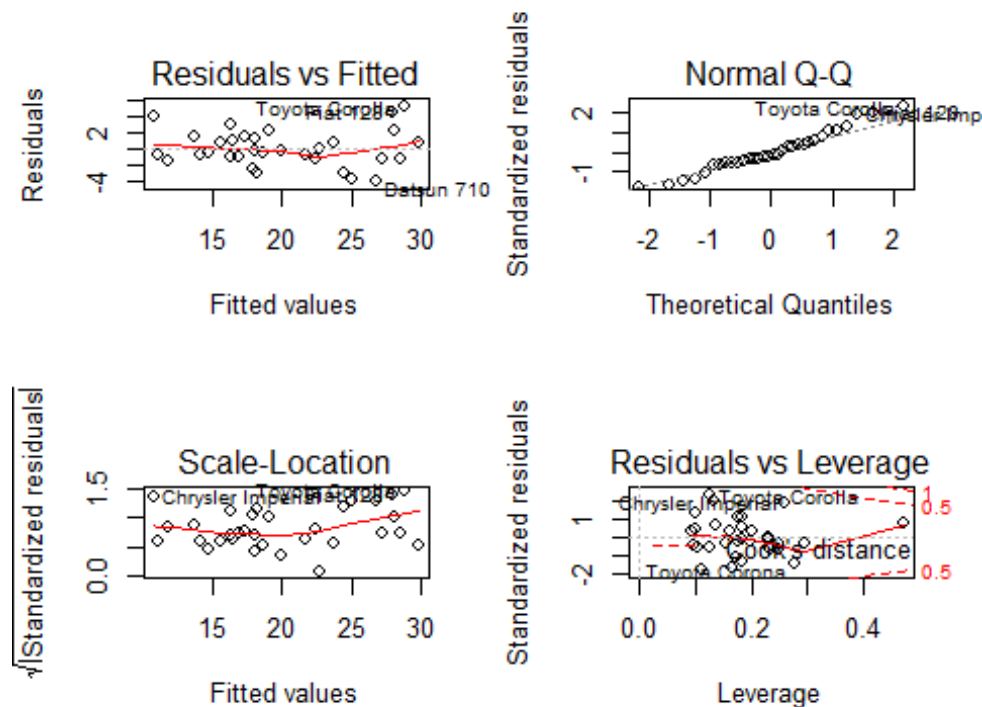
The p-value:  $6.868191710 \times 10^{-4}$ . The type I error  $\alpha = 0.05$ , then we rejected  $H_0$  and concluded that a manual transmission is better for MPG.

## Quantify the MPG Difference

$$\mu_{manual} - \mu_{auto} = 7.2449393.$$

$$\text{Adjustment: } MPG_{manual} - MPG_{auto} = \text{abs}(\beta_1) = 1.8092114.$$

## Diagnostics



The mean of residuals is  $2.688821410 \times 10^{-17}$ , approximating to zero.

“Residual vs Fitted”: residuals are independent. “scale-location”: the homoscedasticity of residuals. “Normal Q-Q”: all residuals were approximately standard normal distributed. “Residual vs Leverage”: within 0.5, no outliers.

## The uncertainty

We assumed other variables not included in the linear model were completely randomized. The error  $\epsilon$  in the linear model followed normal distribution. However, we are uncertain whether there is a better linear model with other combination of different regressors.

