

(a) Promoting collaboration and partnerships among local, state, regional, tribal and federal governments and private individuals and organizations;

(b) Establishing clear, technically defensible, practicable and achievable recovery and restoration objectives;

(c) Assessing the conditions in each watershed to determine the quality of the existing environment, to identify the causes for declines in habitat, fish and wildlife populations and water quality, and to assist with the development of locally integrated action plans for watersheds that will achieve agreed-upon protection and restoration objectives;

(d) Coordinating implementation of integrated watershed action plans;

(e) Monitoring and ensuring implementation of the integrated watershed action plans using adaptive management to make appropriate changes in action plans and goals as needed; and

(f) Establishing funding priorities across basins based on the value of programs and projects for watershed and habitat recovery.

(3) It is the policy of the State of Oregon that:

(a) Voluntary programs initiated at the local level to protect and enhance the quality and stability of watersheds are a high priority of the state and should be encouraged;

(b) State agencies are encouraged to respond cooperatively to local watershed protection and enhancement efforts and coordinate their respective activities with other state agencies and affected local, regional, tribal and federal governments and private landowners to the greatest degree practicable; and

(c) State agencies responding to local watershed protection and enhancement efforts are encouraged to foster local watershed planning, protection and enhancement efforts before initiating respective action within a watershed. [Formerly 541.353]

Note: See note under 541.890.

541.898 Oregon Plan described; goals; elements; Governor to negotiate with federal government. (1) As used in this section when referring to salmonid recovery:

(a) "Listed unit" means one population or a group of populations of a species, such as an evolutionarily significant unit, that has been listed as threatened or endangered under the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-205), as amended, or under ORS 496.171 to 496.192.

(b) "Native fish" means a fish indigenous to Oregon and not introduced. Naturally

produced fish and hatchery produced fish are both native fish if the fish are indigenous to Oregon and not introduced.

(c) "Naturally produced" means a fish that reproduces and completes its full life cycle in its natural habitat. Naturally produced progeny of hatchery fish are naturally produced.

(d) "Population" means a group of fish that:

(A) Originates and reproduces in a particular area at a particular time;

(B) Does not interbreed to any substantial degree with any other group reproducing in a different area or in the same area at a different time; and

(C) Is composed of naturally produced fish, hatchery produced fish or a combination of both.

(e) "Recovery" means that a proportion of the constituent populations of naturally produced native fish belonging to a listed unit are sufficiently abundant, productive and diverse in life histories and distribution such that the listed unit as a whole is likely to be self-sustaining into the foreseeable future.

(f) "Self-sustaining" means having a sufficient proportion and distribution of constituent populations:

(A) Likely to survive prolonged periods of habitat, oceanic, climatic and environmental conditions that are detrimental to a population; and

(B) Having habitat of sufficient quality and quantity likely to provide survival rates adequate to maintain associated ecological, cultural and economic benefits.

(2) The Legislative Assembly finds that the efforts of many Oregonians have resulted in the creation of the Oregon Plan, and recognizes that the Oregon Plan is guided by the following mission and goals:

(a) The mission of the Oregon Plan is to restore the watersheds of Oregon and to recover the fish and wildlife populations of those watersheds to productive and sustainable levels in a manner that provides substantial ecological, cultural and economic benefits.

(b) The goals of the Oregon Plan that guide the citizens of Oregon in achieving the mission of the Oregon Plan are the:

(A) Establishment and maintenance of an infrastructure that provides long-term continuity in leadership, direction and oversight of watershed restoration and species recovery.

(B) Continued opportunity for a wide range of natural resource uses that are con-