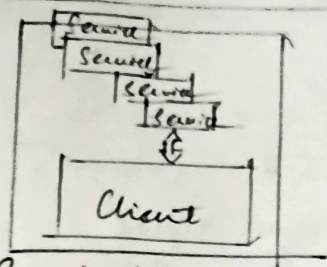


Introduction To Web Services



Standard Application

(1) Monolithic Application

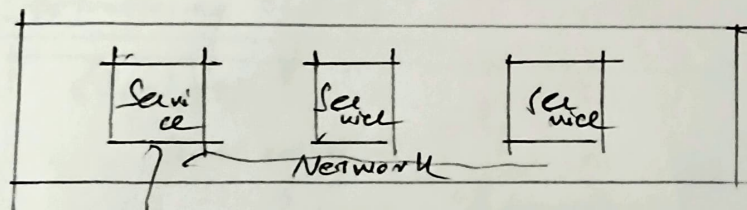
When everything is in one place all services (frontend, backend and etc) is clubbed together at one place.

It is kind of ; Not Scalable.

(2) Scalable

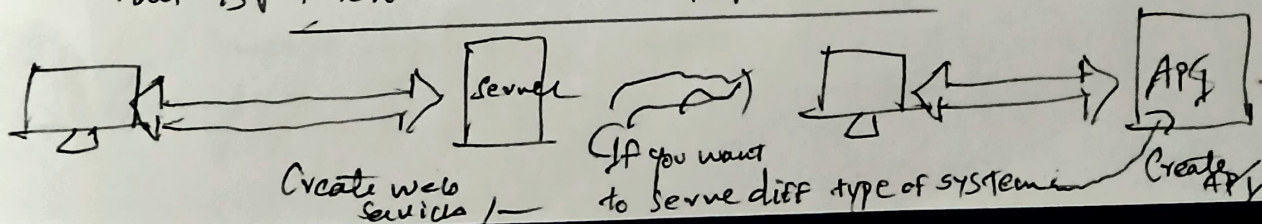
1) Create different type of services - These services available on U/W or independent as well. When we want to use it the client can consume these services. This Architecture is Web Services.

diff System
→ U/W

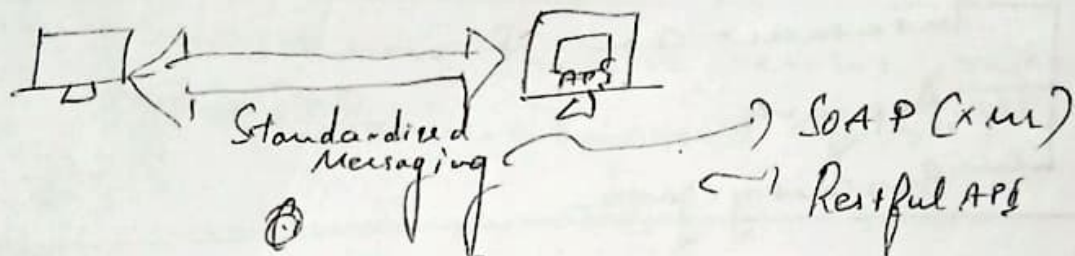


Independent

1) One of the service not available, your entire application will not go down because only one part is not working. The rest of app should work. This is Micro Service Based Architecture.



- 1) If you expose API \rightarrow API's consumed by front end devices
- 1) Frontend can utilize \rightarrow data \rightarrow based on req.



- 1) When it comes to rest \rightarrow It is HTTP Protocol / Response codes.

~) HTTP Methods $\begin{matrix} \text{Get} \\ \text{Post} \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} \text{Put} \\ \text{Delete} \end{matrix}$

~) HTTP Status code $\begin{matrix} 200 \text{ --- OK} \\ 404 \text{ --- Not Found} \\ 500 \text{ --- Internal Server error} \end{matrix}$

$\left. \begin{matrix} \end{matrix} \right\}$
fall by pattern

~) 1xx Informational

~) 4xx ~) Client error

~) 2xx Success full

~) 5xx ~) Server error

~) 3xx Redirection

~) Link Based URL

~) Travel.com/cities

~) Noón (Pionat forum)

