## **DHANAMANJURI UNIVERSITY**

## **Examination-2023 (June)**

Four year course B.Sc./B.A. 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester

Name of Programme : B.Sc./B.A. Mathematics

Paper Type : Core V(Theory)

Paper Code : CMA-105

Paper Title : Differential equations

Full Marks: 40

Pass Marks: 16 Duration: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions:

Answer any four of the following questions:

## **Answer the following:**

 $10\times 4=40$ 

- 1. Is the equation  $xdx + ydy + \frac{xdy ydx}{x^2 + y^2} = 0$  an exact? If so solve it.
- 2. What is the Bernoullis form of ordinary differential equation? Show that such an equation can be reduced to the linear form of differential equation? Hence, Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cos x = y^n \sin 2x$ .
- 3. Find the condition of integrability of total differential equation Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0, where P,Q,R are functions of x,y,z respectively.
- 4. Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of co-axial circles  $x^2 + y^2 + 2qx + c = 0$ , where g is the parameter.
- 5. Find the complete primitive and singular solution of  $y = px + \sqrt{b^2 + a^2p^2}$  where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$ . Interpret your result geometrically.
- 6. The population of a country doubles in 40 years. Assuming that the rate of increasing is proportional to the number of inhabitants, find the number of the years in which it would triple itself.
- 7. A radioactive substance has a half life of h days. Find a formula for its mass m in terms of t, the time, if the initial mass is  $m_0$ . What is the initial decay rate?
- 8. Solve:  $(x^2D^2 xD + 4)y = \cos(\log x) + x\sin(\log x)$

or

Solve by the method of variation of parameters, the equation  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = 4\tan 2x$ .

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