# <u>Spring Boot – Adding Pagination And Sorting In Home Page Continues</u>

### **Updated SeedData.java**

```
package org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.config;
import java.time.LocalDate;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Set;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.boot.CommandLineRunner;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.models.Account;
import org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.models.Authority;
import org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.models.Post;
import org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.services.AccountService;
import org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.services.AuthorityService;
import org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.services.PostService;
import org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.util.constants.Privillages;
import org.studyeasy.SpringBlog.util.constants.Roles;
@Component
public class SeedData implements CommandLineRunner{
    @Autowired
    private PostService postService;
    @Autowired
    private AccountService accountService;
    @Autowired
    private AuthorityService authorityService;
    @Override
    public void run(String... args) throws Exception {
       for(Privillages auth: Privillages.values()){
            Authority authority = new Authority();
            authority.setId(auth.getId());
            authority.setName(auth.getPrivillage());
            authorityService.save(authority);
```

```
Account account(01 = new Account();
Account account02 = new Account();
Account account03 = new Account();
Account account04 = new Account();
account01.setEmail("user@user.com");
account01.setPassword("pass987");
account01.setFirstname("User");
account01.setLastname("lastname");
account01.setAge(25);
account01.setDate of birth(LocalDate.parse("1990-01-01"));
account01.setGender("Male");
account02.setEmail("admin@studyeasy.org");
account02.setPassword("pass987");
account02.setFirstname("Admin");
account02.setLastname("lastname");
account02.setRole(Roles.ADMIN.getRole());
account02.setAge(25);
account02.setDate of birth(LocalDate.parse("1990-01-01"));
account02.setGender("Famale");
account03.setEmail("editor@editor.com");
account03.setPassword("pass987");
account03.setFirstname("Editor");
account03.setLastname("lastname");
account03.setRole(Roles.EDITOR.getRole());
account03.setAge(55);
account03.setDate of birth(LocalDate.parse("1975-01-01"));
account03.setGender("Male");
account04.setEmail("super editor@editor.com");
account04.setPassword("pass987");
account04.setFirstname("Editor");
account04.setLastname("lastname");
account04.setRole(Roles.EDITOR.getRole());
account04.setAge(40);
account04.setDate_of_birth(LocalDate.parse("1980-01-01"));
account04.setGender("Female");
Set<Authority> authorities = new HashSet<>();
```

```
authorityService.findById(Privillages.ACCESS ADMIN PANEL.getId()).ifPresen
t(authorities::add);
       authorityService.findById(Privillages.RESET ANY USER PASSWORD.getId()).ifP
resent(authorities::add);
       account04.setAuthorities(authorities);
       accountService.save(account01);
       accountService.save(account02);
       accountService.save(account03);
       accountService.save(account04);
       List<Post> posts = postService.findAll();
       if (posts.size() == 0){
            Post post01 = new Post();
            post01.setTitle("About Git");
            post01.setBody("""
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changes in any set of files, usually used for coordinating work among programmers
collaboratively developing source code during software development. Its goals
include speed, data integrity, and support for distributed, non-linear workflows
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server systems, every Git directory on every computer is a full-fledged
repository with complete history and full version-tracking abilities, independent
of network access or a central server.[13] Git is free and open-source software
distributed under the GPL-2.0-only license.
            post01.setAccount(account01);
            postService.save(post01);
            Post post02 = new Post();
            post02.setTitle("Spring Boot Model-view-controller framework");
            post02.setBody("""
              <h3><strong>Model-view-controller framework</strong></h3>
              <a
href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Spring5JuergenHoeller2.jpg"><img
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```

```
ler2.jpg/220px-Spring5JuergenHoeller2.jpg" alt=""
srcset="//upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/7/7b/Spring5JuergenHoeller
2.jpg/330px-Spring5JuergenHoeller2.jpg 1.5x,
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particular, they felt there was insufficient separation between the presentation
and request handling layers, and between the request handling layer and the
model.<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spring Framework#cite note-
22">[22]</a>Like Struts, Spring MVC is a request-based framework. The
framework defines <a
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all of the responsibilities that must be handled by a modern request-based
framework. The goal of each interface is to be simple and clear so that it's easy
for Spring MVC users to write their own implementations, if they so choose. MVC
paves the way for cleaner front end code. All interfaces are tightly coupled to
the <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_Servlet">Servlet API</a>. This
tight coupling to the Servlet API is seen by some as a failure on the part of the
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will map the http request to corresponding methods. It acts as a gate that
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view.HandlerAdapter: execution of objects that handle incoming
requestsHandlerInterceptor: interception of incoming requests
```

comparable, but not equal to Servlet filters (use is optional and not controlled by DispatcherServlet).
//li>

HandlerMapping: selecting objects that handle incoming requests (handlers) based on any attribute or condition internal or external to those requests
//li>

//li>

LocaleResolver: resolving and optionally saving of the <a</pre>

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```
""");
post02.setAccount(account02);
postService.save(post02);

Post post03 = new Post();
post03.setTitle("third post");
post03.setBody("""
```

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```
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            postService.save(post03);
            Post post04 = new Post();
            post04.setTitle("Fouth post");
            post04.setBody("""
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           """);
```

post04.setAccount(account02);
postService.save(post04);

```
Post post05 = new Post();
            post05.setTitle("Fifth post");
            post05.setBody("""
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            post05.setAccount(account01);
            postService.save(post05);
            Post post06 = new Post();
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implementations, Spring MVC ships with implementations of all these interfaces
```

## In PostService.java

