

# Super Resolution WGAN Model for Low Resolution Images & GIFs

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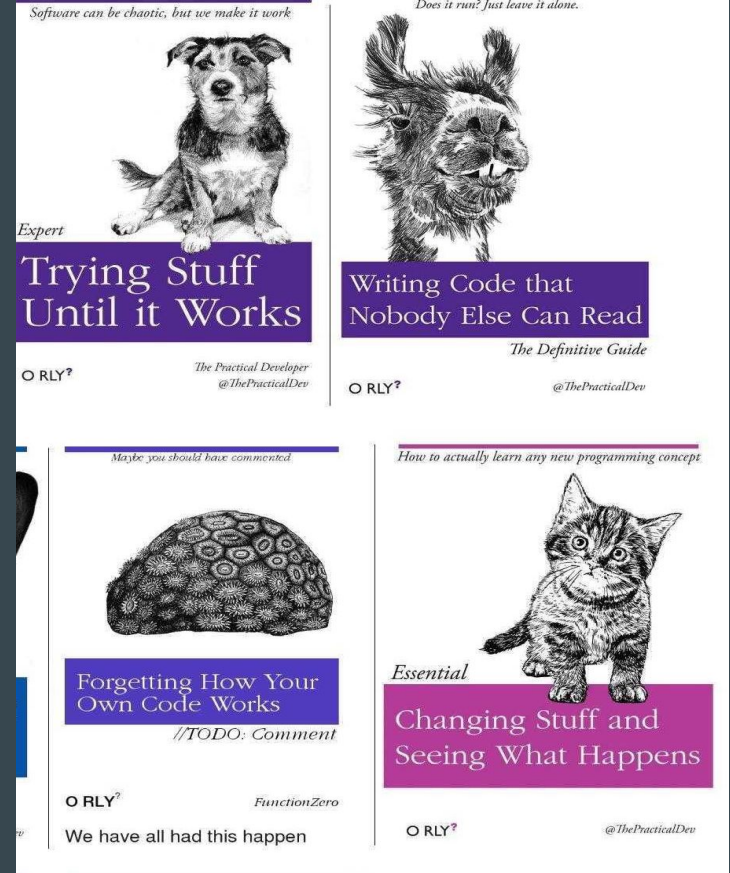
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# Everyone be like:



# Def not us:



# Introduction and Aim of the Project

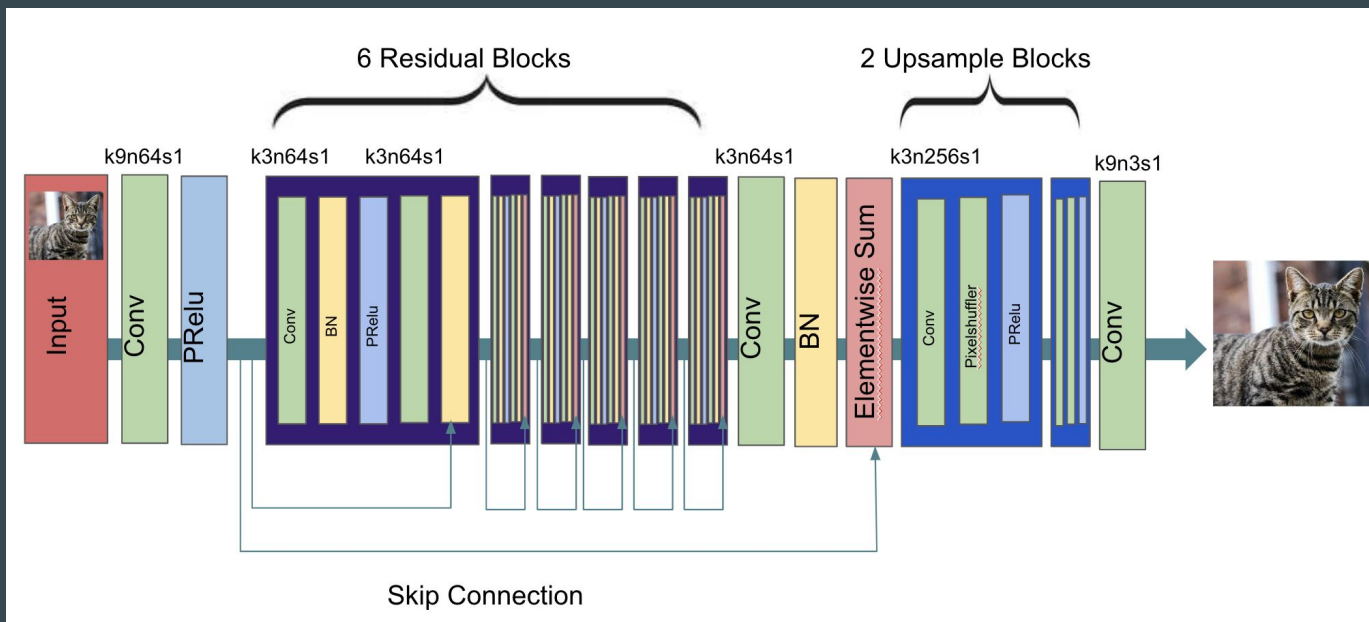
- Leverage SRGAN & WGAN to increase the resolution of an image by a factor of four or more
- What is SRGAN (Super Resolution GAN)?
  - A variant of GAN used to generate the super resolution of a single image
- What is WGAN - GP (Wasserstein Distance with Gradient Penalty)
  - A variant of GAN with a modified loss function (Wasserstein Distance v.s. Jensen-Shannon Divergence) and a gradient penalty term (Lipschitz Constraint) to avoid mode collapse and promote stability

