

Properties of transpose of a matrix:



- \square For a matrix $A = [a_{ij}]_{m \times n}$, (A')' = A
- □ Let k is a scalar and A is a matrix. Then (kA)' = kA'
- Let $A = [a_{ij}]_{m \times p}$ & $B = [b_{ij}]_{p \times n}$, then (AB)' = B'A'