

System of linear equations (Cramer's rule):

(i) If $\Delta \neq 0$, system of equation is consistent and has unique solution

If at least one of $\Delta_x, \Delta_y, \Delta_z \neq 0$
Unique non-trivial solution.

If all $\Delta_x, \Delta_y, \Delta_z = 0$

Unique trivial solution.

(ii) If $\Delta = \Delta_x = \Delta_y = \Delta_z = 0$, system of equation has infinite solution.

Example:

$$x + 2y + z = 1$$

$$2x + 4y + 2z = 2$$

$$4x + 8y + 4z = 4$$

Infinite solution