```
public List<Post> getAll(){
    return postRepository.findAll();
}
```

### **Change to**

```
public List<Post> findAll(){
    return postRepository.findAll();
}
```

## In HomeController.java

```
@GetMapping("/")
    public String home(Model model){
        List<Post> posts = postService.getAll();
        model.addAttribute("posts", posts);
        return "home_views/home";
    }
```

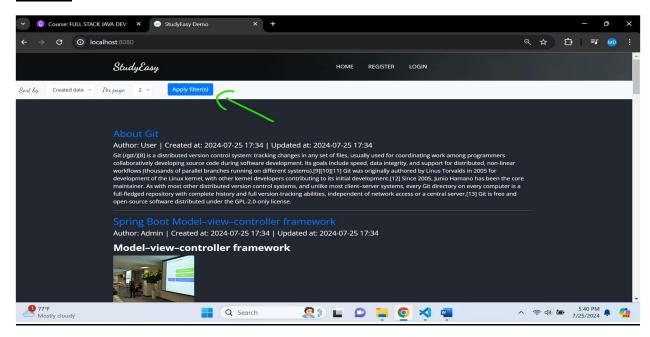
## **Change to**

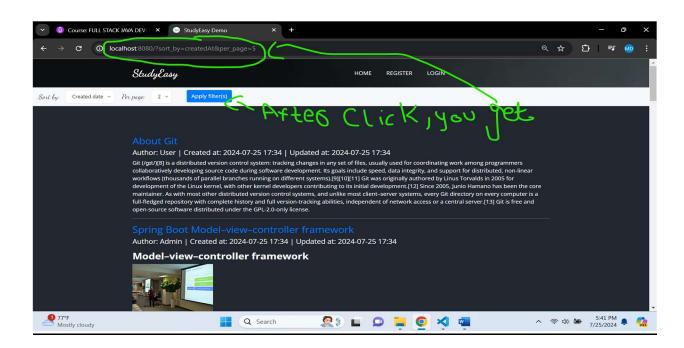
```
@GetMapping("/")
    public String home(Model model){
        List<Post> posts = postService.findAll();
        model.addAttribute("posts", posts);
        return "home_views/home";
    }
```

### In home.html -> Modify code -> add below code

```
<!-- about section - added code - navbar -->
 <form action="/" , method="get">
   <nav class="navbar navbar-expand-lg navbar-light bg-light">
    <span class="navbar-brand">Sort by: </span>
    <div class="dropdown">
         <select class="form-select" aria-label="Default select example"</pre>
name="sort by">
           <option value="createdAt">Created date</option>
           <option value="updatedAt">Updated date</option>
         </select>
        </div>
      <span class="navbar-brand">Per page: </span>
      <div class="dropdown">
           <select class="form-select" aria-label="Default select example"</pre>
name="per page">
            <option selected value="2">2</option>
            <option value="5">5</option>
            <option value="10">10</option>
            <option value="15">15</option>
           </select>
         </div>
        <div class="input-group-prepend">
           <button class="btn btn-primary" type="submit"</pre>
id="dropdownMenuButton">
            Apply filter(s)
          </button>
```

#### **Output**





### Overloading findAll() to get data for the paginated data in PostService.java

Offset – It means which page we are in.

PageSize – How many records there should be in particular page.

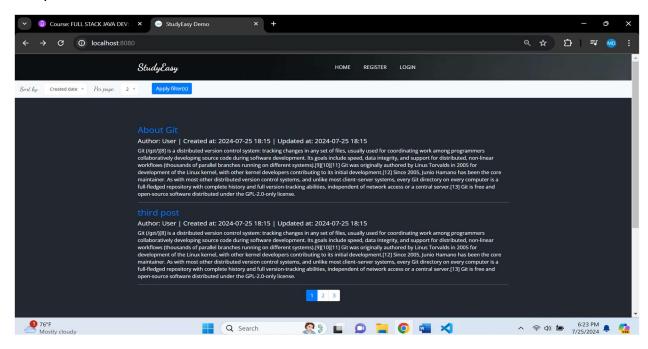
```
//Paginated Page Service
public Page<Post> findAll(int offset, int pageSize, String field){
  return postRepository.findAll(PageRequest.of(offset,
pageSize).withSort(Direction.ASC, field));
}
```

### Updated HomeController -> home()

```
@GetMapping("/")
   public String home(Model model, @RequestParam(required = false, name =
sort by", defaultValue = "createdAt") String sort_by,
     @RequestParam(required = false, name="per_page", defaultValue = "2") String
per_page,
     @RequestParam(required = false, name="page", defaultValue = "1") String
page
   ) {
        Page<Post> posts_on_page = postService.findAll(Integer.parseInt(page)-1,
Integer.parseInt(per page), sort by);
        int total_pages = posts_on_page.getTotalPages();
        List<Integer> pages = new ArrayList<>();
        if (total_pages > 0){
            pages = IntStream.rangeClosed(0, total_pages-1)
            .boxed().collect(Collectors.toList());
        List<String> links = new ArrayList<>();
        if(pages != null){
            for(int link : pages){
                String active = "";
                if(link == posts on page.getNumber()){
                    active = "active";
                String _temp_link =
 /?per page="+per page+"&page="+(link+1)+"&sort by="+sort by;
```

#### Add this code in home.html

#### Output



Status: working; Output: success