

# **ECG Classification**

Yudong Yu

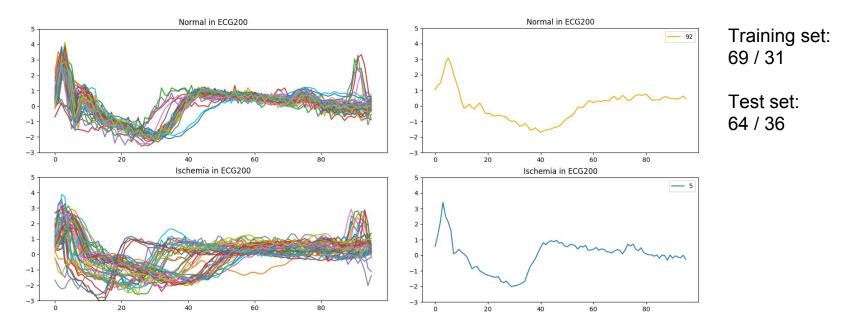


- Background
- Methodology
- Analysis



### **Background**

• The electrocardiogram (ECG) is a diagnostic tool that is routinely used to assess the electrical and muscular functions of the heart.



# Methodology

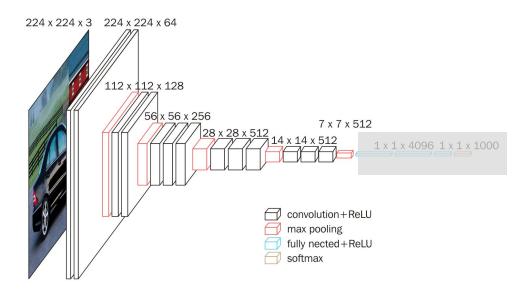
VGG16 + SVM Fine-tuning VGG16



#### Feature Extractor

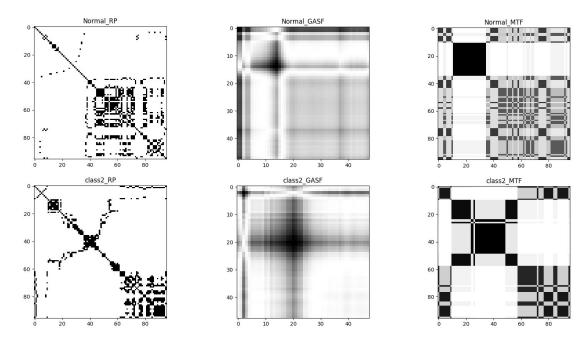
#### VGG16

a. VGG16(include\_top=False) + Fully-connected layer(128)



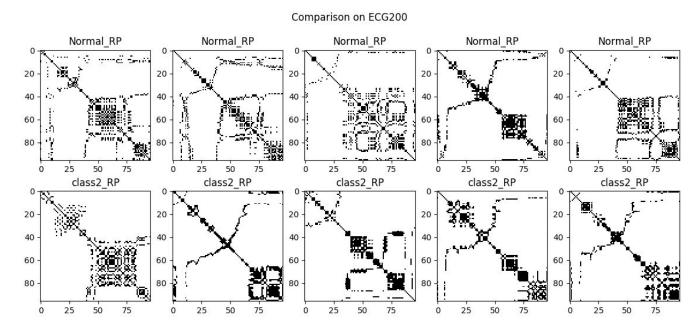
### Feature Extractor

- a. VGG16(include\_top=False) + Fully-connected layer(128)
- Transform time series signal to image (<u>RP + GASF + MTF</u>)

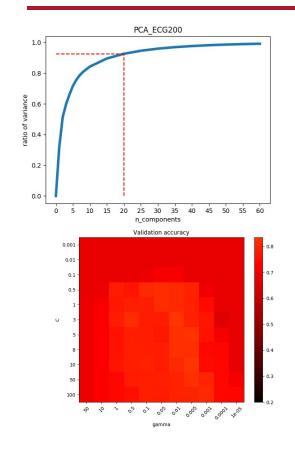


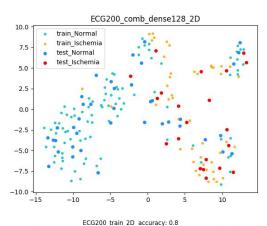
#### 1. Feature Extractor

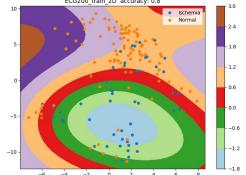
- a. VGG16(include\_top=False) + Fully-connected layer(128)
- b. **Transform** time series signal to **image** (<u>RP + GASF + MTF</u>)



