Install Two-way Stop Controlled Intersections At Uncontrolled Intersections



A two-way stop-controlled (TWSC) intersection assigns stop control to traffic on the minor road while allowing traffic on the major road to proceed without stopping.

Implementation Strategy

How and Where to Apply

- Two-way stop control is typically applied at intersections where a local or minor road meets a highervolume road. It is most effective at low- to moderate-volume intersections where assigning rightof-way improves traffic operations and safety.
- This treatment is appropriate where sight distance is adequate for stopped vehicles to identify gaps in the major road traffic and where crash history or near-misses suggest a need for enhanced control.
- Two-way stops work well at lowvolume intersections to manage right-of-way but can cause delays and crashes on high-volume or multilane roads.

Use in a Safe System Approach TWSC intersections support the Safe System Approach by promoting crash prevention and shared responsibility, reducing uncertainty and angle crashes.

Key Stakeholders

State DOTs, MPOs, engineering consultants, law enforcement, community associations, safety advocacy groups.

Proactive Implementation

Agencies can proactively identify uncontrolled intersections for TWSC treatment through systemic safety analysis, community reports, and crash data. Candidate locations often include rural intersections. neighborhood streets, or locations with unclear right-of-way and frequent yielding conflicts.

Countermeasure Overview

Objective: Ensure that roadway design and traffic control elements support appropriate and safe speeds. **Strategy:** Provide intersection geometry and traffic control measures appropriate for roadway speed.

Targeted Solution



- High speed approach
- Failure to yield
- Right of way

Turning



- Angle
- Rear-end
- **ROAD FACILITY**
- Local



- Urban
- Suburban

Safety Linkage



Unsignalized Intersection



Safer Infrastructure SAFE SYSTEM **APPROACH**

Safe Roads

SAFE SYSTEM **ROADWAY DESIGN** TIER 1

TIER 2

Tier 3

Selected Related Countermeasures



Install STOP AHEAD Pavement Markings



Use Dynamic Warning Signs



Wider stop bar markings

Cost: \$\$\$ (Low) Service Life: 10 years **Benefit-Cost Ratio: 2.0:1**



Reduces all types of crashes and severities on urban and suburban undivided roads (CMF ID: 2716)

Resources

- MUTCD Chapter 2B: Regulatory Signs
- FHWA Unsignalized Intersection Improvement Guide
- NCHRP Report 600: Human Factors Guidelines for **Road Systems**



