10 Class Max. Marks: 19 Time: 30 Minutes SECTION "A" MANATOPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS) correct answer for each from the given options: Laser is belongs to: Atomic Physics Nuclear Physics Astro Physics Solid-state Physics In Uranium isotope 92U238 is the number of Neutron is 146 238 Kg m/s is same as: N.s • N/s • N.m · N/m The product of mass and acceleration is called: 4, Momentum • Force • Work • Torque 5. A 25 N force acts along the x-axis, its y component is: -25 N 0 N If a body is moving with uniform velocity it is said to be 6. Neutral equilibrium Dynamic equilibrium Unstable equilibrium Static equilibrium One horse power = ----- watt: 505 674 550 746 The rate of work doing is called: 8. velocity • acceleration • power The mechanical advantage of a movable pulley is: The formula for volume of sphere is: 10. $\pi \gamma^{3} \ell = \pi \gamma^{2} \ell = \frac{4/3 \pi \gamma^{3}}{\pi^{3}} = \frac{3}{4} \pi \gamma^{3}$ 0 When water is changed into ice, it: expands 11. contracts . becomes lighter . becomes heavier In an elastic spring, simple harmonic motion is 12. restoring force produced due to: K.E. of spring . Weight of spring . mass of spring The image formed in a plane mirror will be: 13. real . inverted . virtual and erect . real and iverted Optical fiber is the paractical application of: 14. Refraction Polarization Total internal reflection interference Electromagnetic waves carries: 15. Wavelength • Frequency 16. The Coulomb per volt is cathed: Farad Watt Ampere The relation between electric current and magnetic field 17. was vovered by: Faraday • Oersted • Fleming The emission of rays from the nucleus is called alan: 18. Chemical process atomic process atomic dispersion radioactivity 1 micro coulomb = ---- coulomb: 19. 10-12 10^{-6}