

## OPPE System Commands: Topic Organization by Category

I've created a comprehensive study guide organizing all the most important topics from your OPPE question papers into 8 broad categories.

### Quick Overview of the 8 Main Categories

Category	Priority	Key Focus
Bash Fundamentals	★★★	Reading input, loops, arithmetic, arrays, error handling
File & Directory Operations	★★★	mkdir, touch, mv, find, organizing files systematically
Permissions & Log Analysis	★★	Permission checks, parsing ls/du output, analyzing auth logs
sed Text Processing	★★★★	Field swapping, line insertion, pattern masking, multi-step replacements
awk Data Processing	★★★★★	Grouping, counting, min/max calculations, CSV processing
grep & Pattern Matching	★★	Basic search, regex, extracting fields, pipeline combinations
Utility Scripts	★★	Nth line extraction, file swapping, log rotation, deduplication
Complex Multi-tool Problems	★★★	Chaining 3-4 commands together for integrated solutions

### Key Insights from Analysis

#### Highest Impact Areas (Focus First):

- **sed mastery** is critical—appears in nearly every OPPE-2 set with field swapping, line editing, and regex substitution
- **awk grouping patterns** (min/max per group, counting per category) repeat across multiple employee/school data problems
- **Bash file operations & loops** form the foundation for at least 60% of all questions

#### Most Repeated Exam Patterns:

1. **Employee data analysis** (leaves by year, min leaves, email generation)—appears 4+ times across practice sets
2. **File organization by extension**—common structural question

### 3. Chaining `grep` → `cut` → `awk` → `sort | uniq`—standard multi-tool pipeline

#### Study Progression (if exam is 2-3 weeks away):

- **Week 1:** Master Bash basics + file operations
- **Week 2:** Deep dive into sed and awk
- **Week 3:** Practice multi-tool problems + mock exams under time pressure

The study guide includes specific code examples, frequency ratings, and a final emergency cheat sheet with the most essential commands. Use it as your reference while practicing past papers!

#### Key Topics Frequently Asked in OPPE System Commands (OPPE-1 & OPPE-2)

Most questions across these papers revolve around a small, very consistent core of command-line and text-processing topics. These are the areas to focus on.

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### 1. Core Bash Scripting Fundamentals

#### Patterns appearing repeatedly:

- Reading input from STDIN (`read`, multiple lines, reading until EOF)
- Using command line arguments and `getopts` style option parsing
- Conditional checks with `if`, `elif`, `else` and `test` / `[]`
- Arithmetic using `expr`, `$()`, modulo, comparisons etc.
- `for`, `while` loops over:
  - numeric sequences (`seq`)
  - arrays
  - filenames from globbing or command output
- Returning status via exit codes (`exit` with appropriate code)

#### Common problem types:

- Classifying or filtering numbers: positive/negative, special conditions, divisible by multiple numbers, etc.
- Summation / aggregation:
  - sum of numbers at odd/even positions in an array or in arguments
  - max/min in a list of numbers

- Generating combinations of filenames by nested loops (e.g. `fileXYZ.txt` style patterns)
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## 2. Working with Files and Directories

### Very frequent themes:

- Creating and organizing directories with `mkdir`, `mkdir -p`
- Creating empty files with `touch`
- Moving files based on patterns or extensions with `mv`
- Using `ln -s` to create symbolic links
- Checking permissions (`-r`, `-w`, `-x`), file/directory tests (`-f`, `-d`, `-s` etc.)
- Deleting files (`rm`) carefully based on conditions

### Typical question patterns:

- Construct a given directory tree and files exactly as specified.
- Organize “mixed” files in current directory into folders by extension.
- Move selected files from `source` to `destination` based on name pattern (e.g. `imageXrgb.txt`).
- Remove duplicates in a directory using a helper script (`printdup.sh`) and lexicographic order.
- Implement “log rotation” pattern:
  - For a single file (`network.log.0` → `.1`, `.2`, ...) based on size using `du -b`.
  - For per-service logs using highest suffix logic and then making symlinks.

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## 3. `find`, `ls` and Permissions / Attributes

### Often examined concepts:

- Using `find` to:
  - list empty files, then print and remove them
  - filter by name patterns, extensions, size, type (file vs directory)
- Interpreting `ls -l` output (fields: permissions, size, date, filename)
- Summing file sizes with `awk` based on date ranges and size thresholds.

