

Key Takeaways

Inverse of a matrix (Reciprocal matrix)

- If A, B are square matrices of order n and $|A| \neq 0$,

$AB = I_n = BA$, then B is multiplicative inverse of A i.e. $B = A^{-1}$

$$\Rightarrow AA^{-1} = I = A^{-1}A$$

To find inverse of a matrix :

We know , $A \operatorname{adj}(A) = |A|I_n = \operatorname{adj} A \cdot A$

$$\Rightarrow A \cdot \left(\frac{\operatorname{adj} A}{|A|} \right) = I_n = \left(\frac{\operatorname{adj} A}{|A|} \right) \cdot A$$

$$\Rightarrow A \cdot A^{-1} = I_n = A^{-1} \cdot A \Rightarrow A^{-1} = \frac{\operatorname{adj}(A)}{|A|}$$

Note: For a matrix to be invertible, it must be non – singular .