$$P(A \cup B \cup C) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C) - P(AB) - P(AC) - P(BC) + P(ABC)$$
(1.1)

$$P(A\overline{B}) = P(A) - P(AB) \tag{1.2}$$

 $\mathbf{2}$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(A)}$$
 (2.1)

$$P(A_1 A_2 A_3) = P(A_1) P(A_2 | A_1) P(A_3 | A_1 A_2)$$
(2.2)

$$P(B) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A_i) P(B|A_i)$$
 (2.3)

$$P(A_i|B) = \frac{P(A_i)P(B|A_i)}{\sum\limits_{j=1}^{n} P(A_j)P(B|A_j)}, A_i$$
互不相容, $B \subset \sum A_i$ (2.4)

$$P(AB) = P(A)P(B) \iff A \perp \!\!\!\perp B$$
 (2.5)

3 $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

$$\Phi(x) = F(x), X \sim N(0, 1)$$
 (3.1)

$$F(x) = \Phi(\frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}) \tag{3.2}$$

3.1 $N(\mu_1, \mu_2; \sigma_1, \sigma_2; \rho)$

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_1, \sigma_1); Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_2, \sigma_2) \tag{3.3}$$

4

$$f(x) = F'(x) \tag{4.1}$$

$$F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(t) dt \tag{4.2}$$

4.1

y = g(x) 严格单调, x = h(y) 为 g(x) 的反函数,则

$$f_Y(y) = f_X(h(y)) |h'(y)|$$
 (4.3)

$$f(x,y) = \frac{\partial^2 F(x,y)}{\partial x \partial y} \tag{5.1}$$

$$F(x,y) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} \int_{-\infty}^{y} f(u,v) \, \mathrm{d}u \, \mathrm{d}v$$
 (5.2)

$$F_X(x) = F(x, +\infty); F_Y(y) = F(+\infty, y)$$
 (5.3)

$$f_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) \, dy; f_Y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, y) \, dx$$
 (5.4)

$$F(x,y) = F_X(x)F_Y(y), X \perp Y$$
(5.5)

$$f(x,y) = f_X(x)f_Y(y), X \perp Y$$
(5.6)

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f_Y(y)}; f_{Y|X}(y|x) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f_X(x)}$$
(6.1)

7

7.1 Z = X + Y

$$f_Z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x, z - x) \, \mathrm{d}x = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(z - y, y) \, \mathrm{d}y \tag{7.1}$$

$$f_Z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_X(x) f_Y(z - x) \, \mathrm{d}x = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_X(z - y) f_Y(y) \, \mathrm{d}y, X \perp Y$$
 (7.2)

7.2 $Z = \max\{X, Y\}$

$$F_Z(z) = \iint_{x \le z, y \le z} f(x, y) \, \mathrm{d}x \, \mathrm{d}y \tag{7.3}$$

$$F_Z(z) = F_X(z)F_Y(z), X \perp Y$$
(7.4)

7.3 $Z = \min\{X, Y\}$

$$F_Z(z) = 1 - \iint_{x>z, y>z} f(x, y) dx dy$$
 (7.5)

$$F_Z(z) = 1 - [1 - F_X(z)][1 - F_Y(z)], X \perp Y$$
(7.6)

分布	记号	分布列/概率密度	期望	方差
二项分布	B(n,p)	$P(X = k) = C_n^k p^k q^{n-k},$ p + q = 1	np	npq
泊松分布	$P(\lambda)$	$P(X = k) = \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} e^{-\lambda},$ $\lambda > 0$	λ	λ
几何分布	G(p)	$P(X = k) = q^{k-1}p,$ p + q = 1	$\frac{1}{p}$	$\frac{q}{p^2}$
均匀分布	$\mathrm{U}[a,b]$	$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a}, & a \le x \le b \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$\frac{a+b}{2}$	$\frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$
指数分布	$\mathrm{E}(\lambda)$	$f(x) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, & x > 0, \\ 0, & x \le 0, \\ \lambda > 0 \end{cases}$	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	$\frac{1}{\lambda^2}$
正态分布	$N(\mu, \sigma^2)$	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$	μ	σ^2

