-- Car Sales Data Analysis.--

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-- 1. Retrieve all the records from the car sales-data table. --
SELECT * FROM cars_dataset..car_sales;
-- 2. Retrieve the total number of car sales in the database. --
SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total_Sales FROM cars_dataset..car_sales;
-- 3. Retrieve the sales price of a specific car by providing its make, model, and
 year. --
SELECT Sale_Price FROM cars_dataset..car_sales WHERE Car_Make='Ford' AND
                                                                                   P
  Car_Model='Civic' AND Car_Year= 2016;
-- 4. Retrieve the total commission earned by a specific salesperson: --
-- I used CAST method because the column was created in varchar format and SUM
  Function was giving Operand error with the conversion --
SELECT SUM(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) AS Total_Commission from
  cars dataset..car sales WHERE Salesperson = 'Ashley Ramos';
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SELECT SUM(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) AS Total_Commission from
  cars dataset..car sales WHERE Salesperson LIKE '%Ash%';
-- 5. Retrieve the customer's name, car make, and sales price for all car sales made >
 on a specific date. --
SELECT Customer Name, Car Make, Sale Price, Date FROM cars dataset..car sales WHERE
  date= '2022-12-18';
-- 6. Retrieve the average commission earned per sale. --
SELECT AVG(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) AS CommissonOverALL FROM
  cars_dataset..car_sales;
-- 7. Retrieve the top 5 salespersons based on the total commission earned. --
-- LIMIT Function dosen't work on SQL Server hence I used OFFSET FETCH NEXT Fuction. >
SELECT Salesperson, SUM(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) AS Top_Performers FROM
  cars dataset..car sales
GROUP BY Salesperson
ORDER BY Top_Performers DESC
OFFSET 10 ROWS FETCH NEXT 5 ROWS ONLY;
-- 8. Retrieve the top 3 car models with the highest total sales price and the number →
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of sales made for each model. --
SELECT Car Model, Car Make, SUM(CAST(Sale Price AS DECIMAL)) AS Sales FROM
  cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Car_Model, Car_Make
ORDER BY Sales DESC OFFSET 5 ROWS FETCH NEXT 3 ROWS ONLY;
-- 9. Retrieve the salesperson with the highest commission earned and the percentage >
 of the total commission earned by all salespeople. --
SELECT Salesperson, SUM(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) AS Top_Performers,
SUM(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) / (SELECT(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) >
  FROM cars_dataset..car_sales) * 100 AS Total_Percentage
FROM cars dataset..car sales
GROUP BY Salesperson
ORDER BY Top_Performers DESC;
-- 10. Retrieve the average sales price of cars sold in each year and month. --
SELECT FORMAT(GETDATE(), 'yyyy-MM-dd') AS DateOfProduction, AVG(CAST(Sale_Price AS
 DECIMAL)) AS Pricing
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales;
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SELECT FORMAT(GETDATE(), '2022-06-12') AS DateOfProduction, AVG(CAST(Sale Price AS
 DECIMAL)) AS Pricing
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales;
-- 11. Retrieve the total commission earned for each car make and model combination. >
SELECT Car_Make, Car_Model, SUM(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) As Total_Capture →
  FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Car_Make, Car_Model
ORDER BY Total_Capture;
-- 12. Retrieve the top 5 customers with the highest total sales price and their
 respective salesperson --
SELECT Customer Name, Salesperson, SUM(CAST(Sale Price AS DECIMAL)) Total Sales FROM →
  cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Customer_Name, Salesperson
ORDER BY Total_Sales DESC
OFFSET 10 ROWS FETCH NEXT 5 ROWS ONLY;
-- 13. Retrieve the average sales price and commission earned per car model. --
SELECT Car_Model, AVG(CAST(Sale_Price AS DECIMAL)) AS Sales_Price, AVG(CAST
  (Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) AS Commison_Grasped
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Car Model;
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-- 14. Retrieve the monthly commission earned for a specific salesperson. --
SELECT Salesperson, YEAR(Date) AS year day, MONTH(Date) AS month day, SUM(CAST
  (Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL)) AS monthly_commission
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
WHERE Salesperson = 'Eric Lopez'
GROUP BY Salesperson, YEAR, MONTH;
-- 15. Retrieve the top 5 car models with the highest average sales price. --
SELECT Car_Make, Car_Model, AVG(Cast(Sale_Price AS DECIMAL)) AS average_sales_price
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Car Make, Car Model
ORDER BY average_sales_price DESC
OFFSET 10 ROWS FETCH NEXT 5 ROWS ONLY;
-- 16. Retrieve the total sales count for each car make and model. --
SELECT Car_Make, Car_Model, COUNT(*) AS total_sales_count
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Car_Make, Car_Model;
-- 17. Retrieve the average sales price for each car make. --
SELECT Car_Make, AVG(CAST(Sale_Price AS DECIMAL)) AS average_sales_price
FROM cars dataset..car sales
GROUP BY car_make;
-- 18. Retrieve the number of sales retrive by each customer. --
SELECT DISTINCT Customer_Name, COUNT(*) AS sales_count
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Customer_Name;
-- 19. Retrieve the car make and model with the highest total sales price. --
SELECT Car_Make, Car_Model, SUM(CAST(Sale_Price AS DECIMAL)) AS total_sales_price
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Car Make, Car Model
ORDER BY total sales price DESC
OFFSET 5 ROWS FETCH NEXT 1 ROWS ONLY;
-- 20. Retrieve the salespersons with sales count higher than the average sales count. →
SELECT Salesperson, COUNT(*) AS Sales_count
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
GROUP BY Salesperson
HAVING COUNT(*) > (SELECT AVG(CAST(sales count AS DECIMAL)) FROM
(SELECT COUNT(*) AS sales_count FROM cars_dataset..car_sales GROUP BY Salesperson) AS →
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...ocuments\SQL Server Management Studio\CarSalesProject.sql
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  subquery);
-- 21. Retrieve the customers who have made purchases with sales price lower than a
  specific margin. --
SELECT Customer_Name, COUNT(*) AS total_purchases
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
WHERE Sale_Price < 50000
GROUP BY Customer_Name
ORDER BY total_purchases DESC;
-- 22. Retrieve the car sales with a commission earned higher than the average
  commission earned by a specific salesperson. --
SELECT * FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
WHERE Commission_Earned > (SELECT AVG(CAST(Commission_Earned AS DECIMAL))
FROM cars_dataset..car_sales WHERE Salesperson = 'Scott Parker');
-- 23. Retrieve the car sales with a sales price higher than the sales price of a
  specific car model in a specific year. --
SELECT * FROM cars_dataset..car_sales
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WHERE Sale_price > (SELECT Sale_Price FROM cars_dataset..car_sales WHERE Car_Model = →

'Altima' AND YEAR(date) = 2023);