# Dataset & Preprocessing

- We used the DIV2K dataset
- It is a popular super-resolution dataset of different scenes which contains 800 images for training and 100 images for validation
- All the images were of 2k resolution
- Preprocessing involved cropping all the images to a specific size
- A low resolution version of the images by was obtained down scaling the images by a factor of 4

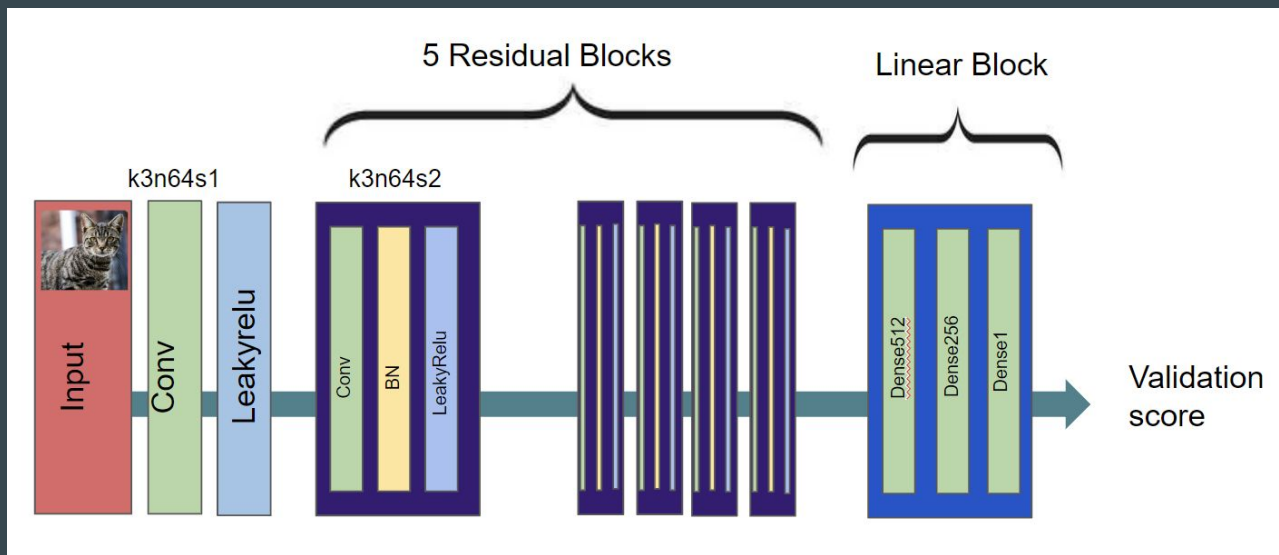
# Generator

Architecture of the Generator: (PReLU + Residual Blocks + SubPixel Convs)



