

Structuring Element

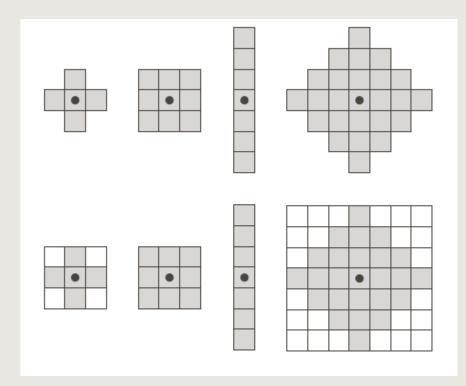
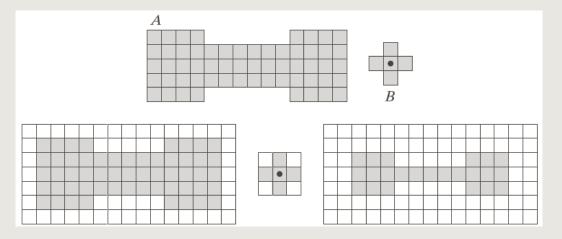


FIGURE 9.2 First row: Examples of structuring elements. Second row: Structuring elements converted to rectangular arrays. The dots denote the centers of the SEs.

Applying Structuring Element



a b c d e

FIGURE 9.3 (a) A set (each shaded square is a member of the set). (b) A structuring element. (c) The set padded with background elements to form a rectangular array and provide a background border. (d) Structuring element as a rectangular array. (e) Set processed by the structuring element.

Erosion

$$A \ominus B = \{z | (B)_z \subseteq A\}$$

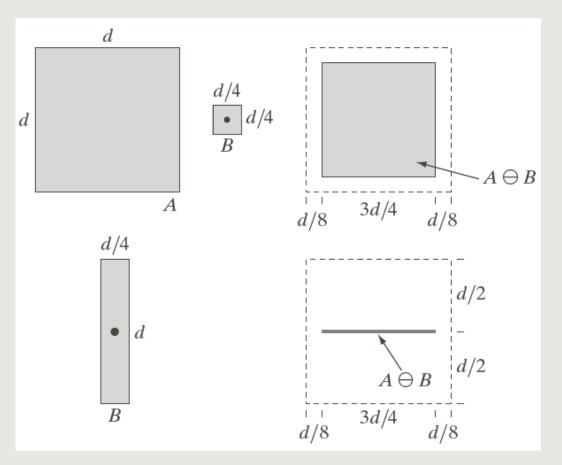
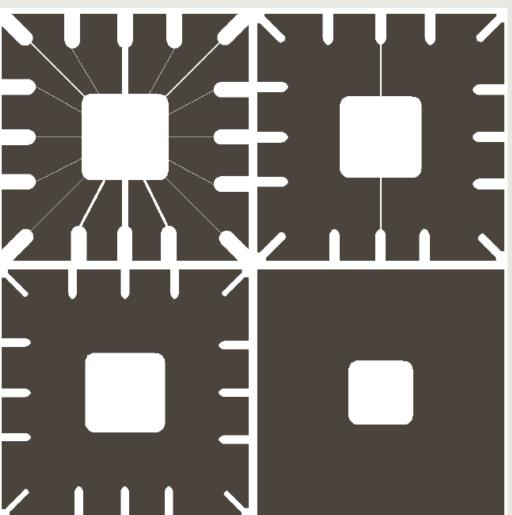


FIGURE 9.4 (a) Set A. (b) Square structuring element, B. (c) Erosion of A by B, shown shaded. (d) Elongated structuring element. (e) Erosion of A by B using this element. The dotted border in (c) and (e) is the boundary of set A, shown only for reference.

Erosion example

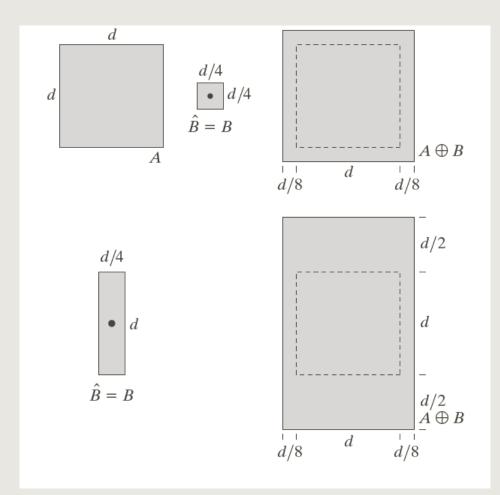


a b c d

FIGURE 9.5 Using erosion to remove image components. (a) A 486×486 binary image of a wirebond mask. (b)–(d) Image eroded using square structuring elements of sizes $11 \times 11, 15 \times 15,$ and 45×45 , respectively. The elements of the SEs were all 1s.