### Key subskills:

- Understanding permission strings and mapping to read/write/execute for user
  - Writing functions (like `perms`) that look only at *user* permissions
  - Filtering by month and day ranges in `ls -l` output.
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## 4. Text Processing with `grep`, `egrep`, `sed` and `awk`

This is the **single biggest cluster** for OPPE-2.

### 4.1 `grep` / `egrep` / `grep -oP`

**Important ideas:**

- Pattern extraction from log files:
  - Logins (`session opened for user ...`)
  - Failed/Successful logins
  - Filtering by date or word (`installed`, `not-installed`, `guest`, `su`)
- Using:
  - `grep`, `egrep`, `grep -o` to capture specific fields/words
  - `grep -v` to exclude lines

**Common tasks:**

- Extract list of unique users from auth logs (`sort -u`).
  - Extract a specific last/first match and then print subset of fields (`tail -n 1`, `awk '{print ...}'`).
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### 4.2 `sed` – Very High Priority

Papers repeatedly use `sed` for:

#### 1. Field and delimiter manipulation

- Swapping first and second fields with custom separators (`:` or spaces).
- Changing multi-space delimiters to include a pipe symbol.
- Converting CSV with quotes to TSV.

#### 2. Line-based editing

- Replacing `?` at end of line with `!`.
- Inserting or appending lines before/after certain patterns:

- Inserting headers/footers ( `CONFIDENTIAL` , copyright lines).
- Inserting separators every Nth line ( `#####` after every 5th or 10th line).
- Deleting specific lines (block separators, lines with certain patterns).

### 3. Pattern substitution / masking sensitive information

- Case-insensitive replacements (e.g., weekdays `sun` → `1` etc.).
- Matching and masking PAN-like IDs using complex regex.
- Replacing lines containing `Password` , `Address` , or all-digits with `REDACTED` .

### 4. Date and month manipulation

- Shifting dates across months (e.g., “July/August schedule shifted by +1 month, handling 31st specially”).
- Paying attention to replacement order.

### 5. Function boundary marking in shell code

- Detecting function definition lines by pattern and inserting:
  - `START FUNCTION` before
  - `END FUNCTION` after the closing `}` line
- Reusing this logic in multiple variants (single file, or all `.sh` files).

**Conclusion:** Master:

- `s///` substitutions (with flags: `g` , `I` , etc.)
  - Address ranges ( `FROM` , `TO` )
  - `i` , `a` , `c` commands (insert/append/change line)
  - Line numbering and conditional inserts ( `10i` , `10a` patterns, `~` addressing).
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## 4.3 `awk` – Very High Priority

Heavily used for:

### 1. CSV-like data processing

- Setting field separator `FS` to comma or space.
- Reading and grouping by keys (school code, department, year).
- Aggregations:
  - Count per group (e.g., students > 300 marks per school).
  - Min/Max per group (min leaves per department).
  - Global min / average with integer truncation.
- Output formats like:
  - `Schoolcode, count`
  - `departmentIDMINLEAVESTAKEN`

- `year averageLeaves`

## 2. EmployeeDetails patterns (repeated multiple times):

- Computing average leaves by birth year (1997–2000).
- Finding employees with minimum leaves.
- Printing female employees' email IDs from employee ID.

## 3. Text structure manipulation

- Swapping consecutive lines (keys and values).
- Swapping columns conditionally on NF (field count).
- Identifying unintentionally repeated words (case-insensitive, print in lowercase).

## 4. Log analysis

- Counting or summing over fields with date and size filters.
- Printing only roll numbers from marks CSV.
- Designing small `awk` scripts embedded in bash for scanning `.c` file line lengths.

