





Solution: Given: A and B are symmetric.

Then, 
$$A^T = A$$
 and  $B^T = B$ 

$$XY^T = (AB + BA)(AB - BA)^T$$

$$= (AB + BA)((AB)^T - (BA)^T)$$

$$= (AB + BA)(B^TA^T - A^TB^T)$$

$$= (AB + BA)(BA - AB)$$

$$=-(AB+BA)(AB-BA)$$

$$=-XY$$

$$\therefore XY^T = -XY$$



XY



YX



-XY



None of these