

# Fundamentals

All that you need to know!



# **API Concept**

API allows interactions between systems by following a set of standards and protocols in order to share features, information and data.

Full form of API

A - Application

P - Programming

- Interface

API acts as an interface between different Diagram applications. API

# REST API

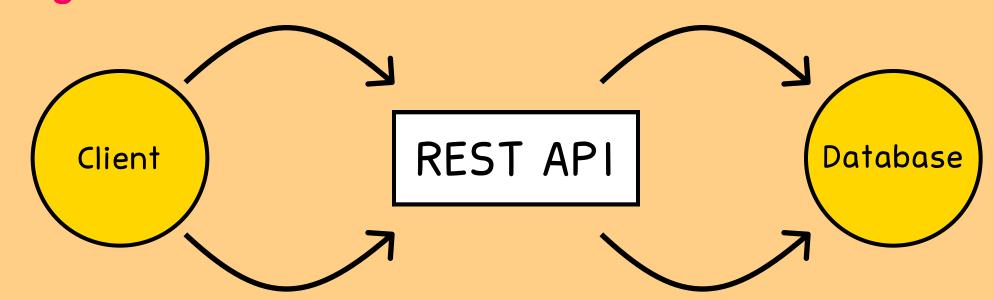
#### REST

Representational State Transfer It is an architecture style to develop web applications.

Uses HTTP protocol as a communication interface.

It transfers data through HTTP methods.

#### Diagram



# Request Anatomy

## URL

Uniform Resource Locator

It is the address to not just identify a resource, but also to specify how to access it.

In an API, the URL can be named as Base URL, which means that is the base address that will be used in every request.

Example: http://api.example.com





#### Uniform Resource Identifier

It is used in the URL to specify which resource the client would like to access in a request.

Example: http://api.example.com/products?

name=laptop&available=true -

Here, the client communicates to the server that the request is to retrieve products with name equals laptop, and available equals true.



Every URL is an URI, but not all URIs are URLs.

# **Body Params**

Body of the request which contains all the data that the server needs to successfully process the request.

Only used in requests that must send information, such as create or update.

```
*name": "Laptop"
"price": 1000
"available": true
}
```

#### **Parameters**

Information that can be sent in a request by the client in order to influence the response by the server.

## Types

## Yeath Parameter

A variable in the URI path that helps in pointing towards specific resource.

https://food.com/restaurant/1/total-orders

1 is the path parameter (variable) which points to restaurant no 1's total orders.

### Query Parameter

A variable in URI path that helps in querying / filtering through a list of resources.

https://food.com/products?name=cake

name=cake is the query parameter (variable) which retrieves products with the name "cake".

### Headers

It allows sending extra information in a request, such as authentication tokens and content types.

Example

Authorization: Bearer token

Accept: application/json

In this given example, the client is sending extra data informing not just it's credentials to access a resource, but also a desired response format.

# REST API Methods



- 1 GET 😃
- Receive information about an API resource.
- 2 POST T

  Create an API resource

- Jodata on API reco
- Update an API resource
- DELETE III

  Delete an API resource
- 5 PATCH 🗹
- Modifies an API resource

# Http Status Codes

With every request made to the server, we get response code /http status codes in return.

Status Codes

2XX: Success

3XX: Redirection

4XX: Problem with the client

5XX: Problem with the server