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**PSEUDOCODE FOR ALGORITHM 1:**

```
function minSwaps(row){
    n = length(row) / 2
    position = new vector array (size 2n)

    for i = 0 to 2n{
        position[row[i]] = i
    }

    swaps = 0

    for i = 0 to 2n(by increments of 2){
        currentPerson = row[i]
        partner = currentPerson XOR 1

        if row[i + 1] != partner{
            swaps += 1

            partnerPosition = position[partner]

            swap(row[i + 1], position[partner])

            position[row[partnerPosition]] = partnerPosition
            position[partner] = i + 1
        }
    }

    return swaps
}
```

**PROVING EFFICIENCY OF ALGORITHM 1 PSEUDOCODE**

```

function minSwaps(row){
    // constant time, so thus  $O(1)$ 
    n = length(row) / 2

    // time proportional to size of array, which is  $2n$ , so thus  $O(n)$ 
    position = new vector array (size  $2n$ )

    // since it runs to  $2n$ , it is  $O(n)$ 
    for i = 0 to  $2n$ {
        position[row[i]] = i
    }

    // constant time, so thus  $O(1)$ 
    swaps = 0

    // since it runs to  $2n$  and all within is constant time of  $O(1)$ , this loop is  $O(8n)$ 
    for i = 0 to  $2n$ (by increments of 2){

        // constant time,  $O(1)$ 
        currentPerson = row[i]

        // constant time,  $O(1)$ 
        partner = currentPerson XOR 1

        // constant time,  $O(1)$ 
        if row[i + 1] != partner{

            // constant time,  $O(1)$ 
            swaps += 1

            // constant time,  $O(1)$ 
            partnerPosition = position[partner]

            // constant time,  $O(1)$ 
            swap(row[i + 1], position[partner])

            // constant time,  $O(1)$ 
            position[row[partnerPosition]] = partnerPosition

            // constant time,  $O(1)$ 

```

```

        position[partner] = i + 1
    }
}

// constant time, O(1)
return swaps
}

```

Thus it seems that the pseudocode above for Algorithm 1 is  $O(8n) + O(n) + O(n) + O(3)$  which equals to  $O(10n + 3) = O(n)$

### PROOF BY LIMITS

$T(n) = 10n + 3 \in O(n)$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (T(n) / f(n)) \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} ((10n + 3) / (n)) \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} ((10n / n) + (3 / n)) \\
 &= 10 + 0 = 10
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus, since the limit is constant, it shows that  $T(n) \in O(n)$ , and thus by proof of limits,  $O(n)$  is the time complexity of the pseudocode written above.