22nd February 2012 Network Enumeration and Reconnaissance - a cheatsheet

This is a work in progress, additions, suggestions and constructive feedback are welcome.

The purpose of these cheatsheets is to, essentially, save time during an attack.

Network Scanning and Mapping

Network Service Discovery

Nmap

nmap -sSV -vv -PN --send-ip -A -O -oG <address-range>_`date +%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M` <address-range>nmap -A -vv -PN --send-ip -oG <address-range>_`date +%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M` <address-range>

Unicorn Scan

us -H -msf -lv <address> -p 1-65535 us -H -mU -lv <address> -p 1-65535

Layer 2 - Arp - netdiscover

netdiscover -i <interface> -r <address-range>

TCPDump Sniffing

tcpdump -s0 -xxXX -vv -i eth0 'host <address> and (dst port <num> or <num>)' | tee <address>_<service>_`date +%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M`.txt

or save the pcap file with additional flag (filename shortcut):

-w <address>_<service>_`date +%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M`.pcap

Locate VLAN Tags

 $tcpdump \ -vv \ -i \ < interface > \ -s \ \<snap \ -length > \ -c \ < num-packet-count > \ 'ether[20:2] \ == \ 0x2000'$

Specific Service Queries

DNS TCP:53/UDP:53

DNS TCP and UDP 53 - DNS walking and Zone transfers

dig <domain> @<dns-server> AXFR | tee dns_<domain>_axfr._`date +%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M`.txt

DNS TCP and UDP 53 - DNS cache poisoning check

dig +short @<dns-server> porttest.dns-oarc.net txt

porttest.y.x.w.v.u.t.s.r.q.p.o.n.m.l.k.j.i.h.g.f.e.d.c.b.a.pt.dns-oarc.net.

"<dns-server> is GREAT: 26 queries in 4.4 seconds from 26 ports with std dev 22336"

HTTP Web applications TCP 80,8000

nikto -h -p -C all -Display D -output nikto_<target-server><port>_`date +%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M`.txt -Format txt

DirBuster

cd /pentest/web/dirbuster && java -jar DirBuster-0.12.jar

WFuzz

```
wfuzz.py -c -z file,<wordlist> --hc 404 -o <html|magictree> http://<site-url>/FUZZ

e.g.

./wfuzz.py -c -z file,/pentest/passwords/wordlists/combined --hc 404 -o html http://<site-url>/FUZZ

2>/dev/null
```

HTTP commands for webserver enumeration

```
nc <target-address> <port>
HEAD / HTTP/1.0

Or

OPTIONS / HTTP/1.0

Or

TRACE / HTTP/1.0
```

WebDAV

IIS 6.0

HTTPS/SSL TCP 443

SNMP commands UDP 161

SNMPWalk

```
snmpwalk -c public -v[1|2c] <target-server> | tee <address>_snmp_`date +%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M`.txt

SNMPv2-MIB::sysDescr.0 = STRING: hp AlphaServer ES80 7/1000, VMS V7, MultiNet(R) for OpenVMS V4.4, Copyright (c) 2001 Process Software

SNMPv2-MIB::sysObjectID.0 = OID: SNMPv2-SMI::enterprises.58.1.1.1.2.1

DISMAN-EVENT-MIB::sysUpTimeInstance = Timeticks: (24030770) 2 days, 18:45:07.70

SNMPv2-MIB::sysContact.0 = STRING: System contact unknown at this time

SNMPv2-MIB::sysName.0 = STRING: System location unknown at this time

SNMPv2-MIB::sysLocation.0 = STRING: System location unknown at this time

SNMPv2-MIB::sysServices.0 = INTEGER: 72
............
```

SNMPEnum

```
/snmpenum.pl public linux.txt

UPTIME... ... ...

HOSTNAME... ... ...

RUNNING SOFTWARE PATHS

... ... ...

RUNNING PROCESSES... ... ...

MOUNTPOINTS... ... ...

SYSTEM INFO

... ... ...

LISTENING UDP PORTS

... ... ... LISTENING TCP PORTS
```

OneSixtyOne

```
./onesixtyone -c <dictionary-file> -i <hosts-file> -o <address-range>_snmp_`date`.log -w
./onesixtyone <target-address>
Scanning 1 hosts, 2 communities [public] hp AlphaServer ES80 7/1000, VMS V7, MultiNet(R) for
OpenVMS V4.4, Copyright (c) 2001 Process Software
```

SNMPCheck

```
./snmpcheck-1.8.pl -c <community-name> -v <version 1,2> -t <address-range>
snmpcheck.pl v1.8 - SNMP enumerator
Copyright (c) 2005-2011 by Matteo Cantoni (www.nothink.org)
[*] Try to connect to
[*] Connected to
[*] Starting enumeration at 2011-07-25 10:32:58
[*] System information
Hostname
                     : hp AlphaServer ES80 7/1000, VMS V7, MultiNet(R) for OpenVMS V4.4,
Description
Copyright (c) 2001 Process Software
Uptime system
                    : 0.00 seconds
Uptime SNMP daemon
                       : 2 days, 18:17:07.01
[*] Network information
```

```
[*] Network interfaces
... ... ...

[*] Routing information
... ...

[*] Listening TCP ports and connections
... ...
```

Samba/CIFS/NETBIOS TCP 135,139,445

```
nbtscan -v -s : -r <address-range> | tee <address-range>_nbtscan_`date +%Y-%m-%d %H:%M`.txt
```

SMBClient - Discover and mount shares

```
smbclient -L \\\<target-address>\\ -U <Usemame>
smbclient -U <Usemame> -W <Workgroup> \\\\\<target-address>\\\\<sharename>
```

RPC, PortMapper and NFS TCP/UDP:111

```
rpcinfo -p >target-address> | tee <address>_rpcinfo_`date +%Y-%m-%d_%H:%M`.txt showmount -e <ip-address>
```

Tunnelling and Pivoting

mount <ip-address>:<exported_path> <local_path>

SSH Tunnelling and pivoting

```
ssh \quad \textit{-v} \quad \textit{-f} \quad \textit{-N} \quad \textit{-L} \quad \textit{<localIP} > : \textit{<lect-port} > : \textit{<dest-port} > : \textit{<dest-port} > : \textit{<authentication-key-file} > : \textit{<authenticatio
```

Verbosity (-v), Background (-f), No command execution (-N), Local port forwarding (-L)

Forward localhost port 25 to the localhost of 192.168.1.6 using ssh DSA key

```
ssh -v -f -N -L 127.0.0.1:25:127.0.0.1:25 user@192.168.1.6 -i
```

Proxy Chains

Dual-honed proxies or for proxying some port-scans Edit the configuration file:

/etc/proxychains.conf

Under the ProxyList section:

[ProxyList]

http proxy-server-ip> <port>
Execute with:
proxychains &Itsocket-aware command>
e.g

proxychains nmap -sT -vv --send-ip -pT:21,22,25,80,443,445,3389 <target-address>

Posted 22nd February 2012 by Tim Arneaud

Labels: backtrack, dns, enumeration, http, Linux, network, nmap, oscp, pwb, samba, security, smb, snmp, ssh