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x f(x) dx$$
 (9.1)

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x f(x, y) dx dy; E(Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y f(x, y) dx dy$$
 (9.2)

$$E(g(X)) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} g(x)f(x) dx$$
 (9.3)

$$E(C) = C (9.4)$$

$$E(CX) = CE(X) \tag{9.5}$$

$$E(X \pm Y) = E(X) \pm E(Y) \tag{9.6}$$

$$E(XY) = E(X)E(Y) + Cov(X,Y)$$
(9.7)

$$E(XY) = E(X)E(Y) \iff X, Y$$
不相关 (9.8)

$$D(X) = E([x - E(x)]^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [x - E(x)]^2 f(x) dx$$
 (10.1)

$$D(C) = 0 (10.2)$$

$$D(CX) = C^2 D(X) \tag{10.3}$$

$$D(X) = E(X^2) - E^2(X)$$
(10.4)

$$D(X \pm Y) = D(X) + D(Y) \pm 2 Cov(X, Y)$$
 (10.5)

$$D(X \pm Y) = D(X) + D(Y) \iff X, Y \land H \not$$
 (10.6)

$$D(XY) = D(X)D(Y) + E^{2}(Y)D(X) + E^{2}(X)D(Y), X \perp Y$$
(10.7)

$$Cov(X,Y) = E(XY) - E(X)E(Y)$$
(11.1)

$$Cov(X,Y) = 0 \iff X,Y$$
不相关 (11.2)

$$Cov(X, X) = D(X) \tag{11.3}$$

$$Cov(X,Y) = \rho_{XY} \sqrt{D(X)} \sqrt{D(Y)}$$
(11.4)

$$Cov(aX + b, cY + d) = ac Cov(X, Y)$$
(11.5)

$$Cov(X_1 \pm X_2, Y) = Cov(X_1, Y) \pm Cov(X_2, Y); Cov(X, Y_1 \pm Y_2) = Cov(X, Y_1) \pm Cov(X, Y_2)$$
 (11.6)

$$\rho_{XY} = \frac{\text{Cov}(X,Y)}{\sqrt{D(X)}\sqrt{D(Y)}}$$
(12.1)

$$P(|X - E(X)| \ge \varepsilon) \le \frac{D(X)}{\varepsilon^2}$$
 (13.1)

$$P(|X - E(X)| < \varepsilon) \ge 1 - \frac{D(X)}{\varepsilon^2}$$
 (13.2)

14

14.1 χ^2 分布

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i^2 \sim \chi^2(n), X_i \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1), X_i \perp X_j$$
(14.1)

14.2 t 分布

$$\frac{X}{\sqrt{\frac{Y}{n}}} \sim t(n), X \sim N(0, 1), Y \sim \chi^2(n)$$
 (14.2)

14.3 F 分布

$$\frac{X}{\frac{n_1}{Y}} \sim F(n_1, n_2), X \sim \chi^2(n_1), Y \sim \chi^2(n_2)$$
 (14.3)

15

$$\overline{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i \tag{15.1}$$

$$S^{2} = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_{i} - \overline{X})^{2} = \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}^{2} - n \overline{X}^{2} \right)$$
 (15.2)

$$S = \sqrt{S^2} \tag{15.3}$$

16 X_1, X_2, \cdots, X_n 为总体 $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ 的样本

$$\overline{X} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n})$$
 (16.1)

$$\frac{n-1}{\sigma^2}S^2 \sim \chi^2(n-1)$$
 (16.2)

$$u = \frac{\overline{X} - \mu}{\sigma} \sqrt{n} \sim N(0, 1)$$
 (16.3)

$$t = \frac{\overline{X} - \mu}{S} \sqrt{n} \sim t(n-1) \tag{16.4}$$

置信水平 =
$$1 - \alpha$$
 (16.5)

16.1 σ^2 已知,求 μ 的置信区间

$$(\overline{X} - u_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}, \overline{X} + u_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}), \Phi(u_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}) = 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

$$(16.6)$$

16.2 σ^2 未知,求 μ 的置信区间

$$(\overline{X} - t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}(n-1)\frac{S}{\sqrt{n}}, \overline{X} + t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}(n-1)\frac{S}{\sqrt{n}})$$
(16.7)