~) All cities

~) Filter Based URL

~) Travel.com/cities/startswith=m

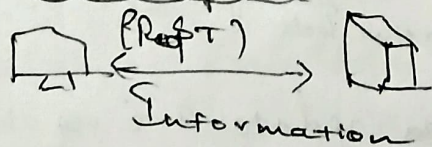
~) Travel.com/cities/offset=25&limit=50

~) URL Relationships

~) Travel.com/countries/india/cities

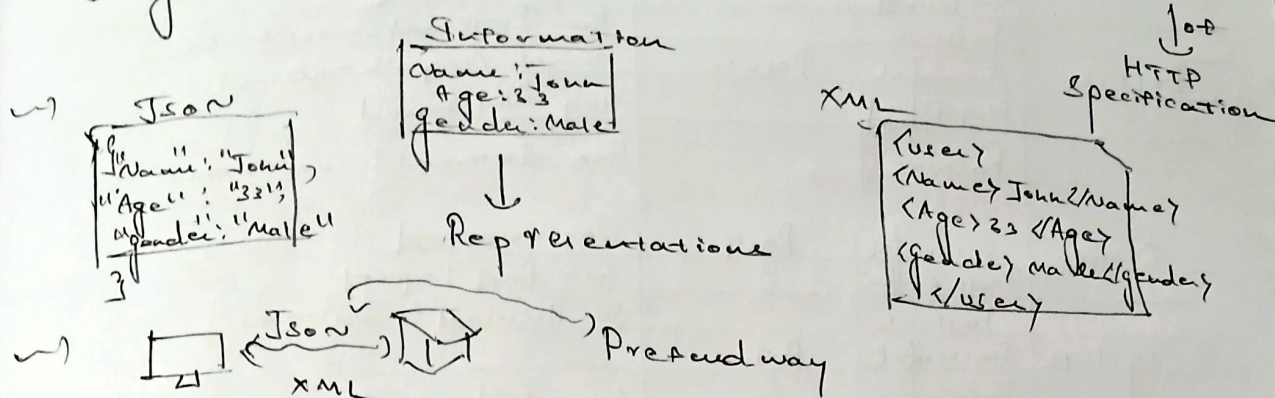
~) Travel.com/countries/india/cities/{id}

~) Rest response

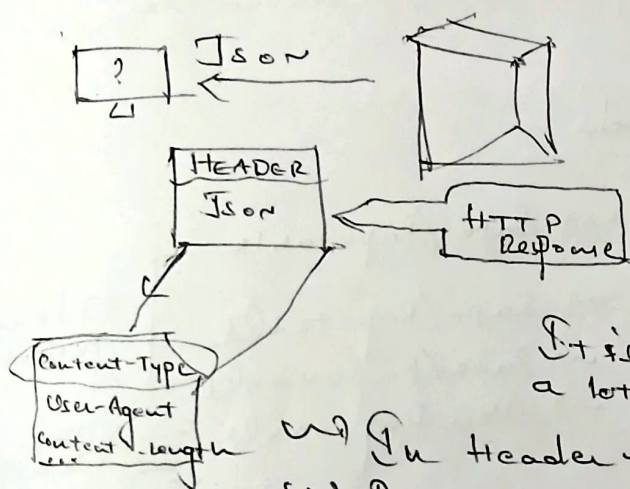


~) REST \rightarrow Representational State Transfer

- 1) Introduced / defined → 2000
→ Roy Fielding (among principal authors)
- 2) Design → Based on HTTP 1.0



- 3) How both client / server communicate with JSON?



- First understand → HTTP Response
- Apart from the data itself we also send Header

Header

It is important because header can store a lot of info.

- In Header → couple of things
- Preface → JSON.

- Tokens → Authentication / Authorization takes place
- It can be transferred using headers as well

- Status Code → Communication purpose.

Status codes

5xx (Server Error)

Type of code

- 4xx → 403 → Forbidden
- 404 → Not found
- 5xx → 500 → Internal Server Error
- 503 → Service Unavailable

- 1xx → 100 → Continue
- 102 → Processing

- 2xx → 200 → OK
- 201 → Created

- 3xx → 301 → Moved Permanently
- 304 → Not Modified.

