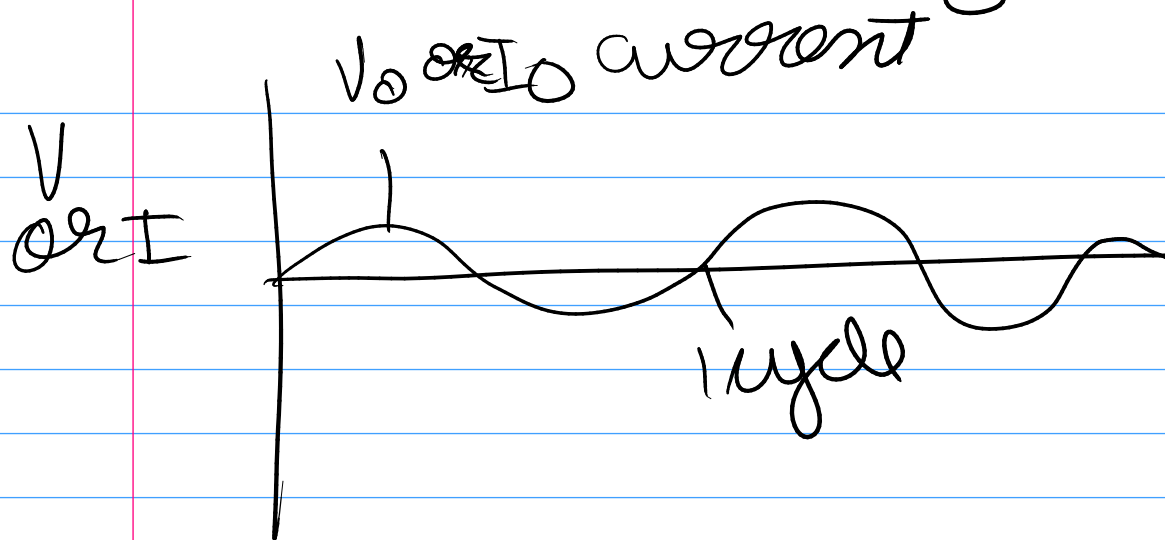


Alternating



Time Period (T) \rightarrow The time taken for voltage or current to complete one cycle

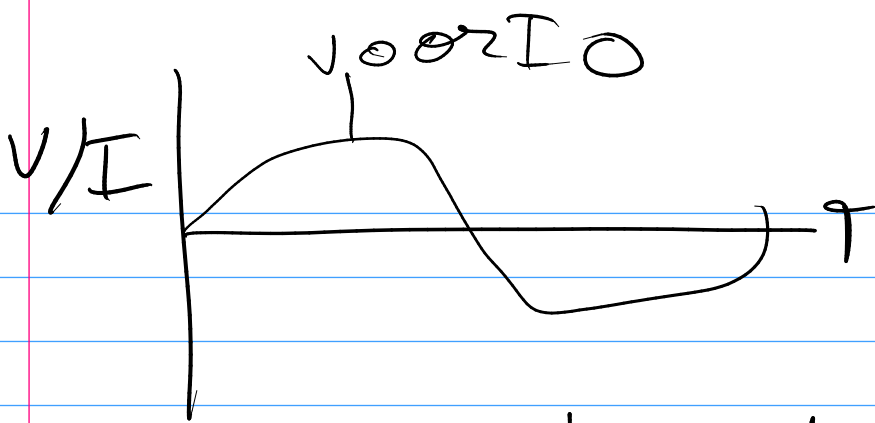
frequency (f) \rightarrow The number of cycles per second performed by voltage or current.

peak value \rightarrow The maximum value of the current or the voltage in one cycle. It has got a +ve or -ve value.

If x_0 is the peak value of I or V then the instantaneous value (x) at any time (t) is given by

$$x = x_0 \sin(\omega t)$$

sinusoidal A.C Voltage



$$I_{RMS} = \frac{I_0}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$V_{RMS} = \frac{V_0}{\sqrt{2}}$$

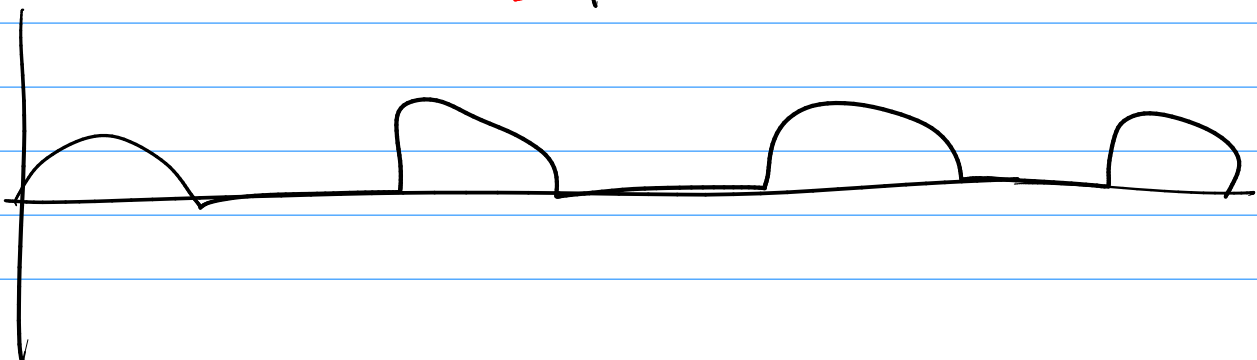
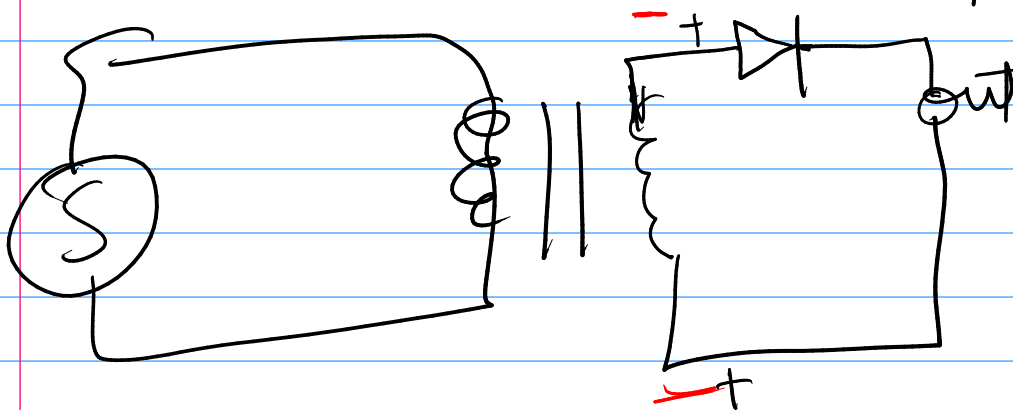
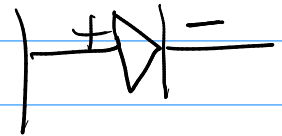
$$P_{max} = I_0 V_0$$

$$P_{mean} = \frac{I_0 V_0}{\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \frac{I_0 V_0}{2}$$

$$= \frac{P_{max}}{2}$$

Half wave Rectifier



Full wave Rectifier (Bridge Rectifier)