16.3 求 σ^2 的置信区间

$$(S\sqrt{\frac{n-1}{\chi_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}^{2}(n-1)}}, S\sqrt{\frac{n-1}{\chi_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}}^{2}(n-1)}})$$
 (16.8)

17

17.1 矩估计

1. 求
$$E(X), E(X_2), \cdots, E(X_m)$$
, m 为未知参数个数 2. 用 $E(X_i)$ 表示 θ_j 3. 代入样本的 $E(X_i)$, θ_i 写成 $\hat{\theta}_i$

- 17.2 最大似然估计
- 17.2.1 方法一

1. 求
$$L(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n; \theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(X_i)$$
2. 求 $\ln L$
3. 求 $\frac{\mathrm{d} \ln L}{\mathrm{d} \theta}$
4. 解方程 $\frac{\mathrm{d} \ln L}{\mathrm{d} \theta} = 0$

17.2.2 方法二

1. 求
$$f(X_1), f(X_2), \cdots, f(X_n)$$

2. 求 $\ln f(X_i)$
3. 求 $\frac{\operatorname{d} \ln f(X_i)}{\operatorname{d} \theta}$
4. 解方程 $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{\operatorname{d} \ln f(X_i)}{\operatorname{d} \theta} = 0$

18

18.1 无偏性

$$E(\hat{\theta}) = \theta \tag{18.1}$$

18.2 有效性

$$D(\hat{\theta}) \le D(\hat{\theta}')$$
,至少对某个 θ_0 小于号成立 (18.2)

19.1

19.1.1
$$\sigma$$
 已知,检验 $H_0: \mu = \mu_0, H_1: \mu \neq \mu_0$
$$|\mu| \geq u_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}, 拒绝H_0 \tag{19.1}$$

19.1.2
$$\sigma$$
 已知,检验 $H_0: \mu \leq \mu_0, H_1: \mu > \mu_0$
$$u \geq u_{\alpha}, 拒绝H_0 \tag{19.2}$$

19.1.3
$$\sigma$$
 已知,检验 $H_0: \mu \geq \mu_0, H_1: \mu < \mu_0$
$$u \leq -u_{\alpha}, 拒绝H_0$$
 (19.3)

19.2

19.2.1
$$\sigma$$
 未知,检验 $H_0: \mu = \mu_0, H_1: \mu \neq \mu_0$
$$|t| \geq t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}(n-1), 拒绝H_0 \tag{19.4}$$

19.2.2
$$\sigma$$
 未知,检验 $H_0: \mu \leq \mu_0, H_1: \mu > \mu_0$
$$t \geq t_{\alpha}(n-1), 拒绝 H_0 \tag{19.5}$$

19.2.3
$$\sigma$$
 未知,检验 $H_0: \mu \geq \mu_0, H_1: \mu < \mu_0$
$$t \leq -t_{\alpha}(n-1), 拒绝H_0 \tag{19.6}$$

19.3

19.3.1 检验
$$H_0: \sigma^2 = \sigma_0^2, H_1: \sigma^2 \neq \sigma_0^2$$

$$\chi^2 \geq \chi_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}^2(n-1) \operatorname{g}\chi^2 \leq \chi_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}}^2(n-1), 拒绝H_0$$
 (19.7)

19.3.2 检验
$$H_0: \sigma^2 \leq \sigma_0^2, H_1: \sigma^2 > \sigma_0^2$$

$$\chi^2 \geq \chi_\alpha^2(n-1), 拒绝H_0$$
 (19.8)

19.3.3 检验
$$H_0: \sigma^2 \ge \sigma_0^2, H_1: \sigma^2 < \sigma_0^2$$

$$\chi^2 \le \chi_{1-\alpha}^2(n-1), 拒绝H_0$$
 (19.9)

$$\Gamma(s) = \int_0^{+\infty} x^{s-1} e^{-x} dx$$

$$\Gamma(1) = 1, \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$\Gamma(s+1) = s\Gamma(s), \Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$$
(20.1)