Dilation

$$A \oplus B = \left\{ z | (\hat{B})_z \cap A \neq \emptyset \right\}$$



a b c d e

FIGURE 9.6

- (a) Set *A*.
- (b) Square structuring element (the dot denotes the origin).
- (c) Dilation of *A* by *B*, shown
- shaded.
 (d) Elongated structuring element. (e) Dilation of A using this element. The dotted border in (c) and (e) is the boundary of set A, shown only for reference

Dilation example

Historically, certain computer programs were written using only two digits rather than four to define the applicable year. Accordingly, the company's software may recognize a date using "00" as 1900 rather than the year 2000.

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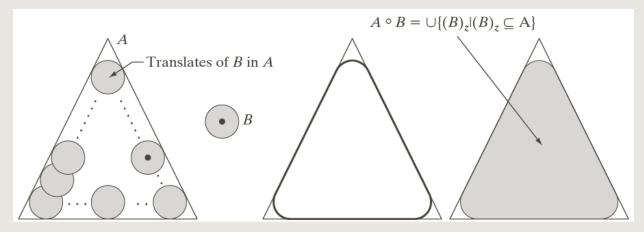
FIGURE 9.7

(a) Sample text of poor resolution with broken characters (see magnified view). (b) Structuring element. (c) Dilation of (a) by (b). Broken segments were joined.



Opening

$$A \circ B = (A \ominus B) \oplus B$$

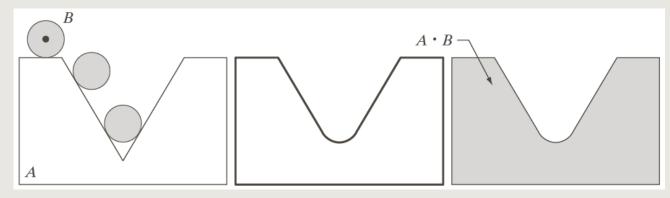


a b c d

FIGURE 9.8 (a) Structuring element B "rolling" along the inner boundary of A (the dot indicates the origin of B). (b) Structuring element. (c) The heavy line is the outer boundary of the opening. (d) Complete opening (shaded). We did not shade A in (a) for clarity.

Closing

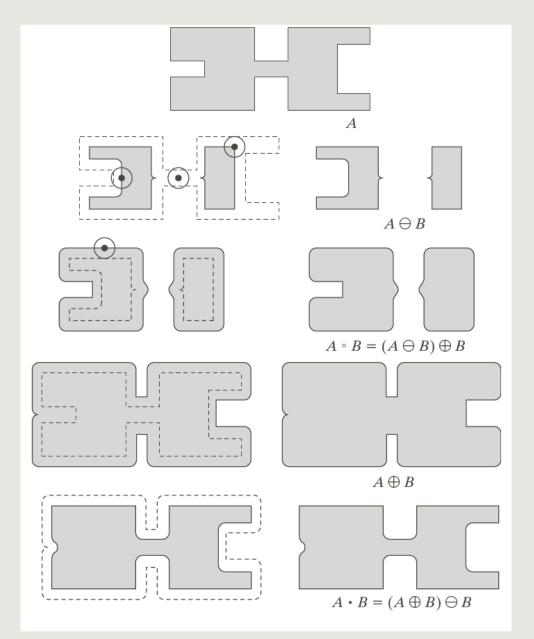
$$A \bullet B = (A \oplus B) \ominus B$$



a b c

FIGURE 9.9 (a) Structuring element B "rolling" on the outer boundary of set A. (b) The heavy line is the outer boundary of the closing. (c) Complete closing (shaded). We did not shade A in (a) for clarity.

Opening and Closing



a
b c
d e
f g
h i

FIGURE 9.10 Morphological opening and closing. The structuring element is the small circle shown in various positions in (b). The SE was not shaded here for clarity. The dark dot is the center of the structuring element.

Opening and Closing

