

17 Note Do not add space b/w the property value and the unit

27 Colors

~~RGB~~ ~~HEX~~ ~~HSL~~ ~~RGBA~~ ~~HSLA~~ } values

RGB Color specified using formula \rightarrow $\text{rgb}(\text{Red}, \text{green}, \text{blue})$

Each ~~color~~ parameter defines
intensity of color b/w 0-255

eg 1

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
/* rgb */
eg1 {
  color: rgb(0, 255, 255); /* *R* default
                           *wrong syntax */
}
eg2 {
  color: rgb(0, 255, 7); /* *value change for green */
}
eg3 {
  color: rgb(255, 0, 0); /* *value change for red */
}
eg4 {
  color: rgb(0, 150, 7); /* *value change for green with
                           different values. */
}
eg5 {
  color: rgb(0, 0, 255); /* *value change for blue */
}
eg6 {
  color: rgb(0, 0, 255); /* *value change for blue */
}
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div class = "eg1">
  <p> This is the world of colors eg1 </p>
</div>
<div class = "eg2">

```

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`<p> This is the world of colors eg 2 </p>`

`</div>`

`<div class="eg3">`

`<p> This is the world of colors eg 3 </p>`

`</div>`

`<div class="eg4">`

`<p> This is the world of colors eg 4 </p>`

`</div>`

`<div class="eg5">`

`<p> This is the world of colors eg 5 </p>`

`</div>`

`<div class="eg6">`

`<p> This is the world of colors eg 6 </p>`

`</div>`

`</body>`

`</html>`

RGBA

Extension of RGB color values with an Alpha channel

Alpha - Specifies the opacity for a color

Syntax: `rgba (Red, green, blue, alpha)`

Alpha - It is $\frac{b}{w}$ $\begin{cases} 0.0 \text{ (Fully Transparent)} \\ 1.0 \text{ (Not Transparent at all)} \end{cases}$

eg 1 `<!DOCTYPE html>`

`<html>`

`<head>`

`<style>`

`/* rgba */`

`eg 1`

`color: rgba (Rred, Dgreen, Dblue, 0.0) /* By default, wrong syntax`

`;`

`alpha = 0.0 */`

eg 2

`color: rgba (Rred, Dgreen, Dblue, 1.0); /* By default, wrong syntax`

`alpha = 1.0 */`

eg 3

`color: rgba (0, 245, 7, 0.0);`

`/* Value change for green & alpha = 0.0 */`

eg 4

`color: rgba (0, 245, 7, 1.0);`

`/* Value change for green & alpha = 1.0 */`

`;`

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• eg5

color: rgba (red, purple, silver, 0.0);

}

/* Value change everything;
Wrong Syntax
alpha = 0.0 */

• eg6

color: rgba (red, purple, silver, 1.0);

/* Value change everything;
Wrong Syntax;
alpha = 1.0 */

• eg7

color: rgba (red, green, blue, alpha)

/* By default;
Wrong Syntax;
alpha = alpha */

}

</style>

</head>

<body>

<div class = "eg1" >

<p>This </p>

</div>

<div class = "eg2" >

<p>This </p>

</div>

<div class = "eg3" >

<p>This </p>

</div>

<div class = "eg4" >

<p>This </p>

</div>

<div class = "eg5" >

<p>This </p>

</div>

<div class = "eg6" >

<p>This </p>

</div>

<div class = "eg7" >

<p>This </p>

</div>

</body>

</html>

§2

Here

Specified with \rightarrow #RRGGBB
 Hexadecimal Integer \rightarrow Spectry component of color
 Where (rr (red) gg (green) bb (blue)) \rightarrow hexadecimal values
 RR - Red
 GG - green
 BB - Blue

eg

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <style>
      .eg1 {
        color: hex (#926565); /*wrong syntax*/
      }
      .eg2 {
        color: #926565;
      }
      .eg3 {
        color: #9265ff;
      }
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <div class="eg1">
      <p> This eg1 </p>
    </div>
    <div class="eg2">
      <p> This eg2 </p>
    </div>
    <div class="eg3">
      <p> This eg3 </p>
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
  
```

3 digit Here value

Shortand for some 6 digit hex code
 It has form \rightarrow #rgb ; values b/w 0 & 255

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```
!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
  eg1 {
    color: hex(##ffcc99); /* wrong syntax */
  }
  eg2 {
    color: □#fc9;
  }
  eg3 {
    color: hex(□#fc9); /* wrong syntax */
  }
</style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="eg1">
    <p> This eg1 </p>
  </div>
  <div class="eg2">
    <p> This eg2 </p>
  </div>
  <div class="eg3">
    <p> This eg3 </p>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

★ HSL → In the form: hsl(H, S, L)

★ H → Hue

★ S → Saturation

★ L → Lightness

Sl no	Name	Detail What it is	What it is
1	Hue	degree on color wheel from 0 to 360	0 → Red 120 → Green 240 → Blue
2	Saturation	percentage value	0% → Shades of grey 100% → Full color
3	Lightness	percentage	0% → Black 50% → neither Light or Dark 100% → white

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<style>

eg1

color: hsl(hue, saturation, lightness); /* default value; Error Syntax */

eg2

color: hsl(0, 0%, 0%); /* hue=0 saturation=0% lightness=0% */

}

eg3

color: hsl(120, 0%, 0%); /* hue=120 saturation=0% lightness=0% */

}

eg4

color: hsl(240, 0%, 0%); /* hue=240 saturation=0% lightness=0% */

}

eg5

color: hsl(360, 0%, 0%); /* hue=360 saturation=0% lightness=0% */

}

eg6

color: hsl(120, 100%, 80%); /* hue=120 saturation=100% lightness=80% */

}

Try to change the lightness value between 0 to 100%.

</style>

</head>

<body>

<p class="eg1">This is p1 </p>

<p class="eg2">This is p2 </p>

<p class="eg3">This is p3 </p>

<p class="eg4">This is p4 </p>

<p class="eg5">This is p5 </p>

<p class="eg6">This is p6 </p>

</body>

</html>

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→ HSLA

Extension of HSL color values with alpha channel.

form: hsla (hue, saturation, lightness, alpha)
Similar to ~~css~~ ^{rgba}.

Eg. 1. <doctype html>

<html>

<head>

<style>

eg1 {

Wrong

color: hsla (hue, saturation, lightness, alpha);

eg2 {

color: hsla(0, 0%, 0%, 0.0); /* Invisible */

eg3 {

color: hsla(0, 0%, 0%, 0.5);

eg4 {

color: hsla(120, 100%, 50%, 0.5);

}

</style>

</head>

<body>

<p class = "eg1"> This is p1 </p>

Default hsla ->

<p class = "eg2"> This is p2 </p>

<p class = "eg3"> This is p3 </p>

<p class = "eg4"> This is p4 </p>

</body>

</html>