



The number of values of  $k$ , for which the system of equations :  
 $(k + 1)x + 8y = 4k$  ;  $kx + (k + 3)y = 3k - 1$ , has no solution, is :

Solution: 
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} (k + 1)x + 8y = 4k \\ kx + (k + 3)y = 3k - 1 \end{array} \right\} \text{no solution}$$

For no solution :  $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} \neq \frac{c_1}{c_2}$

$$\frac{k+1}{k} = \frac{8}{k+3} \neq \frac{4k}{3k-1}$$

$$\frac{k+1}{k} = \frac{8}{k+3} \Rightarrow k = 1, 3$$

For  $k = 1$   $\frac{8}{1+3} = \frac{4 \times 1}{3 \times 1 - 1}$  (not possible)

For  $k = 3$   $\frac{8}{3+3} \neq \frac{4 \times 3}{3 \times 3 - 1}$  (possible)

A

Infinite

B

1

C

2

D

3