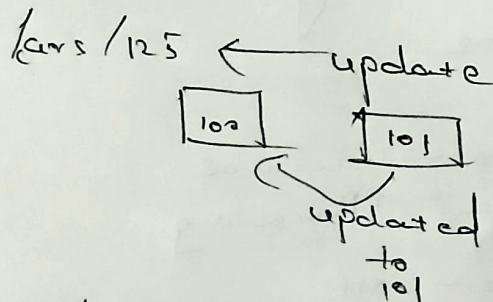
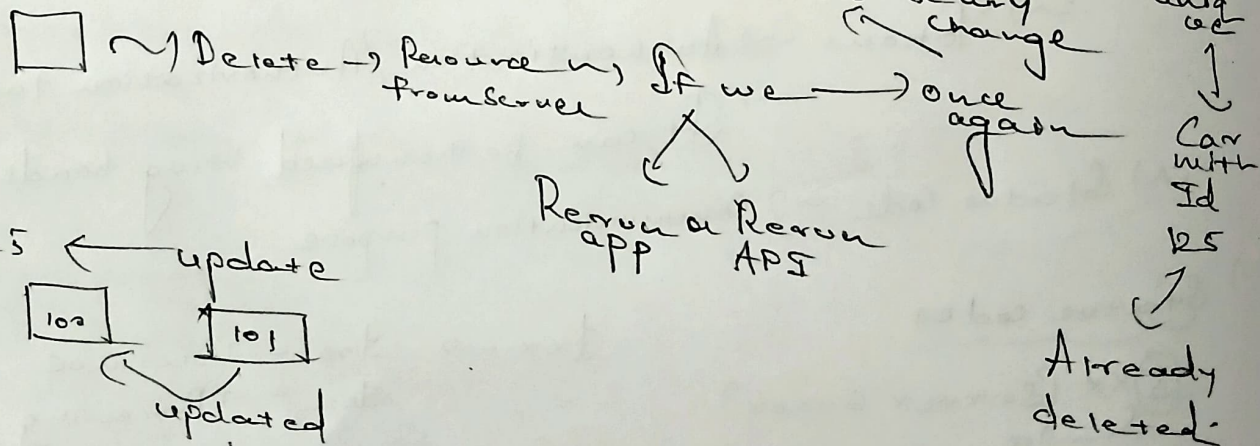
Operation	Status	Method	Code
READ	Successful	GET	200 OK
	Not Found		404 Not Found
	Failure		500 Internal Server Error
DELETE	Successful	DELETE	200 OK / 204 No content
	Not Found		404 Not Found
	Failure		500 Internal Server Error
Create	Successful	POST	201 Created
	Data error		400 Bad Request
	Failure		500 Internal Server Error
Update	Successful	PUT	200
	Data error		404 Bad request
	Not Found		404 Not Found
	Failure		500 Internal Server Error

Idempotence of HTTP Methods

GET → Read → READ → Safe / Repetable
 DELETE → Delete → write → Safe / Repetable
 PUT → update → write → Safe / Repetable
 POST → Create → write → Non Repetable

Safe / Repetable → Idempotent
 Non Repetable → Not Idempotent

/cars/125 ← Delete

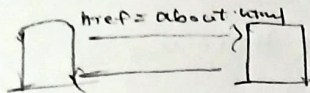


/cars ← create → It will create same resource (duplicate)

1) HATaaS → Hypermedia as the Engine of Application State

2) Hypermedia is extension of hypertext

3) responses → contain



link → other Block of Media

Text that contains links to other blocks of text.

including { Text → video
Audio → still/
Image → Moving
Graphics

4) So AP → Service Specification required
→ WSDL

5) REST → SS is optional

→ Collection → Array of Links

→ Hypermedia → Derive app.

```
{
  "id": 1,
  "name": "John",
  "links": [
    {
      "rel": "self",
      "href": "/users/1"
    },
    {
      "rel": "employee",
      "href": "/users/1/employee"
    },
    {
      "rel": "contact",
      "href": "/users/1/contact"
    },
    {
      "rel": "projects",
      "href": "/employers/empId3/projects"
    }
  ]
}
```

Richardson Maturity Model

Level 0: → Not a RESTful API

Not use URI
→ HTTP Methods
→ HATEOAS

Level 1: → Multiple URI
and single verb

use (Single URI)
→ Single HTTP Method
→ SOAP Based Payloads

Eg: `http://Showroom/manage`

based on plain old XML (POX)

URI based on resource

Verbs → HTTP Methods

Put → Post
get → delete

Single action performed

Level 2: → Multiple URI & Multiple verbs

Level 3: URI, HATEOAS, HTTP