### 2. Dimensionality Reduction

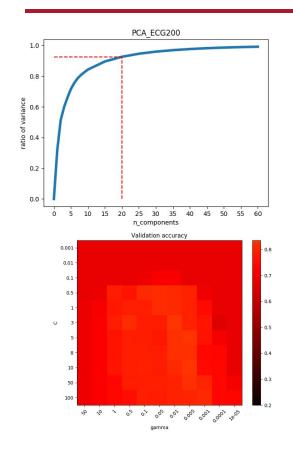


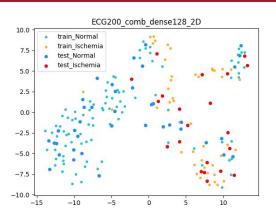


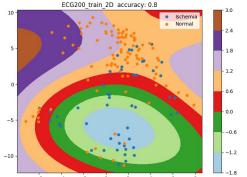


- PCA:
- n components: 20
- t-SNE: 2

### 3. Train SVM

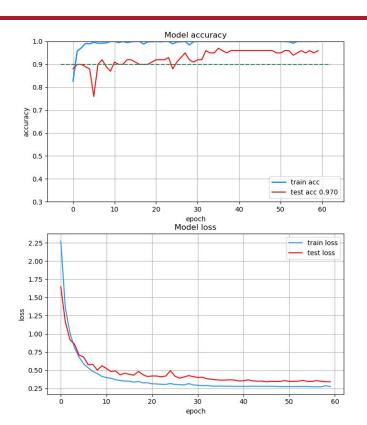






- Grid search
- C: 3, Gamma: 0.01
- Best acc: 0.84
- Training ...
- Test acc: 0.80

### Fine-tuning VGG16



VGG16(include\_top=False)+<u>Dense(128)+Dense(2)</u>

L2 regularization, 0.01
BatchNormalization()
Dropout(0.5) for dense 1

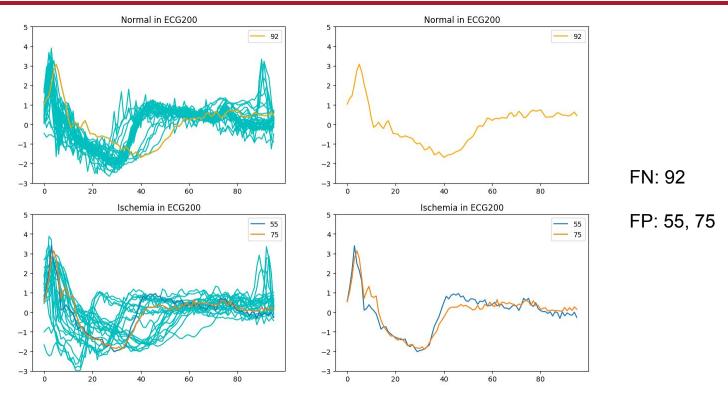
Learning Rate Scheduler()  $0.0002 \rightarrow 0.5*LR \rightarrow 0.2*LR$ 

Freeze parameters in first three blocks

**Training set**(Augmented): 800(100\*2<sup>3</sup>)

**Test set**: 100

# Analysis(1)



<sup>\*</sup> these numbers are the indexes of samples in test set (100 samples)

# Analysis(1)

Predictions	model 1	model 2	model 3	model 4	model 5	model 6
FN	[0, 15, 54]	[54]	[]		[]	[]
FP	[9, 41]	[4, 9, 19, 22, 37]	[9, 19, 57]	[9]	[9, 19]	[9, 19]
False in total	5	6	3	1	2	2
Test Acc.	0.92	0.91	0.93	0.95	0.93	0.94

<sup>\*</sup> these number are the indexes of samples in test set(60 samples)

# Analysis(1)

Predictions	model 1	model 2	model 3	model 4	model 5	model 6
FN	[0, 15, 54]	[54]	[]	[]	[]	[]
FP	[9, 41]	[4, <mark>9</mark> , 19, 22, 37]	[9, 19, 57]	[9]	[9, 19]	[9, 19]
False in total	5	6	3	1	2	2
Test Acc.	0.92	0.91	0.93	0.95	0.93	0.94

# Analysis(2)

Table 1. Accuracy comparison with traditional classification algorithm (The method/s with the highest accuracy in each database are shown in bold)

(a)								
Data	C4.5	C4.5(S)	1NN	1NN(S)	NaB	NaB(S)		
Adiac	53.19	49.36	59.34	56.27	56.52	57.54		
Beef	56.67	40	60	53.33	50	60		
Chlorine	64.3	56.82	68.52	58.59	34.61	45.52		
Coffee	57.14	92.86	75	100	67.86	92.86		
Diatom	71.24	67.65	93.46	94.44	87.91	78.76		
ECG200	72	79	89	78	77	80		
		2016	3					