## Appendix

### Figure

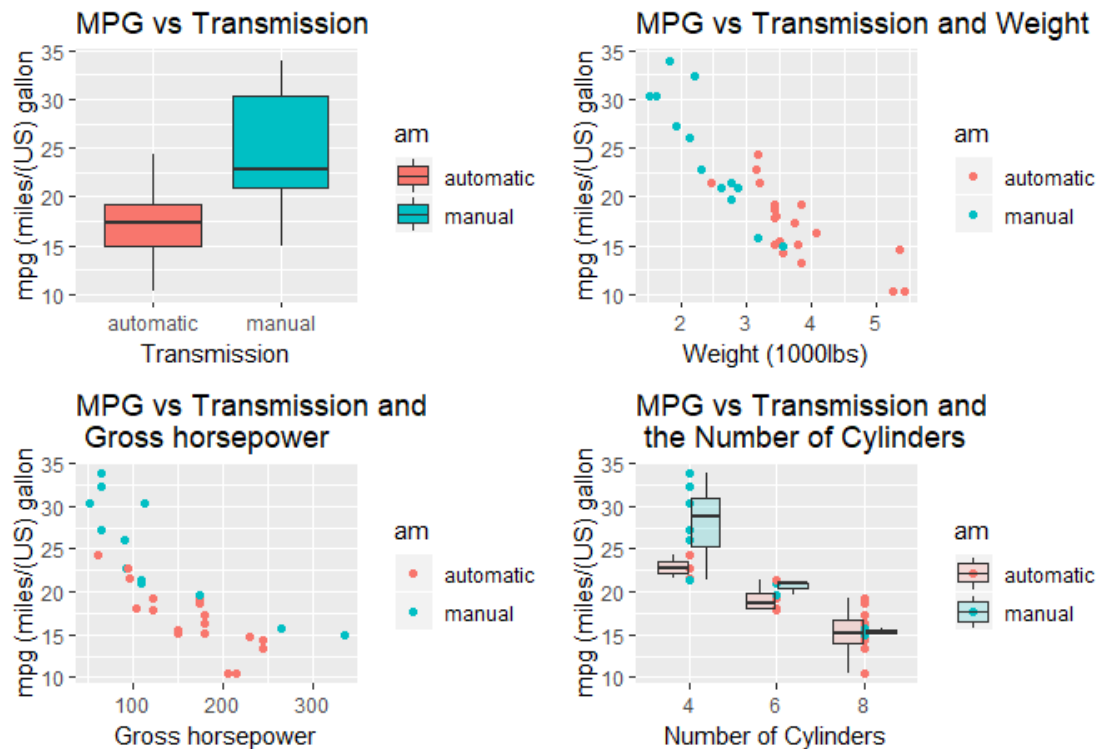


Figure 1. The relationship between MPG and a set of variables

### Model Selection

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
##   Res.Df  RSS Df Sum of Sq    F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.9
## 2      28 264.5  2    456.4 24.158 8.01e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
## Model 3: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + disp
##   Res.Df  RSS Df Sum of Sq    F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      28 264.50  2    456.40 26.7353 3.956e-07 ***
## 3      27 230.46  1     34.04  3.9875  0.05601 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
```

```

## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
## Model 3: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp
##   Res.Df   RSS Df Sum of Sq      F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.9
## 2      28 264.5  2    456.4 31.2446 9.43e-08 ***
## 3      27 197.2  1     67.3  9.2141 0.005266 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
## Model 3: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp
## Model 4: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + drat
##   Res.Df   RSS Df Sum of Sq      F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      28 264.50  2    456.40 30.4123 1.557e-07 ***
## 3      27 197.20  1     67.30  8.9686 0.005961 **
## 4      26 195.09  1      2.11  0.2807 0.600747
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
## Model 3: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp
## Model 4: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt
##   Res.Df   RSS Df Sum of Sq      F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      28 264.50  2    456.40 39.286 1.388e-08 ***
## 3      27 197.20  1     67.30 11.585 0.002164 **
## 4      26 151.03  1     46.17  7.949 0.009081 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
## Model 3: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp
## Model 4: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt
## Model 5: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt + qsec
##   Res.Df   RSS Df Sum of Sq      F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      28 264.50  2    456.40 39.6232 1.772e-08 ***
## 3      27 197.20  1     67.30 11.6849 0.002166 **
## 4      26 151.03  1     46.17  8.0172 0.009017 **
## 5      25 143.98  1      7.04  1.2230 0.279293
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
## Model 3: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp
## Model 4: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt
## Model 5: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt + factor(vs)
##   Res.Df   RSS Df Sum of Sq      F    Pr(>F)

```

```
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      28 264.50  2      456.40 39.7065 1.737e-08 ***
## 3      27 197.20  1      67.30 11.7095 0.002146 **
## 4      26 151.03  1      46.17  8.0341 0.008954 **
## 5      25 143.68  1       7.35  1.2782 0.268968
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
## Model 3: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp
## Model 4: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt
## Model 5: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt + factor(gear)
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq      F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      28 264.50  2      456.40 36.5938 5.143e-08 ***
## 3      27 197.20  1      67.30 10.7916 0.003124 **
## 4      26 151.03  1      46.17  7.4043 0.011916 *
## 5      24 149.67  2       1.36  0.1091 0.897096
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ factor(am)
## Model 2: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl)
## Model 3: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp
## Model 4: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt
## Model 5: mpg ~ factor(am) + factor(cyl) + hp + wt + factor(carb)
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq      F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      28 264.50  2      456.40 32.9605 3.33e-07 ***
## 3      27 197.20  1      67.30  9.7201 0.005206 **
## 4      26 151.03  1      46.17  6.6691 0.017370 *
## 5      21 145.39  5       5.63  0.1627 0.973489
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

## T-test Results

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: mpg by factor(am)
## t = -3.7671, df = 18.332, p-value = 0.0006868
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is less than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##      -Inf -3.913256
## sample estimates:
## mean in group automatic      mean in group manual
##      17.14737              24.39231
```