DHANAMANJURI UNIVERSITY

Examination, 2023 (Dec) Four year course B.Sc. 1st Semester

Name of Programme : B.A/B.Sc. (Honours)

Semester : I

Paper Type : SEC (Theory)
Paper Code : SMA-001

Paper Title : Linear Programming and

Application

Full Marks: 40

Pass Marks: 16 Duration: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions All the questions.

1. Answer the following question:

a) State three characteristics of canonical form of LPP.

- b) A hospital dietician wishes to find the combination of two foods A and B that contain atleast 0.5mg of thiamine and atleast 600 calories. Each ounce of A contains 0.12 mg of thiamine and 100 calories while each ounce of B contains 0.80 mg of thiamine and 150 calories. Each food costs 10 paise per ounce. Formulate the linear programming problem, specifying how many ounces of each food A and B should be combined to get the cheapest combination of two foods. Solve it graphically.

 3+3+4=10
- 2. Define artificial variables. Write an algorithm for solving a given LPP by using **Charne's penalty method.** 10
- 3. a) Define convex set. Prove that intersection of two convex sets is also a convex set.

b) Define non degenerate basic solution. Determine all the basic solutions of the following problem

maximise
$$Z = x_1 - 2x_2 + 4x_3$$

subject to the constraints
 $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 7$
 $3x_1 + 4x_2 + 6x_3 = 15$
Or
$$5+5=10$$

Define slack and surplus variables. Solve the LPP by using simplex method

maximise
$$z = x_1 - x_2 - x_3 + x_4$$

subject to the constraints
 $5x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + 6x_4 \le 20$
 $2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 - 5x_4 \le 16$
 $x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4 \le 2$
 x_1, x_2, x_3 and $x_4 \ge 0$ $2+8=10$

4. Solve by using Charne's penalty Big M method.

Minimise,
$$z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$$

subject to the constraints

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 8$$

 $3x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 12$
 $5x_1 + 6x_2 \le 60, x_1, x_2 \ge 0$
Or

Use Two phase method to solve the following LPP.

Maximize
$$z = 3x_1 - x_2$$

subject to the constraints
 $2x_1 + x_2 \ge 2$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 \le 2$$

 $x_2 \le 4$
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$