Table 2 Error rates of the methods for a subset of UCR dataset

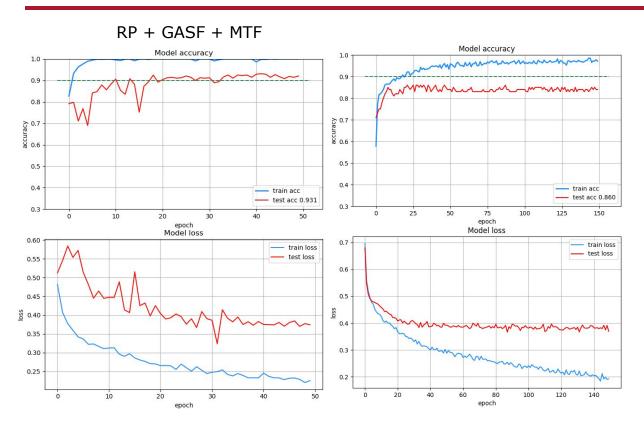
Dataset	DTW	ST	TSBF	HOGID	CovNN	CovSVM
50 Words	0.242	0.281	0.209	0.402	0.222	0.200
Adiac	0.391	0.435	0.245	0.320	0.217	0.164
Beef	0.467	0.167	0.287	0.367	0.100	0.067
CBF	0.004	0.003	0.009	0.000	0.000	0.000
ChlorineCon	0.350	0.300	0.336	0.307	0.294	0.255
CinCECGT	0.070	0.154	0.262	0.249	0.003	0.000
Coffee	0.179	0.000	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000
CricketX	0.236	0.218	0.278	0.195	0.244	0.236
CricketY	0.197	0.236	0.259	0.205	0.210	0.251
CricketZ	0.180	0.228	0.263	0.185	0.239	0.215
DiatomSizeR	0.065	0.124	0.126	0.016	0.052	0.043
ECG200	0.310		0.145	0.060	0.080	0.070

Table 5. Overall classification accuracies of k-NN alignment with six scenarios: NONE, DTW, CDTW, SAGA, PTW and CTW.

Dataset	NONE	DTW	CDTW	SAGA	PTW	CTW
Synthetic Control	88.0	99.3	98.7	90.3	94.3	98.7
Trace	76.0	100.0	99.0	99.0	99.0	100.0
Sony AIBO Robot Surface II	85.9	83.1	85.9	86.5	85.0	84.3
Sony AIBO Robot Surface	69.6	72.5	69.6	73.5	74.7	73.0
Symbols	89.9	95.0	93.8	94.9	95.3	90.1
Two Lead ECG	74.7	90.4	86.8	86.7	98.4	90.3
Olive Oil	86.7	86.7	83.3	83.3	86.7	80.0
Mote Strain	87.9	83.5	87.9	89.9	86.6	84.0
Lighting 7	57.5	72.6	71.2	79.5	64.4	68.5
Lighting 2	75.4	86.9	86.9	85.2	80.3	85.2
Italy Power Demand	95.5	95.0	95.5	96.4	94.5	95.0
Gun Point	91.3	90.7	91.3	98.7	98.7	88.0
Face Four	78.4	83.0	88.6	77.3	87.5	85.2
ECG Five Days	79.7	76.8	79.7	96.9	90.5	75.3
ECG 200	88.0	77.0	88.0	87.0	85.0	79.0

2015

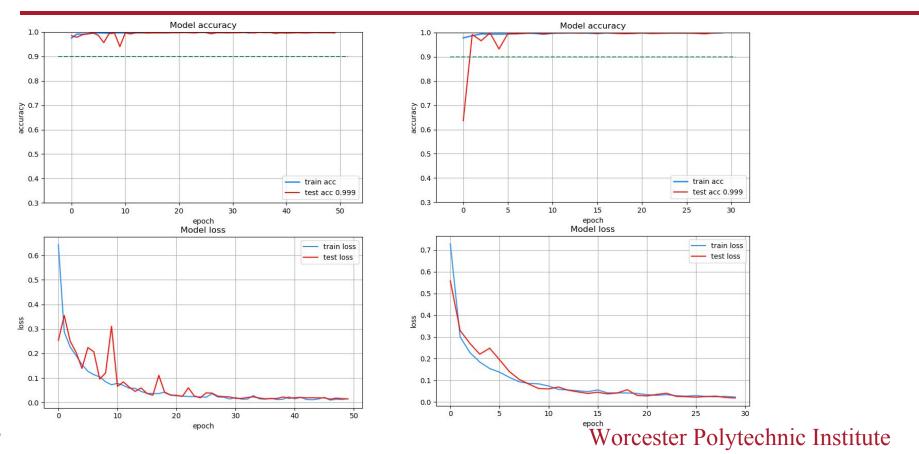
# Analysis(3)



Processing
1D time series signal with **transformation methods** or not

With a simple NN dense(50)+dense(2)

### **ECG5000**



# **Question?**