Key techniques:

- `BEGIN` and `END` blocks.
  - Arrays for counting or tracking minima per key.
  - Checking `NF`, `length()`, `int()`.
  - Using `tolower()` for case-insensitive comparisons.
  - Maintaining per-record state (previous word/line etc.).
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## 5. Arrays and Command Line Arguments in Bash

Recurrent ideas:

- Arrays created by “suffix code” (you are given array `numberarr` and must iterate).
  - Summing specific positions (odd indices, etc.).
  - Distinguishing between:
    - Positional parameters `$1`, `$2`, ..., `$#`
    - Last argument  `${!#}` style (or `eval`/indirect reference trick) when writing custom logic.
  - Using `getopts` to parse options like `-l`, `-w`, `-n`, `-s str` and then:
    - Counting lines, words, numeric-only lines, and occurrences of a substring using `sed` rather than `wc / awk`.
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## 6. Logs and `dpkg.log` / `network.log` / `myauth.log`

These appear many times with variations:

- Extract installed package names on specific date with `grep`, `cut`, `sort` | `uniq`.
- Decide if a package is **still installed** based on the last `installed` / `not-installed` entry for that package in a date range.
- Rotate and rename network logs when size crosses threshold.
- Mine `myauth.log` for:
  - usernames for successful `su`
  - count or list of users with certain patterns
  - last guest login line, etc.

Important skills:

- Combining `grep/egrep` with `cut`, `awk`, `tail`, sorting.
  - Understanding log line structure (fields: date, time, status, package name).
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## 7. Exam-Style “Utility” Scripts

Frequently tested “classic” utilities you should be comfortable writing:

- **n-th line from a file** given `n` as variable (`head` + `tail`, or `sed -n "${n}p"`).
  - **Swapping contents of two files** with error handling:
    - Wrong number of arguments → specific error message and exit code.
    - Non-existent files → different code/message.
    - Non-writable files → different code.
  - **Checking / fixing execute permission** on a script before running and redirecting/appending output.
  - **Log rotation utilities** as mentioned.
  - Simple classification script reading a value and printing label (`PNUM`, `NNUM`, `STRING`, etc.).
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## 8. NPPE / Practice Question Patterns (What they Emphasize)

From the combined NPPE practice sets:

- `sed` for:
  - swapping uppercase/lowercase segments around `_`
  - selecting word ranges between markers ( `FROM` and `TO` )
  - editing functions with START-END markers
  - line counting and pattern counting instead of `wc`
- `awk` for:
  - repeated words
  - sums from CSV
  - min/max per grouping
  - employee leaves & emails (again)
- Bash for:
  - sums of CLI arguments with validation via regex
  - small utilities like max/min finder, prime checker
  - pattern-based log analysis

These confirm that if you are strong in `sed`, `awk`, **Bash loops/conditionals, file/log handling, and regex**, you cover the majority of OPPE questions.

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## How to Use This for Exam Prep

If time is short, prioritize in this order:

### 1. Sed mastery

Field swap, regex patterns (with `[]`, `\d` equivalents, quantifiers, `I` flag), `i/a/c`, line numbers and ranges.

### 2. Awk data processing

Grouping by keys, counting, min/max, averages, using arrays and `BEGIN/END` blocks.

### 3. Bash scripting basics & file handling

`read`, loops, conditions, arrays, `getopts`, permissions, directory and file manipulations.

### 4. Log and CSV style parsing using grep/sed/awk combinations

If you want, next step can be a concise **topic-wise checklist with 1–2 representative practice questions per topic** mapped specifically to your PDFs.

1. [https://ppl-ai-file-upload.s3.amazonaws.com/web/direct-files/attachments/50059553/123dcacc-203a-4585-9cfe-aacc28fa4408/OPPE-1-set-1-and-set-2-Q-sol\\_\\_2.pdf](https://ppl-ai-file-upload.s3.amazonaws.com/web/direct-files/attachments/50059553/123dcacc-203a-4585-9cfe-aacc28fa4408/OPPE-1-set-1-and-set-2-Q-sol__2.pdf)

2. <https://ppl-ai-file-upload.s3.amazonaws.com/web/direct-files/attachments/50059553/2a54939a-ec5e-4f28-963e-b602dfe41a45/OPPE-2-set-1-and-set-2-Q-sol.pdf>
3. <https://ppl-ai-file-upload.s3.amazonaws.com/web/direct-files/attachments/50059553/9939d479-e3bb-4c38-8da1-4265b05e611a/OPPE-2-ALL-NPPEs.pdf>
4. <https://ppl-ai-file-upload.s3.amazonaws.com/web/direct-files/attachments/50059553/d337adc9-740f-40b3-a801-1129467d336a/OPPE-2-Ans-Key.pdf>
5. <https://ppl-ai-file-upload.s3.amazonaws.com/web/direct-files/attachments/50059553/a15c938c-7533-412b-a25c-85bb4f126de8/SC-OPPE-22T1.pdf>