# Discriminator

Architecture of the Discriminator: (LeakyReLU + Convs + Linear Block)



# Loss Function

Given  $G(\text{Low-Res}) = \text{Super-Res}$

Discriminator Loss:

$$E(D(\text{Super-Res})) - E(D(\text{High-Res})) + L * \text{Gradient-Penalty}$$

Lipschitz Constant



$\sim 0.20$

Generator Loss:

$$E(-D(\text{Super-Res})) + \text{Reconstruction\_Loss} + \text{Content\_Loss}$$

$\sim 0.0875$

$\sim 0.1163$

# Evaluation Metrics : Peak Signal-to-Noise Ratio (PSNR)

PSNR :

A metric used to measure the quality of an image signal. It compares the peak signal power to the noise power (MSE differences) in pixel values, expressed in decibels (dB).

$$\text{PSNR} = 10 \cdot \log (\text{MAX}^2 / \text{MSE})$$

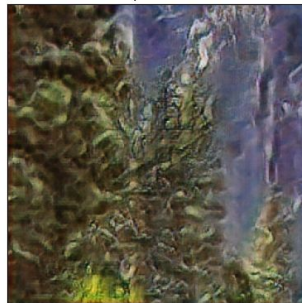


# Results

Low-Res 0



Super-Res 0



High-Res 0



Low-Res 1



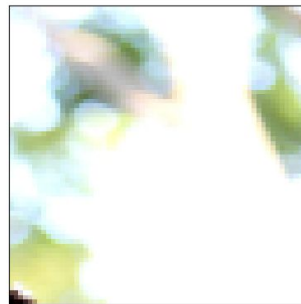
Super-Res 1



High-Res 1



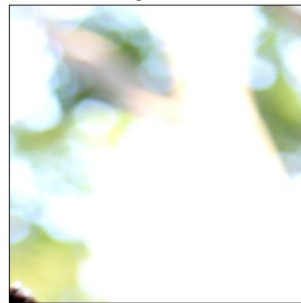
Low-Res 2



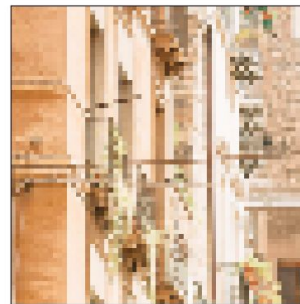
Super-Res 2



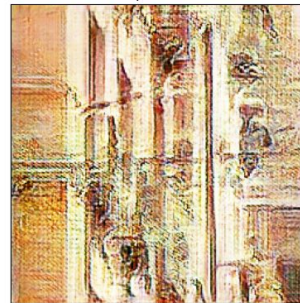
High-Res 2



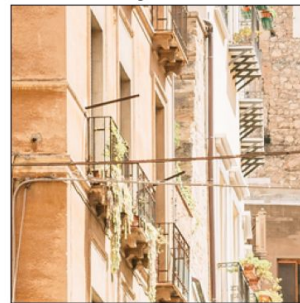
Low-Res 3



Super-Res 3



High-Res 3



PSNR:

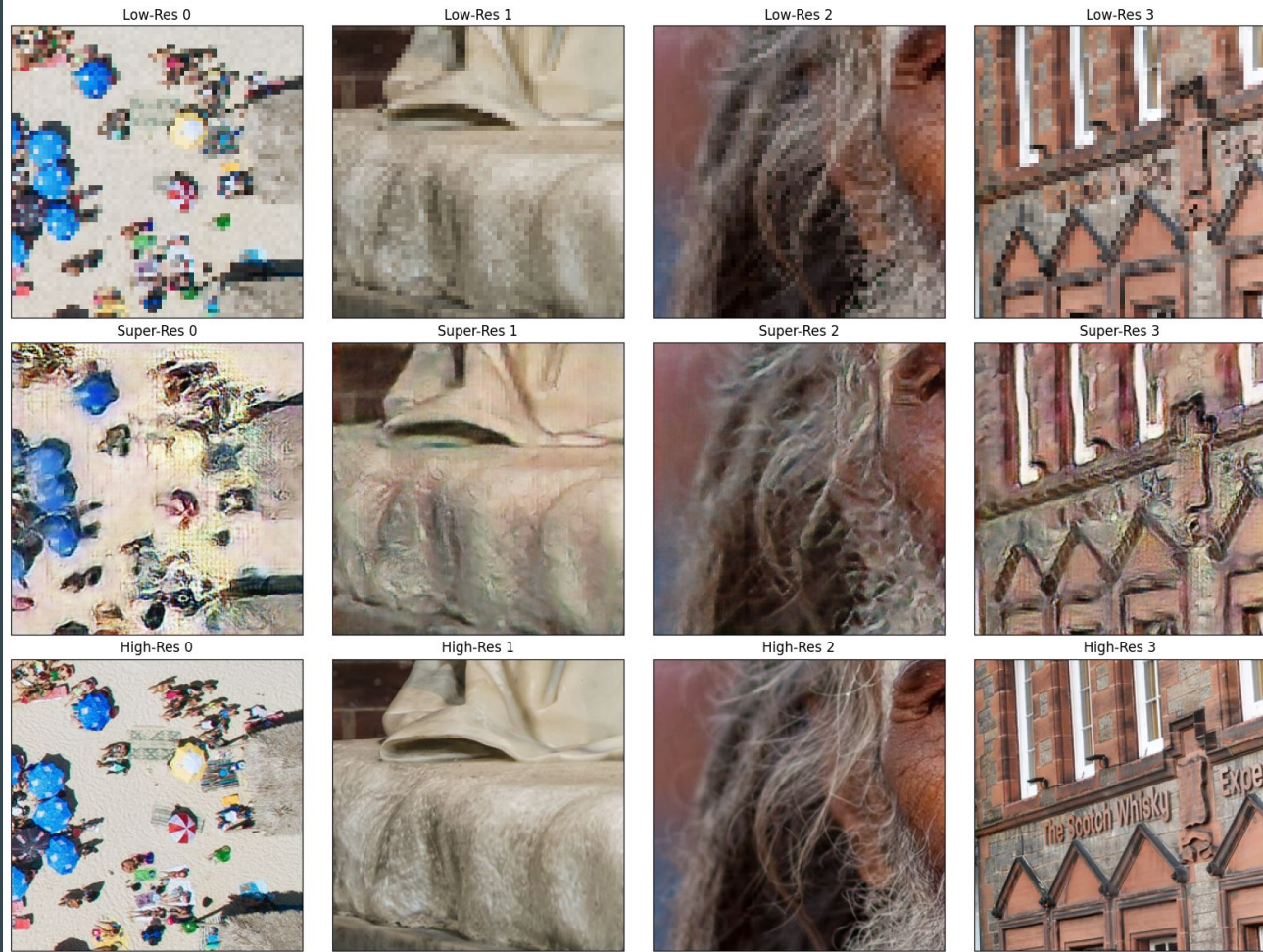
20.02493

17.960169

24.903938

14.021114

# Results



PSNR:

15.887534

25.741234

24.10814

18.081806

# Future Improvements

- Video Support
- Adding a feature for the user to be able to choose by what factor to increase the image (of different sizes)
- Adding a feature where the model selects the faces and other important areas of the image specifically to increase the resolution
- Incorporating Optimal Transport Theory in generating Super Resolution Images (code for Sinkhorn Algorithm included)

# Ethics

- Privacy
  - E.g.) Facial Recognition via low resolution CCTV Footage
- Manipulation and misrepresentation of the original image
  - E.g.) Medical Imaging
  - E.g.) Misidentification in Facial Recognition

**Thank you!**